Ejercicio: seau {xi}n cR, xi + xj seau { Lj}j: polinouris elementales de Lagrange see V: (/x. x.² -- x.") Vendermonde (/x. x.² -- x.") y see f: R->R. Demostrar que 1) $L_j(x) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (V^{-1})_{kj} \times^k \quad \forall x \in \mathbb{R}$ 2) $\int [x_0 - x_k] = \sum_{j=0}^{K} f(x_j) L_j [x_0 - x_k] \quad \forall \ \kappa \in \{0...m\}$ 1) probleme de combis de base Lagrange -> monomis sebenos que $x^k = \int_{j=0}^{m} x_j^k L_j(x)$ $\forall k \in \{0...m\}$ => si fijamos un x e lR, entouces

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{k} \left(\sum_{j=0}^{k} f(x_j) \bigcup_{j \in X_0 \dots \times k} X_k \right)$$

Ejerciais: sean
$$\{(x_i, y_i)\}_{i=1}^m \subset \mathbb{R}^2$$
, $x_i \neq x_j$ si $i \neq j$

y sea
$$m < m$$
encontrar $p \in P_m + t.q$.

POLINOMIO DE BEST FIT

$$\frac{2}{x_{i=0}} \left| p(x_i) - y_i \right|^2 \leqslant \sum_{i=0}^{\infty} \left| q(x_i) - y_i \right|^2 \quad \forall \quad q \in P_m.$$

mas ecuaciones
que ineogratas
$$p(x) = \sum_{k=0}^{m} a_k x^k$$

. Si $V = \hat{Q} \hat{R} \Rightarrow C = \hat{R}^T \hat{Q}^* \times es$ le solución de nuinimes cuadrades (I): satisface

11 Vc-y 112 € 11 Va-y 112 + a ∈ 12m+

esta es (8) com p(x) = p(x) = = cxxxx, ponque $(Vc)_i = \sum_{\kappa=0}^{\infty} V_{i\kappa} C_{\kappa} = \sum_{\kappa=0}^{\infty} C_{\kappa} x_i^{\kappa} = p_{\kappa c}(x_i)$.