

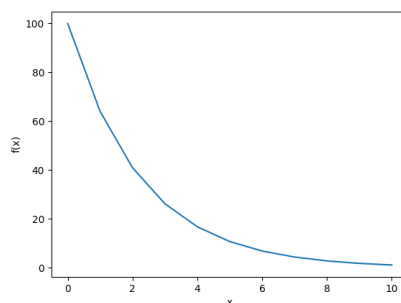
Labwork 1: Gradient Descent

Phi Doan Minh Luong - 2440046

April 30, 2025

1 Implementation

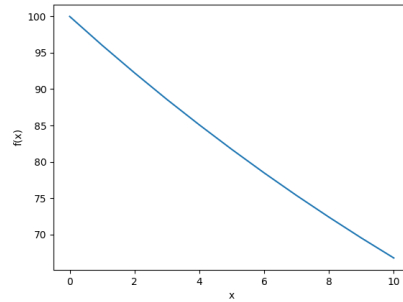
- 2 functions $f(x)$ and $f'(x)$ to find the value of $f(x)$ and $f'(x)$
- First, calculate the derivative of $f(x) = x^2$ is $f'(x) = 2x$
- Calculate the new value of x using the gradient descent formula: $x = x - L * f'(x)$. Loop that 10 times
- Print the value of x and $f(x)$ each time
- Here is the result when run 10 times, with the initial value of $x = 10$, and the learning rate $r = 0.1$



2 The effect of different learning rates

2.1 Learning rate is too small (0.01)

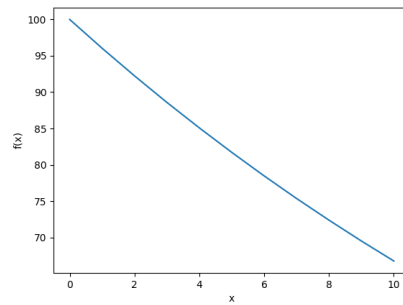
- When the learning rate is too small, it requires many updates before reaching the minimum point



- After updating 10 times, the value of $f(x)$ is still around 70

2.2 Learning rate is too large (0.99)

- When the learning rate is too large, it could cause drastic updates, which lead to divergent behaviors



- After updating 10 times, the value of $f(x)$ is still around 70 because it overshoot.