## Problem M

## Magic Spells

Chimpa is a powerful wizard apprentice. He has been learning about magic spells lately. There are M magic tuples in the world. The i-th magic tuple is defined as  $(c_i, d_i, p_i)$ , where  $c_i$  and  $d_i$  are lowercase letters and  $p_i$  is a positive integer. A magic spell of size n is a string that meets the following conditions:

- For all  $i \in [1, n]$ ,  $s_i$  is one of the first 20 lowercase letters in the English alphabet.
- For all  $i \in [1, n-1]$ , there exists a magic tuple  $(s_i, s_{i+1}, p)$  such that i = pk + 1 for some non-negative integer k.

Recall that we denote the *i*-th character in s as  $s_i$ .

Chimpa learned that the effect of a magic spell is unique determined by its first letter, last letter and length. There are q effects that he wants to trigger. For the j-th effect, he wonders how many magic spells begin with the letter  $x_j$ , end with the letter  $y_j$  and have length  $n_j$ . Help him to find the answer modulo 998244353.

## Input

The first line contains two characters m and q ( $1 \le m \le 1000$  and  $1 \le q \le 100$ ) – the number of magic tuples and the number of effects that Chimpa wants to trigger.

The following m lines contain the description of the magic tuples. The (1+i)-th line contains two letters  $c_i$  and  $d_i$  followed by an integer  $p_i$   $(c_i, d_i \in [a-t])$  and  $1 \le p_i \le 10$ .

The following q lines contain the description of the effects. The (1 + m + j)-th line contains two letters  $x_j$  and  $y_j$  followed by an integer  $n_j$   $(x_j, y_j \in [a - t])$  and  $1 \le n_j \le 10^{18}$ .

## Output

For each effect, print a line containing the number of magic spells modulo 998244353.

Input example 1	Output example 1	
4 4	1	
a a 1	1	
a b 1	256	
ba1	256	
b b 1		
a a 1		
a a 2		
a a 10		
b a 10		

Input example 2	Output example 2
10 4	0
e m 6	0
tt5	1
a b 2	0
b k 3	
ha2	
ba6	
a a 1	
s 1 10	
d e 1	
o g 3	
c s 3	
a b 3	
tt1	
en 3	