A Compositional Semantics for eval in Scheme

Listing of a Lightweight Agda Formalization

Peter D. Mosses

Delft University of Technology Delft, Netherlands Swansea University Swansea, United Kingdom P.D.Mosses@tudelft.nl

Abstract Contents

Scm is a simple sublanguage of Scheme; ScmQ adds quotations to Scm; and ScmQE adds eval expressions to ScmQ. An accompanying paper presents a denotational semantics of Scm, and the additions and changes to define the semantics of ScmQ and ScmQE.

This document provides a highlighted listing of the Agda source code of a lightweight formalization of the complete denotational semantics of ScmQE, and illustrates how soundness tests can be formulated and verified. For explanatory comments, see §6 of the accompanying paper.

AGDA generated the LTEX sources for the highlighted listing; a map from UNICODE characters to similar-looking math symbols was manually coded. The LTEX sources for the illustrative fragments presented in the body of the accompanying paper were copied from the AGDA-generated sources, but may have been edited to adjust layout and alignment.

CCS Concepts: • Theory of computation \rightarrow Denotational semantics; • Software and its engineering \rightarrow Semantics; Functional languages.

Keywords: Scheme, denotational semantics, compositional semantics, quote and eval, Lisp, formalization, Agda

Abstract		1
Contents		1
1	Abstract Syntax	2
2	Domain Equations	4
3	Semantic Functions	6
4	Auxiliary Functions	g
A	Notation	13
В	Soundness Tests	15

Modules

module ScmQE.All where

import Notation import ScmQE.Abstract-Syntax import ScmQE.Domain-Equations import ScmQE.Semantic-Functions import ScmQE.Auxiliary-Functions

1 Abstract Syntax

```
module ScmQE.Abstract-Syntax where
open import Data.Integer.Base renaming (ℤ to Int) public
open import Data.String.Base using (String) public
data
         Con
                : Set
                         -- constants, *excluding* quotations
variable K
                : Con
         Key
                : Set
                         -- keywords
data
variable X
                : Key
         Dat
                : Set
                         -- datum
data
variable △
                : Dat
        Dat*
                : Set
                         -- datum sequences
data
variable △*
                : Dat*
         Dat<sup>+</sup>: Set
data
                         -- non-empty datum sequences
variable ∆<sup>+</sup>
                : Dat+
Ide
                = String -- identifiers (variables)
variable I
                : Ide
                : Set
                         -- expressions
data
         Exp
variable E
                : Exp
         Exp^*
                : Set
                         -- expression sequences
data
variable E*
                : Exp*
data
         Body : Set
                         -- body expression or definition
variable B
                : Body
         Body^+ : Set
data
                          -- body sequences
variable B<sup>+</sup>
                : Body<sup>+</sup>
data
         Prog : Set
                         -- programs
variable \Pi
                : Prog
-- Literal constants
data Con where
                               -- basic constants
 int : Int \rightarrow Con
                               -- integer numerals
 #t : Con
                               -- true
 #f : Con
                               -- false
-- Quotations
                               -- keyword symbols
data Key where
 begin define eval if lambda quote' set! : Key
data Dat where
                               -- datum syntax
 con : Con \rightarrow Dat
                               -- constants
 ide : Ide \rightarrow Dat
                               -- symbols
 key : Key \rightarrow Dat
                               -- keywords
        : Dat \rightarrow Dat
                               -- quotation \Delta
 -- datum lists (\Delta^*)
  (\underline{\phantom{a}},\underline{\phantom{a}}): \mathsf{Dat}^+ \to \mathsf{Dat} \to \mathsf{Dat} \to \mathsf{Dat} -- \mathsf{datum} \mathsf{pairs} (\Delta^+,\Delta)
 #proc : Dat
                               -- procedures
```

```
data Dat* where
                                -- datum sequences
                               -- empty sequence
  ш : Dat*
  \_: Dat \rightarrow Dat* \rightarrow Dat* \rightarrow prefix sequence \triangle \triangle*
data Dat<sup>+</sup> where
                                -- non-empty datum sequences
  : Dat \rightarrow Dat<sup>+</sup>
                              -- single datum sequence \Delta
  : Dat^+ \rightarrow Dat \rightarrow Dat^+ -- suffix sequence \Delta^+ \Delta
_____
-- Expressions
data Exp where
                                                -- expressions
                 : Con \rightarrow Exp
                                                 -- K
  con
                                                -- I
  ide
                 : Ide \rightarrow Exp
  ( \_ \_ )
                 : \mathsf{Exp} \to \mathsf{Exp}^* \to \mathsf{Exp}
                                                -- (E E*)
  (lambda_{-}) : Ide \rightarrow Exp \rightarrow Exp
                                                -- (lambda I E)
  (|if_{\bot,\bot,\bot}|) : Exp \rightarrow Exp \rightarrow Exp \rightarrow Exp \rightarrow (if E E<sub>1</sub> E<sub>2</sub>)
                : Ide \rightarrow Exp \rightarrow Exp
                                              -- (set! I E)
  (|set!__|)
  (quote_) : Dat \rightarrow Exp
                                                -- (quote \Delta)
  (eval_)
                 : Exp \rightarrow Exp
                                                -- (eval E)
  : Exp
                                                -- illegal
data Exp* where
                                                 -- expression sequences
                 : Exp*
                                                -- empty sequence
                 : \mathsf{Exp} \to \mathsf{Exp}^* \to \mathsf{Exp}^*
                                                -- prefix sequence E E*
-- Definitions and Programs
data Body where
                                                -- side-effect expression E
                 : Exp \rightarrow Body
                                                -- definition (define I E)
  (|define_{\bot}|) : Ide \rightarrow Exp \rightarrow Body
              : Body^+ \rightarrow Body
                                                -- block (begin B<sup>+</sup>)
  (begin_)
data Body<sup>+</sup> where
                                                 -- body sequence
                 : Body \rightarrow Body^+
                                                 -- single body sequence B
                 : Body \rightarrow Body<sup>+</sup> \rightarrow Body<sup>+</sup> -- prefix body sequence B B<sup>+</sup>
data Prog where
                                                 -- programs
                 : Prog
                                                 -- empty program
                 : Body^+ \rightarrow Prog
                                                -- non-empty program B<sup>+</sup>
infix 30 ___
infixr 20 ____
```

2 Domain Equations

```
module ScmQE.Domain-Equations where
open import Notation
open import ScmQE.Abstract-Syntax using (Ide; Key; Dat; Int)
-- Domain declarations
postulate L : Domain -- locations
variable \alpha: L
            : Domain -- natural numbers
Т
            : Domain -- booleans
            : Domain -- numbers
R
            : Domain -- pairs
M
            : Domain -- miscellaneous
            : Domain -- procedure values
            : Domain -- symbols
Q
            : Domain -- keyword values
postulate E : Domain -- expressed values
variable \epsilon: E
S
            : Domain -- stores
variable \sigma : S
        : Domain -- environments
variable \rho: U
            : Domain -- command continuations
variable \theta: C
postulate A: Domain -- answers
            = E *
variable \epsilon^*: \mathbf{E}^*
-- Domain equations
data Misc : Set where null unallocated undefined unspecified : Misc
N = Nat \perp
T = Bool \perp
\mathbf{R} = \mathbf{Int} + \bot
P = L \times L
M = Misc + \bot
F = E^* \rightarrow (E \rightarrow C) \rightarrow C
\mathbf{Q} = \mathsf{Ide} + \perp
X = Key + \bot
-- E = T + R + P + M + F + Q + X
S = L \rightarrow E
U = Ide \rightarrow L
C = S \rightarrow A
```

-- Injections, tests, and projections

postulate

T-in-E: T → E

_∈-T: E → Bool +
$$\bot$$
_|-T: E → T

_R-in-E: R → E

_∈-R: E → Bool + \bot
_|-R: E → R

_P-in-E: P → E

_∈-P: E → Bool + \bot
_|-P: E → P

_M-in-E: M → E

_∈-M: E → Bool + \bot
_|-M: E → M

_F-in-E: F → E

_∈-F: E → Bool + \bot
_|-F: E → F

_Q-in-E: Q → E

_∈-Q: E → Bool + \bot
_|-Q: E → Q

_X-in-E: X → E

_∈-X: E → Bool + \bot
_|-X: E → X

-- Operations on flat domains

postulate

$$= =^{L} : L \to L \to T$$

$$= =^{M} : M \to M \to T$$

$$= =^{T} : T \to T \to T$$

3 Semantic Functions

```
module ScmQE.Semantic-Functions where
open import Notation
open import ScmQE.Abstract-Syntax
open import ScmQE.Domain-Equations
open import ScmQE.Auxiliary-Functions
\mathcal{K} \mathbb{I} : Con \rightarrow E
\mathcal{D}[\![]\!] : \mathsf{Dat} \to (\mathsf{E} \to \mathsf{C}) \to \mathsf{C}
\mathcal{D}^* \llbracket \_ \rrbracket : \mathsf{Dat}^* \to (\mathsf{E} \to \mathsf{C}) \to \mathsf{C}
\mathcal{D}^+ \llbracket \_ \rrbracket : \mathsf{Dat}^+ \to \mathsf{E} \to (\mathsf{E} \to \mathsf{C}) \to \mathsf{C}
\mathcal{E}[\![]\!] : \mathsf{Exp} \to \mathsf{U} \to (\mathsf{E} \to \mathsf{C}) \to \mathsf{C}
\mathcal{E}^*[\![\_]\!] : \mathsf{Exp}^* \to \mathsf{U} \to (\mathsf{E}^* \to \mathsf{C}) \to \mathsf{C}
\mathcal{F}_{-}[\![\ ]\!]: (\mathsf{Exp} \to \mathsf{U} \to (\mathsf{E} \to \mathsf{C}) \to \mathsf{C}) \to \mathsf{Exp} \to \mathsf{U} \to (\mathsf{E} \to \mathsf{C}) \to \mathsf{C}
\mathcal{F}^* \llbracket \rrbracket : (\mathsf{Exp} \to \mathsf{U} \to (\mathsf{E} \to \mathsf{C}) \to \mathsf{C}) \to \mathsf{Exp}^* \to \mathsf{U} \to (\mathsf{E}^* \to \mathsf{C}) \to \mathsf{C}
\mathcal{B} \mathbb{I} : Body \to U \to (U \to C) \to C
\mathcal{B}^+ \llbracket \_ \rrbracket : \mathsf{Body}^+ \to \mathsf{U} \to (\mathsf{U} \to \mathsf{C}) \to \mathsf{C}
\mathcal{P}[\![\]]: \operatorname{Prog} \to \mathbf{A}
-- Constant denotations \mathcal{K} \llbracket K \rrbracket : E
\mathcal{K}[\![ int Z]\!] = \eta Z \mathbf{R}-in-\mathbf{E}
\mathcal{K} #t = \eta true T-in-E
\mathcal{K} #f = \eta false T-in-E
-- Datum denotations \mathcal{D}\llbracket \ \Delta \ \rrbracket : (\mathbf{E} \to \mathbf{C}) \to \mathbf{C}
\mathcal{D}[\![\![ \operatorname{\mathsf{con}} K ]\!]\!] \kappa
                                             = \kappa(\mathcal{K} \llbracket K \rrbracket)
\mathcal{D} ide I \mid \kappa
                                            = \kappa(\eta I \mathbf{Q} - i\mathbf{n} - \mathbf{E})
                                            = \kappa(\eta X X - in - E)
\mathcal{D}[\![ \text{key } X ]\!] \kappa
\mathcal{D}[\![ \ '\ \Delta\ ]\!] \kappa
                                             = \mathcal{D} \llbracket \Delta \rrbracket \kappa
\mathcal{D}[\![ (\![ \Delta^* ]\!] ]\!] \kappa = \mathcal{D}^*[\![ \Delta^* ]\!] \kappa
\mathcal{D}[\![\![ (\![\!]\!]\!]\!] \Delta^+ \cdot \Delta [\![\!]\!]\!] \kappa = \mathcal{D}[\![\![\!]\!]\!] \Delta [\![\!]\!] (\lambda \, \epsilon \longrightarrow \mathcal{D}^+[\![\![\!]\!]\!]\!] \Delta^+ [\![\!]\!]\!] \epsilon \, \kappa)
\mathcal{D} #proc \kappa
                                            = _
-- Datum sequence denotations \mathcal{D}^* \llbracket \Delta^* \rrbracket : (\mathbf{E} \to \mathbf{C}) \to \mathbf{C}
\mathcal{D}^* \llbracket \coprod \rrbracket \kappa = \kappa (\eta \text{ null } M \text{-in-E})
\mathcal{D}^* \llbracket \Delta_1 \sqcup \Delta^* \rrbracket \kappa =
     \mathcal{D}[\![ \Delta_1 ]\!] (\lambda \epsilon_1 \rightarrow
          \mathcal{D}^* \llbracket \Delta^* \rrbracket (\lambda \epsilon \rightarrow
               cons \langle \epsilon_1, \epsilon \rangle \kappa)
-- Datum prefix sequence denotations \mathcal{D}^+ \llbracket \ \Delta^+ \ \rrbracket : \mathbf{E} \to (\mathbf{E} \to \mathbf{C}) \to \mathbf{C}
\mathcal{D}^+ \llbracket \, \underline{\,} \, \Delta_1 \, \rrbracket \, \epsilon \, \kappa =
     \mathcal{D}[\![ \Delta_1 ]\!] (\lambda \epsilon_1 \rightarrow
          cons \langle \epsilon_1, \epsilon \rangle \kappa)
\mathcal{D}^+ \llbracket \Delta^+ \dots \Delta_1 \rrbracket \epsilon \kappa =
     \mathcal{D}[\![ \Delta_1 ]\!] (\lambda \epsilon_1 \rightarrow
          cons \langle \epsilon_1, \epsilon \rangle (\lambda \epsilon' \rightarrow
          \mathcal{D}^{+} \llbracket \Delta^{+} \rrbracket \epsilon' \kappa)
```

```
-- Fixed expression denotations \mathcal{E}\llbracket \ \mathsf{E} \ \rrbracket : \ \mathsf{U} \to \ (\mathsf{E} \to \ \mathsf{C}) \to \ \mathsf{C}
\mathcal{E}[\![E]\!] = \mathcal{F}(\operatorname{fix} \mathcal{F}_{-}[\![]\!])[\![E]\!]
-- Fixed expression sequence denotations \mathcal{E}^* \llbracket \_ \rrbracket : Exp^* \to \mathsf{U} \to (\mathsf{E}^* \to \mathsf{C}) \to \mathsf{C}
\mathcal{E}^* \llbracket E^* \rrbracket = \mathcal{F}^* \text{ (fix } \mathcal{F}_{\_} \llbracket \_ \rrbracket \text{) } \llbracket E^* \rrbracket
-- Expression denotations \mathcal{F} \mathcal{E}' \llbracket E \rrbracket : \mathbf{U} \to (\mathbf{E} \to \mathbf{C}) \to \mathbf{C}
\mathcal{F} \mathcal{E}' \parallel \operatorname{con} K \parallel \rho \kappa = \kappa (\mathcal{K} \parallel K \parallel)
\mathcal{F} \mathcal{E}' \parallel ide I \parallel \rho \kappa = hold (\rho I) \kappa
\mathcal{F} \mathcal{E}' \ \llbracket \ ( \mid E \cup E^* \mid ) \ \rrbracket \ \rho \ \kappa =
       \mathcal{F} \mathcal{E}' \llbracket E \rrbracket \rho (\lambda \epsilon \rightarrow
               \mathcal{F}^* \mathcal{E}' \llbracket E^* \rrbracket \rho (\lambda \epsilon^* \to
                    (\epsilon \mid -\mathbf{F}) \epsilon^* \kappa)
\mathcal{F} \mathcal{E}' \parallel (| lambda I \mid E | ) \parallel \rho \kappa =
       \kappa ( (\lambda \epsilon^* \kappa' \rightarrow
                        list \epsilon^* (\lambda \epsilon \rightarrow
                              alloc \epsilon (\lambda \alpha \rightarrow
                                    \mathcal{F} \mathcal{E}' \llbracket E \rrbracket (\rho \llbracket \alpha / I \rrbracket) \kappa'))
                 ) F-in-E)
\mathcal{F} \mathcal{E}' \ [\![ (\text{if } E_{\perp} E_{1 \perp} E_{2 \perp}) ]\!] \ \rho \kappa =
       \mathcal{F} \mathcal{E}' \parallel E \parallel \rho \ (\lambda \epsilon \rightarrow
              truish \epsilon \longrightarrow \mathcal{F} \mathcal{E}' \llbracket E_1 \rrbracket \rho \kappa, \mathcal{F} \mathcal{E}' \llbracket E_2 \rrbracket \rho \kappa)
\mathcal{F} \mathcal{E}' \ [\![ \ (|set! \ I \ \_E \ )\!] \ ]\!] \rho \kappa =
       \mathcal{F} \mathcal{E}' \llbracket E \rrbracket \rho (\lambda \epsilon \rightarrow
               assign (\rho I) \epsilon (
                     \kappa (\eta unspecified M-in-E)))
\mathcal{F} \mathcal{E}' \ [\![ (\mathbf{quote} \ \Delta \ )\!] \ ]\!] \rho \kappa = \mathcal{D} [\![ \ \Delta \ ]\!] \kappa
\mathcal{F} \mathcal{E}' \ [\![ (\text{eval } E)) \ ]\!] \rho \kappa =
       \mathcal{F} \mathcal{E}' \parallel E \parallel \rho \ (\lambda \epsilon \rightarrow
               datum \epsilon (\lambda \Delta \rightarrow \mathcal{E}' (exp[ \Delta ]) nullenv \kappa))
\mathcal{F} \mathcal{E}' \ \llbracket \ ( \Box ) \ \rrbracket \ \rho \ \kappa = \bot
-- Expression sequence denotations \mathcal{F}^* \mathcal{E}' \llbracket \mathsf{E}^* \rrbracket : \mathsf{U} 	o (\mathsf{E}^* 	o \mathsf{C}) 	o \mathsf{C}
\mathcal{F}^* \mathcal{E}' \llbracket \dots \rrbracket \rho \kappa = \kappa \langle \rangle
\mathcal{F}^* \mathcal{E}' \llbracket E \_ E^* \rrbracket \rho \kappa =
       \mathcal{F} \mathcal{E}' \llbracket E \rrbracket \rho (\lambda \epsilon \rightarrow
               \mathcal{F}^* \mathcal{E}' \llbracket E^* \rrbracket \rho (\lambda \epsilon^* \rightarrow
                     \kappa (\langle \epsilon \rangle \S \epsilon^*)))
```

```
-- Body denotations \mathcal{B}[\![B]\!]: \mathbf{U} \to (\mathbf{U} \to \mathbf{C}) \to \mathbf{C} \mathcal{B}[\![L]\!] \rho \kappa = \mathcal{E}[\![E]\!] \rho (\lambda \epsilon \to \kappa \rho) \mathcal{B}[\![define\ I_L]\!] \rho \kappa = \mathcal{E}[\![E]\!] \rho (\lambda \epsilon \to (\rho\ I ==^L \text{unknown}) \to \text{alloc } \epsilon (\lambda \alpha \to \kappa (\rho\ [\alpha\ I]\!])), assign (\rho\ I) \epsilon (\kappa \rho)) \mathcal{B}[\![degin\ B^+]\!] \rho \kappa = \mathcal{B}^+[\![B^+]\!] \rho \kappa -- Body sequence denotations \mathcal{B}^+[\![B^+]\!] \rho \kappa -- Body sequence denotations \mathcal{B}^+[\![B^+]\!] \rho \kappa = \mathcal{B}[\![B]\!] \rho \kappa \mathcal{B}^+[\![B_L]\!] \rho \kappa = \mathcal{B}[\![B]\!] \rho \kappa \mathcal{B}^+[\![B_L]\!] \rho \kappa = \mathcal{B}[\![B]\!] \rho (\lambda \rho' \to \mathcal{B}^+[\![B^+]\!] \rho' \kappa) -- Program denotations \mathcal{P}[\![\Pi]\!] : \mathbf{A} \mathcal{P}[\![L]\!] = \text{finished initial-store} \mathcal{P}[\![L]\!] = \text{finished initial-store}
```

4 Auxiliary Functions

```
module ScmQE.Auxiliary-Functions where
open import Notation
open import ScmQE.Abstract-Syntax
open import ScmQE.Domain-Equations
-- Environments \rho : \mathbf{U} = \mathrm{Ide} \rightarrow \mathbf{L}
postulate \_==\_: Ide \rightarrow Ide \rightarrow Bool
\_[\_/\_]: U \to L \to \mathsf{Ide} \to U
\rho \left[ \alpha / I \right] = \lambda I' \longrightarrow \eta \left( I == I' \right) \longrightarrow \alpha, \rho I'
postulate unknown: L
-- \rho I = unknown represents the lack of a binding for I in \rho
postulate nullenv: U
-- nullenv shoud include various procedures and values
-- Stores \sigma : S = L \rightarrow E
[\_/\_]': S \to E \to L \to S
\sigma \left[ \epsilon / \alpha \right]' = \lambda \alpha' \rightarrow (\alpha ==^{L} \alpha') \longrightarrow \epsilon, \sigma \alpha'
assign : L \rightarrow E \rightarrow C \rightarrow C
assign = \lambda \alpha \epsilon \theta \sigma \rightarrow \theta (\sigma [\epsilon / \alpha]')
\mathsf{hold}: \mathbf{L} \to (\mathbf{E} \to \mathbf{C}) \to \mathbf{C}
hold = \lambda \alpha \kappa \sigma \rightarrow \kappa (\sigma \alpha) \sigma
postulate new : (L \rightarrow C) \rightarrow C
-- new \kappa \sigma = \kappa \alpha \sigma' where \sigma \alpha = unallocated, \sigma' \alpha \neq unallocated
alloc : \mathbf{E} \to (\mathbf{L} \to \mathbf{C}) \to \mathbf{C}
alloc = \lambda \in \kappa \rightarrow \text{new} (\lambda \alpha \rightarrow \text{assign } \alpha \in (\kappa \alpha))
-- should be \bot when \epsilon |-M == unallocated
initial-store : S
initial-store = \lambda \alpha \rightarrow \eta unallocated M-in-E
postulate finished : C
-- normal termination with answer depending on final store
truish : \mathbf{E} \to \mathbf{T}
truish =
   \lambda \in \longrightarrow (\epsilon \in T) \longrightarrow
        (((\epsilon \mid -\mathbf{T}) ==^T \eta \text{ false}) \longrightarrow \eta \text{ false }, \eta \text{ true}),
      \eta true
```

```
-- Lists
cons: \mathbf{F}
cons =
    \lambda \epsilon^* \kappa \rightarrow
             (\# \epsilon^* == \perp 2) \longrightarrow \text{alloc } (\epsilon^* \downarrow 1) (\lambda \alpha_1 \rightarrow
                                                            alloc (\epsilon^* \downarrow 2) (\lambda \alpha_2 \rightarrow
                                                                 \kappa ((\alpha_1, \alpha_2) \text{ P-in-E}))),
         \perp
list : F
list = fix \lambda list' \rightarrow
    \lambda \epsilon^* \kappa \rightarrow
         (\# \epsilon^* == \perp 0) \longrightarrow \kappa (\eta \text{ null } M\text{-in-E}),
              list' (\epsilon^* \dagger 1) (\lambda \epsilon \rightarrow \cos \langle (\epsilon^* \downarrow 1), \epsilon \rangle \kappa)
car: F
car =
    \lambda \in \kappa \to (\# \in \pi = \bot 1) \longrightarrow \text{hold} ((\in \pi \downarrow 1) | -P \downarrow 1) \kappa, \bot
cdr =
    \lambda \ \epsilon^* \ \kappa \rightarrow (\# \ \epsilon^* == \perp \ 1) \longrightarrow \mathsf{hold} \ ((\epsilon^* \downarrow 1) \mid -\mathbf{P} \downarrow 2) \ \kappa \ , \ \bot
setcar: \mathbf{F}
setcar =
    \lambda \epsilon^* \kappa \rightarrow
             (\# \epsilon^* == \perp 2) \longrightarrow assign ((\epsilon^* \downarrow 1) \mid -\mathbf{P} \downarrow 1)
                                                                        (\epsilon^* \downarrow 2)
                                                                        (\kappa (\eta unspecified M-in-E)),
         \perp
setcdr: \mathbf{F}
setcdr =
    \lambda \epsilon^* \kappa \rightarrow
             (\# \epsilon^* == \perp 2) \longrightarrow assign ((\epsilon^* \downarrow 1) \mid -\mathbf{P} \downarrow 2)
                                                                        (\kappa (\eta unspecified M-in-E)),
         \perp
```

```
-- datum prefix pre\llbracket \ \Delta \ \rrbracket : Dat
pre[\![\_]\!] : Dat \rightarrow Dat
\mathsf{pre} \llbracket \ ( \mid \  \, \underline{\ } \  \, \underline{\ } \  \, \cdot \ ( \mid \Delta^* \mid ) \ ) \ \rrbracket = \llbracket \ ( \mid \Delta \ \underline{\ } \  \, \Delta^* \mid ) \ \rrbracket
-- otherwise:
pre \llbracket \Delta \rrbracket = \llbracket \Delta \rrbracket
-- datum \epsilon \kappa applies \kappa to the datum represented by the value \epsilon
\mathsf{datum}: E \to (\mathsf{Dat} \to C) \to C
datum = fix \lambda \ datum' \rightarrow
    \lambda \in \kappa \rightarrow
         (\epsilon \in T) \longrightarrow
              ((\epsilon \mid -T) \longrightarrow \kappa \text{ } [\![ \text{ con #t } ]\!] , \kappa \text{ } [\![ \text{ con #f } ]\!]),
         (\epsilon \in R) \longrightarrow
              ((\lambda Z \rightarrow \kappa \llbracket \text{con (int } Z) \rrbracket) SHARP) (\epsilon \mid -\mathbf{R}),
         (\epsilon \in P) \longrightarrow
              \operatorname{car} \langle \epsilon \rangle (\lambda \epsilon_1 \to \operatorname{cdr} \langle \epsilon \rangle (\lambda \epsilon_2 \to
                    datum' \ \epsilon_1 \ (\lambda \ \Delta_1 \rightarrow datum' \ \epsilon_2 \ (\lambda \ \Delta_2 \rightarrow
                         \kappa \operatorname{pre} \llbracket \left( \mid \underline{\square} \Delta_1 \cdot \Delta_2 \mid \rangle \right] \right) ) ) ) ,
         (\epsilon \in -M) \longrightarrow
              (((\epsilon \mid -\mathbf{M}) ==^{M} \eta \text{ null}) \longrightarrow \kappa [ (( \sqcup \square ) ], \bot),
         (\epsilon \in F) \longrightarrow
               \kappa [ #proc ] ,
         (\epsilon \in -\mathbf{Q}) \longrightarrow
              ((\lambda I \rightarrow \kappa \parallel \text{ide } I \parallel) SHARP) (\epsilon \mid -\mathbf{Q}),
          (\epsilon \in X) \longrightarrow
              ((\lambda X \to \kappa \llbracket \text{key } X \rrbracket) SHARP) (\epsilon \mid -\mathbf{X}),
```

```
-- mapping datum terms to expressions
\exp[]: Dat \rightarrow Exp
\exp^*[\![\_]\!]: \mathsf{Dat}^* \to \mathsf{Exp}^*
-- datum expressions \exp[\![ \Delta \ ]\!] : Exp
\exp[\![\operatorname{con} K]\!] = [\![\operatorname{con} K]\!]
\exp[ide I] = [ide I]
\exp[ ' \Delta ] = [ (quote \Delta ) ]
\exp[(| \text{key quote'} \triangle \triangle \triangle |)] = [(| \text{quote } \triangle |)]
\exp[(key lambda _i ide I _i \Delta _i _i)] =
    [\![ ( | lambda I_{\square} exp [\![ \Delta ]\!] ) ]\!]
\exp[(key if _{\perp L} \Delta_{\perp L} \Delta_{1} _{\perp L} \Delta_{2} _{\perp L} _{\perp L})] =
             \exp[(|\ker \operatorname{set}! \sqcup \operatorname{ide} I \sqcup \Delta \sqcup \sqcup)] =
    [\![ (set! I_{\square} exp[\![ \Delta ]\!] ) ]\!]
\exp[(ide I_{\perp} \Delta^*)] =
    \llbracket \left( \mid \text{ide } I_{\square} \exp^* \left[ \mid \Delta^* \mid \right] \right) \right]
\exp[ \_] = [ (]]
-- datum sequence expressions \exp^* \llbracket \ \Delta^* \ : \ \mathsf{Exp}^*
\exp^*[\![\ \underline{\ }\ ]\!] = [\![\ \underline{\ }\ ]\!]
\exp^* \left[\!\left[ \Delta \, \Delta^* \, \right]\!\right] = \left[\!\left[ \exp \left[\!\left[ \Delta \, \right]\!\right] \, \Delta \, \exp^* \left[\!\left[ \Delta^* \, \right]\!\right] \, \right]
```

A Notation

```
module Notation where
open import Data.Bool.Base
                                using (Bool; false; true) public
open import Data.Nat.Base
                                renaming (N to Nat) using (suc) public
open import Data.String.Base
                                using (String) public
open import Data.Unit.Base
                                using (T)
open import Function
                                using (id; _o_) public
Domain = Set -- unsound!
variable
 ABC
          : Set
 DEF
          : Domain
          : Nat
-- Domains
postulate
 \perp : D
                 -- bottom element
 fix:(D \to D) \to D -- fixed point of endofunction
-- Flat domains
postulate
 _+⊥
          : Set \rightarrow Domain -- lifted set
                                -- inclusion
          : A \rightarrow A + \perp
 \_SHARP: (A \rightarrow D) \rightarrow (A + \bot \rightarrow D) -- Kleisli extension
Bool⊥
          = Bool +⊥
                                 -- truth value domain
Nat⊥
          = Nat +⊥
                                   -- natural number domain
String⊥
         = String +⊥
                                   -- meta-string domain
postulate
 \_==\bot\_ : Nat\bot \to Nat \to Bool\bot -- strict numerical equality
 \_ : Bool\bot \to D \to D \to D -- McCarthy conditional
-- Sum domains
postulate
          : Domain → Domain → Domain -- separated sum
 _+_
          : D \to D + E
                                              -- injection
 inj_1
          : E \to D + E
                                              -- injection
 inj_2
          : (D \to F) \to (E \to F) \to (D + E \to F) -- case analysis
-- Product domains
postulate
 _×_: Domain → Domain → Cartesian product
 _,\_: D \to E \to D \times E
                                -- pairing
 \_\downarrow 1: D \times E \longrightarrow D
                                      -- projection
 \downarrow 2: D \times E \rightarrow E
                                      -- projection
```

```
-- Tuple domains
^{\ }_: Domain \rightarrow Nat \rightarrow Domain -- D ^{\ } n
                                                 n-tuples
D^{\wedge}0
           = T
D ^ 1
                = D
D^{\wedge} suc (suc n) = D \times (D^{\wedge} suc n)
_____
-- Finite sequence domains
postulate
            : Domain → Domain -- D * domain of finite sequences
  \langle \rangle
                    -- empty sequence
           : (D \ ^ \text{suc } n) \to D \ ^* \quad \text{--} \ \langle \ \mathsf{d}_1 \ , \ \ldots \ , \ \mathsf{d}_{n+1} \ \rangle \ \text{non-empty sequence}
           : D^* \to \mathsf{Nat} \bot \qquad -- \# \mathsf{d}^*
                                                                sequence length
           : D^* \to D^* \to D^* -- d^* \S d^*
                                                                  concatenation
  _§_
           : D^* \to \mathsf{Nat} \to D -- d^* \downarrow \mathsf{n}
  ______
                                                                nth component
           : D^* \to \mathsf{Nat} \to D^* \quad -- \, \mathsf{d}^* \, \dagger \, \mathsf{n}
                                                                  nth tail
-- Grouping precedence
infixr 1 _+_
infixr 2 _×_
infixr 4 _,_
infix 8 _^_
infixr 20 \longrightarrow_,_
___ = id
```

B Soundness Tests

```
{-# OPTIONS --rewriting --confluence-check #-}
open import Agda.Builtin.Equality
open import Agda.Builtin.Equality.Rewrite
module ScmQE.Soundness-Tests where
open import Notation
open import ScmQE.Abstract-Syntax
open import ScmQE.Domain-Equations
open import ScmQE.Auxiliary-Functions
open import ScmQE.Semantic-Functions
open import Relation.Binary.PropositionalEquality.Core
  using (= ; refl; cong-app)
postulate
  fix-fix:(f:D \to D) \to fix f \equiv f (fix f)
fix-app : (f : (A \rightarrow D) \rightarrow (A \rightarrow D)) (a : A) \rightarrow
              fix f a \equiv f (fix f) a
fix-app f = cong-app (fix-fix f)
{-# REWRITE fix-app #-}
test-1 : \forall \{K \rho \kappa\} \rightarrow
  \mathcal{E}[\![\![ \mathsf{con} \ K \ ]\!]\!] \rho \kappa \equiv \kappa \left( \mathcal{K}[\![\![ \ K \ ]\!]\!] \right)
test-1 = refl
test-2 : \forall \{\rho \ \kappa\} \rightarrow
  \mathcal{E}[\![ (\text{eval con } \#t ) ]\!] \rho \kappa \equiv
     datum (\eta true T-in-E) (\lambda \triangle \rightarrow (\text{fix } \mathcal{F}_{\parallel}) \exp \Delta  nullenv \kappa)
test-2 = refl
```

```
a b c d e : Dat
a = ide "a"
b = ide "b"
c = ide "c"
d = ide "d"
e = ide "e"
-- R7RS §6.4
-- (a b c d e) and (a . (b . (c . (d . (e . ()))))) are equivalent
test-proper-list:
    \mathcal{D}[\![\![ (| a \mathrel{\underline{\,}} \mathsf{b} \mathrel{\underline{\,}} \mathsf{c} \mathrel{\underline{\,}} \mathsf{d} \mathrel{\underline{\,}} \mathsf{e} \mathrel{\underline{\,}} \mathsf{\underline{\,}} \mathsf{u} \mathrel{\underline{\,}} \mathsf{e})]\!] \equiv
    \mathcal{D} \llbracket \; ( \mid \, \underline{\ } \, \, \mathbf{a} \cdot ( \mid \, \underline{\ } \, \, \mathbf{b} \cdot ( \mid \, \underline{\ } \, \, \mathbf{c} \cdot ( \mid \, \underline{\ } \, \, \mathbf{d} \cdot ( \mid \, \underline{\ } \, \, \mathbf{e} \cdot ( \mid \, \underline{\ } \, \mid \, ) \mid ) \mid ) \mid ) \mid ) \mid ) \mid \rangle 
test-proper-list = refl
-- (a b c \cdot d) is equivalent to (a \cdot (b \cdot (c \cdot d)))
test-improper-list:
    \mathcal{D}[\![\![ (((\underline{\ } a)_{\, \underline{\ }} b)_{\, \underline{\ }} c) \cdot d ]\!] \equiv
    \mathcal{D} \left[ \left( \right) \perp a \cdot \left( \right) \perp b \cdot \left( \right) \perp c \cdot d \right) \right] 
test-improper-list = refl
```