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1 # -----
 2 # Author: Philip Coyle
 3 # Date Created: 05/26/2020
 4 # ps1_Q1-Q6.jl
 7 # clearconsole()
 8 dir = "/Users/philipcoyle/Documents/School/University_of_Wisconsin/SecondYear/Summer_2020/CodingBootcamp/ProblemSets/PS1/"
10 ## Question 1
11 function factorial2(n)
       nfac = 1;
12
13
       if n > 0
14
           for i in 1:n
15
               nfac = nfac*i
16
           end
17
       end
18
       return nfac
19 end
20 fac 7 = factorial2(7)
21
22 ## Question 2
23 function p(x,coeff)
24
       sum = 0;
25
       for (index,value) in enumerate(coeff)
26
           sum = sum + value*(x^(index-1))
27
       end
28
       return sum
29 end
30
31 \Sigma = p(5,[-3., 1., 4.])
32
33 ## Question 3
34 function \pi_{mc}(sim)
35
       x = rand(sim);
36
       y = rand(sim);
37
38
       z2 = x.^2 + y.^2;
39
       count = length(z2[z2 .<= 1.])</pre>
40
41
       \pi_{apx} = 4*(count/sim);
42
       \textbf{return} \ \pi\_\texttt{apx}
43 end
44
45 \pi_apx = \pi_mc(10000000)
46
47
48 ## Question 4
49 using LinearAlgebra
50 using Plots
51
52 # Housekeeping
53 a = 0.1;
54 b = 0.2;
55 c = 0.5;
56 d = 1.0;
57 \sigma = 0.1;
58 N = 50;
59 \text{ sim} = 20;
60
61 # Main Code
62 \beta ols = zeros(4,sim);
63 for i in 1:20
64
       # Random Draws for X and X
65
       R = randn(N,3);
66
       x_1 = R[:,1];
67
       x_2 = R[:,2];
       w = R[:,3];
68
69
70
       y = a*x_1 + b*(x_1.^2) + c*x_2 + ones(N,1)*d + \sigma*w;
71
72
       X = hcat(x_1, x_1.^2, x_2, ones(N,1));
73
       X tr = transpose(X);
74
       \beta_{ols[:,i]} = inv(X_{tr}X)*(X_{tr}Y);
75 end
76
```

```
77 # Plotting Histograms
 78 sp1 = histogram(\beta_{ols[1,:]},title="a", bins = 5);
 79 sp2 = histogram(\beta_ols[2,:],title="b", bins = 5);
 80 sp3 = histogram(\beta_ols[3,:],title="c", bins = 5);
81 sp4 = histogram(\beta_ols[4,:],title="d", bins = 4);
 82 H<sub>1</sub> = plot(sp1,sp2,sp3,sp4,layout=(2,2),legend=false)
 83 savefig(dir*"Q4_Hist.pdf")
 84
 85
 86
    ## Question 5
 87 # Functions
 88 function first_time_passage(\alpha,a,T)
 89
         \epsilon = \operatorname{randn}(200, 1);
         X = zeros(T+1,1);
 90
 91
         for t in 1:T-1
 92
              X[t+1] = \alpha * X[t] + \sigma * \in [t]
 93
 94
         X_neg = (LinearIndices(X))[findall(x->x < a, X)];</pre>
 95
         if isempty(X neg)
 96
              out = 0:
 97
         else
 98
              out = X_neg[1];
 99
         end
100
101
         return out
102 end
103
104 # Housekeeping
105 \alpha_{grid} = [0.8, 1.0, 1.2];
106 a = 0;
107 \sigma = 0.2;
108 T = 200;
109 \text{ sim} = 100;
110 T 0 = zeros(length(\alpha grid),sim);
111
112 # Main Code
113 for (i,\alpha) in enumerate(\alpha grid)
114
         #println(i)
115
         \#println(\alpha)
116
         for s in 1:sim
117
              T_0[i,s] = first_time_passage(\alpha,a,T)
118
         end
119 end
120
121 # Plotting Histograms
122 \alpha_08 = \text{histogram}(T_0[1,:], \text{title} = \alpha = 0.8, bins = 5);
123 \alpha_1 = \text{histogram}(T_0[2,:], \text{title} = \alpha = 1, \text{ bins} = 5);
124 \alpha_{12} = histogram(T_0[3,:],title="\alpha = 1.2", bins = 5);
125 H_2 = plot(\alpha_08,\alpha_1,\alpha_{12},layout=(1,3),legend=false)
126 xlabel!("T_0")
127 savefig(dir*"Q5_Hist.pdf")
128
129 ## Ouestion 6
130 function newtons_method(func, fprime, x_in, tol, maxit)
131
         it = 1;
132
         converged = 0;
133
134
         x = x_in;
         while converged == 0 \&\& it < maxit
135
136
              x_{up} = x - func(x)/fprime(x);
137
              global x_up
138
139
              diff = broadcast(abs, x_up - x)
140
              if diff < tol
                   converged = 1;
141
142
143
              x = x_up;
144
         end
145
146
         x_out = x_up;
147
         return x_out
148 end
149
150 # Housekeeping
151 tol = 1e-10;
152 maxit = 10000;
153 x_0 = 2;
```

```
154

155 # Main Code

156 f_1(x) = (x-1)^3;

157 fpr_1(x) = 3(x-1)^2;

158 xroot_1 = newtons_method(f_1, fpr_1, x_0, tol, maxit)

159

160 f_2(x) = x^3 - 4;

161 fpr_2(x) = 3x^2;

162 xroot_2 = newtons_method(f_2, fpr_2, x_0, tol, maxit)
```