# Thesis

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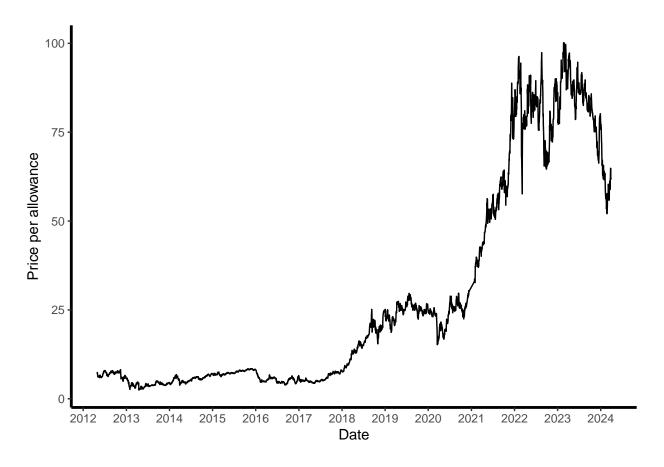
```
## Installing package manager
if(any("pacman" %in% rownames(installed.packages()) == FALSE)){
  install.packages("pacman", dependencies = TRUE)}
## Required packages
pacman::p_load(
 utils,
  png,
 reticulate,
 readr,
 tidyr,
  stringr,
 dplyr,
 ggplot2,
 data.table,
 nloptr,
  e1071,
  lubridate
)
## Loading in data
Datastream_DailyPrice <- read_csv("DL_DATASTREAM.csv", show_col_types = FALSE) %>%
 rename(Date = `Exchange Date`,
         LogReturn = '%Chg') %>%
 filter(!is.na(Close)) %>% # Removing result that do not have an end-of-day price
 mutate(LogReturn = as.numeric(sub("%", "", LogReturn)) / 100) %>% # Removing '%' sign and dividing by
  mutate(Date = as.Date(Date, format = "%d-%b-%Y")) %>%
  mutate(Index = n() + 1 - row_number()) %>% # Creating an index for the event study
  select(Index, Date, Close, LogReturn) # Selecting the columns from the original dataset needed
## Warning: One or more parsing issues, call 'problems()' on your data frame for details,
## e.g.:
##
    dat <- vroom(...)</pre>
    problems(dat)
## Creating a sub-sample that only contains rows that have a log return
DailyLogReturn <- Datastream_DailyPrice %>%
 filter(!is.na(LogReturn))
print(head(DailyLogReturn, 10))
## # A tibble: 10 x 4
```

```
##
     Index Date
                     Close LogReturn
##
     <dbl> <date>
                     <dbl>
                               <dbl>
## 1 2989 2024-03-28 61.6
                             -0.0103
## 2 2988 2024-03-27 62.3
                              0.0026
## 3 2987 2024-03-26 62.1
                             -0.0419
## 4 2986 2024-03-25 64.8
                            0.0569
## 5 2985 2024-03-22 61.4
                             0.0414
## 6 2984 2024-03-21 58.9
                             -0.0256
## 7 2983 2024-03-20 60.5
                             -0.0036
## 8 2982 2024-03-19 60.7
                             -0.0096
## 9 2981 2024-03-18 61.3
                              0.0344
## 10 2980 2024-03-15 59.2
                              0.0161
```

#### 1. Visual representation of the data

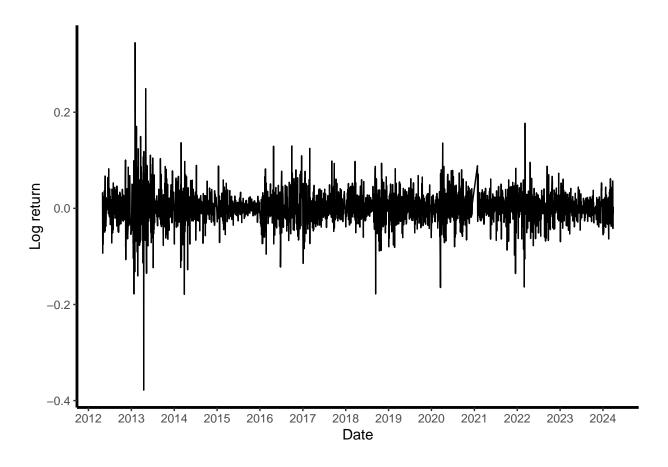
## generated.

```
## Sample event data
amendment_data <- fread("amendment_data.csv", encoding = 'UTF-8') %>%
  mutate(Date = as.Date(paste(20, substr(Date, 7, 8), "-", substr(Date, 4, 5), "-", substr(Date, 1, 2),
  tidyr::separate_longer_delim(Institution, delim = ",") %>%
  mutate(Institution = stringr::str_trim(Institution))
## Creating a copy of 'DailyLogReturn' which we can safely mutate to perform the event study
event_study <- DailyLogReturn %>%
  left_join(amendment_data, by = "Date") %>%
  select(Index, Date, Close, LogReturn, Include, Single, First, Last, Year, Form, Institution, Amendmen
  mutate(EventDay = !is.na(Institution),
         ControlPeriod = NA,
         EventPeriod = NA,
         EstimationPeriod = NA
 )
## EUAA Future Price -- Evolution over time
ggplot(Datastream_DailyPrice, aes(x = Date, y = Close)) +
  geom_line() +
  labs(x = "Date", y = "Price per allowance") +
  theme_bw() +
  theme(
   panel.grid.major = element_blank(),
   panel.grid.minor = element_blank(),
   panel.border = element_blank(),
   axis.line = element_line(color = "black", size = 1),
   axis.line.x = element_line(),
   axis.line.y = element_line(color = "black", size = 1)
  ) +
  scale_x_date(date_breaks = "1 year", date_labels = "%Y")
## Warning: The 'size' argument of 'element line()' is deprecated as of ggplot2 3.4.0.
## i Please use the 'linewidth' argument instead.
## This warning is displayed once every 8 hours.
## Call 'lifecycle::last_lifecycle_warnings()' to see where this warning was
```



 $\#ggsave("EUAA\_Future\_End-of-Day\_Price\_Evolution.png", plot = last\_plot(), width = 6, height = 4, dpi = 1, dpi$ 

```
## EUAA Future log returns over time
ggplot(DailyLogReturn, aes(x = Date, y = LogReturn)) +
    geom_line() +
    labs(x = "Date", y = "Log return") +
    theme_bw() +
    theme(
        panel.grid.major = element_blank(),
        panel.grid.minor = element_blank(),
        panel.border = element_blank(),
        axis.line = element_line(color = "black", size = 1),
        axis.line.x = element_line(),
        axis.line.y = element_line(color = "black", size = 1)
    ) +
    scale_x_date(date_breaks = "1 year", date_labels = "%Y")
```



 $\#ggsave("EUAA\_Future\_Log\_Returns.png", plot = last\_plot(), width = 6, height = 4, dpi = 300)$  remove(amendment\_data, DailyLogReturn, Datastream\_DailyPrice)

## 2. Calculating the average, abnormal return on each event day

```
## First, we create a control period -- an event period around all the announcements that are relevant
base <- 0
for (i in 1:nrow(event_study)) {
   if (event_study$EventDay[i]) {
     if (event_study$Index[i] != base) {
      base <- event_study$Index[i]
      idx <- max(base - 5, 0)
      for (j in seq(idx, idx + 10)) {
        event_study$ControlPeriod[event_study$Index == j] <- 1
      }
   }
}
remove(base, i, idx, j)</pre>
```

```
## Second, we create the event period for the announcements that we're using
return_ALL <- list()</pre>
```

```
## Institution
return_Commission <- list()</pre>
return_Council <- list()</pre>
return Parliament <- list()</pre>
return_Directorate <- list()</pre>
## Type
return_Directive <- list()</pre>
return_Communication <- list()</pre>
return_Regulation <- list()</pre>
return_First <- list()</pre>
return_Last <- list()</pre>
return_Single <- list()</pre>
return_Development <- list()</pre>
## Phase
return PhaseIII <- list()
return_PhaseIV <- list()</pre>
bases <- list()</pre>
base <- 0
for (i in 1:nrow(event_study)) {
  if (event_study$EventDay[i]) {
    if (event_study$Include[i] == 1) {
       institute <- event_study$Institution[i]</pre>
       form <- event_study$Form[i]</pre>
      first <- event_study$First[i]</pre>
       last <- event_study$Last[i]</pre>
       single <- event_study$Single[i]</pre>
      year <- event_study$Year[i]</pre>
       if (event_study$Index[i] != base) {
         base <- event_study$Index[i]</pre>
         if (!(i %in% unique(bases))) {
           return <- list()</pre>
           idx \leftarrow max(base - 5, 0)
           for (j in seq(idx, idx + 10)) {
             event_study$EventPeriod[event_study$Index == j] <- 1</pre>
             # The [1] is needed as there can be multiple rows with the same index --
             # this ensures that each index is only added once.
             return <- c(return, event_study$LogReturn[event_study$Index == j][1])
           for (k in return) {
             temp_data <- data.frame(Base = base, Return = k)</pre>
             ## We now append 'temp_data' to the appropriate lists.
             return_ALL[[length(return_ALL) + 1]] <- temp_data</pre>
```

```
## Type of announcement
      if (form == "Directive") {
        return_Directive[[length(return_Directive) + 1]] <- temp_data</pre>
      }
      if (form == "Communication") {
        return_Communication[[length(return_Communication) + 1]] <- temp_data</pre>
      if (form == "Regulation") {
        return_Regulation[[length(return_Regulation) + 1]] <- temp_data</pre>
      }
      if (first == TRUE) {
        return_First[[length(return_First) + 1]] <- temp_data</pre>
      if (last == TRUE) {
        return_Last[[length(return_Last) + 1]] <- temp_data</pre>
      if (single == TRUE) {
        return_Single[[length(return_Single) + 1]] <- temp_data</pre>
      if (!first && !last && !single) {
        return_Development[[length(return_Development) + 1]] <- temp_data</pre>
      if (year %in% c(2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020)) {
        return_PhaseIII[[length(return_PhaseIII) + 1]] <- temp_data</pre>
      if (year %in% c(2021, 2022, 2023, 2024)) {
        return_PhaseIV[[length(return_PhaseIV) + 1]] <- temp_data</pre>
    bases <- c(bases, base)
  }
for (k in return) {
  temp_data <- data.frame(Base = base, Return = k)</pre>
  ## Source of announcement
  if (institute == "European Commission") {
    return_Commission[[length(return_Commission) + 1]] <- temp_data</pre>
  }
  if (institute == "Council of the European Union") {
    return_Council[[length(return_Council) + 1]] <- temp_data</pre>
```

```
if (institute == "European Parliament") {
           return_Parliament[[length(return_Parliament) + 1]] <- temp_data</pre>
        if (institute == "Directorate-General for Climate Action") {
          return_Directorate[[length(return_Directorate) + 1]] <- temp_data</pre>
        }
      }
    }
  }
remove(bases, base, i, institute, form, first, last, single, year, return, idx, j, k, temp_data)
## Creating the appropriate result data frames
return_ALL <- do.call(rbind, return_ALL)</pre>
return_Commission <- do.call(rbind, return_Commission)</pre>
return_Council <- do.call(rbind, return_Council)</pre>
return_Parliament <- do.call(rbind, return_Parliament)</pre>
return_Directorate <- do.call(rbind, return_Directorate)</pre>
return_Directive <- do.call(rbind, return_Directive)</pre>
return_Communication <- do.call(rbind, return_Communication)</pre>
return_Regulation <- do.call(rbind, return_Regulation)</pre>
return_First <- do.call(rbind, return_First)</pre>
return_Last <- do.call(rbind, return_Last)</pre>
return_Single <- do.call(rbind, return_Single)</pre>
return_Development <- do.call(rbind, return_Development)</pre>
return_PhaseIII <- do.call(rbind, return_PhaseIII)</pre>
return_PhaseIV <- do.call(rbind, return_PhaseIV)</pre>
```

# Verifying the validity of the return result

```
ALL <- c(return_ALL, return_Commission, return_Council, return_Parliament, return_Directorate, return_D
## Checking whether each (unique) base has exactly 11 returns (one for each event day)
for (i in seq_along(ALL)) {
   data <- ALL[[i]] # Accessing the vector at index 'i' in ALL
   length_data <- length(data)

   if (!(length_data %% 11 == 0)) {
        print(paste("Problem with: ", i))
    }
}
remove(ALL, data, i, length_data)</pre>
```

```
## Truncated model
remove_extremes <- function(return_vector, truncated_percentage) {</pre>
  runs <- truncated percentage * length(return vector)</pre>
  run <- 0
  while (run < runs) {</pre>
    keep_index <- return_vector != max(return_vector) & return_vector != min(return_vector)</pre>
    return_vector <- return_vector[keep_index]</pre>
    run <- run + 1
  }
  return(return_vector)
}
estimationperiod_return <- list()</pre>
estimationperiod_average_return <- list()</pre>
bases <- numeric()</pre>
verify <- list()</pre>
truncated_percentage <- 0.15</pre>
for (i in 1:nrow(event study)) {
  if (!is.na(event_study$ControlPeriod[i])) {
    if (event_study$EventDay[i]) {
      bases <- c(bases, event_study$Index[i])</pre>
    if (is.na(event_study$ControlPeriod[i + 1])) {
      index <- event_study$Index[i + 1]</pre>
      return <- numeric()</pre>
      found <- FALSE
      while (found == FALSE) {
        idx \leftarrow max(index - 19, 0)
        na_count <- 0</pre>
        for (j in seq(idx + 19, idx)) {
           if (is.na(event_study$ControlPeriod[event_study$Index == j][1])) {
             na_count <- na_count + 1</pre>
           } else {
             break
        }
        if (na_count == 20) {
           na_count <- 0</pre>
           for (k in seq(idx + 19, idx)) {
             if (!(k %in% verify)) {
               na_count <- na_count + 1</pre>
           }
           if (na_count == 20) {
             for (m in seq(idx + 19, idx)) {
```

```
event_study$EstimationPeriod[event_study$Index == m] <- 1</pre>
               verify <- c(verify, m)</pre>
               return <- c(return, event_study$LogReturn[event_study$Index == m][1])
             }
            return <- remove_extremes(return, truncated_percentage)</pre>
             for (n in unique(bases)) {
               temp_data <- data.frame(Base = n, AverageReturn = mean(return))</pre>
               estimationperiod_average_return[[length(estimationperiod_average_return) + 1]] <- temp_da
               for (o in return) {
                 temp_data <- data.frame(Base = n, Return = o)</pre>
                 estimationperiod_return[[length(estimationperiod_return) + 1]] <- temp_data
               }
             }
             bases <- numeric()</pre>
            found <- TRUE
          }
        } else {
          break
        }
      }
    }
  }
remove(verify, temp_data, bases, found, i, idx, index, j, k, m, n, o, na_count, return)
estimationperiod_return <- do.call(rbind, estimationperiod_return)</pre>
estimationperiod_average_return <- do.call(rbind, estimationperiod_average_return)</pre>
temp_data <- event_study %>%
  filter(Include == 1) %>%
  select(Index) %>%
  distinct() %>%
  rename(Base = Index) %>%
  left_join(estimationperiod_return, by = "Base")
estimationperiod_return <- temp_data
temp_data <- event_study %>%
  filter(Include == 1) %>%
  select(Index) %>%
  distinct() %>%
  rename(Base = Index) %>%
  left_join(estimationperiod_average_return, by = "Base")
estimationperiod_average_return <- temp_data</pre>
remove(temp_data)
Obs <- length(estimationperiod_return$Return)</pre>
Kurt <- kurtosis(estimationperiod return$Return, type = 1)</pre>
Skew <- skewness(estimationperiod_return$Return, type = 1)</pre>
```

```
chi_sq_stat <- Obs * (Skew ^ 2 / 6 + Kurt ^ 2 / 24)
JarqueBera.pvalue <- pchisq(chi_sq_stat, df = 2, lower.tail = FALSE)
remove(Obs, Kurt, Skew, chi_sq_stat)</pre>
```

#### Following the methodology of Deeney et al.

```
AbnormalReturns <- function(return_data) {
  ## Calculate Abnormal Return
  return data <- return data %>%
    left_join(estimationperiod_average_return, by = "Base") %>%
    mutate(AbnormalReturn = Return - AverageReturn)
  return(return_data)
## 1. Calculate the Abnormal Return per event day (Day -5 to Day 5)
AbnormalReturns_per_eventday <- function(return_data) {
  AbnormalReturn_per_eventday <- list()
  for (i in 1:11) {
    returns <- numeric()
    for (y in unique(return data$Base)) {
      df <- return_data[return_data$Base == y, ]</pre>
      returns <- c(returns, df$AbnormalReturn[i])
    }
    temp_data <- data.frame(Day = i - 6, AbnormalReturn = returns)</pre>
    AbnormalReturn_per_eventday[[length(AbnormalReturn_per_eventday) + 1]] <- temp_data
  AbnormalReturn_per_eventday <- do.call(rbind, AbnormalReturn_per_eventday)
  return(AbnormalReturn_per_eventday)
Average_AbnormalReturns_per_eventday <- function(return_data) {</pre>
  Average_AbnormalReturn_per_eventday <- list()</pre>
  for (y in unique(return_data$Day)) {
    df <- return_data[return_data$Day == y, ]</pre>
    Average_AR <- mean(df$AbnormalReturn)</pre>
    temp_data <- data.frame(Day = y, AbnormalReturn = Average_AR)</pre>
    Average_AbnormalReturn_per_eventday[[length(Average_AbnormalReturn_per_eventday) + 1]] <- temp_data
  Average_AbnormalReturn_per_eventday <- do.call(rbind, Average_AbnormalReturn_per_eventday)
  return(Average_AbnormalReturn_per_eventday)
}
## 2. Calculate the CAR for each day (aka 'the rest of the fking owl')
CumulativeAbnormalReturns_per_eventday <- function(return_data, estimation_data, sample_count) {
  variance <- var(estimation_data$Return)</pre>
 CumulativeAbnormalReturn_per_eventday <- list()</pre>
  for (y in unique(return data$Day)) {
    df <- return_data[return_data$Day <= y, ]</pre>
```

```
CAR <- sum(df$AbnormalReturn)
    L \leftarrow y + 6
    bottom <- sqrt(variance * L)</pre>
    ttest <- CAR / bottom
    ptest <- 2 * (1 - pnorm(abs(ttest)))</pre>
    temp_data <- data.frame(</pre>
      Day = y,
      CumulativeAbnormalReturn = CAR,
      t.test = ttest,
      p.test = ptest
                                )
    CumulativeAbnormalReturn_per_eventday[[length(CumulativeAbnormalReturn_per_eventday) + 1]] <- temp_
  CumulativeAbnormalReturn_per_eventday <- do.call(rbind, CumulativeAbnormalReturn_per_eventday)
  return(CumulativeAbnormalReturn_per_eventday)
}
TableFilter <- function(return_data) {</pre>
  return_data <- return_data %>%
    select(Day, p.test)
main <- function(return_data, estimation_data) {</pre>
  return_data <- AbnormalReturns(return_data)</pre>
  return_data <- AbnormalReturns_per_eventday(return_data)</pre>
  sample_count <- c("n", nrow(return_data) / 11)</pre>
  return_data <- Average_AbnormalReturns_per_eventday(return_data)</pre>
  return_data <- CumulativeAbnormalReturns_per_eventday(return_data, estimation_data, sample_count)
  return_data <- TableFilter(return_data)</pre>
  return_data <- rbind(return_data, sample_count)</pre>
  return(return_data)
estimationperiod_return <- AbnormalReturns(estimationperiod_return) %>%
  select(Base, AbnormalReturn) %>%
  rename(Return = AbnormalReturn)
return_ALL <- main(return_ALL, estimationperiod_return)</pre>
return_Commission <- main(return_Commission, estimationperiod_return)</pre>
return_Council <- main(return_Council, estimationperiod_return)</pre>
return_Parliament <- main(return_Parliament, estimationperiod_return)</pre>
return_Directorate <- main(return_Directorate, estimationperiod_return)</pre>
return_Directive <- main(return_Directive, estimationperiod_return)
return_Communication <- main(return_Communication, estimationperiod_return)
return_Regulation <- main(return_Regulation, estimationperiod_return)</pre>
return_First <- main(return_First, estimationperiod_return)</pre>
```

```
return_Last <- main(return_Last, estimationperiod_return)
return_Single <- main(return_Single, estimationperiod_return)
return_Development <- main(return_Development, estimationperiod_return)

return_PhaseIII <- main(return_PhaseIII, estimationperiod_return)
return_PhaseIV <- main(return_PhaseIV, estimationperiod_return)

#write.csv(return_ALL, file = "ttest_test.csv", row.names = FALSE)
#write.csv(estimationperiod_return, file = "estimationperiod_return.csv", row.names = FALSE)

remove(estimationperiod_average_return, estimationperiod_return)
remove(AbnormalReturns, AbnormalReturns_per_eventday, Average_AbnormalReturns_per_eventday, CumulativeA</pre>
```

#### Creating one table with all results

```
event_study_results <- return_ALL %>%
 left_join(return_Single, by = "Day") %>%
  left_join(return_First, by = "Day") %>%
 left_join(return_Development, by = "Day") %>%
  left join(return Last, by = "Day") %>%
  ## Phases
  left_join(return_PhaseIII, by = "Day") %>%
  left_join(return_PhaseIV, by = "Day") %>%
  ## Institution
  left_join(return_Commission, by = "Day") %>%
  left_join(return_Council, by = "Day") %>%
  left_join(return_Parliament, by = "Day") %>%
  left_join(return_Directorate, by = "Day") %>%
  ## Type
  left_join(return_Communication, by = "Day") %>%
 left join(return Directive, by = "Day") %>%
 left_join(return_Regulation, by = "Day")
colnames(event_study_results) <- c("Day", "All", "Single", "First", "Development", "Last",
                                   "Phase III", "Phase IV",
                                   "Commission", "Council", "Parliament", "Directorate",
                                   "Communication", "Directive", "Regulation")
write.csv(event_study_results, file = "eventstudy_results.csv", row.names = FALSE)
head(event_study_results, 12)
```

```
##
                         All
                                         Single
                                                            First
## 1
      -5 \quad 0.86941022270176 \quad 0.90346095177945 \quad 0.281799695625815 \quad 0.451775345123743
## 2
       -4\;\; 0.731538532343467\;\; 0.697585910955792\;\; 0.494700138135872\;\; 0.674151213725395
      -3 0.688505205061295 0.821557360401664 0.213367419040339 0.594491909032646
## 3
## 4
      -2 0.815306498507755 0.899621796346168 0.138657028238107 0.415887759227317
## 5
      -1 0.983871694667322 0.835283182295745 0.308827432770922 0.40124770009407
## 6
       0 0.917907189194063 0.70772939639748 0.465806098061601 0.511328519712274
       1 0.986222140200141 0.819532655623229 0.434079812353744 0.542667395205726
## 7
## 8
        2 0.940778136166927 0.94564675026765 0.458930272528317 0.676014253185797
        3 0.916669842428071 0.745269270362233 0.518794837051588 0.532666533058309
## 9
```

```
##
##
                  Last
                               Phase III
                                                  Phase IV
                                                                  Commission
##
  1
     0.596375269731546 \ 0.853591221954761 \ \ 0.67630597321424 \ 0.670039457029497
    0.301128023547281 0.666685018783385 0.844076953913882 0.597349729721654
     0.286393254883293 0.736694124777414 0.981627755155247 0.511056424446768
     0.392708295781798 0.907460009055705 0.813617220214019 0.505045568339284
     0.621994932332021 0.899169147163763 0.720734099748631 0.644999287431856
     0.886778451255729 0.798388459290991 0.639649761040333 0.771660998408803
     0.690141080647402 0.897954061449626 0.759941987106236 0.675552049026505
     0.787740847012314 0.985395629253122 0.756342484650514 0.706390342960484
     0.902830779263108 0.823904327080857 0.696354863516136 0.857800639263636
## 10 0.920467349425456 0.788844238572059 0.667561646237237 0.769216435797702
## 11 0.926577278084902 0.783486614369681 0.602340011691839 0.722316871556365
## 12
                    11
                                      27
                                                        17
                                                                          21
##
               Council
                              Parliament
                                               Directorate
                                                                Communication
    0.375932375886531
                        0.726725045235791 0.91466986478022 0.735815469249151 0.196076963956236
      0.89614925665336 0.941390988948567 0.960956805771571
                                                            0.145603616728611
     0.902649408698723 0.777029428541932 0.575043617845412
                                                           0.123924099166914
     0.784316563793786 0.678425574587397 0.469295406804863
                                                            0.204084249647349
     0.815153336224994 0.693888395590214 0.26457328703622
                                                            0.406454125754009
     0.909484550593061 0.785132811804207 0.363611104692934
                                                             0.19137868690295
     0.983698586208291 0.739747258773447 0.27002236858759
                                                           0.614824515168176
     0.777331817083946 0.780421399658868 0.248663230275713
                                                           0.254887071943484
## 10 0.721028120970037 0.701533723152644 0.319193522950867 0.0528179692245832
## 11 0.670678412293326 0.573118122135039 0.374508804919948 0.0275948157862811
                                                         6
## 12
                    19
                                                                            1
##
             Directive
                              Regulation
## 1
     0.380604758710384 0.790763952380567
     0.269877326171779 0.987451421582988
     0.287321603852355 0.877853536462586
     0.676800201399151 0.809680533245152
     0.668162500533214 0.685030946910326
     0.414384468445081 0.66949527456867
## 6
     0.762684015661288 0.741778906173483
     0.611269316816604 0.878691378520239
     0.702001887003638 0.749389200192397
## 10 0.647460561424772 0.764090108991569
## 11 0.671171168964774 0.800652288379866
## 12
                     5
                                      22
remove(return_ALL, return_Commission, return_Communication, return_Council, return_Directive, return_Di
remove(JarqueBera.pvalue)
```

4 0.910639852038317 0.907869105541572 0.567206530782223 0.565120416701596

5 0.885350691201683 0.936612360660026 0.530368058572726 0.459372319528507

#### News proxy

## 11

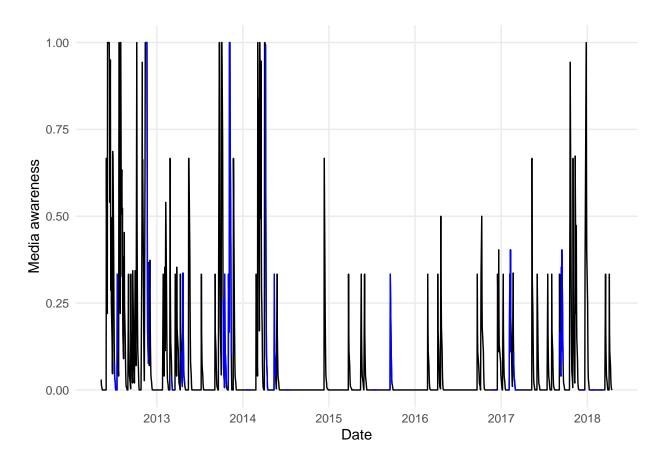
```
## Importing the relevant articles
articles <- read_csv("EU ETS Aviation relevant articles.csv", show_col_types = FALSE)</pre>
```

```
## Formatting the date in the same structure as 'event_study'
articles <- articles[articles$Date != "Unknown", ] %>%
  mutate(Date = mdy(Date),
         Date = format(Date, "%Y-%m-%d"),
         Date = as.Date(Date))
## New df with the number of articles on each date
article_freq <- articles %>%
  count(Date)
article_mean <- round(mean(article_freq$n), digits = 1)</pre>
## Modifying 'event_study' to only take the EventPeriod
news_proxy <- event_study %>%
  select(Index, Date, EstimationPeriod, EventPeriod) %>%
  distinct(Index, .keep all = TRUE) %>%
  arrange(Index) %>%
  ## Merging it with the article frequency
  left_join(article_freq, by = "Date") %>%
  mutate(n = case_when(is.na(n) ~ 0, TRUE ~ n)) %>%
  mutate(IntAwareness = if_else(row_number() <= 7, n, NA)) %>%
  mutate(EventPeriodAwareness = NA)
## Assuming that the AWARENESS caused by an article dissipates over 7 days in these proportions
for (i in 8:nrow(news_proxy)) {
  news_proxy$IntAwareness[i] <- news_proxy$n[i] +</pre>
                               0.5 * news_proxy$n[i-1] +
                               0.33 * news_proxy$n[i-2] +
                               0.21 * news_proxy$n[i-3] +
                               0.12 * news_proxy$n[i-4] +
                               0.06 * news_proxy$n[i-5] +
                               0.03 * news_proxy$n[i-6] +
                               0.01 * news_proxy$n[i-7]
}
news_proxy <- news_proxy %>%
  mutate(Awareness = case_when(IntAwareness > (2 * article_mean) ~ 1,
                                TRUE ~ IntAwareness / (2 * article_mean)))
## Removing the first 7 rows as they don't follow the the above logic
news_proxy <- news_proxy[-(1:7), ]</pre>
remove(article_freq, article_mean, i)
## A little hack to properly graph the event period results
news_proxy <- news_proxy %>%
  mutate(EventPeriodAwareness = if_else(!is.na(EventPeriod) & EventPeriod == 1, Awareness, -1))
temp <- news_proxy</pre>
news_proxy <- news_proxy[1:(nrow(news_proxy)/2), ]</pre>
## Graph
p <- ggplot(news_proxy, aes(x = Date, y = Awareness)) +</pre>
```

```
geom_line(color = "black") +
labs(x = "Date",
    y = "Media awareness") +
theme_minimal() +
theme(panel.grid.minor = element_blank()) +
scale_x_date(date_breaks = "1 year", date_labels = "%Y")

p + geom_line(data = news_proxy, aes(x = Date, y = EventPeriodAwareness), color = "blue") +
scale_y_continuous(limits = c(0, 1))
```

## Warning: Removed 66 rows containing missing values or values outside the scale range
## ('geom\_line()').

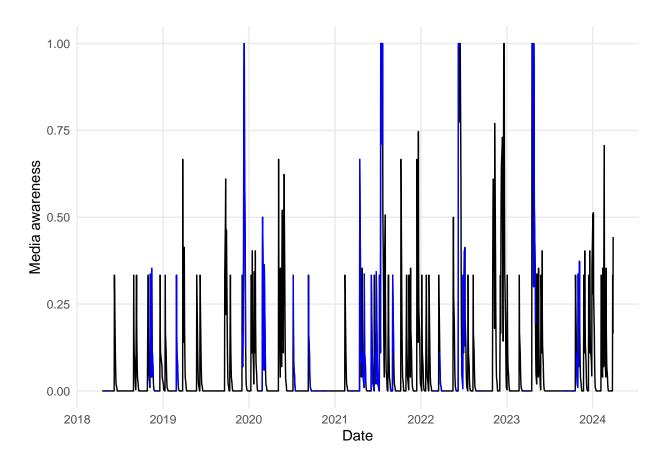


 $\#ggsave("media\_awareness\_plot1.png", plot = last\_plot(), width = 8, height = 3, dpi = 300)$ 

```
scale_x_date(date_breaks = "1 year", date_labels = "%Y")

p + geom_line(data = news_proxy, aes(x = Date, y = EventPeriodAwareness), color = "blue") +
scale_y_continuous(limits = c(0, 1))
```

## Warning: Removed 108 rows containing missing values or values outside the scale range
## ('geom\_line()').



```
#ggsave("media_awareness_plot2.png", plot = last_plot(), width = 8, height = 3, dpi = 300)
news_proxy <- temp
remove(p, temp)</pre>
```

## Percentage media awareness

```
## Denominator
testing_main <- news_proxy %>%
  filter(EventPeriod == 1)
testing_main2 <- news_proxy %>%
  filter(EstimationPeriod == 1)
## Numerator
```

```
testing_EventPeriod <- news_proxy %>%
 filter(EventPeriod == 1)
testing_EstimationPeriod <- news_proxy %>%
 filter(EstimationPeriod == 1)
## Statistics
print(mean(testing_EventPeriod$Awareness))
## [1] 0.2571646
print(median(testing_EventPeriod$Awareness))
## [1] 0.11
print(mean(testing_EstimationPeriod$Awareness))
## [1] 0.2393301
print(median(testing_EstimationPeriod$Awareness))
## [1] 0.11
209/540
## [1] 0.387037
241/506
## [1] 0.4762846
269/540
## [1] 0.4981481
298/506
## [1] 0.5889328
remove(testing_main, testing_main2, testing_EstimationPeriod, testing_EventPeriod)
```

## GARCH

```
GARCH <- event_study %>%
  select(Index, Date, Include, EstimationPeriod, EventPeriod, EventDay, LogReturn) %>%
  distinct(Index, .keep_all = TRUE) %>%
  filter(EstimationPeriod == 1 | EventPeriod == 1)
#write.csv(GARCH, "solver.csv", row.names = FALSE)
CALC_STATS <- data.frame(</pre>
  Constant = 0,
  'Unconditional variance' = 0,
 ARCH = 0,
 GARCH = 0,
  `Long-run volatility` = 0
)
# Estimated using (Excel's) solver
CALC_STATS <- data.frame(</pre>
  Constant = 0.00109799708601911,
  `Unconditional variance` = 0.0000391568178133135,
 ARCH = 0.17027464378627
  GARCH = 0.819129324526429,
  `Long-run volatility` = 0.0607899898714179
)
PARAMETER_DATA <- GARCH %>%
  arrange(Index) %>%
  mutate(Residual = LogReturn - CALC_STATS$Constant) %>%
  mutate(SqResidual = Residual * Residual) %>%
  mutate(LagSqResidual = lag(SqResidual)) %>%
  mutate(CondVariance = ifelse(Index == 27, CALC STATS$Unconditional.variance / (1 - CALC STATS$ARCH -
temp data <- PARAMETER DATA$CondVariance[[1]]
for (i in 2:nrow(PARAMETER_DATA)) {
  temp_data <- CALC_STATS$Unconditional.variance + CALC_STATS$ARCH * PARAMETER_DATA$LagSqResidual[i] +
  PARAMETER_DATA$CondVariance[i] <- temp_data</pre>
remove(temp_data, i)
PARAMETER_DATA <- PARAMETER_DATA %>%
  mutate(LogLikelihood = log(1/sqrt(2*pi*CondVariance)) + (-SqResidual/(2*CondVariance))) %>%
  mutate(RealisedVolatility = sqrt(SqResidual)) %>%
  mutate(GARCH = sqrt(CondVariance)) %>%
  arrange(desc(Index)) %>%
  select(Index, Date, Include, EstimationPeriod, EventPeriod, EventDay, LogReturn, RealisedVolatility,
remove(CALC_STATS, GARCH)
## Estimation period
estimationperiod_average_GARCH <- list()</pre>
estimationperiod_GARCH <- list()</pre>
bases <- numeric()</pre>
return <- numeric()</pre>
for (i in 1:nrow(PARAMETER DATA)) {
```

```
if (PARAMETER_DATA$EventDay[i] == TRUE) {
    if (PARAMETER_DATA$Include[i] == 1) {
      bases <- c(bases, PARAMETER_DATA$Index[i])</pre>
    }
  }
  if (is.na(PARAMETER_DATA$EstimationPeriod[i])) {
    if (is.na(PARAMETER DATA$EventPeriod[i+1])) {
      index <- PARAMETER DATA$Index[i+1]</pre>
      idx \leftarrow max(index - 19, 0)
      for (j in seq(idx, idx + 19)) {
        return <- c(return, PARAMETER_DATA$GARCH[PARAMETER_DATA$Index == j])
      return <- remove_extremes(return, truncated_percentage)</pre>
      for (k in unique(bases)) {
        temp_data <- data.frame(Base = k, AverageReturn = mean(return))</pre>
        estimationperiod_average_GARCH[[length(estimationperiod_average_GARCH) + 1]] <- temp_data
        for (n in return) {
          temp_data <- data.frame(Base = k, Return = n)</pre>
           estimationperiod_GARCH[[length(estimationperiod_GARCH) + 1]] <- temp_data
      bases <- numeric()</pre>
  return <- numeric()</pre>
remove(bases, return, i, index, idx, j, k, temp_data, n)
estimationperiod_average_GARCH <- do.call(rbind, estimationperiod_average_GARCH)
estimationperiod_GARCH <- do.call(rbind, estimationperiod_GARCH)</pre>
remove(truncated_percentage, remove_extremes)
GARCH_Commission_bases <- numeric()</pre>
GARCH_Communication_bases <- numeric()</pre>
GARCH_Council_bases <- numeric()</pre>
GARCH_Development_bases <- numeric()</pre>
GARCH_Directive_bases <- numeric()</pre>
GARCH_Directorate_bases <- numeric()</pre>
GARCH_First_bases <- numeric()</pre>
GARCH_Last_bases <- numeric()</pre>
GARCH_Parliament_bases <- numeric()</pre>
GARCH_PhaseIII_bases <- numeric()</pre>
GARCH_PhaseIV_bases <- numeric()</pre>
GARCH_Regulation_bases <- numeric()</pre>
GARCH_Single_bases <- numeric()</pre>
mall <- event_study %>%
```

```
filter(Include == 1)
index <- numeric()</pre>
for (i in 1:nrow(mall)) {
  if (!(mall$Index[i] %in% index)) {
    index <- c(index, mall$Index[i])</pre>
    ## Type
    if (mall$Form[i] == "Directive") {
      GARCH_Directive_bases <- c(GARCH_Directive_bases, mall$Index[i])</pre>
    if (mall$Form[i] == "Regulation") {
      GARCH_Regulation_bases <- c(GARCH_Regulation_bases, mall$Index[i])</pre>
    if (mall$Form[i] == "Communication") {
      GARCH_Communication_bases <- c(GARCH_Communication_bases, mall$Index[i])</pre>
    }
    ## Phase
    if (mall$Year[i] < 2021 & mall$Year[i] > 2012) {
      GARCH_PhaseIII_bases <- c(GARCH_PhaseIII_bases, mall$Index[i])</pre>
    if (mall$Year[i] > 2020) {
      GARCH_PhaseIV_bases <- c(GARCH_PhaseIV_bases, mall$Index[i])</pre>
    ## Multiple announcements
    if (mall$First[i] == TRUE) {
      GARCH_First_bases <- c(GARCH_First_bases, mall$Index[i])</pre>
    }
    if (mall$Last[i] == TRUE) {
      GARCH_Last_bases <- c(GARCH_Last_bases, mall$Index[i])</pre>
    if (mall$First[i] == FALSE & mall$Last[i] == FALSE & mall$Single[i] == FALSE) {
      GARCH_Development_bases <- c(GARCH_Development_bases, mall$Index[i])
    }
    ## Etc.
    if (mall$Single[i] == TRUE) {
      GARCH_Single_bases <- c(GARCH_Single_bases, mall$Index[i])</pre>
    }
  }
  ## Institutions
  if (mall$Institution[i] == "European Commission") {
    GARCH_Commission_bases <- c(GARCH_Commission_bases, mall$Index[i])
  }
  if (mall$Institution[i] == "Council of the European Union") {
    GARCH_Council_bases <- c(GARCH_Council_bases, mall$Index[i])</pre>
```

```
if (mall$Institution[i] == "European Parliament") {
    GARCH_Parliament_bases <- c(GARCH_Parliament_bases, mall$Index[i])
}

if (mall$Institution[i] == "Directorate-General for Climate Action") {
    GARCH_Directorate_bases <- c(GARCH_Directorate_bases, mall$Index[i])
}

remove(mall, index, i)</pre>
```

```
## Event period
GARCH_ALL <- list()</pre>
GARCH_Commission <- list()</pre>
GARCH Council <- list()</pre>
GARCH_Parliament <- list()</pre>
GARCH_Directorate <- list()</pre>
GARCH_Directive <- list()</pre>
GARCH Regulation <- list()
GARCH_Communication <- list()</pre>
GARCH_PhaseIII <- list()</pre>
GARCH_PhaseIV <- list()</pre>
GARCH_Single <- list()</pre>
GARCH_First <- list()</pre>
GARCH_Last <- list()</pre>
GARCH_Development <- list()</pre>
bases <- numeric()</pre>
return <- numeric()</pre>
for (i in 1:nrow(PARAMETER_DATA)) {
  if (PARAMETER_DATA$EventDay[i] == TRUE) {
    if (PARAMETER_DATA$Include[i] == 1) {
       bases <- c(bases, PARAMETER_DATA$Index[i])</pre>
    }
  }
}
for (i in bases) {
  base <- i
  for (j in seq(base - 5, base + 5)) {
    return <- c(return, PARAMETER_DATA$GARCH[PARAMETER_DATA$Index == j])
  for (k in return) {
    temp_data <- data.frame(Base = base, Return = k)</pre>
```

```
GARCH_ALL[[length(GARCH_ALL) + 1]] <- temp_data</pre>
## Institution
if (base %in% unique(GARCH_Commission_bases)) {
  GARCH_Commission[[length(GARCH_Commission) + 1]] <- temp_data</pre>
if (base %in% unique(GARCH Council bases)) {
  GARCH_Council[[length(GARCH_Council) + 1]] <- temp_data</pre>
if (base %in% unique(GARCH_Parliament_bases)) {
  GARCH_Parliament[[length(GARCH_Parliament) + 1]] <- temp_data</pre>
if (base %in% unique(GARCH_Directorate_bases)) {
  GARCH_Directorate[[length(GARCH_Directorate) + 1]] <- temp_data</pre>
}
## Type
if (base %in% unique(GARCH_Directive_bases)) {
  GARCH_Directive[[length(GARCH_Directive) + 1]] <- temp_data</pre>
}
if (base %in% unique(GARCH Regulation bases)) {
  GARCH_Regulation[[length(GARCH_Regulation) + 1]] <- temp_data</pre>
}
if (base %in% unique(GARCH_Communication_bases)) {
  GARCH_Communication[[length(GARCH_Communication) + 1]] <- temp_data</pre>
## Phase
if (base %in% unique(GARCH_PhaseIII_bases)) {
  GARCH_PhaseIII[[length(GARCH_PhaseIII) + 1]] <- temp_data</pre>
}
if (base %in% unique(GARCH_PhaseIV_bases)) {
  GARCH_PhaseIV[[length(GARCH_PhaseIV) + 1]] <- temp_data</pre>
}
## Single
if (base %in% unique(GARCH Single bases)) {
  GARCH_Single[[length(GARCH_Single) + 1]] <- temp_data</pre>
}
## Multiple announcements
if (base %in% unique(GARCH_First_bases)) {
  GARCH_First[[length(GARCH_First) + 1]] <- temp_data</pre>
}
if (base %in% unique(GARCH_Last_bases)) {
  GARCH_Last[[length(GARCH_Last) + 1]] <- temp_data</pre>
```

```
}
    if (base %in% unique(GARCH_Development_bases)) {
      GARCH_Development[[length(GARCH_Development) + 1]] <- temp_data</pre>
    }
  }
 return <- numeric()</pre>
}
remove(base, bases, i, j, k, temp_data, return)
remove(GARCH_Commission_bases, GARCH_Communication_bases, GARCH_Council_bases, GARCH_Development_bases,
GARCH_ALL <- do.call(rbind, GARCH_ALL)</pre>
GARCH_Commission <- do.call(rbind, GARCH_Commission)</pre>
GARCH_Council <- do.call(rbind, GARCH_Council)</pre>
GARCH_Parliament <- do.call(rbind, GARCH_Parliament)</pre>
GARCH_Directorate <- do.call(rbind, GARCH_Directorate)</pre>
GARCH_Directive <- do.call(rbind, GARCH_Directive)</pre>
GARCH_Regulation <- do.call(rbind, GARCH_Regulation)</pre>
GARCH_Communication <- do.call(rbind, GARCH_Communication)</pre>
GARCH_PhaseIII <- do.call(rbind, GARCH_PhaseIII)</pre>
GARCH_PhaseIV <- do.call(rbind, GARCH_PhaseIV)</pre>
GARCH_Single <- do.call(rbind, GARCH_Single)</pre>
GARCH_First <- do.call(rbind, GARCH_First)</pre>
GARCH_Last <- do.call(rbind, GARCH_Last)</pre>
GARCH_Development <- do.call(rbind, GARCH_Development)</pre>
temp_data <- PARAMETER_DATA %>%
  filter(Include == 1) %>%
  select(Index) %>%
  distinct() %>%
  rename(Base = Index) %>%
  left_join(estimationperiod_GARCH, by = "Base")
estimationperiod_GARCH <- temp_data
temp_data <- PARAMETER_DATA %>%
  filter(Include == 1) %>%
  select(Index) %>%
  distinct() %>%
  rename(Base = Index) %>%
  left_join(estimationperiod_average_GARCH, by = "Base")
estimationperiod_average_GARCH <- temp_data
remove(temp_data)
AbnormalReturns <- function(return data) {
## Calculate Abnormal Return
```

```
return_data <- return_data %>%
    left_join(estimationperiod_average_GARCH, by = "Base") %>%
    mutate(AbnormalReturn = Return - AverageReturn)
  return(return data)
}
## 1. Calculate the Abnormal Return per event day (Day -5 to Day 5)
AbnormalReturns per eventday <- function(return data) {
  AbnormalReturn per eventday <- list()
  for (i in 1:11) {
    returns <- numeric()</pre>
    for (y in unique(return_data$Base)) {
      df <- return_data[return_data$Base == y, ]</pre>
      returns <- c(returns, df$AbnormalReturn[i])
    temp_data <- data.frame(Day = i - 6, AbnormalReturn = returns)</pre>
    AbnormalReturn_per_eventday[[length(AbnormalReturn_per_eventday) + 1]] <- temp_data
  AbnormalReturn_per_eventday <- do.call(rbind, AbnormalReturn_per_eventday)
  return(AbnormalReturn_per_eventday)
}
Average_AbnormalReturns_per_eventday <- function(return_data) {</pre>
  Average_AbnormalReturn_per_eventday <- list()</pre>
  for (y in unique(return data$Day)) {
    df <- return data[return data$Day == y, ]</pre>
    Average AR <- mean(df$AbnormalReturn)</pre>
    temp_data <- data.frame(Day = y, AbnormalReturn = Average_AR)</pre>
    Average_AbnormalReturn_per_eventday[[length(Average_AbnormalReturn_per_eventday) + 1]] <- temp_data
  Average_AbnormalReturn_per_eventday <- do.call(rbind, Average_AbnormalReturn_per_eventday)
  return(Average_AbnormalReturn_per_eventday)
}
## 2. Calculate the CAR for each day (aka 'the rest of the fking owl')
CumulativeAbnormalReturns_per_eventday <- function(return_data, estimation_data, sample_count) {</pre>
  variance <- var(estimation data$Return)</pre>
  CumulativeAbnormalReturn per eventday <- list()</pre>
  for (y in unique(return_data$Day)) {
    df <- return_data[return_data$Day <= y, ]</pre>
    CAR <- sum(df$AbnormalReturn)</pre>
    ## Temp
    L < - y + 6
    bottom <- sqrt(variance * L)</pre>
    ttest <- CAR / bottom
    ptest <- 2 * (1 - pnorm(abs(ttest)))</pre>
    temp_data <- data.frame(</pre>
      Day = y,
```

```
CumulativeAbnormalReturn = CAR,
      t.test = ttest,
      p.test = ptest
                                )
    CumulativeAbnormalReturn_per_eventday[[length(CumulativeAbnormalReturn_per_eventday) + 1]] <- temp_
 CumulativeAbnormalReturn_per_eventday <- do.call(rbind, CumulativeAbnormalReturn_per_eventday)
 return(CumulativeAbnormalReturn per eventday)
TableFilter <- function(return_data) {</pre>
  return_data <- return_data %>%
    select(Day, p.test)
}
main <- function(return_data, estimation_data) {</pre>
 return_data <- AbnormalReturns(return_data)</pre>
 return_data <- AbnormalReturns_per_eventday(return_data)</pre>
  sample_count <- c("n", nrow(return_data) / 11)</pre>
 return data <- Average AbnormalReturns per eventday(return data)
  return_data <- CumulativeAbnormalReturns_per_eventday(return_data, estimation_data, sample_count)
 return_data <- TableFilter(return_data)</pre>
 return_data <- rbind(return_data, sample_count)</pre>
  return(return_data)
}
GARCH_ALL <- main(GARCH_ALL, estimationperiod_GARCH)</pre>
GARCH_Commission <- main(GARCH_Commission, estimationperiod_GARCH)</pre>
GARCH_Council <- main(GARCH_Council, estimationperiod_GARCH)</pre>
GARCH_Parliament <- main(GARCH_Parliament, estimationperiod_GARCH)</pre>
GARCH_Directorate <- main(GARCH_Directorate, estimationperiod_GARCH)</pre>
GARCH_Directive <- main(GARCH_Directive, estimationperiod_GARCH)</pre>
GARCH Regulation <- main(GARCH Regulation, estimationperiod GARCH)
GARCH_Communication <- main(GARCH_Communication, estimationperiod_GARCH)
GARCH_PhaseIII <- main(GARCH_PhaseIII, estimationperiod_GARCH)</pre>
GARCH_PhaseIV <- main(GARCH_PhaseIV, estimationperiod_GARCH)</pre>
GARCH_Single <- main(GARCH_Single, estimationperiod_GARCH)</pre>
GARCH_First <- main(GARCH_First, estimationperiod_GARCH)</pre>
GARCH_Last <- main(GARCH_Last, estimationperiod_GARCH)</pre>
GARCH_Development <- main(GARCH_Development, estimationperiod_GARCH)
GARCH_results <- GARCH_ALL %>%
 left_join(GARCH_Single, by = "Day") %>%
  ## Multiple announcements
 left_join(GARCH_First, by = "Day") %>%
  left join(GARCH Development, by = "Day") %>%
 left join(GARCH Last, by = "Day") %>%
```

```
## Phases
  left_join(GARCH_PhaseIII, by = "Day") %>%
 left join(GARCH PhaseIV, by = "Day") %>%
  ## Institution
 left_join(GARCH_Commission, by = "Day") %>%
 left_join(GARCH_Council, by = "Day") %>%
 left_join(GARCH_Parliament, by = "Day") %>%
 left_join(GARCH_Directorate, by = "Day") %>%
  ## Type
 left_join(GARCH_Communication, by = "Day") %>%
 left_join(GARCH_Directive, by = "Day") %>%
  left_join(GARCH_Regulation, by = "Day")
colnames(GARCH_results) <- c("Day", "All", "Single", "First", "Development", "Last",</pre>
                             "Phase III", "Phase IV",
                             "Commission", "Council", "Parliament", "Directorate",
                             "Communication", "Directive", "Regulation")
write.csv(GARCH_results, file = "GARCH_results.csv", row.names = FALSE)
remove(GARCH_ALL, GARCH_Single, GARCH_First, GARCH_Development, GARCH_Last, GARCH_PhaseIII, GARCH_Phase
```

#### Clean up

```
GARCH <- PARAMETER_DATA
remove(PARAMETER_DATA)

remove(articles)

remove(estimationperiod_average_GARCH, estimationperiod_GARCH)
remove(AbnormalReturns, AbnormalReturns_per_eventday, Average_AbnormalReturns_per_eventday, CumulativeA
```