IE 345 - K "Introduction to Deep Learning: Fundamentals Concepts"

Resolution of the first example of the book Deep Learning with Python.

```
pg. 68 - 74
```

```
In [1]:
```

```
import keras
from keras.datasets import reuters
import numpy as np
```

Using TensorFlow backend.

In [2]:

```
(train_data, train_labels), (test_data, test_labels) = reuters.load_data(num_words=1000
0)
```

In [3]:

```
print(len(train_data), 'train sequences')
print(len(test_data), 'test sequences')
print('Train_data shape', train_data.shape)
print('Test_data shape', test_data.shape)
print('Train_labels shape', train_labels.shape)
print('Test_labels shape', test_labels.shape)
```

```
8982 train sequences
2246 test sequences
Train_data shape (8982,)
Test_data shape (2246,)
Train_labels shape (8982,)
Test_labels shape (2246,)
```

In [4]:

```
print(train_data[10])
```

```
[1, 245, 273, 207, 156, 53, 74, 160, 26, 14, 46, 296, 26, 39, 74, 2979, 35 54, 14, 46, 4689, 4329, 86, 61, 3499, 4795, 14, 61, 451, 4329, 17, 12]
```

```
In [5]:
```

```
word_index = reuters.get_word_index()
reverse_word_index = dict([(value,key) for(key,value) in word_index.items()])
decoder_newswire = ' '.join([reverse_word_index.get(i-3,'?') for i in train_data[0]])
print('Decoder newswire: ', decoder_newswire)
print('Train_labels 0: ', train_labels[0])
```

Decoder newswire: ? ? ? said as a result of its december acquisition of s pace co it expects earnings per share in 1987 of 1 15 to 1 30 dlrs per share up from 70 cts in 1986 the company said pretax net should rise to nine to 10 mln dlrs from six mln dlrs in 1986 and rental operation revenues to 19 to 22 mln dlrs from 12 5 mln dlrs it said cash flow per share this year should be 2 50 to three dlrs reuter 3 Train labels 0: 3

In [6]:

```
num_classes = np.max(train_labels) + 1
print(num_classes, 'classes')
```

46 classes

In [7]:

```
from keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer

tokenizer = Tokenizer(num_words=10000)
train_data=tokenizer.sequences_to_matrix(train_data, mode='binary')
test_data=tokenizer.sequences_to_matrix(test_data, mode='binary')
print('Train_data shape: ', train_data.shape)
print('Test_data shape: ', test_data.shape)
```

Train_data shape: (8982, 10000) Test_data shape: (2246, 10000)

In [8]:

```
from keras.utils.np_utils import to_categorical

one_hot_train_labels = to_categorical(train_labels, num_classes)
one_hot_test_labels = to_categorical(test_labels, num_classes)
print('One hot train labels', one_hot_train_labels.shape)
print('One hot test labels', one_hot_test_labels.shape)
```

One hot train labels (8982, 46) One hot test labels (2246, 46)

In [9]:

```
from keras import models, regularizers, layers

model = models.Sequential()
model.add(layers.Dense(64, activation='relu', input_shape=(10000,)))
model.add(layers.Dense(64, activation='relu'))
model.add(layers.Dense(46, activation='softmax'))

model.summary()
```

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 64)	640064
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 64)	4160
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 46)	2990

Total params: 647,214 Trainable params: 647,214 Non-trainable params: 0

In [10]:

In [11]:

```
Train on 8083 samples, validate on 899 samples
Epoch 1/20
8083/8083 [============ ] - 3s 316us/step - loss: 2.5390
- acc: 0.4842 - val_loss: 1.8126 - val_acc: 0.6107
Epoch 2/20
8083/8083 [============== - - 2s 241us/step - loss: 1.4388
- acc: 0.6879 - val_loss: 1.4359 - val_acc: 0.6841
Epoch 3/20
8083/8083 [============ - - 2s 238us/step - loss: 1.0857
- acc: 0.7669 - val_loss: 1.2752 - val_acc: 0.7186
Epoch 4/20
8083/8083 [============ ] - 2s 239us/step - loss: 0.8621
- acc: 0.8170 - val loss: 1.1681 - val acc: 0.7486
Epoch 5/20
8083/8083 [============= - - 2s 239us/step - loss: 0.6900
- acc: 0.8546 - val_loss: 1.0987 - val_acc: 0.7531
Epoch 6/20
8083/8083 [============== - - 2s 239us/step - loss: 0.5571
- acc: 0.8831 - val_loss: 1.0395 - val_acc: 0.7820
Epoch 7/20
8083/8083 [============= ] - 2s 240us/step - loss: 0.4469
- acc: 0.9072 - val_loss: 1.0036 - val_acc: 0.7887
Epoch 8/20
8083/8083 [============= ] - 2s 238us/step - loss: 0.3584
- acc: 0.9228 - val_loss: 1.0118 - val_acc: 0.7831
Epoch 9/20
8083/8083 [============= ] - 2s 250us/step - loss: 0.2952
- acc: 0.9349 - val_loss: 0.9959 - val_acc: 0.7909
8083/8083 [============= ] - 2s 239us/step - loss: 0.2483
- acc: 0.9425 - val_loss: 1.0245 - val_acc: 0.7920
Epoch 11/20
8083/8083 [============= - - 2s 239us/step - loss: 0.2133
- acc: 0.9485 - val_loss: 1.0078 - val_acc: 0.8020
Epoch 12/20
8083/8083 [============= ] - 2s 239us/step - loss: 0.1803
- acc: 0.9520 - val_loss: 1.0536 - val_acc: 0.7831
Epoch 13/20
8083/8083 [============ - - 2s 237us/step - loss: 0.1671
- acc: 0.9532 - val_loss: 1.0304 - val_acc: 0.7898
Epoch 14/20
8083/8083 [============= - - 2s 236us/step - loss: 0.1476
- acc: 0.9550 - val loss: 1.0966 - val acc: 0.7898
Epoch 15/20
8083/8083 [============= ] - 2s 240us/step - loss: 0.1352
- acc: 0.9583 - val_loss: 1.0954 - val_acc: 0.7875
Epoch 16/20
8083/8083 [============ - - 2s 237us/step - loss: 0.1308
- acc: 0.9562 - val loss: 1.1426 - val acc: 0.7786
Epoch 17/20
8083/8083 [=============== ] - 2s 238us/step - loss: 0.1227
- acc: 0.9574 - val_loss: 1.1381 - val_acc: 0.7909
Epoch 18/20
8083/8083 [=========== ] - 2s 237us/step - loss: 0.1154
- acc: 0.9589 - val_loss: 1.1927 - val_acc: 0.7864
Epoch 19/20
8083/8083 [============== ] - 2s 236us/step - loss: 0.1098
- acc: 0.9586 - val_loss: 1.2195 - val_acc: 0.7820
Epoch 20/20
8083/8083 [============= ] - 2s 236us/step - loss: 0.1062
- acc: 0.9587 - val loss: 1.2234 - val acc: 0.7709
```

In [15]:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

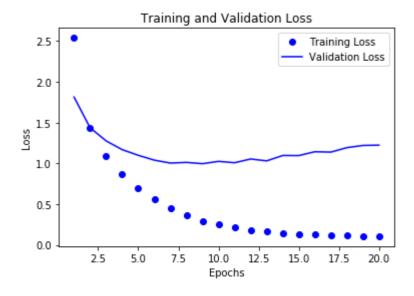
loss = history.history['loss']
val_loss = history.history['val_loss']

epochs = range(1, len(loss) + 1)

plt.plot(epochs, loss, 'bo', label = 'Training Loss')
plt.plot(epochs, val_loss, 'b', label = 'Validation Loss')
plt.title('Training and Validation Loss')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.legend()
```

Out[15]:

<matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x1318d5a6358>



In [17]:

```
acc = history.history['acc']
val_acc = history.history['val_acc']

plt.plot(epochs, acc, 'bo', label = 'Training Acc')
plt.plot(epochs, val_acc, 'b', label = 'Validation Acc')
plt.title('Training and Validation Accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.legend()
```

Out[17]:

<matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x1318d66dd30>

