Assignment 2.1

1) What are the different methods to call a function in R?

a) Using Named Arguments

```
Eg: pow <- function(x, y) \{ result <- x^y \\ print(paste(x, "raised to the power", y, "is", result)) \} can be called pow(x = 8, y = 2)
```

b)Using UnNamed Arguments

```
Eg:
pow <- function(x, y) {
    result <- x^y
    print(paste(x,"raised to the power", y, "is", result))
}</pre>
```

can be called pow(8, 2) , in this case function arguments will take values in the order they are called, ie x=8 and y=2

c)Using Named and UnNamed Arguments

Here we can use a mix of both Named and UnNamed arguments

```
Eg:
  pow <- function(x, y) {
          result <- x^y
          print(paste(x,"raised to the power", y, "is", result))
       }</pre>
```

can be called pow(Y=8, 2) , here Y will take the value 8 and X will have value 2

2. The lazy evaluation of a function means, the argument is evaluated only if it is evaluated only if it is used inside the body of the function. Say True or False.
True
3. State True or False:
a. Insights driven from descriptive analytics is not meaningful.

False (Gives insight to the past)

b. The number of values in each Elements of a list, should be equal.

False

c. The datasets are not stored in memory of the computer using R.

False

d. Data frames and matrices are two dimensional however the array is multidimensional.

True