# IE 345 - K "Introduction to Deep Learning: Fundamentals Concepts"

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**Decision Tree** 

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#### In [1]:

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
```

#### In [2]:

```
# Importing the dataset
dataset = pd.read_csv('C:/Users/pablo/Desktop/Pablo David/UNICAMP/Python/IE345-K_DeepLe
arning/Position_Salaries.csv')
x = dataset.iloc[:, 1:2].values
y = dataset.iloc[:, 2].values
print('X' ,x)
print('Y' ,y)

# Splitting the dataset into the training and test set
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=0)

X [[ 1]
```

```
[ 2]
[ 3]
[ 4]
[ 5]
[ 6]
[ 7]
[ 8]
[ 9]
[ 10]]
Y [ 45000 50000 60000 80000 110000 150000 200000 300000 500000 1000000]
```

Note: Library sklearn.cross\_validation change for sklearn.model\_selection, for more information visit:

https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.model\_selection.train\_test\_split.html (https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.model\_selection.train\_test\_split.html)

## In [3]:

```
# Fitting Decision Tree Regression to the dataset
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeRegressor
regressor = DecisionTreeRegressor(random_state = 0)
regressor.fit(x, y)
```

#### Out[3]:

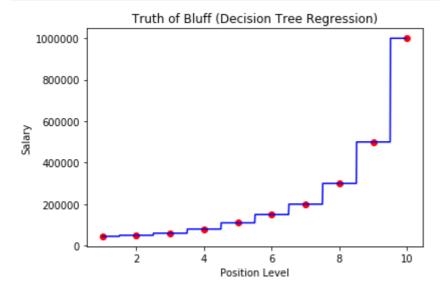
# In [4]:

```
# Predicting a new result
y_pred = regressor.predict(6.5)
```

## In [5]:

```
# Visualising the Decision Tree Regression

x_grid = np.arange(min(x), max(x), 0.01)
x_grid = x_grid.reshape((len(x_grid), 1))
plt.scatter(x, y, color='red')
plt.plot(x_grid, regressor.predict(x_grid), color='blue')
plt.title('Truth of Bluff (Decision Tree Regression)')
plt.xlabel('Position Level')
plt.ylabel('Salary')
plt.show()
```



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