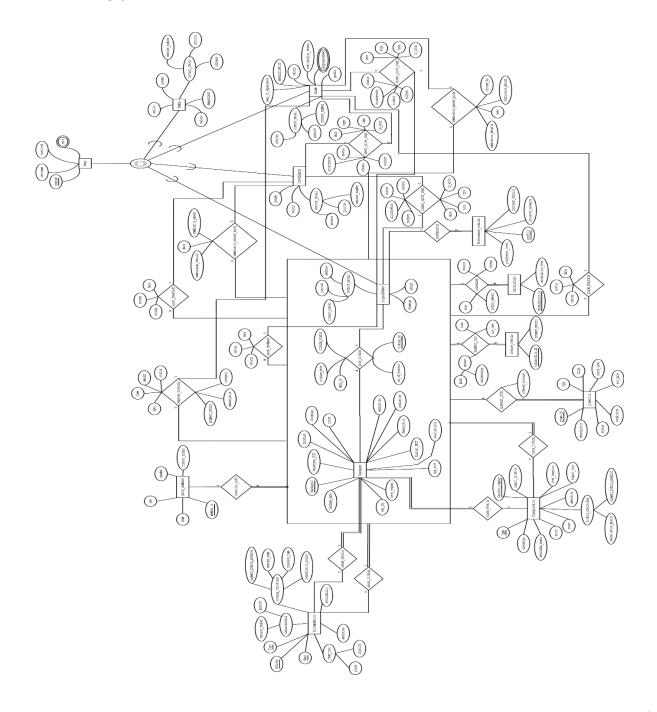
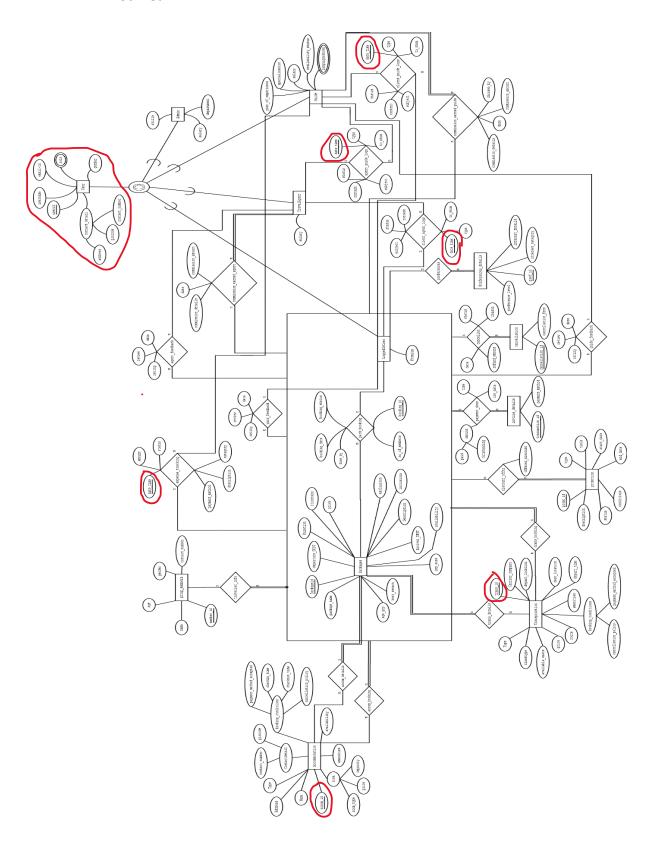
# **ERD to Relational mapping:**

Here, in this file, we are attaching old ERD as well as modified ERD as we have made some changes in the ERD like we have added common attributes of subclass to the superclass (i.e., contact\_number, pincode, address, gender), we have also added primary keys in Transportation (trans\_id) and Accommodation (accom\_id). We also have included date&time in primary key in expense tracking and communication logs. After adding date&time to the key, all the properties of a primary key are satisfied, earlier it was not. And then we converted the modified ERD to the **Relational Schema**.

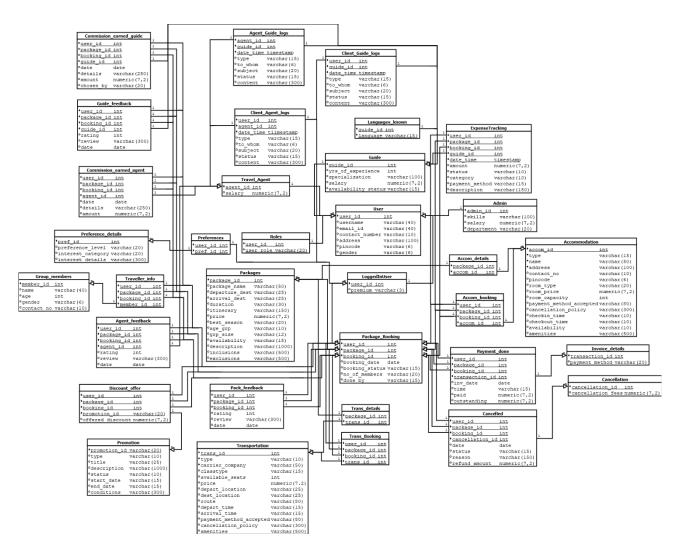
### • Old ERD:



# • Modified ERD:







# **Normalization Proofs:**

A relation R is in BCNF if for every FD  $A \rightarrow B$  that holds on relation R, A is its super-key.

### **Projected FD SET:**

### FDs of Relation User:

user\_id → user\_name

user\_id → email\_id

user\_id → contact\_number

user\_id → pincode

user\_id → address

user\_id → gender

As closure of {user\_id} determines all the attributes of this relation so it is a super-key. Hence, this relation is in BCNF.

#### FDs of Relation LoggedInUser:

```
user_id → user_name
user_id → email_id
user_id → contact_number
user_id → pincode
user_id → address
user_id → gender
user_id → premium
```

As closure of {user\_id} determines all the attributes of this relation so it is a super-key. Hence, this relation is in BCNF.

### **FDs of Relation Travel Agent:**

```
agent_id → user_name
agent_id → email_id
agent_id → contact_number
agent_id → pincode
agent_id → address
agent_id → gender
agent_id → salary
```

As closure of {agent\_id} determines all the attributes of this relation so it is a super-key. Hence, this relation is in BCNF.

#### FDs of Relation Guide:

```
guide_id → user_name
guide_id → email_id
guide_id → contact_number
guide_id → pincode
guide_id → address
guide_id → gender
guide_id → salary
guide_id → yrs_of_experience
guide_id → specialization
guide_id → availability_status
```

As closure of {guide\_id} determines all the attributes of this relation so it is a super-key. Hence, this relation is in BCNF.

#### **FDs of Relation Admin:**

```
admin_id → user_name admin_id → email_id
```

```
admin_id → contact_number
admin_id → pincode
admin_id → address
admin_id → gender
admin_id → salary
admin_id → skills
admin_id → department
```

As closure of {admin\_id} determines all the attributes of this relation so it is a super-key. Hence, this relation is in BCNF.

#### **FDs of Relation Packages:**

```
package_id → package_name
package_id → departure_dest
package_id → arrival_dest
package_id → duration
package_id → itinerary
package_id → price
package_id → best_season
package_id → age_group
package_id → grp_size
package_id → availability
package_id → description
package_id → inclusions
package_id → exclusions
```

As closure of {package\_id} determines all the attributes of this relation so it is a super-key. Hence, this relation is in BCNF.

### FDs of Relation Package\_booking:

```
(user_id, package_id, booking_id) → booking_date (user_id, package_id, booking_id) → booking_status (user_id, package_id, booking_id) → no_of_members (user_id, package_id, booking_id) → done_by
```

As closure of {user\_id, package\_id, booking\_id} determines all the attributes of this relation so it is a super-key. Hence, this relation is in BCNF.

#### FDs of Relation Accommodation:

```
accom_id → type_

accom_id → name_

accom_id → address_

accom_id → contact_number

accom_id → pincode

accom_id → room_type
```

```
accom_id → room_price
accom_id → room_capacity
accom_id → payment_method_accepted
accom_id → cancellation_policy
accom_id → checkin_time
accom_id → checkout_time
accom_id → availability_
accom_id → amenities
```

As closure of {accom\_id} determines all the attributes of this relation so it is a super-key. Hence, this relation is in BCNF.

### **FDs of Relation Transportation:**

```
trans_id → type_
trans_id → carrier_company
trans_id → classtype
trans_id → available_seats
trans_id → price
trans_id → depart_location
trans_id → dest_location
trans_id → route_
trans_id → arrival_time
trans_id → payment_method_accepted
trans_id → cancellation_policy
trans_id → amenities
```

As closure of {trans\_id} determines all the attributes of this relation so it is a super-key. Hence, this relation is in BCNF.

#### FDs of Relation Expense\_tracking:

```
(user_id, package_id, booking_id, guide_id, date_time) → amount
(user_id, package_id, booking_id, guide_id, date_time) → status
(user_id, package_id, booking_id, guide_id, date_time) → category
(user_id, package_id, booking_id, guide_id, date_time) → payment_method
(user_id, package_id, booking_id, guide_id, date_time) → description_
```

As closure of {user\_id, package\_id, booking\_id, guide\_id, date\_time } determines all the attributes of this relation so it is a super-key. Hence, this relation is in BCNF.

#### FDs of Relation Group members:

```
member_id → name_
member_id → age
member_id → gender
member_id → contact_number
```

As closure of {member\_id} determines all the attributes of this relation so it is a super-key. Hence, this relation is in BCNF.

### FDs of Relation Invoice\_details:

transaction\_id → payment\_method

As closure of {transaction\_id} determines all the attributes of this relation so it is a super-key. Hence, this relation is in BCNF.

#### FDs of Relation Payment\_done:

```
(user_id, package_id, booking_id, transaction_id) → inv_date
(user_id, package_id, booking_id, transaction_id) → time_
(user_id, package_id, booking_id, transaction_id) → paid
(user_id, package_id, booking_id, transaction_id) → outstanding
```

As closure of {user\_id, package\_id, booking\_id, transaction\_id} determines all the attributes of this relation so it is a super-key. Hence, this relation is in BCNF.

#### **FDs of Relation Cancellation:**

cancellation\_id → cancellation\_fees

As closure of {cancellation\_id} determines all the attributes of this relation so it is a super-key. Hence, this relation is in BCNF.

#### **FDs of Relation Cancelled:**

```
(user_id, package_id, booking_id, cancellation_id) → date_
(user_id, package_id, booking_id, cancellation_id) → status_
(user_id, package_id, booking_id, cancellation_id) → reason
(user_id, package_id, booking_id, cancellation_id) → refund_amount
```

As closure of {user\_id, package\_id, booking\_id, cancellation\_id} determines all the attributes of this relation so it is a super-key. Hence, this relation is in BCNF.

#### FDs of Relation Pack\_feedback:

```
(user_id, package_id, booking_id) → rating
(user_id, package_id, booking_id) → review
(user_id, package_id, booking_id) → date_
```

As closure of {user\_id, package\_id, booking\_id } determines all the attributes of this relation so it is a super-key. Hence, this relation is in BCNF.

#### FDs of Relation Agent\_feedback:

```
(user_id, package_id, booking_id, agent_id) → rating (user_id, package_id, booking_id, agent_id) → review (user_id, package_id, booking_id, agent_id) → date_
```

As closure of {user\_id, package\_id, booking\_id, agent\_id} determines all the attributes of this relation so it is a super-key. Hence, this relation is in BCNF.

### FDs of Relation Guide\_feedback:

```
(user_id, package_id, booking_id, guide_id) → rating (user_id, package_id, booking_id, guide_id) → review (user_id, package_id, booking_id, guide_id) → date_
```

As closure of {user\_id, package\_id, booking\_id, guide\_id} determines all the attributes of this relation so it is a super-key. Hence, this relation is in BCNF.

### FDs of Relation Commission\_earned\_agent:

```
(user_id, package_id, booking_id, agent_id) → date_
(user_id, package_id, booking_id, agent_id) → details
(user_id, package_id, booking_id, agent_id) → amount
```

As closure of {user\_id, package\_id, booking\_id, agent\_id} determines all the attributes of this relation so it is a super-key. Hence, this relation is in BCNF.

### FDs of Relation Commission\_earned\_guide:

```
(user_id, package_id, booking_id, guide_id) → date_
(user_id, package_id, booking_id, guide_id) → details
(user_id, package_id, booking_id, guide_id) → amount
(user_id, package_id, booking_id, guide_id) → chosen_by
```

As closure of {user\_id, package\_id, booking\_id, guide\_id} determines all the attributes of this relation so it is a super-key. Hence, this relation is in BCNF.

#### FDs of Relation Preference\_details:

```
pref_id → preference_level
pref_id → interest_category
pref_id → interest_details
```

As closure of {pref\_id} determines all the attributes of this relation so it is a super-key. Hence, this relation is in BCNF.

#### FDs of Relation Promotion:

```
promotion_id → type_

promotion_id → title

promotion_id → description_

promotion_id → status_

promotion_id → startdate

promotion_id → enddate

promotion_id → conditions
```

As closure of {promotion\_id} determines all the attributes of this relation so it is a super-key. Hence, this relation is in BCNF.

### FDs of Relation Discount\_offer:

(user\_id, package\_id, booking\_id, promotion\_id) → offered\_discount

As closure of {user\_id, package\_id, booking\_id, promotion\_id} determines all the attributes of this relation so it is a super-key. Hence, this relation is in BCNF.

### FDs of Relation Client\_agent\_logs:

```
(user_id, agent_id, date_time) → type_
(user_id, agent_id, date_time) → to_whom
(user_id, agent_id, date_time) → subject_
(user_id, agent_id, date_time) → status_
(user_id, agent_id, date_time) → content
```

As closure of {user\_id, agent\_id, date\_time} determines all the attributes of this relation so it is a super-key. Hence, this relation is in BCNF.

### FDs of Relation Client\_guide\_logs:

```
(user_id, guide_id, date_time) → type_
(user_id, guide_id, date_time) → to_whom
(user_id, guide_id, date_time) → subject_
(user_id, guide_id, date_time) → status_
(user_id, guide_id, date_time) → content
```

As closure of {user\_id, guide\_id, date\_time} determines all the attributes of this relation so it is a super-key. Hence, this relation is in BCNF.

#### FDs of Relation Agent guide logs:

```
(agent_id, guide_id, date_time) → type_

(agent_id, guide_id, date_time) → to_whom

(agent_id, guide_id, date_time) → subject_

(agent_id, guide_id, date_time) → status_

(agent_id, guide_id, date_time) → content
```

As closure of {agent\_id, guide\_id, date\_time} determines all the attributes of this relation so it is a super-key. Hence, this relation is in BCNF.

Hence, we have proved that all the tables are in BCNF and so our Relational Schema is Good having no redundancies in it.

#### Minimal FD set:

```
user id \rightarrow user name
user_id → email_id
user id → contact number
user id \rightarrow pincode
user_id → address
user id → gender
user_id (LoggedINUser) → user_name
user id (LoggedINUser) → email id
user_id (LoggedINUser) → contact_number
user_id (LoggedINUser) → pincode
user_id (LoggedINUser) → address
user_id (LoggedINUser) → gender
user_id (LoggedINUser) → premium
agent_id → user_name
agent_id → email_id
agent id → contact number
agent_id → pincode
agent id → address
agent_id → gender
agent id → salary
guide_id → user_name
guide_id → email_id
guide_id → contact_number
guide_id → pincode
guide_id → address
guide_id → gender
guide_id → salary
guide id \rightarrow yrs of experience
guide_id → specialization
guide id → availability status
admin_id → user_name
admin_id → email_id
admin_id → contact_number
admin_id → pincode
admin_id → address
admin id → gender
admin_id → salary
admin id → skills
admin_id → department
package_id → package_name
package_id → departure_dest
package id → arrival dest
package_id → duration
package_id → itinerary
package_id → price
```

```
package_id → best_season
package_id → age_group
package_id → grp_size
package id → availability
package_id → description
package id → inclusions
package_id → exclusions
(user id, package id, booking id) → booking date
(user_id, package_id, booking_id) → booking_status
(user_id, package_id, booking_id) → no_of_members
(user_id, package_id, booking_id) → done_by
accom_id → type_
accom id → name
accom_id → address_
accom_id → contact_number
accom id \rightarrow pincode
accom_id → room_type
accom id \rightarrow room price
accom_id → room_capacity
accom id → payment method accepted
accom_id → cancellation_policy
accom_id → checkin_time
accom_id → checkout_time
accom_id → availability_
accom_id → amenities
trans id \rightarrow type
trans_id → carrier_company
trans id → classtype
trans_id → available_seats
trans id \rightarrow price
trans_id → depart_location
trans_id → dest_location
trans_id → route_
trans_id → depart_time
trans_id → arrival_time
trans id → payment method accepted
trans_id → cancellation_policy
trans id -> amenities
(user_id, package_id, booking_id, guide_id, date_time) → amount
(user_id, package_id, booking_id, guide_id, date_time) → status
(user_id, package_id, booking_id, guide_id, date_time) → category
(user id, package id, booking id, guide id, date time) → payment method
(user_id, package_id, booking_id, guide_id, date_time) → description_
member_id → name_
member_id → age
```

```
member id → gender
member_id > contact_number
transaction id → payment method
(user id, package id, booking id, transaction id) \rightarrow inv date
(user_id, package_id, booking_id, transaction_id) → time_
(user id, package id, booking id, transaction id) → paid
(user_id, package_id, booking_id, transaction_id) → outstanding
cancellation id → cancellation fees
(user_id, package_id, booking_id, cancellation_id) → date_
(user_id, package_id, booking_id, cancellation_id) → status_
(user id, package id, booking id, cancellation id) \rightarrow reason
(user_id, package_id, booking_id, cancellation_id) → refund_amount
(user id, package id, booking id) → rating
(user_id, package_id, booking_id) → review
(user_id, package_id, booking_id) → date_
(user id, package id, booking id, agent id) \rightarrow rating
(user_id, package_id, booking_id, agent_id) → review
(user id, package id, booking id, agent id) → date
(user_id, package_id, booking_id, guide_id) → rating
(user id, package id, booking id, guide id) → review
(user_id, package_id, booking_id, guide_id) → date_
(user_id, package_id, booking_id, agent_id) → date_
(user_id, package_id, booking_id, agent_id) → details
(user_id, package_id, booking_id, agent_id) → amount
(user_id, package_id, booking_id, guide_id) → date_
(user id, package id, booking id, guide id) \rightarrow details
(user_id, package_id, booking_id, guide_id) → amount
(user id, package id, booking id, guide id) \rightarrow chosen by
pref_id → preference_level
pref id → interest category
pref id \rightarrow interest details
promotion_id → type_
promotion_id → title
promotion id → description
promotion_id → status_
promotion id → startdate
promotion_id → enddate
promotion id \rightarrow conditions
(user_id, package_id, booking_id, promotion_id) → offered_discount
(user id, agent id, date time) \rightarrow type
(user_id, agent_id, date_time) → to_whom
(user id, agent id, date time) → subject
(user_id, agent_id, date_time) → status_
(user_id, agent_id, date_time) → content
(user_id, guide_id, date_time) → type_
```

```
(user_id, guide_id, date_time) → to_whom
(user_id, guide_id, date_time) → subject_
(user_id, guide_id, date_time) → status_
(user_id, guide_id, date_time) → content
(agent_id, guide_id, date_time) → type_
(agent_id, guide_id, date_time) → to_whom
(agent_id, guide_id, date_time) → subject_
(agent_id, guide_id, date_time) → status_
(agent_id, guide_id, date_time) → content
```