



Version 1.0.0
Sun May 1 2016

Hierarchical Index

Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

PdfAnnotAppearance.....	4
PdfBookmarkAppearance.....	5
PdfColorState.....	6
PdfDevPoint.....	7
PdfDevPoint.....	8
PdfDevRect.....	9
PdfEventParams.....	9
PdfFontState.....	10
PdfGraphicState.....	12
PdfMatrix.....	12
PdfPageMapParams.....	13
PdfPageRangeParams.....	13
PdfPageRenderParams.....	14
PdfPoint.....	14
PdfQuad.....	15
PdfRect.....	16
PdfRGB.....	16
PdfTextState.....	17
PdfWatermarkParams.....	18
PdfWhitespaceParams.....	21
PdeElement.....	22
PdeFormField.....	25
PdeImage.....	25
PdePath.....	29
PdeCell.....	21
PdeLine.....	26
PdeRect.....	30
PdeTable.....	30
PdeText.....	32
PdeTextLine.....	36
PdeWord.....	38
PdePageMap.....	26

PdfAction	41
PdfAnnot.....	42
PdfLinkAnnot	73
PdfMarkupAnnot.....	76
PdfTextAnnot	91
PdfTextMarkupAnnot	92
PdfWidgetAnnot.....	93
PdfBaseDigSig	44
PdfCustomDigSig	49
PdfDigSig.....	50
PdfBookmark.....	47
PdfDoc	52
PdfFont.....	59
PdfFormField.....	61
PdfImage.....	67
Pdfix	68
PdfPage.....	80
PdfPageView.....	87
PsRegex.....	96
PsStream.....	99

Class Index

Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

<u>PdfAnnotAppearance</u> (PdfAnnotAppearance)	4
<u>PdfBookmarkAppearance</u> (PdfBookmarkAppearance)	5
<u>PdfColorState</u> (PdfColorState)	6
<u>PdfDevPoint</u> (PdfDevPoint)	7
<u>PdfDevQuad</u> (PdfDevQuad)	8
<u>PdfDevRect</u> (PdfDevRect)	9
<u>PdfEventParams</u> (PdfEventParams)	9
<u>PdfFontState</u> (PdfFontState)	10
<u>PdfGraphicState</u> (PdfGraphicState)	12
<u>PdfMatrix</u> (PdfMatrix)	12
<u>PdfPageMapParams</u> (PdfPageMapParams)	13
<u>PdfPageRangeParams</u> (PdfPageRangeParams)	13
<u>PdfPageRenderParams</u> (PdfPageRenderParams)	14

<u>PdfPoint</u> (<u>PdfPoint</u>)	14
<u>PdfQuad</u> (<u>PdfQuad</u>)	15
<u>PdfRect</u> (<u>PdfRect</u>)	16
<u>PdfRGB</u> (<u>PdfRGB</u>)	16
<u>PdfTextState</u> (<u>PdfTextState</u>)	17
<u>PdfWatermarkParams</u> (<u>PdfWatermarkParams</u>)	18
<u>PdfWhitespaceParams</u> (<u>PdfWhitespaceParams</u>)	21
<u>PdeCell</u> (<u>PdeCell</u> class)	21
<u>PdeElement</u> (<u>PdeElement</u> class)	22
<u>PdeFormField</u> (<u>PdeFormField</u> class)	25
<u>PdelImage</u> (<u>PdelImage</u> class)	25
<u>PdeLine</u> (<u>PdeLine</u> class)	26
<u>PdePageMap</u> (<u>PdePageMap</u> class)	26
<u>PdePath</u> (<u>PdePath</u> class)	29
<u>PdeRect</u> (<u>PdeRect</u> class)	30
<u>PdeTable</u> (<u>PdeTable</u> class)	30
<u>PdeText</u> (<u>PdeText</u> class)	32
<u>PdeTextLine</u> (<u>PdeTextLine</u> class)	36
<u>PdeWord</u> (<u>PdeWord</u> class)	38
<u>PdfAction</u> (<u>PdfAction</u> class)	41
<u>PdfAnnot</u> (<u>PdfAnnot</u> class)	42
<u>PdfBaseDigSig</u> (<u>PdfBaseDigSig</u> class)	44
<u>PdfBookmark</u> (<u>PdfBookmark</u> class)	47
<u>PdfCustomDigSig</u> (<u>PdfCustomDigSig</u> class)	49
<u>PdfDigSig</u> (<u>CPdfDigSig</u> class)	50
<u>PdfDoc</u> (<u>PdfDoc</u> class)	52
<u>PdfFont</u> (<u>PdfFont</u> class)	59
<u>PdfFormField</u> (<u>PdfFormField</u> class)	61
<u>PdfImage</u> (<u>PdfImage</u> class)	67
<u>Pdfix</u> (<u>Pdfix</u> class)	68
<u>PdfLinkAnnot</u> (<u>PdfLinkAnnot</u> class)	73
<u>PdfMarkupAnnot</u> (<u>PdfMarkupAnnot</u> class)	76
<u>PdfPage</u> (<u>PdfPage</u> class)	80
<u>PdfPageView</u> (<u>PdfPageView</u> class)	87
<u>PdfTextAnnot</u> (<u>PdfTextAnnot</u> class)	91
<u>PdfTextMarkupAnnot</u> (<u>PdfTextMarkupAnnot</u> class)	92
<u>PdfWidgetAnnot</u> (<u>PdfWidgetAnnot</u> class)	93
<u>PsRegex</u> (<u>PsRegex</u> class)	96
<u>PsStream</u> (<u>PsStream</u> class)	99

Class Documentation

PdfAnnotAppearance Struct Reference

PdfAnnotAppearance.

Public Attributes

- [PdfRGB fill_color](#)
- PdfFillType [fill_type](#)
- [PdfRGB border_color](#)
- double [border_width](#)
- PdfBorderStyle [border](#)
- double [opacity](#)
- double [font_size](#)

Detailed Description

PdfAnnotAppearance.
Annot appearance.

Member Data Documentation

PdfBorderStyle PdfAnnotAppearance::border

The border style.

[PdfRGB](#) PdfAnnotAppearance::border_color

The border color.

double PdfAnnotAppearance::border_width

The border width in points. If this value is 0, no border is drawn. Default value: 1.

[PdfRGB](#) PdfAnnotAppearance::fill_color

The fill color.

PdfFillType PdfAnnotAppearance::fill_type

The fill type.

double PdfAnnotAppearance::font_size

The default appearance font size to be used in formatting the text.

double PdfAnnotAppearance::opacity

The constant opacity value to be used in painting the annotation.

PdfBookmarkAppearance Struct Reference

PdfBookmarkAppearance.

Public Attributes

- [PdfRGB](#) [color](#)
- int [italic](#)
- int [bold](#)

Detailed Description

PdfBookmarkAppearance.
Bookmark appearance.

Member Data Documentation

int PdfBookmarkAppearance::bold

1 - true, 0 - false.

[PdfRGB](#) PdfBookmarkAppearance::color

The fill color.

int PdfBookmarkAppearance::italic

1 - true, 0 - false.

PdfColorState Struct Reference

PdfColorState.

Public Attributes

- PdfFillType [fill_type](#)
- PdfFillType [stroke_type](#)
- [PdfRGB](#) [fill_color](#)
- [PdfRGB](#) [stroke_color](#)
- int [fill_opacity](#)
- int [stroke_opacity](#)

Detailed Description

PdfColorState.

Color state.

Member Data Documentation

[PdfRGB](#) PdfColorState::fill_color

Fill color.

int PdfColorState::fill_opacity

Fill opacity from 0 to 255.

PdfFillType PdfColorState::fill_type

Fill type.

[PdfRGB](#) PdfColorState::stroke_color

Stroke color.

int PdfColorState::stroke_opacity

Stroke opacity from 0 to 255.

PdfFillType PdfColorState::stroke_type

Stroke type.

PdfDevPoint Struct Reference

PdfDevPoint.

Public Attributes

- int [x](#)
- int [y](#)

Detailed Description

PdfDevPoint.

A data structure representing a point in the page view's device space.

Member Data Documentation

int PdfDevPoint::x

x coordinate in device space.

int PdfDevPoint::y

y coordinate in device space.

PdfDevQuad Struct Reference

PdfDevQuad.

Public Attributes

- [PdfDevPoint tl](#)
- [PdfDevPoint tr](#)
- [PdfDevPoint bl](#)
- [PdfDevPoint br](#)

Detailed Description

PdfDevQuad.

A quadrilateral represented by four points (one at each corner) in device space coordinates. A quadrilateral differs from a rectangle in that a rectangle must always have horizontal and vertical sides, and opposite sides must be parallel.

Member Data Documentation

[PdfDevPoint](#) _PdfDevQuad::bl

Bottom left point.

[PdfDevPoint](#) _PdfDevQuad::br

Bottom right point.

[PdfDevPoint](#) _PdfDevQuad::tl

Top left point.

[PdfDevPoint](#) _PdfDevQuad::tr

Top right point.

PdfDevRect Struct Reference

PdfDevRect.

Detailed Description

PdfDevRect.

A data structure representing a rectangle in a device space.

PdfEventParams Struct Reference

PdfEventParams.

Public Attributes

- PdfEventType [type](#)
- [PdfDoc](#) * [doc](#)
- [PdfPage](#) * [page](#)
- [PdfAnnot](#) * [annot](#)

Detailed Description

PdfEventParams.
Callback structure.

Member Data Documentation

[PdfAnnot](#)* PdfEventParams::annot

Event annot or null.

[PdfDoc](#)* PdfEventParams::doc

Event document or null.

[PdfPage](#)* PdfEventParams::page

Event page or null.

PdfEventType PdfEventParams::type

Event type.

PdfFontState Struct Reference

PdfFontState.

Public Attributes

- PdfFontType [type](#)
 - PdfFontFlags [flags](#)
 - [PdfRect](#) [bbox](#)
 - int [ascent](#)
 - int [descent](#)
 - int [italic](#)
 - int [bold](#)
 - int [fixed_width](#)
 - int [vertical](#)
 - int [TT_font](#)
 - int [height](#)
-

Detailed Description

PdfFontState.
Font state.

Member Data Documentation

int PdfFontState::ascent

Ascent.

[PdfRect](#) **PdfFontState::bbox**

Font bounding box.

int PdfFontState::bold

1 - true, 0 - false.

int PdfFontState::descent

Descent.

int PdfFontState::fixed_width

1 - true, 0 - false.

PdfFontFlags PdfFontState::flags

Font flags.

int PdfFontState::height

Font height.

int PdfFontState::italic

Italic angle, 0 if horizontal.

int PdfFontState::TT_font

1 - true, 0 - false.

PdfFontType PdfFontState::type

Font type.

int PdfFontState::vertical

1 - true, 0 - false.

PdfGraphicState Struct Reference

PdfGraphicState.

Public Attributes

- [PdfColorState color_state](#)
- double [line_width](#)
- double [miter_limit](#)
- PdfLineCap [line_cap](#)
- PdfLineJoin [line_join](#)

Detailed Description

PdfGraphicState.
Graphics state.

Member Data Documentation

[PdfColorState](#) PdfGraphicState::color_state

Fill and stroke color properties in PdfColorState.

PdfLineCap PdfGraphicState::line_cap

The line cap style.

PdfLineJoin PdfGraphicState::line_join

The line join style.

double PdfGraphicState::line_width

Line width in user space coordinates (PDF).

double PdfGraphicState::miter_limit

The miter limit.

PdfMatrix Struct Reference

PdfMatrix.

Detailed Description

PdfMatrix.
Matrix containing six double numbers.

PdfPageMapParams Struct Reference

PdfPageMapParams.

Public Attributes

- [PdfRect clip_rect](#)
 - PdfPageMapFlags [flags](#)
-

Detailed Description

PdfPageMapParams.
PageMap parameters. Currently not used.

Member Data Documentation

[PdfRect](#) PdfPageMapParams::clip_rect

Clipping rectangle in user space coordinates.

PdfPageMapFlags PdfPageMapParams::flags

Default kPageMapNone.

PdfPageRangeParams Struct Reference

PdfPageRangeParams.

Detailed Description

PdfPageRangeParams.

Specifies a range of pages in a document. Page numbers begin with 0.

PdfPageRenderParams Struct Reference

PdfPageRenderParams.

Public Attributes

- [PdfRect clip_rect](#)
 - PdfRenderFlags [render_flags](#)
-

Detailed Description

PdfPageRenderParams.

Handles page rendering.

Member Data Documentation

[PdfRect](#) PdfPageRenderParams::clip_rect

Clipping rectangle in device space coordinates.

PdfRenderFlags PdfPageRenderParams::render_flags

PdfRenderFlags

PdfPoint Struct Reference

PdfPoint.

Public Attributes

- double [x](#)
 - double [y](#)
-

Detailed Description

PdfPoint.

A data structure representing a point in the user space. To avoid the device-dependent effects of specifying objects in device space, PDF defines a device-independent coordinate system that always bears the same relationship to the current page, regardless of the output device on which printing or displaying occurs. This device-independent coordinate system is called user space. The origin of the user space(0, 0) represents the bottom-left corner of the PDF page. PDF files specify 72 points to 1 physical inch.

Member Data Documentation

double PdfPoint::x

x coordinate in user space.

double PdfPoint::y

y coordinate in user space.

PdfQuad Struct Reference

PdfQuad.

Public Attributes

- [PdfPoint tl](#)
 - [PdfPoint tr](#)
 - [PdfPoint bl](#)
 - [PdfPoint br](#)
-

Detailed Description

PdfQuad.

A quadrilateral represented by four points (one at each corner) in user space coordinates. A quadrilateral differs from a rectangle in that a rectangle must always have horizontal and vertical sides, and opposite sides must be parallel.

Member Data Documentation

[PdfPoint](#) PdfQuad::bl

Bottom left point.

[PdfPoint](#) PdfQuad::br

Bottom right point.

[PdfPoint](#) PdfQuad::tl

Top left point.

[PdfPoint](#) PdfQuad::tr

Top right point.

PdfRect Struct Reference

PdfRect.

Detailed Description

PdfRect.

A data structure representing a rectangle in a user space (a quadrilateral having only horizontal and vertical sides) The coordinate system is defined so that (0,0) is at the top, x increases to the right, and y increases down. A PdfRect is defined so that its top is above its bottom, but this means that $0 < \text{top} < \text{bottom}$.

PdfRGB Struct Reference

PdfRGB.

Public Attributes

- int [r](#)
- int [g](#)
- int [b](#)

Detailed Description

PdfRGB.
RGB color representation.

Member Data Documentation

int PdfRGB::b

Blue component from 0 to 255.

int PdfRGB::g

Green component from 0 to 255.

int PdfRGB::r

Red component from 0 to 255.

PdfTextState Struct Reference

PdfTextState.

Public Attributes

- [PdfColorState](#) [color_state](#)
 - [PdfFont](#) * [font](#)
 - double [font_size](#)
 - double [char_spacing](#)
 - double [word_spacing](#)
 - PdfTextStateFlag [flags](#)
-

Detailed Description

PdfTextState.
PdfTextState structure containing the text state information.

Member Data Documentation

double PdfTextState::char_spacing

Character spacing.

[PdfColorState](#) **PdfTextState::color_state**

Fill and stroke color properties.

PdfTextStateFlag PdfTextState::flags

Test state flag.

[PdfFont](#)* **PdfTextState::font**

Text font.

double PdfTextState::font_size

Text font size.

double PdfTextState::word_spacing

Word spacing.

PdfWatermarkParams Struct Reference

PdfWatermarkParams.

Public Attributes

- [PdfPageRangeParams](#) [page_range](#)
 - int [order_top](#)
 - PdfHorizAlign [h_align](#)
 - PdfVertAlign [v_align](#)
 - int [percentage_vals](#)
 - double [h_value](#)
 - double [v_value](#)
 - double [scale](#)
 - double [rotation](#)
 - double [opacity](#)
-

Detailed Description

PdfWatermarkParams.
Page rendering flags.

Member Data Documentation

PdfHorizAlign PdfWatermarkParams::h_align

The horizontal alignment to be used when adding the watermark to a page.

double PdfWatermarkParams::h_value

The horizontal offset value to be used when adding the watermark on a page. If percentageVals is 1, this value is a percentage of the page width, with 1.0 meaning 100 % . If percentageVals is 0, this value is in user units.

double PdfWatermarkParams::opacity

The opacity to be used when adding the watermark, with 0.0 meaning fully transparent and 1.0 meaning fully opaque.

int PdfWatermarkParams::order_top

An integer specifying where in the page z-order the watermark should be added. If it is 1, the watermark is added to the front of the page; if it is 0, it is added as a background.

[PdfPageRangeParams](#) PdfWatermarkParams::page_range

The page range of the document to which the watermark should be added.

int PdfWatermarkParams::percentage_vals

An integer specifying the units of horizValue and vertValue. If it is 1, horizValue and vertValue represent percentages of the page dimensions. If it is 0, horizValue and vertValue are in user units.

double PdfWatermarkParams::rotation

The counter-clockwise rotation, in degrees, to be used when adding the watermark.

double PdfWatermarkParams::scale

The scale factor to be used when adding the watermark, with 1.0 meaning 100%.

PdfVertAlign PdfWatermarkParams::v_align

The vertical alignment to be used when adding the watermark to a page.

double PdfWatermarkParams::v_value

The vertical offset value to be used when adding the watermark on a page. If percentageVals is 1, this value is a percentage of the page height, with 1.0 meaning 100 % . If percentageVals is 0, this value is in user units.

PdfWhitespaceParams Struct Reference

PdfWhitespaceParams.

Public Attributes

- double [width](#)
- double [height](#)

Detailed Description

PdfWhitespaceParams.
Whitespace Cover parameters.

Member Data Documentation

double PdfWhitespaceParams::height

Minimum height of whitespace area on the page.

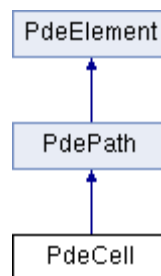
double PdfWhitespaceParams::width

Minimum with of whitespace area on the page.

PdeCell Struct Reference

[PdeCell](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for PdeCell:



Public Member Functions

- int [GetRowSpan](#) ()=0
- int [GetColSpan](#) ()=0
Returns the number of columns spanned by the cell.

Detailed Description

[PdeCell](#) class.

A [PdeCell](#) class represents a single cell of [PdeTable](#) element.

Member Function Documentation

int PdeCell::GetColSpan ()

Returns the number of columns spanned by the cell.

Returns:

Cell colspan, 0 if the cell is merged with another cell.

See also:

[PdeTable::GetCell](#)

int PdeCell::GetRowSpan ()

Returns the number of rows spanned by the cell. The default value is 0, which indicates that this cell is merged. NOTE: Ignore such cells in further processing.

Returns:

Cell rowspan, 0 if the cell is merged with another cell.

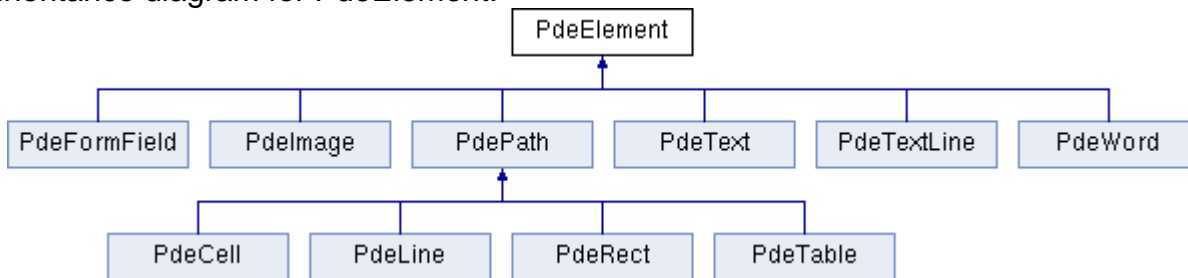
See also:

[PdeTable::GetCell](#)

PdeElement Struct Reference

[PdeElement](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for PdeElement:



Public Member Functions

- PdfElementType [GetType](#) ()=0

Gets the type of an element.

- void [GetBBox](#) ([PdfRect](#) *bbox)=0
- int [GetNumChildren](#) ()=0
Gets the number of child elements in an element object.
- [PdeElement](#) * [GetChild](#) (int index)=0
Gets the requested child element from an element.
- int [GetId](#) ()=0
Gets the id of an element. The id is unique number on a page.
- bool [Save](#) (const wchar_t *path, PdfImageFormat format, [PdfPageView](#) *page_view)=0
Saves the element into an image file.

Detailed Description

[PdeElement](#) class.

[PdeElement](#) is the base class for elements of a pagemap ([PdePageMap](#)). The general [PdeElement](#) methods allow you to get and set general element properties. [PdeElement](#) is an abstract superclass from which the [PdeText](#), [PdeTextLine](#), [PdeWord](#), [PdeTable](#), [PdeImage](#), [PdePath](#), [PdeLine](#), [PdeRect](#), [PdeTableCell](#), [PdeFormField](#) classes are derived. Use [PdeElement::GetType](#) method to find the type of an element.

Member Function Documentation

void PdeElement::GetBBox ([PdfRect](#) * *bbox*)

Gets the bounding box for an element in user space coordinates. To avoid the device-dependent effects of specifying objects in device space, PDF defines a device-independent coordinate system that always bears the same relationship to the current page, regardless of the output device on which printing or displaying occurs. This device-independent coordinate system is called user space. The origin of the user space(0, 0) represents the bottom-left corner of the PDF page. PDF files specify 72 points to 1 physical inch. The returned bounding box is guaranteed to encompass the element.

Parameters:

<i>bbox</i>	(filled by the method) A pointer to a PdfRect structure specifying the bounding box of an element, specified in user space coordinates.
-------------	---

[PdeElement](#)* PdeElement::GetChild (int *index*)

Gets the requested child element from an element.

Parameters:

<i>index</i>	The index of element to obtain.
--------------	---------------------------------

Returns:

Requested element.

See also:

[PdeElement::GetNumChildren](#)

int PdeElement::GetId ()

Gets the id of an element. The id is unique number on a page.

Returns:

Unique number for the element.

int PdeElement::GetNumChildren ()

Gets the number of child elements in an element object.

Returns:

The number of children.

See also:

[PdeElement::GetChild](#)

PdfElementType PdeElement::GetType ()

Gets the type of an element.

Returns:

Element type, kElementUnknown otherwise.

bool PdeElement::Save (const wchar_t * *path*, PdfImageFormat *format*, [PdfPageView](#) * *page_view*)

Saves the element into an image file.

Parameters:

<i>path</i>	Path where to save image data in requested format.
<i>format</i>	PdfImageFormat.
<i>page_view</i>	PdfPageView for which the element should be saved.

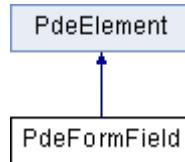
Returns:

true if succeeded, false otherwise.

PdeFormField Struct Reference

[PdeFormField](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for PdeFormField:



Public Member Functions

- [PdfWidgetAnnot](#) * [GetWidgetAnnot](#) ()=0
Gets the annotation object from a form field element.

Detailed Description

[PdeFormField](#) class.

A [PdeFormField](#) class is a page content element containing an interactive form.

Member Function Documentation

[PdfWidgetAnnot](#)* PdeFormField::GetWidgetAnnot ()

Gets the annotation object from a form field element.

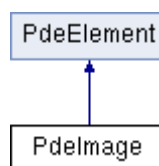
Returns:

[PdfWidgetAnnot](#) object.

PdelImage Struct Reference

[PdelImage](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for PdelImage:



Additional Inherited Members

Detailed Description

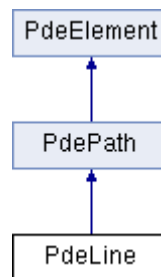
[PdeImage](#) class.

A [PdfImage](#) class is a page content element containing an image graphics.

PdeLine Struct Reference

[PdeLine](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for PdeLine:



Additional Inherited Members

Detailed Description

[PdeLine](#) class.

A [PdeLine](#) class is a pagemap element containing a vector graphics in form of a line. It contains only horizontal and vertical lines.

PdePageMap Struct Reference

[PdePageMap](#) class.

Inherited by CPdePageMap.

Public Member Functions

- int [GetNumElements](#) ()=0
Gets the number of elements in a pagemap.
- [PdeElement](#) * [GetElement](#) (int index)=0
- bool [GetWhitespace](#) ([PdfWhitespaceParams](#) *params, int index, [PdfRect](#) *bbox)=0

Searches for whitespaces at the page. They are sorted from biggest to smallest.

- void [GetBBox](#) ([PdfRect](#) *bbox)=0

Detailed Description

[PdePageMap](#) class.

The [PdePageMap](#) object is a storage of all PdeElements whose were recognized on the page. A [PdePageMap](#) may be obtained from an existing page with the PdfPage::GetPageMap method. Once your application has the page's [PdePageMap](#), it can get each logical element with GetElement method.

Member Function Documentation

void PdePageMap::GetBBox ([PdfRect](#) * *bbox*)

Gets the bounding box for a pagemap. The bounding box is the rectangle that encloses all text, graphics, and images on the page.

Parameters:

<i>bbox</i>	(filled by the method) A PdfRect specifying the page's box.
-------------	---

See also:

[PdePageMap::GetWhitespace](#)

[PdeElement](#)* PdePageMap::GetElement (int *index*)

Gets the requested element from a pagemap. You should never depend on these objects lasting the lifetime of the pagemap. You should extract the information you need from the object immediately and refer to it no further in your code. NOTE: This method does not copy the element, so do not destroy it.

Parameters:

<i>index</i>	Index of element to obtain.
--------------	-----------------------------

Returns:

The requested element.

See also:

[PdePageMap::GetNumElements](#)

int PdePageMap::GetNumElements ()

Gets the number of elements in a pagemap.

Returns:

Number of elements in [PdePageMap](#).

See also:

[PdePageMap::GetElement](#)

bool PdePageMap::GetWhitespace ([PdfWhitespaceParams](#) * *params*, int *index*, [PdfRect](#) * *bbox*)

Searches for whitespaces at the page. They are sorted from biggest to smallest.

```
void GetWhitespace(std::wstring doc_path) {
    Pdfix* pdfix = GetPdfix();
    if (!pdfix)
        throw std::runtime_error("Pdfix was not initialized!");
    PdfDoc* doc = nullptr;
    doc = pdfix->OpenDoc(doc_path.c_str(), L "");
    if (!doc)
        throw std::runtime_error(pdfix->GetError());

    // load first page
    PdfPage* page = doc->AcquirePage(0);
    if (!page)
        throw std::runtime_error(pdfix->GetError());
    PdfPageMapParams params;
    PdePageMap* page_map = page->AcquirePageMap(&params, nullptr, nullptr);
    if (!page_map)
        throw std::runtime_error(pdfix->GetError());

    // Search for the best place where to put watermark
    PdfRect bbox;
    PdfWhitespaceParams whitespace_params;
    // set watermark width in user space coordinates
    whitespace_params.width = 100;
    // set watermark height in user space coordinates
    whitespace_params.height = 50;
    if (page_map->GetWhitespace(&whitespace_params, 0, &bbox)) {
        // use this bbox to place watermark into that place
    }

    // release resources
    doc->ReleasePage(0);
    doc->Close();
}
```

Parameters:

<i>params</i>	Whitespace parameters that specify which whitespace should be obtained.
---------------	---

<i>index</i>	Index of whitespace to obtain. Set to zero for the first call. Update the index with each consecutive call of the method while result is true.
<i>bbox</i>	(filled by the method) A PdfRect specifying requested whitespace.

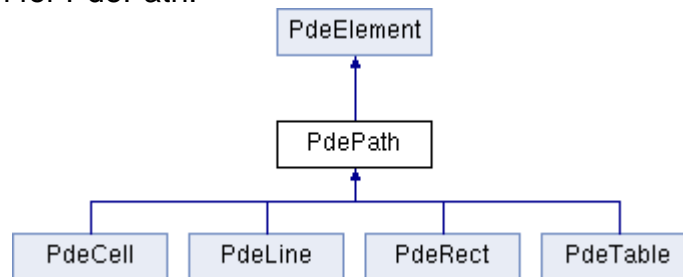
Returns:

This method returns true if whitespace with requested params exists, otherwise it returns false.

PdePath Struct Reference

[PdePath](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for PdePath:



Public Member Functions

- void [GetGraphicState](#) ([PdfGraphicState](#) *g_state)=0
Gets the graphics state information for an element.

Detailed Description

[PdePath](#) class.

A [PdePath](#) class is a page content element containing a vector graphics. It can have fill and stroke attributes. It also has graphics state attributes.

Member Function Documentation

void PdePath::GetGraphicState ([PdfGraphicState](#) * g_state)

Gets the graphics state information for an element.

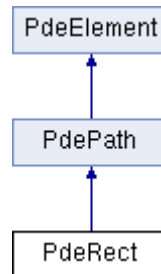
Parameters:

<i>g_state</i>	(filled by the method) Pointer to a PdfGraphicState structure that contains graphics state information for pdeElement.
----------------	--

PdeRect Struct Reference

[PdeRect](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for PdeRect:



Additional Inherited Members

Detailed Description

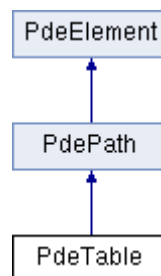
[PdeRect](#) class.

A [PdeRect](#) class is a page content element containing a vector graphics with rectangular shape.

PdeTable Struct Reference

[PdeTable](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for PdeTable:



Public Member Functions

- int [GetNumRows](#) ()=0
Returns the number of table rows.
- int [GetNumCols](#) ()=0

Returns the number of table columns.

- [PdeCell](#) * [GetCell](#) (int row, int col)=0
Returns the cell object of table columns.

Detailed Description

[PdeTable](#) class.

[PdeTable](#) class represents tables extracted from PDF document. [PdePageMap](#) recognizes and decomposes tables in PDF documents and store the extracted data in a [PdeTable](#) class for easier reuse.

Member Function Documentation

[PdeCell](#)* [PdeTable::GetCell](#) (int *row*, int *col*)

Returns the cell object of table columns.

Parameters:

<i>row</i>	The row number of the requested cell.
<i>col</i>	The col number of the requested cell.

Returns:

A requested cell.

See also:

PdeTable::PdeTableGetNumRows, PdeTable::PdeTableGetNumCols

int PdeTable::GetNumCols ()

Returns the number of table columns.

Returns:

A number of table columns.

See also:

PdeTable::PdeTableGetNumRows, PdeTable::PdeTableGetCell

int PdeTable::GetNumRows ()

Returns the number of table rows.

Returns:

A number of table rows.

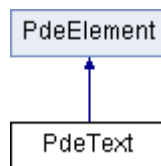
See also:

PdeTable::PdeTableGetNumCols, PdeTable::PdeTableGetCell

PdeText Struct Reference

[PdeText](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for PdeText:



Public Member Functions

- int [GetText](#) (wchar_t *buffer, int len)=0
Get the text of the text element.
- bool [HasTextState](#) ()=0
- void [GetTextState](#) ([PdfTextState](#) *text_state)=0

Get the text state of the text element.

- int [GetNumTextLines](#) ()=0
Get the number of lines of text in text element.
- [PdeTextLine](#) * [GetTextLine](#) (int index)=0
Get the text line element from the text element.
- int [GetNumWords](#) ()=0
Get the number of words of text in text element.
- [PdeWord](#) * [GetWord](#) (int index)=0
Get the word from the text element.
- PdfTextAlignment [GetAlignment](#) ()=0
Get the text element alignment.
- double [GetLineSpacing](#) ()=0
Get the text element line spacing.
- double [GetIndent](#) ()=0
Get the text element indent.

Detailed Description

[PdeText](#) class.

A [PdeText](#) object represents a group of text line objects which forms a paragraph in a PDF file.

Member Function Documentation

PdfTextAlignment PdeText::GetAlignment ()

Get the text element alignment.

Returns:

The text element alignment.

double PdeText::GetIndent ()

Get the text element indent.

Returns:

The text element indent.

double PdeText::GetLineSpacing ()

Get the text element line spacing.

Returns:

The text element line spacing.

int PdeText::GetNumTextLines ()

Get the number of lines of text in text element.

Returns:

Number of lines.

See also:

[PdeText::GetTextLine](#)

int PdeText::GetNumWords ()

Get the number of words of text in text element.

Returns:

Number of words.

See also:

[PdeText::GetWord](#)

int PdeText::GetText (wchar_t * *buffer*, int *len*)

Get the text of the text element.

Parameters:

<i>buffer</i>	(filled by method) If the buffer is null function returns required length of string
<i>len</i>	Length of a buffer to be filled in.

Returns:

Number of characters written into buffer of required length.

See also:

[PdeTextLine::GetText](#), [PdeWord::GetText](#)

[PdeTextLine](#)* PdeText::GetTextLine (int *index*)

Get the text line element from the text element.

Parameters:

<i>index</i>	The index of line to get.
--------------	---------------------------

Returns:

[PdeTextLine](#) element.

See also:

[PdeText::GetNumTextLines](#)

void PdeText::GetTextState ([PdfTextState](#) * *text_state*)

Get the text state of the text element.

Parameters:

<i>text_state</i>	(filled by method) A pointer to a PdfTextState structure specifying the text state of a first text character.
-------------------	---

See also:

[PdeText::HasTextState](#)

[PdeWord](#)* PdeText::GetWord (int *index*)

Get the word from the text element.

Parameters:

<i>index</i>	The index of word to get.
--------------	---------------------------

Returns:

[PdeWord](#) element.

See also:

[PdeText::GetNumWords](#)

bool PdeText::HasTextState ()

Checks whether the text state can be obtained. It means that an each text line of the text element has the same text state.

Returns:

true if the text state is the same for the whole text, false otherwise. In that case use [PdeTextLine::GetTextState](#) to obtain correct values.

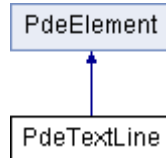
See also:

[PdeText::GetTextState](#), [PdeTextLine::GetTextState](#)

PdeTextLine Struct Reference

[PdeTextLine](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for PdeTextLine:



Public Member Functions

- int [GetText](#) (wchar_t *buffer, int len)=0
Get the text of the text line element.
 - bool [HasTextState](#) ()=0
 - void [GetTextState](#) ([PdfTextState](#) *text_state)=0
Get the text state of the text line element.
 - int [GetNumWords](#) ()=0
Get the number of word elements in the text line element.
 - [PdeWord](#) * [GetWord](#) (int index)=0
Get the word element from the text line element.
-

Detailed Description

[PdeTextLine](#) class.

A [PdeTextLine](#) object represents a line of text in a PDF file. Each text line contains an array of [PdeWord](#) objects with in one or more styles.

Member Function Documentation

int PdeTextLine::GetNumWords ()

Get the number of word elements in the text line element.

Returns:

Number of word elements within the text line element.

int PdeTextLine::GetText (wchar_t * *buffer*, int *len*)

Get the text of the text line element.

Parameters:

<i>buffer</i>	(filled by method) If the buffer is null function returns required length of string.
<i>len</i>	Length of a buffer to be filled in.

Returns:

Number of characters written into buffer of required length.

See also:

[PdeWord::GetText](#), [PdeText::GetText](#)

void PdeTextLine::GetTextState ([PdfTextState](#) * *text_state*)

Get the text state of the text line element.

Parameters:

<i>text_state</i>	(filled by method) A pointer to a PdfTextState structure specifying the text state of a first line character.
-------------------	---

See also:

[PdeTextLine::HasTextState](#)

[PdeWord](#)* PdeTextLine::GetWord (int *index*)

Get the word element from the text line element.

Parameters:

<i>index</i>	The index of word element to obtain.
--------------	--------------------------------------

Returns:

[PdeWord](#) element.

bool PdeTextLine::HasTextState ()

Checks whether the text state can be obtained. It means that an each word of the text line has the same text state.

Returns:

true if the text state is the same for the whole line, false otherwise. In that case use [PdeWord::GetTextState](#) to obtain correct values.

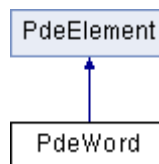
See also:

[PdeTextLine::GetTextState](#), [PdeWord::GetTextState](#)

PdeWord Struct Reference

[PdeWord](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for PdeWord:



Public Member Functions

- int [GetText](#) (wchar_t *buffer, int len)=0
Get the text of the word element.
- bool [HasTextState](#) ()=0
- void [GetTextState](#) ([PdfTextState](#) *text_state)=0
Get the text state of the word element.
- int [GetNumChars](#) ()=0
Get the number of characters in word element.
- int [GetCharText](#) (int index, wchar_t *buffer, int len)=0

Get the text of one character of the word.

- void [GetCharTextState](#) (int index, [PdfTextState](#) *text_state)=0
Get the text state information of the word character.
- void [GetCharBBox](#) (int index, [PdfRect](#) *bbox)=0
Gets the bounding box of one character in user space coordinates.

Detailed Description

[PdeWord](#) class.

A [PdeWord](#) object represents a word in a PDF file. Each word contains a sequence of characters in one or more styles.

Member Function Documentation

void PdeWord::GetCharBBox (int *index*, [PdfRect](#) * *bbox*)

Gets the bounding box of one character in user space coordinates.

Parameters:

<i>index</i>	The index of a character.
<i>bbox</i>	(filled by the method) A pointer to a PdfRect structure specifying the bounding box of a character, specified in user space coordinates.

int PdeWord::GetCharText (int *index*, wchar_t * *buffer*, int *len*)

Get the text of one character of the word.

Parameters:

<i>index</i>	The index of a character.
<i>buffer</i>	(filled by method) If the buffer is null function returns required length of string.
<i>len</i>	Length of a buffer to be filled in.

Returns:

Number of characters written into buffer of required length.

See also:

[PdeWord::GetNumChars](#)

void PdeWord::GetCharTextState (int *index*, [PdfTextState](#) * *text_state*)

Get the text state information of the word character.

Parameters:

<i>index</i>	The index of a character.
<i>text_state</i>	(filled by method) A pointer to a PdfTextState structure specifying the text state of a character.

int PdeWord::GetNumChars ()

Get the number of characters in word element.

Returns:

Number of characters.

int PdeWord::GetText (wchar_t * *buffer*, int *len*)

Get the text of the word element.

Parameters:

<i>buffer</i>	(filled by method) If the buffer is null function returns required length of string.
<i>len</i>	Length of a buffer to be filled in.

Returns:

Number of characters written into buffer of required length.

See also:

[PdeTextLine::GetText](#), [PdeText::GetText](#)

void PdeWord::GetTextState ([PdfTextState](#) * *text_state*)

Get the text state of the word element.

Parameters:

<i>text_state</i>	(filled by method) A pointer to a PdfTextState structure specifying the text state of a word first character.
-------------------	---

See also:

[PdeWord::HasTextState](#)

bool PdeWord::HasTextState ()

Checks whether the text state can be obtained. It means that an each character of the word has the same text state.

Returns:

true if the text state is the same for the whole word, false otherwise. In that case use [PdeWord::GetCharTextState](#) to obtain correct values.

See also:

[PdeWord::GetTextState](#), [PdeWord::GetCharTextState](#)

PdfAction Struct Reference

[PdfAction](#) class.

Inherited by CPdfAction.

Public Member Functions

- PdfActionType [GetSubtype](#) ()=0
Gets an action's subtype.
- int [GetJavaScript](#) (wchar_t *buffer, int len)=0
Gets the string buffer from the JavaScript action.
- int [GetURI](#) (wchar_t *buffer, int len)=0

Detailed Description

[PdfAction](#) class.

The [PdfAction](#) are tasks that pdf viewer performs when a user clicks on a link or a bookmark.

Member Function Documentation

int PdfAction::GetJavaScript (wchar_t * *buffer*, int *len*)

Gets the string buffer from the JavaScript action.

Parameters:

<i>buffer</i>	(filled by method) if the buffer is null function returns required length of string.
---------------	--

<i>len</i>	Length of a buffer to be filled in.
------------	-------------------------------------

Returns:

Number of characters written into buffer of required length.

PdfActionType PdfAction::GetSubtype ()

Gets an action's subtype.

Returns:

The PdfActionType corresponding to the action's subtype.

int PdfAction::GetURI (wchar_t * *buffer*, int *len*)

Gets the string buffer from the URI action. A uniform resource identifier (URI) is a string that identifies a resource on the Internet — typically a file that is the destination of a hypertext link.

Parameters:

<i>buffer</i>	(filled by method) if the buffer is null function returns required length of string.
<i>len</i>	Length of a buffer to be filled in.

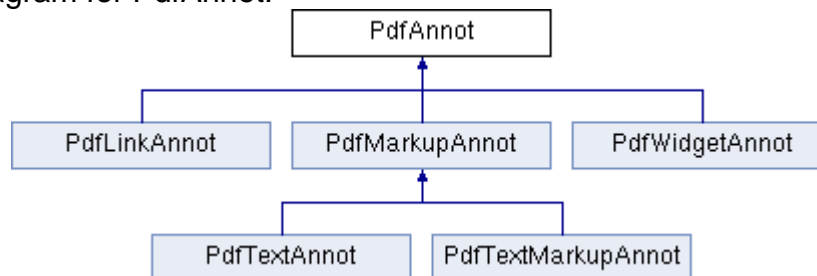
Returns:

Number of characters written into buffer of required length.

PdfAnnot Struct Reference

[PdfAnnot](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for PdfAnnot:



Public Member Functions

- PdfAnnotSubtype [GetSubtype](#) ()=0
Gets an annotation's subtype.
- PdfAnnotFlags [GetFlags](#) ()=0

Gets an annotation's flags.

- void [GetAppearance](#) ([PdfAnnotAppearance](#) *appearance)=0
Gets an annotation's appearance.
 - void [GetBBox](#) ([PdfRect](#) *bbox)=0
Gets the annotation bounding box.
 - bool [PointInAnnot](#) ([PdfPoint](#) *point)=0
 - bool [RectInAnnot](#) ([PdfRect](#) *rect)=0
-

Detailed Description

[PdfAnnot](#) class.

An annotation associates an object such as a note, sound, or movie with a location on a page of a PDF document, or provides a way to interact with the user by means of the mouse and keyboard.

Member Function Documentation

void PdfAnnot::GetAppearance ([PdfAnnotAppearance](#) * *appearance*)

Gets an annotation's appearance.

Parameters:

<i>appearance</i>	(filled by method) Pointer to a PdfAnnotAppearance structure.
-------------------	---

void PdfAnnot::GetBBox ([PdfRect](#) * *bbox*)

Gets the annotation bounding box.

Parameters:

<i>bbox</i>	(filled by the method) Pointer to PdfRect structure to fill.
-------------	--

PdfAnnotFlags PdfAnnot::GetFlags ()

Gets an annotation's flags.

Returns:

The flags, or 0 if the annotation does not have a flags key.

PdfAnnotSubtype PdfAnnot::GetSubtype ()

Gets an annotation's subtype.

Returns:

The PdfAnnotSubtype corresponding to the annot's subtype.

bool PdfAnnot::PointInAnnot ([PdfPoint](#) * *point*)

Tests whether the specified point is within an annotation. If an annotation consists of more quads, it tests each quad individually.

Parameters:

<i>point</i>	The point to test.
--------------	--------------------

Returns:

true if the point is within an annotation, false otherwise.

bool PdfAnnot::RectInAnnot ([PdfRect](#) * *rect*)

Tests whether the specified rect is within an annotation. If an annotation consists of more quads, it tests each quad individually.

Parameters:

<i>rect</i>	The rectangle to test.
-------------	------------------------

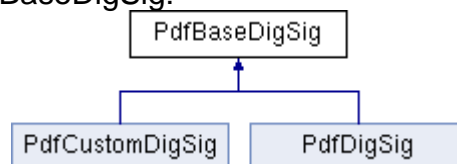
Returns:

true if the the whole rectangle is within an annotation, false otherwise.

PdfBaseDigSig Struct Reference

[PdfBaseDigSig](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for PdfBaseDigSig:



Public Member Functions

- void [Destroy](#) ()=0
Destroys digital signature's resources.
- bool [SetReason](#) (const wchar_t *reason)=0
Sets the reason for the signing.
- bool [SetLocation](#) (const wchar_t *location)=0
Sets the location of signing.
- bool [SetContactInfo](#) (const wchar_t *contact)=0
Sets the contact information of the signer.
- bool [SetName](#) (const wchar_t *name)=0
- bool [SetTimeStampServer](#) (const wchar_t *url, const wchar_t *user_name, const wchar_t *password)=0
Set the timestamp server url and access credentials to apply the timestamp.
- bool [SignDoc](#) ([PdfDoc](#) *doc, const wchar_t *path)=0
Apply the digital signature and save document to specified path.

Detailed Description

[PdfBaseDigSig](#) class.

A digital signature can be used to authenticate the identity of a user and the document's contents. It stores information about the signer and the state of the document when it was signed.

Member Function Documentation

void PdfBaseDigSig::Destroy ()

Destroys digital signature's resources.

See also:

[CreatePdfDigSig](#)

bool PdfBaseDigSig::SetContactInfo (const wchar_t * *contact*)

Sets the contact information of the signer.

Parameters:

<i>contact</i>	Information provided by the signer to enable a recipient to contact the signer to verify the signature, for example, a phone number, etc.
----------------	---

Returns:

true if was set successfully, false otherwise.

bool PdfBaseDigSig::SetLocation (const wchar_t * *location*)

Sets the location of signing.

Parameters:

<i>location</i>	The CPU host name or physical location of the signing.
-----------------	--

Returns:

true if was set successfully, false otherwise.

bool PdfBaseDigSig::SetName (const wchar_t * *name*)

Sets the name of the person or authority signing the document. This value is be used when it is not possible to extract the name from the signature; for example, from the certificate of the signer or when [PdfCustomDigSig](#) is used.

Parameters:

<i>name</i>	Name for signing.
-------------	-------------------

Returns:

true if was set successfully, false otherwise.

See also:

[PdfCustomDigSig](#)

bool PdfBaseDigSig::SetReason (const wchar_t * *reason*)

Sets the reason for the signing.

Parameters:

<i>reason</i>	Reason for the signing.
---------------	-------------------------

Returns:

true if was set successfully, false otherwise.

bool PdfBaseDigSig::SetTimeStampServer (const wchar_t * *url*, const wchar_t * *user_name*, const wchar_t * *password*)

Set the timestamp server url and access credentials to apply the timestamp.

Parameters:

<i>url</i>	The url of the timesramp server .
<i>user_name</i>	The user name for accessing the timestamp server.
<i>password</i>	The password for accessing the timestamp server.

Returns:

true if time stamp was set, false otherwise.

bool PdfBaseDigSig::SignDoc ([PdfDoc](#) * doc, const wchar_t * path)

Apply the digital signature and save document to specified path.

Parameters:

<i>doc</i>	The document to be signed.
<i>path</i>	The path where the signed document will be saved.

Returns:

true if document was signed, false otherwise.

PdfBookmark Struct Reference

[PdfBookmark](#) class.

Inherited by CPdfBookmark.

Public Member Functions

- int [GetTitle](#) (wchar_t *buffer, int len)=0
Gets a bookmark's title.
 - void [GetAppearance](#) ([PdfBookmarkAppearance](#) *appearance)=0
Gets a bookmark's appearance.
 - [PdfAction](#) * [GetAction](#) ()=0
Gets a bookmark's action object.
 - int [GetNumChildren](#) ()=0
Gets the number of child bookmark in a parent bookmark object.
 - [PdfBookmark](#) * [GetChild](#) (int index)=0
Gets the requested child bookmark from a parent bookmark.
 - [PdfBookmark](#) * [GetParent](#) ()=0
Gets a bookmark's parent bookmark.
-

Detailed Description

[PdfBookmark](#) class.

A bookmark corresponds to an outline object in a PDF document. A document outline allows the user to navigate interactively from one part of the document to another. An outline consists of a tree-structured hierarchy of bookmarks, which display the document's structure to the user. Each bookmark has: A title that appears on screen. An action that specifies what happens when the user clicks on the bookmark.

Member Function Documentation

[PdfAction](#)* PdfBookmark::GetAction ()

Gets a bookmark's action object.

Returns:

The bookmark's action object or nullptr if bookmark does not have an action.

**void PdfBookmark::GetAppearance ([PdfBookmarkAppearance](#) *
appearance)**

Gets a bookmark's appearance.

Parameters:

<i>appearance</i>	(filled by method) Pointer to a PdfBookmarkAppearance structure.
-------------------	--

[PdfBookmark](#)* PdfBookmark::GetChild (int *index*)

Gets the requested child bookmark from a parent bookmark.

Parameters:

<i>index</i>	The index of bookmark to obtain.
--------------	----------------------------------

Returns:

Requested bookmark.

See also:

[PdfBookmark::GetNumChildren](#)

int PdfBookmark::GetNumChildren ()

Gets the number of child bookmark in a parent bookmark object.

Returns:

The number of children.

See also:

[PdfBookmark::GetChild](#)

[PdfBookmark](#)* PdfBookmark::GetParent ()

Gets a bookmark's parent bookmark.

Returns:

Parent bookmark, or null if is the root bookmark of a document. NOTE: If parent is null, call only [PdfBookmark::GetNumChildren](#) and [PdfBookmark::GetChild](#) methods. Other methods return false.

int PdfBookmark::GetTitle (wchar_t * *buffer*, int *len*)

Gets a bookmark's title.

Parameters:

<i>buffer</i>	(filled by method) If the buffer is null function returns required length of string.
<i>len</i>	Length of a buffer to be filled in.

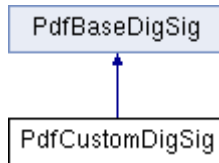
Returns:

Number of characters written into buffer of required length.

PdfCustomDigSig Struct Reference

[PdfCustomDigSig](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for PdfCustomDigSig:



Public Member Functions

- bool [RegisterDigestDataProc](#) (_callback_ PdfDigestDataProc proc, void *data)=0
Registers a user-supplied procedure to call when [PdfCustomDigSig::SignDoc](#) is called.

Detailed Description

[PdfCustomDigSig](#) class.

Platform independent digital signature object. Caller can handle signing process with callbacks.

Member Function Documentation

bool PdfCustomDigSig::RegisterDigestDataProc (_callback_ PdfDigestDataProc *proc*, void * *data*)

Registers a user-supplied procedure to call when [PdfCustomDigSig::SignDoc](#) is called.

Parameters:

<i>proc</i>	A user-supplied callback to call when the digital signature requests signed digests data.
<i>data</i>	A pointer to user-supplied data to pass to proc each time it is called.

Returns:

true if callback was registered, false otherwise.

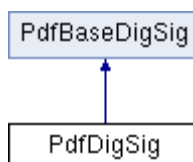
See also:

[PdfCustomDigSig::RegisterDigestDataLenProc](#)

PdfDigSig Struct Reference

CPdfDigSig class.

Inheritance diagram for PdfDigSig:



Public Member Functions

- bool [SetPfxFile](#) (const wchar_t *pfx_file, const wchar_t *pfx_password)=0
Set the pfx file for signing the document with digital signature.

Detailed Description

CPdfDigSig class.

Uses OpenSSL to handle certificates.

Member Function Documentation

bool PdfDigSig::SetPfxFile (const wchar_t * *pfx_file*, const wchar_t * *pfx_password*)

Set the pfx file for signing the document with digital signature.

```
void SetPfxFile(std::wstring doc_path,
std::wstring pfx_path, std::wstring pfx_password,
std::wstring save_path) {
    PdfFix* pdfix = GetPdfix();
    if (!pdfix)
        throw std::runtime_error("Pdfix was not initialized!");
    PdfDoc* doc = nullptr;
    doc = pdfix->OpenDoc(doc_path.c_str(), L"");
    if (!doc)
        throw std::runtime_error(pdfix->GetError());
    // prepare OpenSSL digital signature
    PdfDigSig* dig_sig = pdfix->CreateDigSig();
    if (!dig_sig)
        throw std::runtime_error(pdfix->GetError());
    dig_sig->SetReason(L"Testing PDFix API");
    dig_sig->SetLocation(L"Location");
    dig_sig->SetContactInfo(L"info@pdfix.net");
    if (!dig_sig->SetPfxFile(pfx_path.c_str(), pfx_password.c_str()))
        throw std::runtime_error(pdfix->GetError());
    // sign document
    if (!dig_sig->SignDoc(doc, save_path.c_str()))
        throw std::runtime_error(pdfix->GetError());
    dig_sig->Destroy();
    doc->Close();
}
```

Parameters:

<i>pfx_file</i>	The path of the PFX signature file.
<i>pfx_password</i>	The password to open the PFX file.

Returns:

true if was set successfully, false otherwise.

PdfDoc Struct Reference

[PdfDoc](#) class.

Inherited by CPdfDoc.

Public Member Functions

- bool [Save](#) (const wchar_t *path, PdfSaveFlags flags)=0
- bool [SaveToStream](#) ([PsStream](#) *stream, PdfSaveFlags flags)=0
- bool [Close](#) ()=0
Closes a document and releases its resources. Changes are not saved.
- bool [AddWatermarkFromImage](#) ([PdfWatermarkParams](#) *params, const wchar_t *path)=0
Adds an image-based watermark to a page range in the given document.
- int [GetNumPages](#) ()=0
Gets the number of pages in a document.
- [PdfPage](#) * [AcquirePage](#) (int page_num)=0
- bool [ReleasePage](#) ([PdfPage](#) *page)=0
Releases page's resources.
- int [GetNumDocumentJavaScripts](#) ()=0
Get the number of document JavaScript name/action pairs in the document JavaScript name tree.
- int [GetDocumentJavaScript](#) (int index, wchar_t *buffer, int len)=0
Get the document JavaScript action by it's index in th documente JavaScript name tree.
- int [GetDocumentJavaScriptName](#) (int index, wchar_t *buffer, int len)=0
Get the document JavaScript action name by it's index in th documente JavaScript name tree.
- int [GetNumCalculatedFormFields](#) ()=0
Get the number of calculated form fields in AcroForm calculated order (CO) which is an array.
- [PdfFormField](#) * [GetCalculatedFormField](#) (int index)=0
Get the calculated form field from AcroForm calculation order array (CO) by index.
- int [GetNumFormFields](#) ()=0
Get the total number of form fields in document's AcroForm Fields tree.
- [PdfFormField](#) * [GetFormField](#) (int index)=0
Get the form field in document's AcroForm Fields tree by index.
- [PdfFormField](#) * [GetFormFieldByName](#) (const wchar_t *buffer)=0
Get the form field in document's AcroForm Fields tree by name.
- int [GetInfo](#) (const wchar_t *key, wchar_t *buffer, int len)=0
Gets the value of a key in a document's Info dictionary.
- bool [SetInfo](#) (const wchar_t *key, const wchar_t *buffer)=0
Set the value of a key in a document's Info dictionary.
- [PdfBookmark](#) * [GetBookmarkRoot](#) ()=0

Detailed Description

[PdfDoc](#) class.

A [PdfDoc](#) object represents a PDF document.

Member Function Documentation

[PdfPage](#)* PdfDoc::AcquirePage (int *page_num*)

Gets a [PdfPage](#) from a document. The page is cached, so that subsequent calls on the same PdfPage return The same [PdfPage](#). The page remains in the cache as long as document exists or ReleasePage was not called. NOTE: After you are done using the page, release it using ReleasePage to release resources.

Parameters:

<i>page_num</i>	The page number of the page to get. The first page is 0.
-----------------	--

Returns:

The requested page.

See also:

[PdfPage::ReleasePage](#)

bool PdfDoc::AddWatermarkFromImage ([PdfWatermarkParams](#) **params*, const wchar_t * *path*)

Adds an image-based watermark to a page range in the given document.

```
void AddWatermarkFromImage(std::wstring doc_path, std::wstring jpg_path, std::wstring save_path) {
    // get pdfix
    Pdfix* pdfix = GetPdfix();
    if (!pdfix)
        throw std::runtime_error("Pdfix was not initialized!");
    PdfDoc* doc = pdfix->OpenDoc(doc_path.c_str(), L "");
    if (!doc)
        throw std::runtime_error(pdfix->GetError());

    // apply watermark
    PdfWatermarkParams params;
    params.page_range.start_page = 0;
    params.page_range.end_page = -1;
    params.page_range.page_range_spec = kAllPages;
    params.order_top = 1;
    params.percentage_vals = 0;
    params.h_align = kHorizLeft;
    params.v_align = kVertTop;
    params.h_value = 10;
    params.v_value = 10;
    params.scale = 0.5;
    params.rotation = 0;
    params.opacity = 0.5;
    if (!doc->AddWatermarkFromImage(&params, jpg_path.c_str()))
        throw std::runtime_error(pdfix->GetError());
    doc->Save(save_path.c_str(), kSaveFull);
    doc->Close();
}
```

Parameters:

<i>params</i>	Structure specifying how the watermark should be added to the document.
<i>path</i>	Path to the image file. Only JPEG format is supported for now.

Returns:

true if the watermark was added successfully, false otherwise.

bool PdfDoc::Close ()

Closes a document and releases its resources. Changes are not saved.

Returns:

true if document was closed. Return false if there are any outstanding references to objects in the document. Destroy such objects first and try Close again.

See also:

[PdfDoc::Save](#)

[PdfBookmark](#)* PdfDoc::GetBookmarkRoot ()

Gets the abstract root of the document's bookmark tree. This bookmark has no representation in PDF, it only holds top level of document's bookmarks. NOTE: Call only [PdfBookmark::GetNumChildren](#) and [PdfBookmark::GetChild](#) methods for this bookmark. Other methods return false.

```
void ProcessBookmark(PdfBookmark* bmk, std::wstring indent) {
    // get title of bookmark if it's not a root bookmark
    if (bmk->GetParent()) {
        std::wstring title;
        title.resize(bmk->GetTitle(nullptr, 0));
        bmk->GetTitle((wchar_t*)title.c_str(), title.size());
        std::wcout << indent + title << std::endl;
    }
    indent += L"  ";
    int num = bmk->GetNumChildren();
    if (num > 0) {
        for (int i = 0; i < num; i++) {
            PdfBookmark* child = bmk->GetChild(i);
            ProcessBookmark(child, indent);
        }
    }
}

void GetBookmarkRoot(std::wstring path) {
    Pdf* pdf = GetPdf();
    if (!pdf)
        throw std::runtime_error("Pdf was not initialized!");
    PdfDoc* doc = nullptr;
    doc = pdf->OpenDoc(path.c_str(), L "");
    if (!doc)
        throw pdf->GetError();
    PdfBookmark* parent = doc->GetBookmarkRoot();
    if (!parent)
        throw std::runtime_error("Document has no bookmarks!");
    ProcessBookmark(parent, L "");
    doc->Close();
}
```

Returns:

The document's root bookmark.

PdfFormField* PdfDoc::GetCalculatedFormField (int *index*)

Get the calculated form field from AcroForm calculation order array (CO) by index.

Parameters:

<i>index</i>	The index of a form field to retrieve.
--------------	--

Returns:

The [PdfFormField](#) object or nullptr in case of error.

See also:

[PdfDoc::GetNumCalculatedFormFields](#)

[PdfDoc::GetNumFormFieldCounts](#)

[PdfDoc::GetFormField](#)

int PdfDoc::GetDocumentJavaScript (int *index*, wchar_t * *buffer*, int *len*)

Get the document JavaScript action by it's index in th documente JavaScript name tree.

Parameters:

<i>index</i>	The index of a JavaScript action name to retrieve
<i>buffer</i>	(filled by method) If the buffer is null function returns required length of string.
<i>len</i>	Length of a buffer to be filled in.

Returns:

Number of characters written into buffer of required length.

See also:

[PdfDoc::GetNumDocumentJavaScripts](#)

[PdfDoc::GetDocumentJavaScriptName](#)

int PdfDoc::GetDocumentJavaScriptName (int *index*, wchar_t * *buffer*, int *len*)

Get the document JavaScript action name by it's index in th documente JavaScript name tree.

Parameters:

<i>index</i>	The index of a JavaScript action name to retrieve
<i>buffer</i>	(filled by method) If the buffer is null function returns required length of string.

<i>len</i>	Length of a buffer to be filled in.
------------	-------------------------------------

Returns:

Number of characters written into buffer of required length.

See also:

[PdfDoc::GetNumDocumentJavaScripts](#)

[PdfDoc::GetDocumentJavaScript](#)

[PdfFormField](#)* PdfDoc::GetFormField (int *index*)

Get the form field in document's AcroForm Fields tree by index.

Returns:

The [PdfFormField](#) object or nullptr in case of error.

See also:

[PdfDoc::GetNumCalculatedFormFields](#)

[PdfDoc::GetCalculatedFormField](#)

[PdfDoc::GetNumFormFieldCounts](#)

[PdfFormField](#)* PdfDoc::GetFormFieldByName (const wchar_t * *buffer*)

Get the form field in document's AcroForm Fields tree by name.

Returns:

The [PdfFormField](#) object or nullptr in case of error.

See also:

[PdfDoc::GetNumCalculatedFormFields](#)

[PdfDoc::GetCalculatedFormField](#)

[PdfDoc::GetNumFormFieldCounts](#)

int PdfDoc::GetInfo (const wchar_t * *key*, wchar_t * *buffer*, int *len*)

Gets the value of a key in a document's Info dictionary.

Parameters:

<i>key</i>	The name of the Info dictionary key whose value is obtained.
<i>buffer</i>	(filled by method) If the buffer is null function returns required length of string.
<i>len</i>	Length of a buffer to be filled in.

Returns:

Number of characters written into buffer of required length.

int PdfDoc::GetNumCalculatedFormFields ()

Get the number of calculated form fields in AcroForm calculated order (CO) which is an array.

Returns:

Number of calculated form fields in the document.

See also:

[PdfDoc::GetCalculatedFormField](#)

[PdfDoc::GetNumFormFieldCounts](#)

[PdfDoc::GetFormField](#)

int PdfDoc::GetNumDocumentJavaScripts ()

Get the number of document JavaScript name/action pairs in the document JavaScript name tree.

Returns:

Number document name/action pairs in the document's JavaScript name tree.

See also:

[PdfDoc::GetDocumentJavaScript](#)

[PdfDoc::GetDocumentJavaScriptName](#)

int PdfDoc::GetNumFormFields ()

Get the total number of form fields in document's AcroForm Fields tree.

Returns:

Number of form fields in the document.

See also:

[PdfDoc::GetNumCalculatedFormFields](#)

[PdfDoc::GetCalculatedFormField](#)

[PdfDoc::GetFormField](#)

int PdfDoc::GetNumPages ()

Gets the number of pages in a document.

Returns:

Number of pages in the document.

bool PdfDoc::ReleasePage ([PdfPage](#) * *page*)

Releases page's resources.

Parameters:

<i>page</i>	The page to release.
-------------	----------------------

Returns:

true if page was released, false otherwise.

See also:

[PdfPage::AcquirePage](#)

bool PdfDoc::Save (const wchar_t * *path*, PdfSaveFlags *flags*)

Saves a document to disk. NOTE: You must call [PdfDoc::Close](#) to release resources.

Parameters:

<i>path</i>	The path to which the file is saved.
<i>flags</i>	A PdfSaveFlags value. If kSaveIncremental is specified in flags, then path should be NULL. If kSaveFull is specified and path is the same as the file's original path, the new file is saved to a file system-determined temporary path, then the old file is deleted and the new file is renamed to path.

See also:

[PdfDoc::Close](#)

bool PdfDoc::SaveToStream ([PsStream](#) * *stream*, PdfSaveFlags *flags*)

Saves a document to a stream. NOTE: You must call [PdfDoc::Close](#) to release resources.

Parameters:

<i>stream</i>	The stream to which the file is saved.
<i>flags</i>	A PdfSaveFlags value. If kSaveIncremental is specified in flags, then path should be NULL. If kSaveFull is specified and path is the same as the file's original path, the new file is saved to a file system-determined temporary path, then the old file is deleted and the new file is renamed to path.

See also:

[PdfDoc::Close](#), [Pdfix::CreateStream](#)

bool PdfDoc::SetInfo (const wchar_t * *key*, const wchar_t * *buffer*)

Set the value of a key in a document's Info dictionary.

Parameters:

<i>key</i>	The name of the Info dictionary key whose value is obtained.
<i>buffer</i>	String value to be set for the specific Info dictionary entry.

Returns:

true if obtaining the font state was successfull, false otherwise.

PdfFont Struct Reference

[PdfFont](#) class.

Inherited by CPdfFont.

Public Member Functions

- int [GetFontName](#) (wchar_t *buffer, int len)=0
Gets the name of a font.
- int [GetFaceName](#) (wchar_t *buffer, int len)=0
Gets the face of a font.
- void [GetFontState](#) ([PdfFontState](#) *font_state)=0
Gets the font state of a font.
- int [GetSystemFontName](#) (wchar_t *buffer, int len)=0
Gets the name of a font which is a system replacement for the font.
- PdfFontCharset [GetSystemFontCharset](#) ()=0
Gets the charset of a font which is a system replacement for the font.
- bool [GetSystemFontBold](#) ()=0
Gets the the system font bold flag.
- bool [GetSystemFontItalic](#) ()=0
Gets the the system font italic flag.

Detailed Description

[PdfFont](#) class.

[PdfFont](#) class.

Member Function Documentation

int PdfFont::GetFaceName (wchar_t * *buffer*, int *len*)

Gets the face of a font.

Parameters:

<i>buffer</i>	(filled by method) If the buffer is null function returns required length of string.
<i>len</i>	Length of a buffer to be filled in.

Returns:

Number of characters written into buffer of required length.

int PdfFont::GetFontName (wchar_t * *buffer*, int *len*)

Gets the name of a font.

Parameters:

<i>buffer</i>	(filled by method) If the buffer is null function returns required length of string.
<i>len</i>	Length of a buffer to be filled in.

Returns:

Number of characters written into buffer of required length.

void PdfFont::GetFontState ([PdfFontState](#) * *font_state*)

Gets the font state of a font.

Parameters:

<i>font_state</i>	(filled by method) Pointer to font state structure to be filled in.
-------------------	---

Returns:

true if obtaining the font state was successful, false otherwise.

bool PdfFont::GetSystemFontBold ()

Gets the the system font bold flag.

Returns:

true is font is bold, false otherwise.

PdfFontCharset PdfFont::GetSystemFontCharset ()

Gets the charset of a font which is a system replacement for the font.

Returns:

Number of charset of a font.

bool PdfFont::GetSystemFontItalic ()

Gets the the system font italic flag.

Returns:

true is font is italic, false otherwise.

int PdfFont::GetSystemFontName (wchar_t * *buffer*, int *len*)

Gets the name of a font which is a system replacement for the font.

Parameters:

<i>buffer</i>	(filled by method) If the buffer is null function returns required length of string.
<i>len</i>	Length of a buffer to be filled in.

Returns:

Number of characters written into buffer of required length.

PdfFormField Struct Reference

[PdfFormField](#) class.

Inherited by CPdfFormField.

Public Member Functions

- PdfFieldType [GetType](#) ()=0
Gets the type of field.
- PdfFieldFlags [GetFlags](#) ()=0
Gets the form field's flags.
- int [GetValue](#) (wchar_t *buffer, int len)=0
Gets the field's value as string.
- bool [SetValue](#) (const wchar_t *buffer)=0
Sets the field's value as string. Multiple values should be comma-separated.
- int [GetDefaultValue](#) (wchar_t *buffer, int len)=0
Gets the field's default value as string.
- int [GetFullName](#) (wchar_t *buffer, int len)=0
Gets the field's full name within the document AcroForm field tree.
- int [GetTooltip](#) (wchar_t *buffer, int len)=0
Gets the field's tooltip.
- int [GetOptionCount](#) ()=0
Gets the number of elements in the Opt array.
- int [GetOptionValue](#) (int index, wchar_t *buffer, int len)=0
Gets the field's option value.
- int [GetOptionCaption](#) (int index, wchar_t *buffer, int len)=0
Gets the field's option caption.
- PdfAction * [GetAction](#) ()=0
Gets a field's action object.
- PdfAction * [GetAAAction](#) (PdfActionEventType event)=0
Gets a field's additional action object.
- int [GetMaxLength](#) ()=0
Gets maximum length of the field's text, in characters.
- int [GetWidgetExportValue](#) (PdfAnnot *annot, wchar_t *buffer, int len)=0
Gets the field's widget export value.

Detailed Description

[PdfFormField](#) class.

[PdfFormField](#) object represents interactive form dictionary that shall be referenced from the AcroForm entry in the document catalogue

Member Function Documentation

[PdfAction](#)* PdfFormField::GetAAAction (PdfActionEventType *event*)

Gets a field's additional action object.

Parameters:

<i>event</i>	The event which additional action to get.
--------------	---

Returns:

The annotation's additional action object or nullptr if annotation does not have an action for specified event type.

See also:

[GetAction](#)

[PdfAction](#)* PdfFormField::GetAction ()

Gets a field's action object.

Returns:

The annotation's action object or nullptr if annotation does not have an action.

See also:

[GetAAAction](#)

int PdfFormField::GetDefaultValue (wchar_t * *buffer*, int *len*)

Gets the field's default value as string.

Parameters:

<i>buffer</i>	(filled by method) If the buffer is null function returns required length of string.
<i>len</i>	Length of a buffer to be filled in.

Returns:

Number of characters written into buffer of required length.

PdfFieldFlags PdfFormField::GetFlags ()

Gets the form field's flags.

Returns:

The form field's flags.

int PdfFormField::GetFullName (wchar_t * *buffer*, int *len*)

Gets the field's full name within the document AcroForm field tree.

Parameters:

<i>buffer</i>	(filled by method) If the buffer is null function returns required length of string.
<i>len</i>	Length of a buffer to be filled in.

Returns:

Number of characters written into buffer of required length.

int PdfFormField::GetMaxLength ()

Gets maximum length of the field's text, in characters.

Returns:

The maximum number of characters.

int PdfFormField::GetOptionCaption (int *index*, wchar_t * *buffer*, int *len*)

Gets the field's option caption.

Parameters:

<i>index</i>	The index of option to retrieve.
<i>buffer</i>	(filled by method) If the buffer is null function returns required length of string.
<i>len</i>	Length of a buffer to be filled in.

Returns:

Number of characters written into buffer of required length.

int PdfFormField::GetOptionCount ()

Gets the number of elements in the Opt array.

Returns:

Number of field's options.

int PdfFormField::GetOptionValue (int *index*, wchar_t * *buffer*, int *len*)

Gets the field's option value.

Parameters:

<i>index</i>	The index of option to retrieve.
<i>buffer</i>	(filled by method) If the buffer is null function returns required length of string.
<i>len</i>	Length of a buffer to be filled in.

Returns:

Number of characters written into buffer of required length.

int PdfFormField::GetTooltip (wchar_t * *buffer*, int *len*)

Gets the field's tooltip.

Parameters:

<i>buffer</i>	(filled by method) If the buffer is null function returns required length of string.
<i>len</i>	Length of a buffer to be filled in.

Returns:

Number of characters written into buffer of required length.

PdfFieldType PdfFormField::GetType ()

Gets the type of field.

Returns:

The form field type.

int PdfFormField::GetValue (wchar_t * *buffer*, int *len*)

Gets the field's value as string.

Parameters:

<i>buffer</i>	(filled by method) If the buffer is null function returns required length of string.
<i>len</i>	Length of a buffer to be filled in.

Returns:

Number of characters written into buffer of required length.

int PdfFormField::GetWidgetExportValue ([PdfAnnot](#) * *annot*, wchar_t * *buffer*, int *len*)

Gets the field's widget export value.

Parameters:

<i>annot</i>	The widget annotation which export value is to be retrieved.
<i>buffer</i>	(filled by method) If the buffer is null function returns required length of string.
<i>len</i>	Length of a buffer to be filled in.

Returns:

Number of characters written into buffer of required length.

bool PdfFormField::SetValue (const wchar_t * *buffer*)

Sets the field's value as string. Multiple values should be comma-separated.

```
void SetFormFieldValue(std::wstring doc_path, std::wstring save_path) {
    PdfFix* pdfix = GetPdfix();
    if (!pdfix)
        throw std::runtime_error("Pdfix was not initialized!");
    PdfDoc* doc = nullptr;
    doc = pdfix->OpenDoc(doc_path.c_str(), L "");
    if (!doc)
```

```

throw std::runtime_error(pdf->GetError());
PdfFormField* field = doc->GetFormFieldByName(L"Text1");
if (field) {
    std::wstring value;
    value.resize(field->GetValue(nullptr, 0));
    field->GetValue((wchar_t*)value.c_str(), value.size());
    if (value.length() == 0)
        value = L"new value";
    else
        std::reverse(std::begin(value), std::end(value));
    field->SetValue(value.c_str());
}
doc->Save(save_path.c_str(), kSaveFull);
doc->Close();
}

```

Parameters:

<i>buffer</i>	The new form field string value
---------------	---------------------------------

Returns:

true if succeeded, false otherwise.

PdfImage Struct Reference

[PdfImage](#) class.

Inherited by CPdfImage.

Public Member Functions

- bool [Save](#) (const wchar_t *path, PdfImageFormat format)=0
Saves the image data into a file.
- bool [SaveRect](#) ([PdfDevRect](#) *dev_rect, const wchar_t *path, PdfImageFormat format)=0
Saves a clip of the image data into a file.

Detailed Description

[PdfImage](#) class.

[PdfImage](#) contains an image data in an internal format.

Member Function Documentation

bool PdfImage::Save (const wchar_t * *path*, PdfImageFormat *format*)

Saves the image data into a file.

Parameters:

<i>path</i>	Path where to save image data in requested format.
<i>format</i>	PdfImageFormat.

Returns:

true if succeeded, false otherwise.

See also:

PdfImageFormat

bool PdfImage::SaveRect ([PdfDevRect](#) * *dev_rect*, const wchar_t * *path*, PdfImageFormat *format*)

Saves a clip of the image data into a file.

Parameters:

<i>dev_rect</i>	Clip area of the image data that needs to be saved.
<i>path</i>	Path where to save image data in requested format.
<i>format</i>	PdfImageFormat.

Returns:

true if succeeded, false otherwise.

See also:

PdfImageFormat

Pdfix Struct Reference

[Pdfix](#) class.

Inherited by CPdfix.

Public Member Functions

- void [Destroy](#) ()=0
Destroys [Pdfix](#) resources.
- bool [Authorize](#) (const wchar_t *email, const wchar_t *serial_number)=0

Authorizes [Pdfix](#).

- PdfErrorType [GetErrorType](#) ()=0
- const char * [GetError](#) ()=0
- int [GetVersionMajor](#) ()=0
- int [GetVersionMinor](#) ()=0
- int [GetVersionPatch](#) ()=0
- [PdfDoc](#) * [OpenDoc](#) (const wchar_t *path, const wchar_t *password)=0
- [PdfDoc](#) * [OpenDocFromStream](#) ([PsStream](#) *stream, const wchar_t *password)=0
- [PdfDigSig](#) * [CreateDigSig](#) ()=0
- [PdfCustomDigSig](#) * [CreateCustomDigSig](#) ()=0
- [PsRegex](#) * [CreateRegex](#) ()=0
- [PsStream](#) * [CreateStream](#) ()=0
- bool [RegisterEvent](#) (PdfEventType type, _callback_ PdfEventProc proc, void *data)=0
Registers a user-supplied procedure to call when the specified event occurs.
- bool [UnregisterEvent](#) (PdfEventType type, PdfEventProc proc, void *data)=0

Detailed Description

[Pdfix](#) class.

[Pdfix](#) loads and unloads library. It initialized all necessary resources and also takes care about releasing it.

Member Function Documentation

bool Pdfix::Authorize (const wchar_t * *email*, const wchar_t * *serial_number*)

Authorizes [Pdfix](#).

Returns:

true if [Pdfix](#) was authorized successfully, false otherwise.

[PdfCustomDigSig](#)* Pdfix::CreateCustomDigSig ()

Creates a new [PdfCustomDigSig](#) object. Call [PdfDigSig::Destroy](#) method to release resources.

Returns:

Initialized [PdfCustomDigSig](#) object.

See also:

[PdfDigSig::Destroy](#)

[PdfDigSig](#)* Pdfix::CreateDigSig ()

Creates a new [PdfDigSig](#) object. Call [PdfDigSig::Destroy](#) method to release resources.

Returns:

Initialized [PdfDigSig](#) object.

See also:

[PdfDigSig::Destroy](#)

[PsRegex](#)* Pdfix::CreateRegex ()

Creates a new [PsRegex](#) object. Call [PsRegex::Destroy](#) to release all regex resources.

Returns:

Initialized [PsRegex](#) object.

See also:

[PsRegex::Destroy](#)

[PsStream](#)* Pdfix::CreateStream ()

Creates a new [PsStream](#) object. It's a data stream that may be a buffer in memory or a file. Call [PsStream::Destroy](#) to release all stream resources.

Returns:

Initialized [PsStream](#) object.

See also:

[PsStream::Destroy](#), [Pdfix::OpenDocFromStream](#), Pdfix::CreateImageFromStream

void Pdfix::Destroy ()

Destroys [Pdfix](#) resources.

See also:

[Pdfix::CreatePdfix](#)

const char* Pdfix::GetError ()

Returns the latest error message from the library. The error message is set each time, when any library method fails.

Returns:

The last error, empty string otherwise.

PdfErrorType Pdfix::GetErrorType ()

Returns the latest error type from the library. The error type is set each time, when any library method fails.

Returns:

The last error type.

int Pdfix::GetVersionMajor ()

Returns the major version. This is the first integer in a version number and is increased whenever significant changes are made.

Returns:

The major version number.

int Pdfix::GetVersionMinor ()

Returns the minor version. This is the second integer in a compound version number. This is normally set to 0 after each major release and increased whenever smaller features or significant bug fixes have been added.

Returns:

The minor version number.

int Pdfix::GetVersionPatch ()

Returns the patch version. The (optional) third integer is the patch number, sometimes also called the revision number. Changes in patch number should imply no change to the actual API interface, only changes to the behavior of the API.

Returns:

The patch version number.

[PdfDoc](#)* Pdfix::OpenDoc (const wchar_t * *path*, const wchar_t * *password*)

Opens the specified document. If the document is already open, returns a reference to the already opened [PdfDoc](#). NOTE: You must call [PdfDoc::Close](#) once for every successful open.

Parameters:

<i>path</i>	Path to the file.
<i>password</i>	File password.

Returns:

The newly created document or null.

See also:

[Close](#)

[PdfDoc](#)* Pdfix::OpenDocFromStream ([PsStream](#) * *stream*, const wchar_t * *password*)

Opens the specified document from memory. If the document is already open, returns a reference to the already opened [PdfDoc](#). You must call [PdfDoc::Close](#) once for every successful open.

Parameters:

<i>stream</i>	PsStream object.
<i>password</i>	File password.

Returns:

The newly created document or null.

See also:

[Close](#)

bool Pdfix::RegisterEvent (PdfEventType *type*, _callback_PdfEventProc *proc*, void * *data*)

Registers a user-supplied procedure to call when the specified event occurs.

```
void DocDidOpenCallback(PdfEventParams* event, void* data) {
    if (event->type != kEventDocDidOpen)
        throw std::runtime_error("This should never happen!");
    if (event->doc == nullptr)
        throw std::runtime_error("This should never happen!");
    std::cout << "Document was opened!" << std::endl;
    // get title of currently opened document
    std::wstring title;
    title.resize(event->doc->GetInfo(L"Title", nullptr, 0));
    event->doc->GetInfo(L"Title", (wchar_t*)title.c_str(), title.size());
    std::wcout << title << std::endl;
}

void DocWillCallback(PdfEventParams* event, void* data) {
    switch (event->type) {
        case kEventDocWillClose:
            std::cout << "Document will be closed!" << std::endl;
            break;
        case kEventDocWillSave:
            std::cout << "Document will be saved!" << std::endl;
            break;
    }
}
```

```

}

void RegisterEvent(std::wstring doc_path) {
    // get pdfix
    Pdfix* pdfix = GetPdfix();
    if (!pdfix)
        throw std::runtime_error("Pdfix was not initialized!");
    // add events
    pdfix->RegisterEvent(kEventDocDidOpen, &DocDidOpenCallback, nullptr);
    pdfix->RegisterEvent(kEventDocWillClose, &DocWillCallback, nullptr);
    pdfix->RegisterEvent(kEventDocWillSave, &DocWillCallback, nullptr);
    // open document
    PdfDoc* doc = pdfix->OpenDoc(doc_path.c_str(), L "");
    if (!doc)
        throw std::runtime_error(pdfix->GetError());
    doc->Close();
}

```

Parameters:

<i>type</i>	The event type.
<i>proc</i>	A user-supplied callback to call when the event occurs.
<i>data</i>	A pointer to user-supplied data to pass to proc each time it is called.

Returns:

true if event was registered, false otherwise.

bool Pdfix::UnregisterEvent (PdfEventType *type*, PdfEventProc *proc*, void * *data*)

Unregisters a user-supplied procedure to call when the specified event occurs. To un-register, you must use same type, proc and data that were used when the event was registered using [Pdfix::RegisterEvent](#).

Parameters:

<i>type</i>	The registered event type.
<i>proc</i>	A registered user-supplied callback.
<i>data</i>	A pointer to registered user-supplied data.

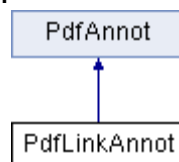
Returns:

true if event was registered, false otherwise.

PdfLinkAnnot Struct Reference

[PdfLinkAnnot](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for PdfLinkAnnot:



Public Member Functions

- int [GetNumQuads](#) ()=0
Gets the number of quads for the link.
 - void [GetQuad](#) (int index, [PdfQuad](#) *quad)=0
 - bool [AddQuad](#) ([PdfQuad](#) *quad)=0
Adds a new quad to the link annot.
 - bool [RemoveQuad](#) (int index)=0
Removes a quad with the specified index.
 - [PdfAction](#) * [GetAction](#) ()=0
Gets an link's action object.
-

Detailed Description

[PdfLinkAnnot](#) class.

A link annotation represents either a hypertext link to a destination elsewhere in the document or an action to be performed.

Member Function Documentation

bool PdfLinkAnnot::AddQuad ([PdfQuad](#) * *quad*)

Adds a new quad to the link annot.

Parameters:

<i>quad</i>	Pointer to PdfQuad to add.
-------------	----------------------------

Returns:

true if quad was added successfully, false otherwise.

See also:

[PdfLinkAnnot::GetNumQuads](#)

[PdfAction](#)* PdfLinkAnnot::GetAction ()

Gets an link's action object.

Returns:

The link's action object or nullptr if link does not have an action.

int PdfLinkAnnot::GetNumQuads ()

Gets the number of quads for the link.

Returns:

Number of quads.

See also:

[PdfLinkAnnot::GetQuad](#)

void PdfLinkAnnot::GetQuad (int *index*, [PdfQuad](#) * *quad*)

Gets the requested quad. The coordinates of the quadrilaterals are in default user space that comprise the region in which the link should be activated.

Parameters:

<i>index</i>	Index of an link quad to retrieve.
<i>quad</i>	(filled by the method) Pointer to PdfQuad structure to fill.

See also:

[PdfLinkAnnot::GetNumQuads](#)

bool PdfLinkAnnot::RemoveQuad (int *index*)

Removes a quad with the specified index.

Parameters:

<i>index</i>	The index of the quad to remove.
--------------	----------------------------------

Returns:

true if quad was removed, false otherwise.

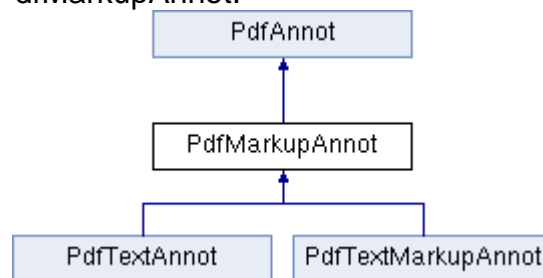
See also:

[PdfLinkAnnot::GetNumQuads](#)

PdfMarkupAnnot Struct Reference

[PdfMarkupAnnot](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for PdfMarkupAnnot:



Public Member Functions

- int [GetContents](#) (wchar_t *buffer, int len)=0
- bool [SetContents](#) (const wchar_t *buffer)=0
- int [GetAuthor](#) (wchar_t *buffer, int len)=0
Get the author of the markup annotation.
- bool [SetAuthor](#) (const wchar_t *buffer)=0
Set the author of the markup annotation.
- int [GetNumReplies](#) ()=0
Both annotations must be on the same page of the document.
- [PdfAnnot](#) * [GetReply](#) (int index)=0
Both annotations must be on the same page of the document.
- [PdfAnnot](#) * [AddReply](#) (const wchar_t *author, const wchar_t *text)=0
Adds a new reply to the markup annotation.

Detailed Description

[PdfMarkupAnnot](#) class.

Markup annotations represent a markup annotation in a pdf document.

Member Function Documentation

[PdfAnnot](#)* PdfMarkupAnnot::AddReply (const wchar_t * *author*, const wchar_t * *text*)

Adds a new reply to the markup annotation.

```
void AddCommentWithReply(std::wstring doc_path, std::wstring save_path) {
    Pdf* pdfix = GetPdfix();
    if (!pdfix)
        throw std::runtime_error("Pdfix was not initialized!");
    PdfDoc* doc = nullptr;
    doc = pdfix->OpenDoc(doc_path.c_str(), L "");
    if (!doc)
        throw std::runtime_error(pdfix->GetError());
    PdfPage* page = doc->AcquirePage(0);
    PdfRect crop_box;
    page->GetCropBox(&crop_box);
    // place annotation to the middle of the page
    PdfRect annot_rect;
    annot_rect.left = (crop_box.right + crop_box.left) / 2. - 10;
    annot_rect.bottom = (crop_box.top + crop_box.bottom) / 2. - 10;
    annot_rect.right = (crop_box.right + crop_box.left) / 2. + 10;
    annot_rect.top = (crop_box.top + crop_box.bottom) / 2. + 10;
    PdfTextAnnot* annot = page->AddTextAnnot(-1, &annot_rect);
    annot->SetAuthor(L "Peter Brown");
    annot->SetContents(L "This is my comment.");
    annot->AddReply(L "Mark Fish", L "This is some reply.");
    doc->ReleasePage(page);
    doc->Save(save_path.c_str(), kSaveFull);
    doc->Close();
}
```

Parameters:

<i>author</i>	The author of the reply.
<i>text</i>	The content of the reply to add.

Returns:

Requested [PdfAnnot](#) that is reply to the current annotation or nullptr in case of error.

See also:

[PdfMarkupAnnot::AddReply](#)

int PdfMarkupAnnot::GetAuthor (wchar_t * *buffer*, int *len*)

Get the author of the markup annotation.

Parameters:

<i>buffer</i>	(filled by method) If the buffer is null function returns required length of string.
<i>len</i>	Length of a buffer to be filled in.

Returns:

Number of characters written into buffer of required length.

See also:

[PdfMarkupAnnot::GetAuthor](#)

int PdfMarkupAnnot::GetContents (wchar_t * *buffer*, int *len*)

Get the contents of the markup annotation. It's a text to be displayed for the annotation or, if this type of annotation does not display text, an alternate description of the annotation's contents in human - readable form. In either case, this text is useful when extracting the document's contents in support of accessibility to users with disabilities or for other purposes.

Parameters:

<i>buffer</i>	(filled by method) if the buffer is null function returns required length of string.
<i>len</i>	Length of a buffer to be filled in.

Returns:

Number of characters written into buffer of required length.

See also:

[PdfMarkupAnnot::GetContents](#)

int PdfMarkupAnnot::GetNumReplies ()

Both annotations must be on the same page of the document.

Gets the requested reply. Reply is a reference to another [PdfAnnot](#) object that was created

Returns:

Number of replies.

See also:

[PdfMarkupAnnot::GetNumReplies](#)

[PdfAnnot](#)* PdfMarkupAnnot::GetReply (int *index*)

Both annotations must be on the same page of the document.

Gets the requested reply. Reply is a reference to another [PdfAnnot](#) object that was created

Returns:

Requested [PdfAnnot](#) that is reply to the current annotation.

See also:

[PdfMarkupAnnot::GetReply](#)

bool PdfMarkupAnnot::SetAuthor (const wchar_t * *buffer*)

Set the author of the markup annotation.

Parameters:

<i>buffer</i>	The content string to be set.
---------------	-------------------------------

Returns:

true if the author was set, false otherwise.

See also:

[PdfMarkupAnnot::SetAuthor](#)

bool PdfMarkupAnnot::SetContents (const wchar_t * *buffer*)

Set the contents of the markup annotation. It's a text to be displayed for the annotation or, if this type of annotation does not display text, an alternate description of the annotation's contents in human - readable form. In either case, this text is useful when extracting the document's contents in support of accessibility to users with disabilities or for other purposes.

Parameters:

<i>buffer</i>	The content string to be set.
---------------	-------------------------------

Returns:

true if the content was set, false otherwise.

See also:

[PdfMarkupAnnot::SetContents](#)

PdfPage Struct Reference

[PdfPage](#) class.

Inherited by CPdfPage.

Public Member Functions

- void [GetCropBox](#) ([PdfRect](#) *crop_box)=0
Gets the crop box for a page. The crop box is the region of the page to display and print.
- void [GetMediaBox](#) ([PdfRect](#) *media_box)=0
- PdfRotate [GetRotate](#) ()=0
Gets the rotation value for a page.
- void [GetDefaultMatrix](#) ([PdfMatrix](#) *matrix)=0
- int [GetNumber](#) ()=0
Gets the page number for the specified page.
- [PdePageMap](#) * [AcquirePageMap](#) ([PdfPageMapParams](#) *params, _callback_PdfCancelProc cancel_proc, void *cancel_data)=0
- bool [ReleasePageMap](#) ()=0
- [PdfPageView](#) * [AcquirePageView](#) (double zoom, PdfRotate rotate)=0
- bool [ReleasePageView](#) ([PdfPageView](#) *page_view)=0
- int [GetNumAnnots](#) ()=0
- [PdfAnnot](#) * [GetAnnot](#) (int index)=0
Gets the requested annotation on the page.
- bool [RemoveAnnot](#) (int index, PdfRemoveAnnotFlags flags)=0
- [PdfTextAnnot](#) * [AddTextAnnot](#) (int index, [PdfRect](#) *rect)=0
Adds a text annotation to the page.
- [PdfLinkAnnot](#) * [AddLinkAnnot](#) (int index, [PdfRect](#) *rect)=0
Adds a link annotation to the page.
- [PdfTextMarkupAnnot](#) * [AddTextMarkupAnnot](#) (int index, [PdfRect](#) *rect, PdfAnnotSubtype subtype)=0
Adds a text markup annotation to the page.
- int [GetNumAnnotsAtPoint](#) ([PdfPoint](#) *point)=0
Gets the number of annotations that reside under the given point.
- [PdfAnnot](#) * [GetAnnotAtPoint](#) ([PdfPoint](#) *point, int index)=0

Gets the requested annotation that resides under the given point.

- `int GetNumAnnotsAtRect (PdfRect *rect)=0`
- `PdfAnnot * GetAnnotAtRect (PdfRect *rect, int index)=0`

Gets the requested annotation that resides under the given rectangle.

Detailed Description

[PdfPage](#) class.

A [PdfPage](#) is a page in a document. Among other associated objects, a page contains [PdePageMap](#), that represents the page content.

Member Function Documentation

**[PdePageMap](#)* PdfPage::AcquirePageMap ([PdfPageMapParams](#) *
params, *_callback_ PdfCancelProc cancel_proc*, void * *cancel_data*)**

Generates a [PdePageMap](#) from the [PdfPage](#)'s elements. The [PdePageMap](#) is cached, so that subsequent calls on the same PDPage return the same [PdePageMap](#). The [PdePageMap](#) remains in the cache as long as page exists or ReleasePageMap was not called. Call ReleasePageMap to release pagemap resources if necessary.

Parameters:

<i>params</i>	Page map parameters that allow modify the page map algorithm.
<i>cancel_proc</i>	Callback to check for canceling operations. A CancelProc is typically passed to some method that takes a long time to complete. At frequent intervals, the method calls the CancelProc. If it returns true, then the method cancels its operation; if false, it continues.
<i>cancel_data</i>	Pointer to client data for the cancel procedure.

Returns:

[PdePageMap](#) for the current page.

See also:

[PdfPage::ReleasePageMap](#)

**[PdfPageView](#)* PdfPage::AcquirePageView (double *zoom*, PdfRotate
rotate)**

Generates a [PdfPageView](#) from the [PdfPage](#)'s elements. The [PdfPageView](#) is cached, so that subsequent calls on the same PDPage and same input parameters return the same [PdePageMap](#). The [PdePageMap](#) remains in the cache as long as page exists or ReleasePageView was not called. Call ReleasePageView to release pagemap resources if necessary.

Parameters:

<i>zoom</i>	Expected zoom of the page view.
<i>rotate</i>	Expected rotation of the page view.

Returns:

An acquired page view or null.

See also:

[PdfPage::ReleasePageView](#)

[PdfLinkAnnot](#)* PdfPage::AddLinkAnnot (int *index*, [PdfRect](#) * *rect*)

Adds a link annotation to the page.

Parameters:

<i>index</i>	Where to add the annotation in the page's annotation array.
<i>rect</i>	Pointer to a rectangle specifying the annotation's bounds, specified in user space coordinates. If it's null, use PdfLinkAnnot::AddQuad to specify the size and location of an annotation on its page.

Returns:

The newly created [PdfLinkAnnot](#).

See also:

[PdfPage::AddTextAnnot](#), [PdfLinkAnnot::AddQuad](#)

[PdfTextAnnot](#)* PdfPage::AddTextAnnot (int *index*, [PdfRect](#) * *rect*)

Adds a text annotation to the page.

```
void AddCommentWithReply(std::wstring doc_path, std::wstring save_path) {
    Pdf* pdf = GetPdf();
    if (!pdf)
        throw std::runtime_error("Pdf was not initialized!");
    PdfDoc* doc = nullptr;
    doc = pdf->OpenDoc(doc_path.c_str(), L "");
    if (!doc)
        throw std::runtime_error(pdf->GetError());
    PdfPage* page = doc->AcquirePage(0);
    PdfRect crop_box;
    page->GetCropBox(&crop_box);
    // place annotation to the middle of the page
    PdfRect annot_rect;
    annot_rect.left = (crop_box.right + crop_box.left) / 2. - 10;
    annot_rect.bottom = (crop_box.top + crop_box.bottom) / 2. - 10;
    annot_rect.right = (crop_box.right + crop_box.left) / 2. + 10;
    annot_rect.top = (crop_box.top + crop_box.bottom) / 2. + 10;
    PdfTextAnnot* annot = page->AddTextAnnot(-1, &annot_rect);
    annot->SetAuthor(L"Peter Brown");
    annot->SetContents(L"This is my comment.");
    annot->AddReply(L"Mark Fish", L"This is some reply.");
    doc->ReleasePage(page);
    doc->Save(save_path.c_str(), kSaveFull);
    doc->Close();
}
```

Parameters:

<i>index</i>	Where to add the annotation in the page's annotation array. Passing a value of -1 adds the annotation to the end of the array (this is generally what you should do unless you have a need to place the annotation at a special location in the array). Passing a value of 0 adds the
--------------	---

	annotation to the beginning of the array.
<i>rect</i>	Pointer to a rectangle specifying the annotation's bounds, specified in user space coordinates.

Returns:

The newly created [PdfTextAnnot](#).

See also:

[PdfPage::GetNumAnnots](#)

[PdfTextMarkupAnnot](#)* PdfPage::AddTextMarkupAnnot (int *index*, [PdfRect](#) * *rect*, PdfAnnotSubtype *subtype*)

Adds a text markup annotation to the page.

Parameters:

<i>subtype</i>	Define a subtype of the text markup annotation. Must be one of kAnnotHighlight, kAnnotUnderline, kAnnotSquiggly, kAnnotStrikeOut.
<i>index</i>	Where to add the annotation in the page's annotation array.
<i>rect</i>	Pointer to a rectangle specifying the annotation's bounds, specified in user space coordinates. If it's null, use PdfTextMarkupAnnot::AddQuad to specify the size and location of an annotation on its page.

Returns:

The newly created [PdfTextMarkupAnnot](#).

See also:

[PdfPage::AddTextAnnot](#), [PdfTextMarkupAnnot::AddQuad](#)

[PdfAnnot](#)* PdfPage::GetAnnot (int *index*)

Gets the requested annotation on the page.

Parameters:

<i>index</i>	The index of annotation to obtain.
--------------	------------------------------------

Returns:

Requested annotation object.

See also:

[PdfPage::GetNumAnnots](#)

[PdfAnnot](#)* PdfPage::GetAnnotAtPoint ([PdfPoint](#) * *point*, int *index*)

Gets the requested annotation that resides under the given point.

Parameters:

<i>point</i>	The point to test.
--------------	--------------------

<i>index</i>	(filled by the method) Index of annotation to obtain.
--------------	---

Returns:

Pointer to the requested annotation, nullptr in a case of error.

See also:

[PdfPage::GetAnnotAtRect](#)

[PdfAnnot](#)* PdfPage::GetAnnotAtRect ([PdfRect](#) * *rect*, int *index*)

Gets the requested annotation that resides under the given rectangle.

Parameters:

<i>rect</i>	The rectangle to test.
<i>index</i>	(filled by the method) Index of annotation to obtain.

Returns:

Pointer to the requested annotation, nullptr in a case of error.

See also:

[PdfPage::GetAnnotAtRect](#)

void PdfPage::GetCropBox ([PdfRect](#) * *crop_box*)

Gets the crop box for a page. The crop box is the region of the page to display and print.

Parameters:

<i>crop_box</i>	(filled by the method) Pointer to a rectangle specifying the page's crop box, specified in user space coordinates.
-----------------	--

void PdfPage::GetDefaultMatrix ([PdfMatrix](#) * *matrix*)

Gets the matrix that transforms user space coordinates to rotated and cropped coordinates. The origin of this space is the bottom - left of the rotated, cropped page. Y is increasing.

Parameters:

<i>matrix</i>	(filled by the method) Pointer to the default transformation matrix.
---------------	--

void PdfPage::GetMediaBox ([PdfRect](#) * *media_box*)

Gets the media box for a page. The media box is the 'natural size' of the page, for example, the dimensions of an A4 sheet of paper.

Parameters:

<i>media_box</i>	(filled by the method) Pointer to a rectangle specifying the page's media box, specified in user space coordinates.
------------------	---

int PdfPage::GetNumAnnots ()

Gets the number of annotations on a page. Annotations associated with pop-up windows (such as strikeouts) are counted as two annotations. Widget annotations(form fields) are included in the count.

Returns:

The number of annotations on a page.

See also:

[PdfPage::GetAnnot](#)

int PdfPage::GetNumAnnotsAtPoint ([PdfPoint](#) * *point*)

Gets the number of annotations that reside under the given point.

Parameters:

<i>point</i>	The point to test.
--------------	--------------------

Returns:

Number of annotations under the given point.

See also:

[PdfPage::GetAnnotAtPoint](#)

int PdfPage::GetNumAnnotsAtRect ([PdfRect](#) * *rect*)

Gets the number of annotations that reside under the given rectangle. It returns each annotation that have intersection the given rectangle.

Parameters:

<i>rect</i>	The rectangle to test.
-------------	------------------------

Returns:

Number of annotations under the given rectangle.

See also:

[PdfPage::GetAnnotAtPoint](#)

int PdfPage::GetNumber ()

Gets the page number for the specified page.

Returns:

The page within the document. The first page is 0.

PdfRotate PdfPage::GetRotate ()

Gets the rotation value for a page.

Returns:

Rotation value for the given page. Must be one of the PdfRotate values.

See also:

PdfRotate

bool PdfPage::ReleasePageMap ()

Releases the pagemap resources at the current page. NOTE: The caller can call ReleasePageMap to optimize a memory handling. Otherwise the page is responsible for freeing [PdePageMap](#) resources.

Returns:

true if succeeded, false otherwise.

See also:

[PdfPage::AcquirePageMap](#)

bool PdfPage::ReleasePageView ([PdfPageView](#) * *page_view*)

Releases the page view resources. NOTE: The caller can call ReleasePageView to optimize a memory handling. Otherwise the page is responsible for freeing PdfPageViews resources.

Parameters:

<i>page_view</i>	The page view to delete.
------------------	--------------------------

Returns:

true if succeeded, false if page view with specific params was not found.

See also:

[PdfPage::AcquirePageView](#)

bool PdfPage::RemoveAnnot (int *index*, PdfRemoveAnnotFlags *flags*)

Removes an annotation from the specified page. Annotations are stored in arrays, which are automatically compressed when an annotation is removed. For this reason, if you use a loop in which you remove annotations, structure the code so the loop processes from the highest to the lowest index.

```
void RemoveCommentsWithReply(std::wstring doc_path, std::wstring save_path) {
    Pdf* pdf = GetPdf();
    if (!pdf)
        throw std::runtime_error("Pdf was not initialized!");
    PdfDoc* doc = nullptr;
    doc = pdf->OpenDoc(doc_path.c_str(), L "");
    if (!doc)
        throw std::runtime_error(pdf->GetError());
    PdfPage* page = doc->AcquirePage(0);
    // remove from first highlight annot with it's popup and all replies
    for (auto i = 0; i < page->GetNumAnnots(); i++) {
        PdfAnnot* annot = page->GetAnnot(i);
        if (annot->GetSubtype() == kAnnotHighlight) {
            page->RemoveAnnot(i, kRemoveAnnotPopup | kRemoveAnnotReply);
            break;
        }
    }
    doc->ReleasePage(page);
    doc->Save(save_path.c_str(), kSaveFull);
    doc->Close();
}
```

Parameters:

<i>index</i>	The index of annotation to remove.
<i>flags</i>	PdfRemoveAnnotFlags to specify what other connected annotations will be removed.

Returns:

true if annotation was removed, false otherwise.

See also:

[PdfPage::GetNumAnnots](#)

PdfPageView Struct Reference

[PdfPageView](#) class.

Inherited by CPdfPageView.

Public Member Functions

- int [GetDeviceWidth](#) ()=0

Returns a width of the page view in device space coordinates.

- int [GetDeviceHeight](#) ()=0

Returns a height of the page view in device space coordinates.

- bool [DrawPage](#) ([PdfPageRenderParams](#) *params, _callback_ PdfCancelProc cancel_proc, void *cancel_data)=0

- [PdfImage](#) * [GetImage](#) ()=0

- void [RectToDevice](#) ([PdfRect](#) *rect, [PdfDevRect](#) *dev_rect)=0

- void [PointToDevice](#) ([PdfPoint](#) *point, [PdfDevPoint](#) *dev_point)=0

Transforms a point's coordinates from user space to device space.

Detailed Description

[PdfPageView](#) class.

A [PdfPageView](#) has methods to display the contents of a document page.

Member Function Documentation

bool PdfPageView::DrawPage ([PdfPageRenderParams](#) * params, _callback_ PdfCancelProc cancel_proc, void * cancel_data)

Draws the contents of a page into the page view [PdfImage](#). This method just draws a bitmap. Provides control over the rendering with respect to PdfPageRenderParams. The [PdfImage](#) remains in the cache as the page view class exists or next PdfPageViewDrawPage method is called.

```
void PdfPageView::DrawPage(std::wstring doc_path, std::wstring image_path) {
    PdfFix* pdfix = GetPdfFix();
    if (!pdfix)
        throw std::runtime_error("Pdfix was not initialized!");
    PdfDoc* doc = nullptr;
    doc = pdfix->OpenDoc(doc_path.c_str(), L "");
    if (!doc)
        throw std::runtime_error(pdfix->GetError());
    // render first page to jpg image
    PdfPage* page = doc->AcquirePage(0);
    if (!page)
        throw std::runtime_error(pdfix->GetError());
    PdfPageView* page_view = page->AcquirePageView(2, kRotate0);
    if (!page_view)
        throw std::runtime_error(pdfix->GetError());
    PdfPageRenderParams params;
    params.render_flags = kRenderAnnot | kRenderGrayscale;
    page_view->DrawPage(&params, nullptr, nullptr);
    PdfImage* image = page_view->GetImage();
    if (!image)
        throw std::runtime_error(pdfix->GetError());
    image->Save(image_path.c_str(), kImageFormatJpg);
    page->ReleasePageView(page_view); // not necessary
    page->ReleasePageMap(); // not necessary
    doc->ReleasePage(page); // not necessary
    doc->Close();
}
```

Parameters:

<i>params</i>	Rendering parameters.
<i>cancel_proc</i>	Callback to check for canceling operations. A CancelProc is typically

	passed to some method that takes a long time to complete. At frequent intervals, the method calls the CancelProc. If it returns true, then the method cancels its operation; if false, it continues.
<i>cancel_data</i>	Pointer to client data for the cancel procedure.

Returns:

true if page was rendered, false otherwise.

See also:

[PdfPageView::GetImage](#)

int PdfPageView::GetDeviceHeight ()

Returns a height of the page view in device space coordinates.

Returns:

A page view height.

See also:

[PdfPageView::GetDeviceWidth](#)

int PdfPageView::GetDeviceWidth ()

Returns a width of the page view in device space coordinates.

Returns:

A page view width.

See also:

[PdfPageView::GetDeviceHeight](#)

[PdfImage](#)* PdfPageView::GetImage ()

Gets the image data for a page view. You should never depend on these objects lasting the lifetime of the document. You should extract the information you need from the object immediately and refer to it no further in your code. NOTE: Do not destroy the returned [PdfImage](#) when done with it.

Returns:

Acquired Image data for page view. Returns null if there are no image data.

See also:

[PdfPageView::DrawPage](#)

void PdfPageView::PointToDevice ([PdfPoint](#) * *point*, [PdfDevPoint](#) * *dev_point*)

Transforms a point's coordinates from user space to device space.

Parameters:

<i>point</i>	Pointer to the point whose coordinates are transformed, specified in user space coordinates.
--------------	--

<i>dev_point</i>	(filled by the method) Pointer to a point containing the device space coordinates corresponding to point.
------------------	---

See also:

[PdfPageView::RectToDevice](#)

void PdfPageView::RectToDevice ([PdfRect](#) * *rect*, [PdfDevRect](#) * *dev_rect*)

Transforms a rectangle's coordinates from user space to device space. The resulting AVRect will be normalized, that is, left < right and top < bottom.

Parameters:

<i>rect</i>	Pointer to the rectangle whose coordinates are transformed, specified in user space coordinates.
<i>dev_rect</i>	(filled by the method) Pointer to a rectangle containing the device space coordinates corresponding to rect.

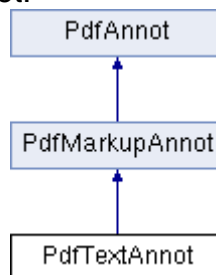
See also:

[PdfPageView::PointToDevice](#)

PdfTextAnnot Struct Reference

[PdfTextAnnot](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for PdfTextAnnot:



Additional Inherited Members

Detailed Description

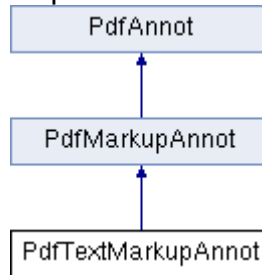
[PdfTextAnnot](#) class.

A text annotation represents a “sticky note” attached to a point in the PDF document. When closed, the annotation appears as an icon; when open, it displays a pop-up window containing the text of the note in a font and size chosen by the viewer application. Text annotations do not scale and rotate with the page.

PdfTextMarkupAnnot Struct Reference

[PdfTextMarkupAnnot](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for PdfTextMarkupAnnot:



Public Member Functions

- int [GetNumQuads](#) ()=0
Gets the number of quads for the annotation.
- void [GetQuad](#) (int index, [PdfQuad](#) *quad)=0
- bool [AddQuad](#) ([PdfQuad](#) *quad)=0
Adds a new quad to the text markup annot.
- bool [RemoveQuad](#) (int index)=0
Removes a quad with the specified index.

Detailed Description

[PdfTextMarkupAnnot](#) class.

Text markup annotations appear as highlights, underlines, strikeouts, or jagged (“squiggly”) underlines in the text of a document.

Member Function Documentation

bool PdfTextMarkupAnnot::AddQuad ([PdfQuad](#) * *quad*)

Adds a new quad to the text markup annot.

Parameters:

<i>quad</i>	Pointer to PdfQuad to add.
-------------	----------------------------

Returns:

true if quad was added successfully, false otherwise.

See also:

[PdfTextMarkupAnnot::GetNumQuads](#)

int PdfTextMarkupAnnot::GetNumQuads ()

Gets the number of quads for the annotation.

Returns:

Number of quads.

See also:

[PdfTextMarkupAnnot::GetQuad](#)

void PdfTextMarkupAnnot::GetQuad (int *index*, PdfQuad * *quad*)

Gets the requested quad. The coordinates of the quadrilaterals are in default user space that comprise the region in which the annotation should be activated.

Parameters:

<i>index</i>	Index of an annotation quad to retrieve.
<i>quad</i>	(filled by the method) Pointer to PdfQuad structure to fill.

See also:

[PdfTextMarkupAnnot::GetNumQuads](#)

bool PdfTextMarkupAnnot::RemoveQuad (int *index*)

Removes a quad with the specified index.

Parameters:

<i>index</i>	The index of the quad to remove.
--------------	----------------------------------

Returns:

true if quad was removed, false otherwise.

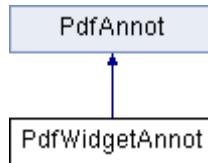
See also:

[PdfTextMarkupAnnot::GetNumQuads](#)

PdfWidgetAnnot Struct Reference

[PdfWidgetAnnot](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for PdfWidgetAnnot:



Public Member Functions

- int [GetCaption](#) (wchar_t *buffer, int len)=0
Gets an annotation's caption.
- int [GetFontName](#) (wchar_t *buffer, int len)=0
Gets an annotation's font name used for the annotation's appearance.
- [PdfAction](#) * [GetAction](#) ()=0
Gets an annotation's action object.
- [PdfAction](#) * [GetAAAction](#) (PdfActionEventType event)=0
Gets an annotation's additional action object.
- [PdfFormField](#) * [GetFormField](#) ()=0
Gets a [PdfFormField](#) object related to the annotation. Valid only for Widget annotation.

Detailed Description

[PdfWidgetAnnot](#) class.

Interactive forms use widget annotations to represent the appearance of fields and to manage user interactions.

Member Function Documentation

[PdfAction](#)* PdfWidgetAnnot::GetAAAction (PdfActionEventType event)

Gets an annotation's additional action object.

Parameters:

<i>event</i>	The event which additional action to get.
--------------	---

Returns:

The annotation's additional action object or nullptr if annotation does not have an action for specified event type.

See also:

[PdfWidgetAnnot::GetAction](#)

[PdfAction](#)* PdfWidgetAnnot::GetAction ()

Gets an annotation's action object.

Returns:

The annotation's action object or nullptr if annotation does not have an action.

See also:

[PdfWidgetAnnot::GetAAAction](#)

int PdfWidgetAnnot::GetCaption (wchar_t * *buffer*, int *len*)

Gets an annotation's caption.

Parameters:

<i>buffer</i>	(filled by method) If the buffer is null function returns required length of string.
<i>len</i>	Length of a buffer to be filled in.

Returns:

Number of characters written into buffer of required length.

int PdfWidgetAnnot::GetFontName (wchar_t * *buffer*, int *len*)

Gets an annotation's font name used for the annotation's appearance.

Parameters:

<i>buffer</i>	(filled by method) If the buffer is null function returns required length of string.
<i>len</i>	Length of a buffer to be filled in.

Returns:

Number of characters written into buffer of required length.

[PdfFormField](#)* PdfWidgetAnnot::GetFormField ()

Gets a [PdfFormField](#) object related to the annotation. Valid only for Widget annotation.

Returns:

The [PdfFormField](#) object or nullptr if no such form field field object exists.

PsRegex Struct Reference

[PsRegex](#) class.

Inherited by CPsRegex.

Public Member Functions

- void [Destroy](#) ()=0
Destroys [PsRegex](#) resources.
- bool [SetPattern](#) (const wchar_t *pattern)=0
Sets a regular expression to search for.
- bool [Search](#) (const wchar_t *text, int position)=0
Searches for a match in a string. Use positions parameter to find more patterns.
- int [GetText](#) (wchar_t *buffer, int len)=0
Gets a buffer containing the matched text if it finds a match, otherwise it returns 0.
- int [GetPosition](#) ()=0
- int [GetLength](#) ()=0
Gets a length of the matched text.

Detailed Description

[PsRegex](#) class.

A regular expression is an object that describes a pattern of characters. Regular expressions are used to perform pattern-matching functions on text. It helps to recognize a logical structure in a document. NOTE: Use Perl Regular Expression Syntax to create a new pattern.

Member Function Documentation

void PsRegex::Destroy ()

Destroys [PsRegex](#) resources.

See also:

[PsRegex::CreatePsRegex](#)

int PsRegex::GetLength ()

Gets a length of the matched text.

Returns:

Length of the matched text, otherwise it returns 0.

int PsRegex::GetPosition ()

Gets a position of the matched text from the start position defined in [PsRegex::Search](#) method. NOTE: It's not a position from text buffer beginning.

Returns:

Position of the matched text, otherwise it returns -1.

int PsRegex::GetText (wchar_t * *buffer*, int *len*)

Gets a buffer containing the matched text if it finds a match, otherwise it returns 0.

Parameters:

<i>buffer</i>	(filled by method) If the buffer is null function returns required length of the buffer.
<i>len</i>	Length of the buffer to be filled in.

Returns:

Number of characters written into the buffer of required length.

bool PsRegex::Search (const wchar_t * *text*, int *position*)

Searches for a match in a string. Use positions parameter to find more patterns.

```
void PsRegexSearch(std::wstring doc_path) {  
    Pdfix* pdfix = GetPdfix();  
    if (!pdfix)  
        throw std::runtime_error("Pdfix was not initialized!");  
    PdfDoc* doc = nullptr;  
    doc = pdfix->OpenDoc(doc_path.c_str(), L "");  
    if (!doc)
```

```

throw std::runtime_error(pdfix->GetError());

// load first page
PdfPage* page = doc->AcquirePage(0);
if (!page)
    throw std::runtime_error(pdfix->GetError());
PdfPageMapParams params;
PdePageMap* page_map = page->AcquirePageMap(&params, nullptr, nullptr);
if (!page_map)
    throw std::runtime_error(pdfix->GetError());

// initialize regex object to match credit card numbers
// credit card numbers generally come as a string of 16 - digits,
// separated into groups of 4 - digits, and separated by either a space or a hyphen
PsRegex* regex = pdfix->CreateRegex();
std::wstring card_pattern = L"\\d{4}[- ]{3}\\d{4}";
regex->SetPattern(card_pattern.c_str());

// iterate through all PdeText and search for pattern
int count = page_map->GetNumElements();
for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {
    PdeElement* elem = page_map->GetElement(i);
    if (elem->GetType() == kPdeText) {
        PdeText* text_elem = static_cast<PdeText*>(elem);
        std::wstring text;
        text.resize(text_elem->GetText(nullptr, 0));
        text_elem->GetText((wchar_t*)text.c_str(), text.size());
        int start_pos = 0;
        while (start_pos < (int)text.length()) {
            if (regex->Search(text.c_str(), start_pos)) {
                int pos = regex->GetPosition();
                int len = regex->GetLength();
                std::wstring match = text.substr(start_pos + pos, len);
                std::wcout << match << std::endl;
                start_pos += pos + 1;
            }
            else
                start_pos = text.length(); // finish
        }
    }
}

// release resources
regex->Destroy();
doc->ReleasePage(0);
doc->Close();
}

```

Parameters:

<i>text</i>	The string to be searched.
<i>position</i>	A position in the text where to start search.

Returns:

This method returns true if it finds a match, otherwise it returns false.

bool PsRegex::SetPattern (const wchar_t * *pattern*)

Sets a regular expression to search for.

```

// Uses ECMAScript regular expressions pattern syntax.
void PsRegexSetPattern(std::wstring text) {
    Pdfix* pdfix = GetPdfix();
    if (!pdfix)
        throw std::runtime_error("Pdfix was not initialized!");
}

```

```

PsRegex* regex = pdfix->CreateRegex();
std::wstring pattern[10];
// All major credit cards regex
pattern[0] = L"^?:4[0-9]{12}(?:[0-9]{3})?5[1-5][0-9]{14}|6011[0-9]{12}|622((12[6-9]]"
    "1[3-9][0-9])|([2-8][0-9][0-9])|(9((1[0-1][0-9])|(2[0-5])))|0[0-9]{10}|64[4-9][0-9]{13})"
    "65[0-9]{14}|3(?:0[0-5]|[68][0-9])[0-9]{11}|3[47][0-9]{13})*$";
// American Express Credit Card
pattern[1] = L"^3[47][0-9]{13})*$";
// MasterCard Credit Card
pattern[2] = L"^5[1-5][0-9]{14})*$";
// Visa Credit Card
pattern[3] = L"^4[0-9]{12}(?:[0-9]{3})?*$";
// Phone Numbers(North American)
pattern[4] = L"^(((0[0-9]{1})*)[-.()]*([0-9]{3})[-.()]*[0-9]{3}[-.()]*[0-9]{4})+)$";
// Social Security Numbers
pattern[5] = L"^([0-9]{3}[-.()]*[0-9]{2}[-.()]*[0-9]{4})*$";
// UK Postal Codes
pattern[6] = L"^([A-Z]{1,2}[0-9][A-Z0-9]?[0-9][ABD-HJLNP-UW-Z]{2})*$";
// URLs
pattern[7] = L"^((http|https|ftp)://)?([a-zA-Z0-9\\-\\.])+(\\.)?([a-zA-Z0-9]){2,4}"
    "([a-zA-Z0-9]+/%&_\\.~?\\-]*)$";
// Emails
pattern[8] = L"^([a-zA-Z0-9._%-]+@[a-zA-Z0-9.-]+\\.([a-zA-Z]{2,4})$";
// Passwords
pattern[9] = L"^((?=.*{6,})$)((?=.*[A-Za-z0-9])(?=.*[A-Z])(?=.*[a-z]))^.*";

for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
    regex->SetPattern(pattern[i].c_str());
    // find first occurrence of pattern
    if (regex->Search(text.c_str(), 0)) {
        int pos = regex->GetPosition();
        int len = regex->GetLength();
        std::wstring match_text;
        match_text.resize(regex->GetText(nullptr, 0));
        regex->GetText((wchar_t*)match_text.c_str(), match_text.size());
        std::wcout << match_text << std::endl;
    }
}

```

Parameters:

<i>pattern</i>	The Regular expression.
----------------	-------------------------

Returns:

true if pattern was set, false otherwise.

See also:

CPsRegex::AddPatternType, CPsRegex::Search

PsStream Struct Reference

[PsStream](#) class.

Inherited by CPsStream.

Public Member Functions

- void [Destroy](#) ()=0

Destroys [PsStream](#) resources.

- int [Write](#) (unsigned char *buffer, int size)=0
Writes data from a memory buffer into a stream, beginning at the current seek position.
 - int [GetEof](#) ()=0
Gets the current size of a stream.
 - int [Read](#) (unsigned char *buffer, int size)=0
Reads data from [PsStream](#) into memory.
 - int [GetPos](#) ()=0
 - bool [SetPos](#) (int pos)=0
-

Detailed Description

[PsStream](#) class.

A [PsStream](#) is a data stream that may be a buffer in memory, a file, or an arbitrary user-written procedure. You typically would use an [PsStream](#) to import/export data to/from/ a PDF file. [PsStream](#) methods allow you to open and close streams, and to read and write data.

Member Function Documentation

void PsStream::Destroy ()

Destroys [PsStream](#) resources.

See also:

[PsRegex::CreatePsStream](#)

int PsStream::GetEof ()

Gets the current size of a stream.

Returns:

The size of the stream.

See also:

[PsStream::Read](#)

int PsStream::GetPos ()

Gets the current seek position in a file. This is the position at which the next read or write will begin.

Returns:

The current seek position.

int PsStream::Read (unsigned char * *buffer*, int *size*)

Reads data from [PsStream](#) into memory.

Parameters:

<i>buffer</i>	(Filled by the method) A buffer into which data is written. The buffer must be able to hold at least 'size' bytes.
<i>size</i>	The number of bytes to read.

Returns:

The number of bytes actually read from the stream.

bool PsStream::SetPos (int *pos*)

Seeks to the specified position in a stream. This is the position at which the next read or write will begin.

Parameters:

<i>pos</i>	The position to seek.
------------	-----------------------

int PsStream::Write (unsigned char * *buffer*, int *size*)

Writes data from a memory buffer into a stream, beginning at the current seek position.

Parameters:

<i>buffer</i>	A buffer holding the data that is to be written. The buffer must be able to hold at least count bytes.
<i>size</i>	The number of bytes to write.

Returns:

The number of bytes actually written to the stream.

See also:

[PsStream::Destroy](#)
