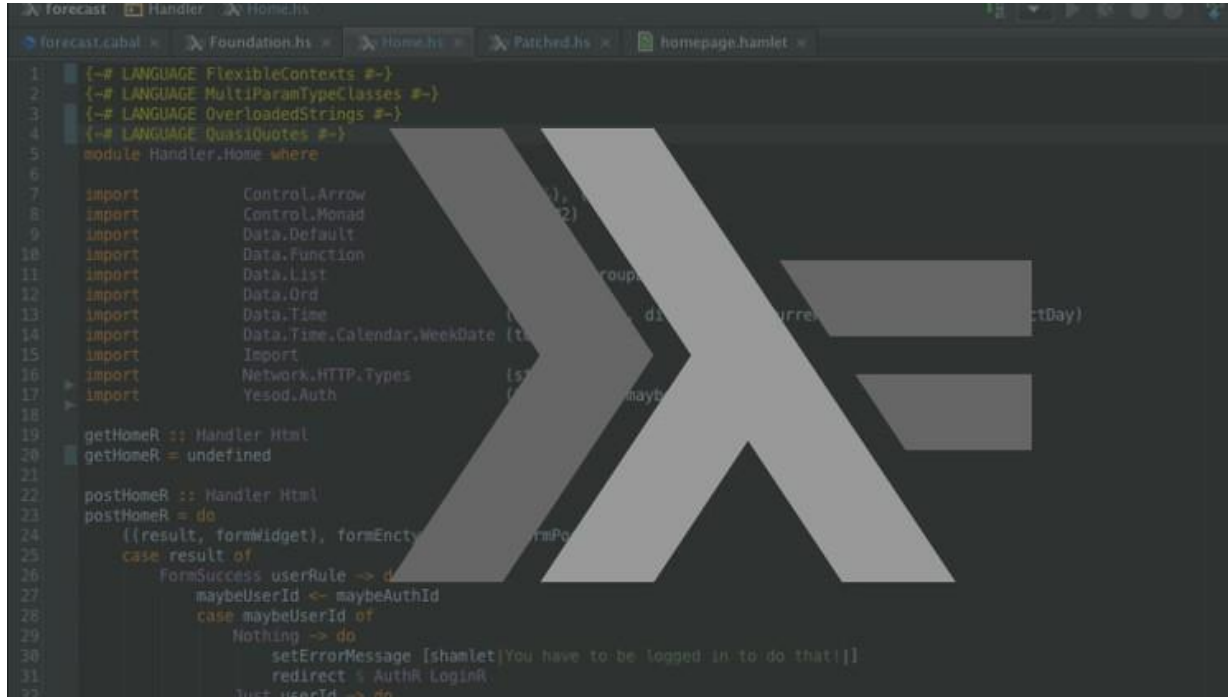


# Infinite Lists Problems



```
1 {-# LANGUAGE FlexibleContexts #-}
2 {-# LANGUAGE MultiParamTypeClasses #-}
3 {-# LANGUAGE OverloadedStrings #-}
4 {-# LANGUAGE QuasiQuotes #-}
5 module Handler.Home where
6
7 import Control.Arrow
8 import Control.Monad
9 import Data.Default
10 import Data.Function
11 import Data.List
12 import Data.Ord
13 import Data.Time
14 import Data.Time.Calendar.WeekDate
15 import Import
16 import Network.HTTP.Types
17 import Yesod.Auth
18
19 getHomeR :: Handler Html
20 getHomeR = undefined
21
22 postHomeR :: Handler Html
23 postHomeR = do
24   ((result, formWidget), formEnctype, formPost)
25   <- case result of
26     FormSuccess userRule -> do
27       maybeUserId <- maybeAuthId
28       case maybeUserId of
29         Nothing -> do
30           setErrorMessage [shamlet|You have to be logged in to do that!|]
31           redirect % AuthR.LoginR
32         Just userId -> do
```

## Problem 5

The goal of this problem is to work the definition of infinite lists. In particular, you are required to define the function that generates the sequence of the factorial numbers  $[1,1,2,6,24,120,720,5040\dots]$ . Use the function *factorials* :: *[Integer]*

Input

Output

take 6 factorials

-> [1,1,2,6,24,120]

take 4 factorials

-> [1,1,2,6]

# Factorial Numbers

$n$	$n!$
0	1
1	1
2	2
3	6
4	24
5	120
6	720
7	5040
8	40.320

# iterate

```
λ> iterate (*2) 1  
↳ [1, 2, 4, 8, 16, ...]
```

# scanl

**Input: scanl (/) 64 [4,2,4]**

**Output: [64.0,16.0,8.0,2.0]**

# Instructor Youtube Channel: Lucas Science

