

Slides: <https://github.com/pdp7/talks/blob/master/rv-munich.pdf>

# Linux on RISC-V

with open source hardware and open source FPGA tools

*Munich RISC-V Meetup (April 29<sup>th</sup>, 2020)*



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Twitter: [@pdp7](https://twitter.com/pdp7)





## Statement of Principles:

Hardware whose **design** is made **publicly available** so that anyone can **study**, **modify**, **distribute**, **make**, and **sell** the design or hardware based on that design



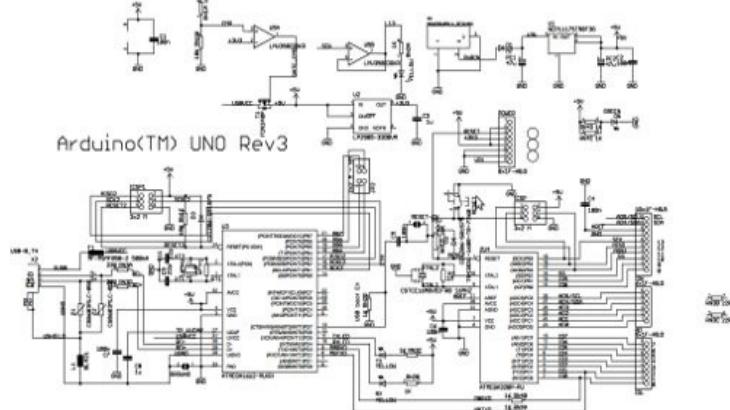
# Open Source Hardware



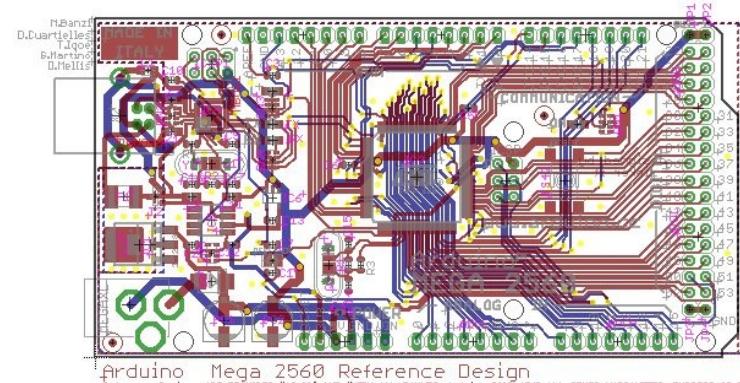
Documentation required for electronics:



## Schematics



## Board Layout



**Editable** source files for CAD software such as KiCad or EAGLE



## Bill of Materials (BoM)

Not strict requirement, but best practice is for all components available from distributors in **low quantity**

# 36c3 talk: Linux on Open Source Hardware with Open Source chip design



## CERN Open Hardware Licence

- Originally written for **CERN** designs hosted in the **Open Hardware Repository**
- Can be used by **any designer** wishing to **share design** information using a **license compliant** with the **OSHW definition criteria**.
- [\*\*CERN OHL version 1.2\*\*](#)  
Contains the license itself and a guide to its usage



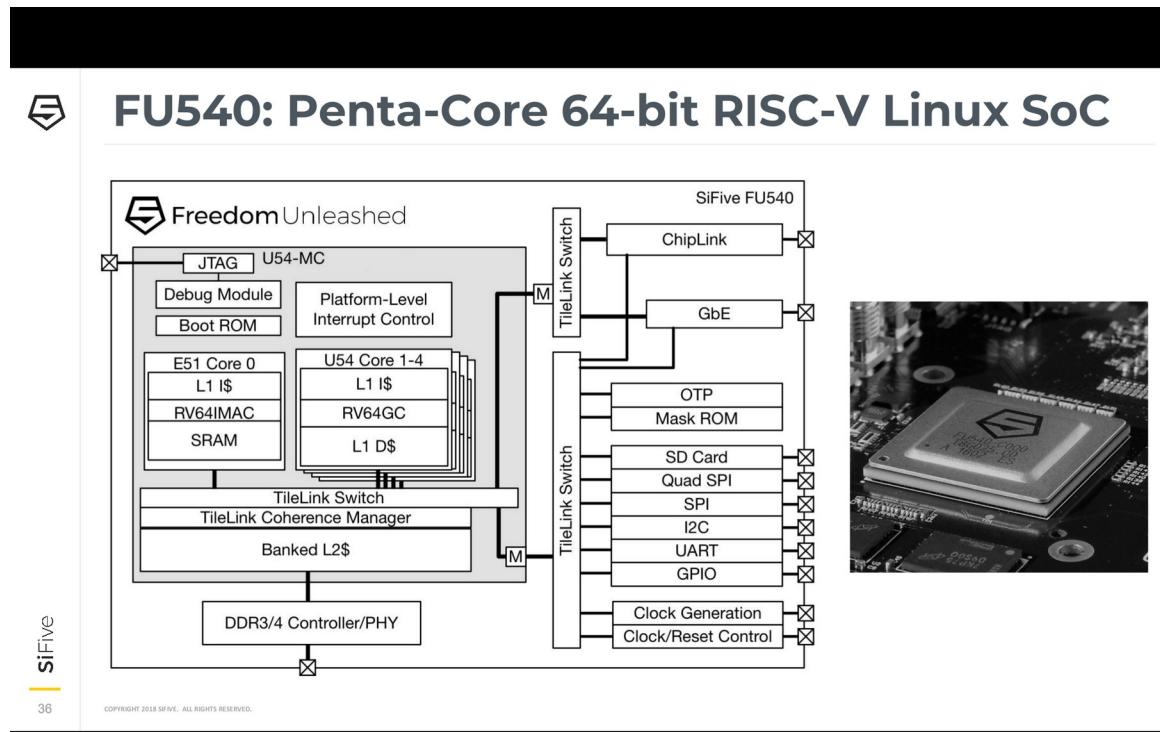
*Section:*

Linux-capable RISC-V chips

# SiFive: Linux on RISC-V

- FOSDEM 2018 talk

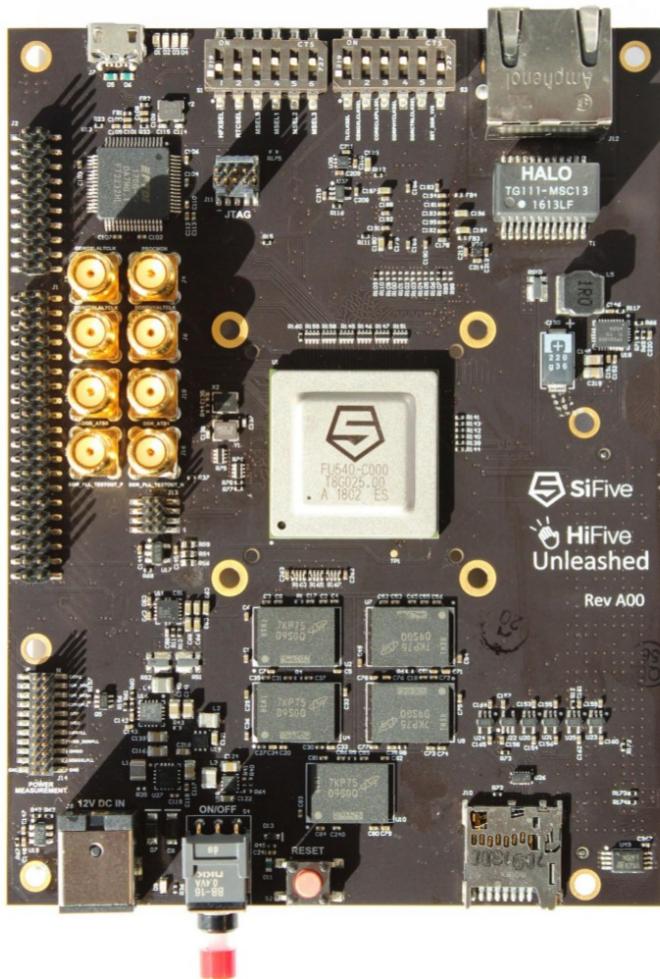
- YouTube: “Igniting the Open Hardware Ecosystem with RISC-V: SiFive's Freedom U500 is the World's First Linux-capable Open Source SoC Platform”
- Interview with Palmer Dabbelt of SiFive



# SiFive: Linux on RISC-V



## HiFive Unleashed



- World's First Multi-Core RISC-V Linux Development Board
  - SiFive FU540-C000 (built in 28nm)
    - 4+1 Multi-Core Coherent Configuration, up to 1.5 GHz
    - 4x U54 RV64GC Application Cores with Sv39 Virtual Memory Support
    - 1x E51 RV64IMAC Management Core
    - Coherent 2MB L2 Cache
    - 64-bit DDR4 with ECC
    - 1x Gigabit Ethernet
  - 8 GB 64-bit DDR4 with ECC
  - Gigabit Ethernet Port
  - 32 MB Quad SPI Flash
  - MicroSD card for removable storage
  - FMC connector for future expansion with add-in cards

# RISC-V Summit 2019: Linux on RISC V Fedora and Firmware Status Update

- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WC6e3g8uWdk>
- Wei Fu – Software Engineer, Red Hat

The screenshot shows a YouTube video player interface. At the top, the title is "RISC-V Summit 2019: 10 Linux on RISC V Fedora and Firmware Status Update". Below the title, the channel name "RISC-V" is visible with "7.91K subscribers". The video progress bar indicates it's at 9:56 / 18:37. The main content area displays a slide with the following text and graphics:

**Fedora on RISC-V**

Rich Software EcoSystem →

RISC-V  
Instruction Sets Want to be Free!

Rich Hardware EcoSystem →

From [www.codasip.com](http://www.codasip.com)

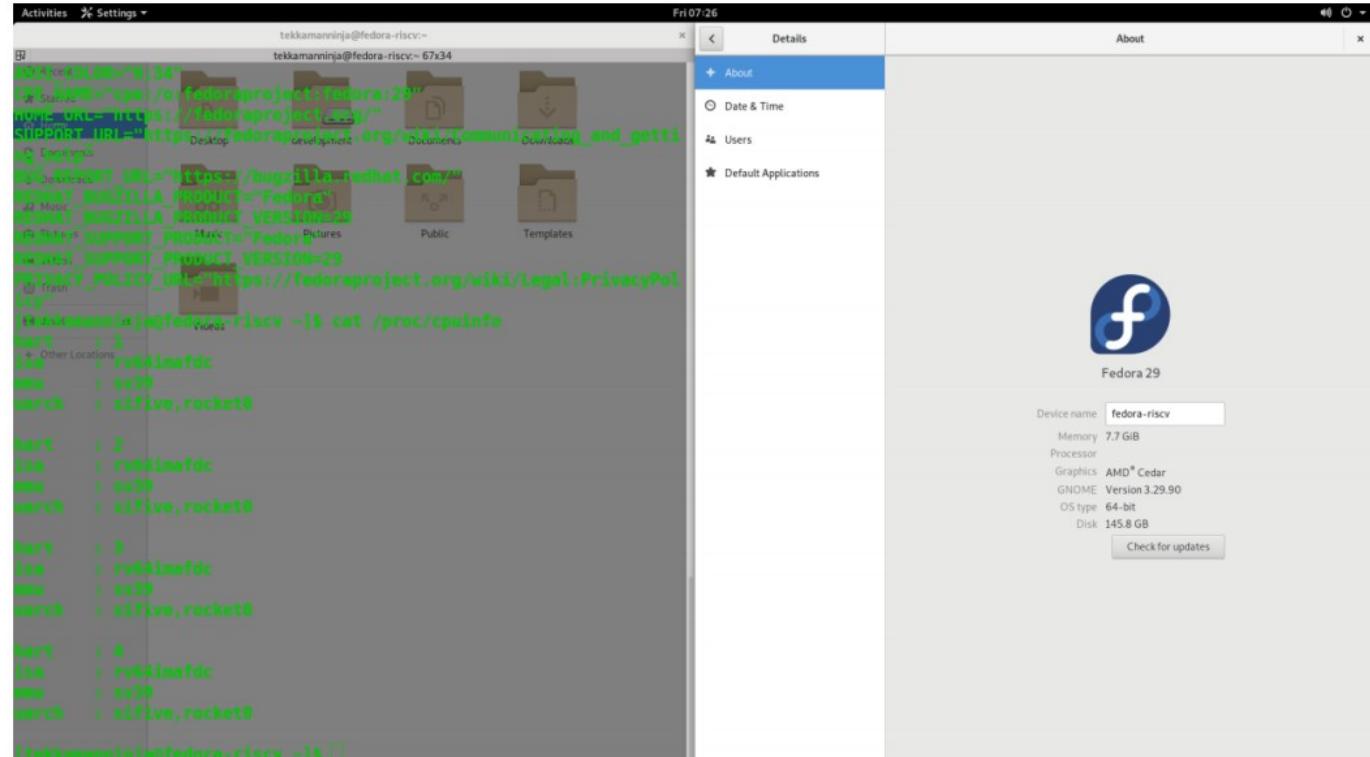
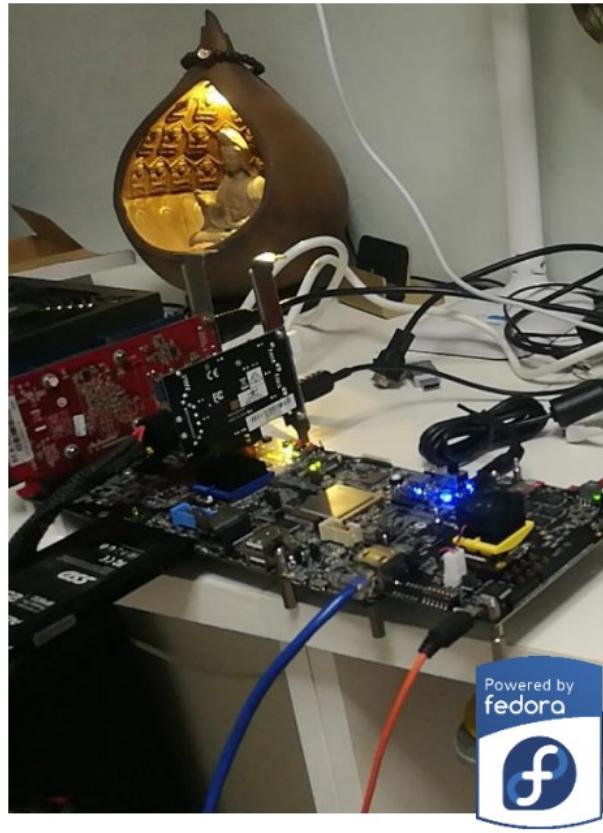
We would like to support more targets based on standard RISC-V Spec.

#RISCVSUMMIT | [tmt.knect365.com/risc-v-summit/](http://tmt.knect365.com/risc-v-summit/)

Red Hat logo

Below the video player, the video description reads: "RISC-V Summit 2019: 10 Linux on RISC V Fedora and Firmware Status Update" and "183 views • Jan 16, 2020". The video stats show 6 likes, 0 dislikes, and sharing options. A "SUBSCRIBED" button with a bell icon is also present.

# Fedora GNOME Image on SiFive Unleashed



#RISCVSUMMIT | [tmt.knect365.com/risc-v-summit/](https://tmt.knect365.com/risc-v-summit/)

# Targets

## Supported



**Virtual: libvirt + QEMU**

with graphics parameters (Spice).



**Real Hardware: SiFive Unleashed**

with Expansion Board, PCI-E graphic Card & SATA SSD

## Tested



**QEMU for AndeStar V5 && ADP-XC7KFF676**

Andes QEMU and AndeShape **FPGA** board



中国科学院计算技术研究所  
INSTITUTE OF COMPUTING TECHNOLOGY, CHINESE ACADEMY OF SCIENCES



**ICT SERVE Platform: FlameCluster**

**FPGA** Cloud development platform (with PCI-E SSD and graphic Card)



#RISCVSUMMIT | [tmt.knect365.com/risc-v-summit/](http://tmt.knect365.com/risc-v-summit/)



# RISC-V

This page contains details about a port of Debian for the RISC-V architecture called **riscv64**.

## Contents

### [1. In a nutshell](#)

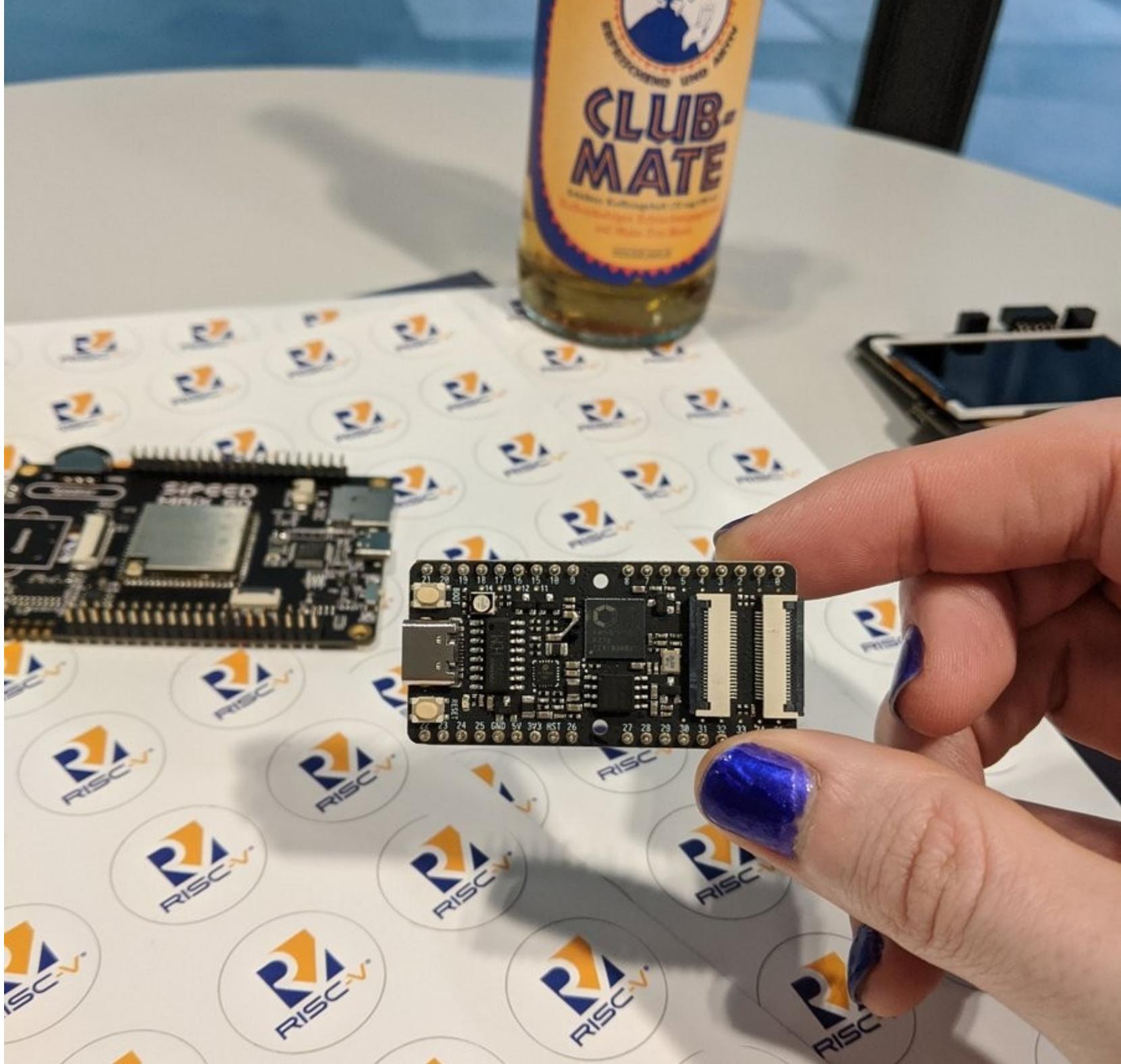
- [1. What is RISC-V?](#)
- [2. What is a Debian port?](#)
- [3. What are the goals of this project in particular?](#)
- [4. Progress](#)

### [2. Upstream project / Architecture](#)

- [1. Upstream project / Community](#)
- [2. Architecture details](#)
- [3. Toolchain upstreaming status](#)

### [3. Hardware](#)

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  - [1. SiFive "Freedom U540" SoC \(quad-core RV64GC\) / "HiFive Unleashed"](#)
  - [2. Planned](#)
- [2. FPGA implementations](#)



# Kendryte K210 SoC + Busybox

## Sipeed MAIX Go Board (6+2 MB SRAM)

```
[ 0.000000] Linux version 5.1.0-rc5-00314-g375c2321604f (damien@washi) (gcc version 8.2.0 (Buildroot 2018.11-rc2-00003-ga0787e9)) #221 SMP Fri May 10 15:17:17 JST 2019
[ 0.000000] earlycon: sb10 at I/O port 0x0 (options '')
[ 0.000000] printk: bootconsole [sb10] enabled
[ 0.000000] initrd not found or empty - disabling initrd
[ 0.000000] Zone ranges:
[ 0.000000]   DMA32    [mem 0x0000000080000000-0x00000000807fffff]
[ 0.000000]   Normal    empty
[ 0.000000] Movable zone start for each node
[ 0.000000] Early memory node ranges
[ 0.000000]   node  0: [mem 0x0000000080000000-0x00000000807fffff]
[ 0.000000] Initmem setup node 0 [mem 0x0000000080000000-0x00000000807fffff]
[ 0.000000] elf_hwcap is 0x112d
[...]
[ 0.000000] Built 1 zonelists, mobility grouping off. Total pages: 2020
[ 0.000000] Kernel command line: console=hvc0 earlycon=sbi init=/bin/bash
[ 0.000000] Dentry cache hash table entries: 1024 (order: 1, 8192 bytes)
[ 0.000000] Inode-cache hash table entries: 512 (order: 0, 4096 bytes)
[ 0.000000] Sorting __ex_table...
[ 0.000000] Memory: 6284K/8192K available (920K kernel code, 101K rwdta, 158K rodata, 393K init, 95K bss, 1908K reserved, 0K cma-reserved)
[ 0.000000] SLUB: HwAlign=64, Order=0-3, MinObjects=0, CPUs=2, Nodes=1
[ 0.000000] rcu: Hierarchical RCU implementation.
[ 0.000000] rcu: RCU calculated value of scheduler-enlistment delay is 25 jiffies.
[ 0.000000] NR_IRQS: 0, nr_irqs: 0, preallocated irqs: 0
[...]
[ 0.251433] Freeing unused kernel memory: 392K
[ 0.254361] This architecture does not have kernel memory protection.
[ 0.259473] Run /bin/bash as init process

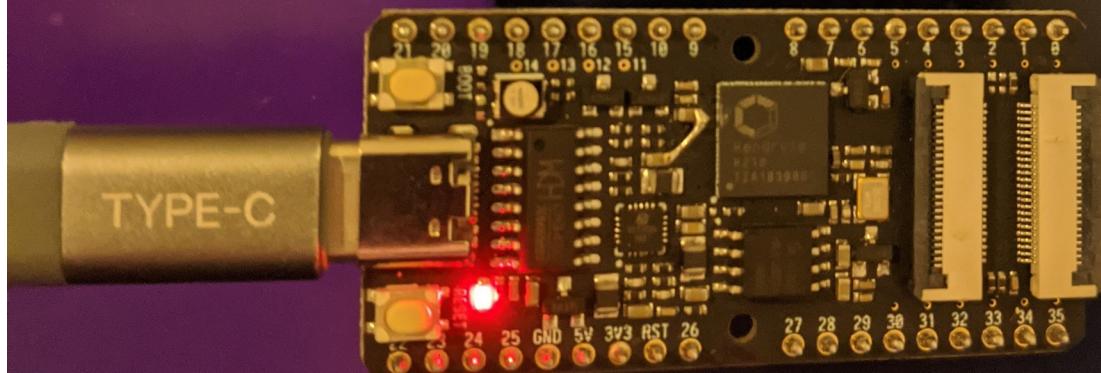
BusyBox v1.30.1 (2019-05-10 14:49:46 JST) hush - the humble shell

# mount -t proc none /proc
# cat /proc/cpuinfo
processor : 0
hart : 0
isa : rv64imafdc

processor : 1
hart : 1
isa : rv64imafdc
```

- **Linux now runs the low cost Kendryte K210 RISC-V processor**
  - dual core 64-bit RISC-V at 400MHz with 8MB SRAM
  - Sipeed MAix BiT for RISC-V is only \$13!
- Damien Le Moal at Linux Plumbers Conf:  
**RISC-V NOMMU and M-mode Linux**
  - [youtube.com/watch?v=ycG592N9EMA&t=10394](https://youtube.com/watch?v=ycG592N9EMA&t=10394)
  - jump to 2h 53m
- Many RISC-V Improvements Ready For Linux 5.5: M-Mode, SECCOMP, Other Features
- How to Build & Run Linux on Kendryte K210 RISC-V NOMMU Processor

```
File Edit Log Configuration Control signals View Help  
/ # uname -a  
Linux k210 5.6.0-rc1vowstar #1 SMP Mon Feb 17 23:  
/ # cat /proc/meminfo |head  
MemTotal:           6656 kB  
MemFree:            2496 kB  
MemAvailable:       2080 kB  
Buffers:             0 kB  
Cached:              1916 kB  
SwapCached:          0 kB  
Active:              0 kB  
Inactive:            0 kB  
Active(anon):        0 kB  
Inactive(anon):      0 kB  
/ # cat /proc/cpuinfo  
processor      : 0  
hart          : 0  
isa           : rv64imafdc  
  
processor      : 1  
hart          : 1  
isa           : rv64imafdc  
  
/ # tcc -run -nostdlib hello.c  
hello.c:2: warning: implicit declaration of function  
hello show 'n tell  
/ #
```



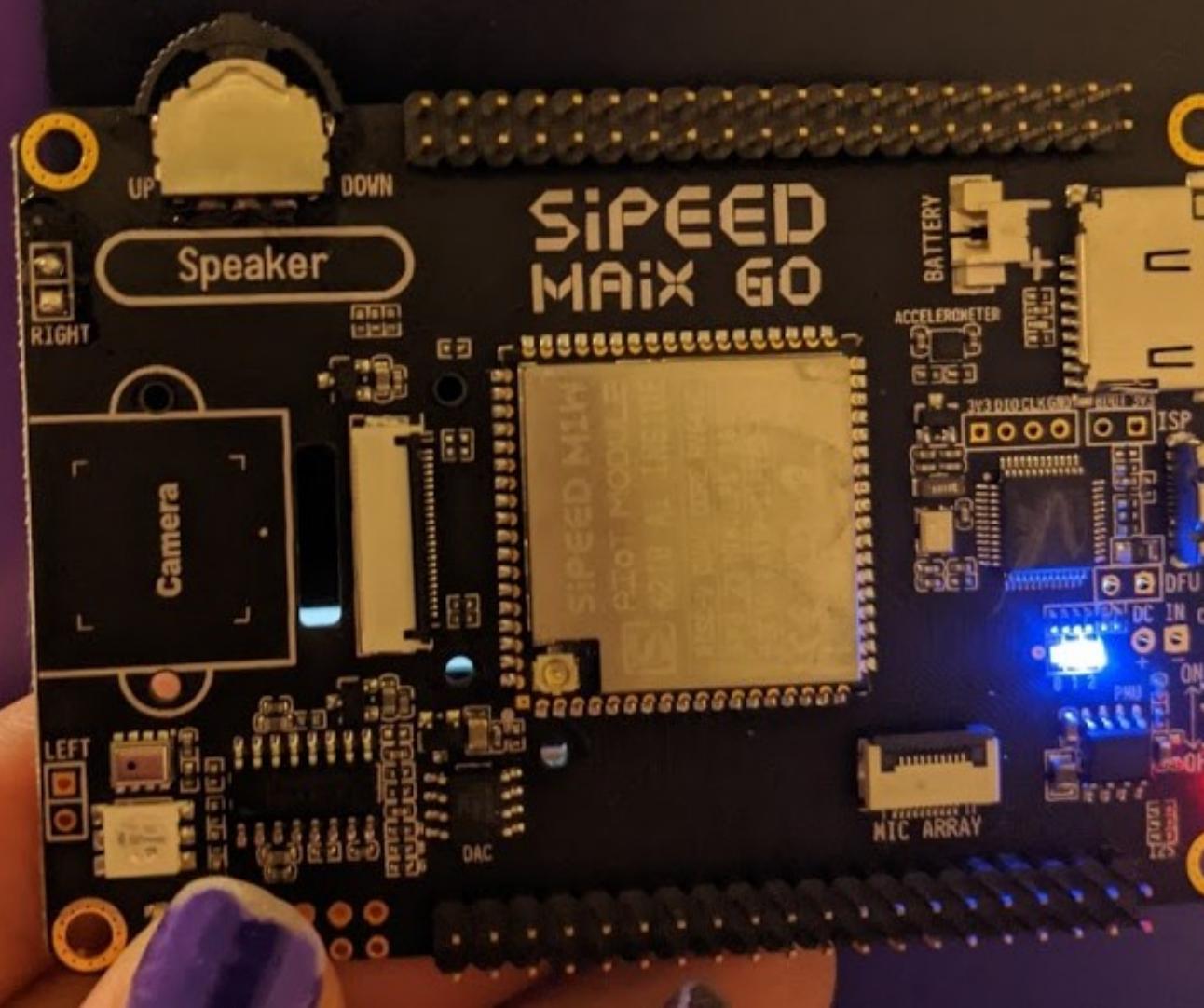
pdp

GtkTerm - /dev/ttyUSB1 115200-8-N-1

pdp7@: File Edit Log Configuration Control signals View Help

pdp7@:

```
/ #  
/ #  
/ #  
/ # uname -a  
Linux k210 5.6.0-rc1vowstar #1 SMP Mon Feb 17 23:36:34 CET 202  
U/Linux  
/ #
```



- Sipeed now has prebuilt Linux 5.6

- <https://twitter.com/SipeedIO/status/1228594799675990016/> ← Tweet



Sipeed

@SipeedIO

The prebuild linux-5.6.0-rc1 image for Maix Boards,  
Just burn and try it~  
[dl.sipeed.com/MAIX/MaixLinux...](http://dl.sipeed.com/MAIX/MaixLinux...)

```
version 5.6.0-rc1-gdbcd412b (vorstar@yzen) (gcc version 9.2.0 (Buildroot 2020.02-git-g2ceb6f4a3f
n: sifive0 at MMIO 0x0000000038000000 (options '')
bootconsole [sifive0] enabled
not found or empty - disabling initrd
names:
    [mem 0x0000000080000000-0x00000000807fffff]
1 empty
zone start for each node
empty node ranges
    0: [mem 0x0000000080000000-0x00000000807fffff]
setup_node 0 [mem 0x0000000080000000-0x00000000807fffff]
ap is 0x112d
max_distance=0x18000 too large for vmalloc space 0x0
Embedded 12 pages/cpu s18272 r0 d30880 u49152
zonelists, mobility grouping off. Total pages: 2020
command line: earlycon console=ttySIF0
cache hash table entries: 1024 (order: 1, 8192 bytes, linear)
ache hash table entries: 512 (order: 0, 4096 bytes, linear)
    ex_table...
einit: stack off, heap alloc off, heap free:off
6024K/8192K available (918K kernel code, 110K rdata, 166K rodata, 629K init, 91K bss, 2168K res
archical ECU implementation
calculated value of scheduler-enlistment delay is 25 jiffies.
: 0, nr_irqs: 0, preallocated irq: 0
apped 65 interrupts with 2 handlers for 4 contexts.
inner_init_dt: Registering clocksource cpuid[0] hartid [0]
ure: riscv_clocksource: mask: 0xffffffffffff max_cycles: 0x3990be68, max_idle_ns: 881590404 in
lock: 64 bits at 7MHz, resolution 128ns, wraps every 4398046511054ns
: colour dummy device 80x25
ting delay loop (skipped), value calculated using timer frequency.. 15.60 BogoMIPS (lpj=31200)
: default: 4096 minimum: 301
ache hash table entries: 512 (order: 0, 4096 bytes, linear)
int-cache hash table entries: 512 (order: 0, 4096 bytes, linear)
archical SRCU implementation.
ing up secondary CPUs ...
ought up 1 node, 2 CPUs
s: initialized
ure: jiffies: mask: 0xffffffff max_cycles: 0xffffffff, max_idle_ns: 7645041785100000 ns
ash table entries: 16 (order: -2, 1024 bytes, linear)
e K210 SoC sysctl
ure: Switched to clocksource riscv_clocksource
set: timestamp_bits=62 max_order=11 bucket_order=0
0 serial: ttySIF0 at MMIO 0x38000000 (irq = 1, base_baud = 0) is a SiFive UART v0
console: [ttySIF0] enabled
console: [ttySIF0] enabled
bootconsole [sifive0] disabled
bootconsole [sifive0] disabled
get_random_bytes called from 0x00000000800a2128 with crng_init=0
s: mounted
unused kernel memory: 628K
chitecture does not have kernel memory protection.
in/init as init process
e/init as init process
v/init as init process
```

/proc	shell						
v	etc	proc	root	sbin	sys	tmp	usr
chown	grep	ls	printenv	set:			
cp	hush	mkdir	ps	sh			
date	init	mknod	pwd	sleep			
dmesg	kill	more	rm	stty			
echo	link	mount	rmdir	tou			
false	ln	mv	sed	true			
usr/bin							
env	id	seq	tty	wall			
expr	last	tail	uniq	wc			
find	printf	tcc	unlink	who			
head	readlink	tee	users	yes			
hostid	realpath	test	w				

# Coming in 2020

- Microchip PolarFire SoC FPGA
  - Hard RISC-V with FPGA fabric... like the Xilinx Zync for ARM
- OpenHW Core-V SoC which is similar to NXP iMX with RISC-V instead of ARM!
  - [“OpenHW Group Unveils CORE-V Chassis SoC Project, Building on PULP Project IP”](#)

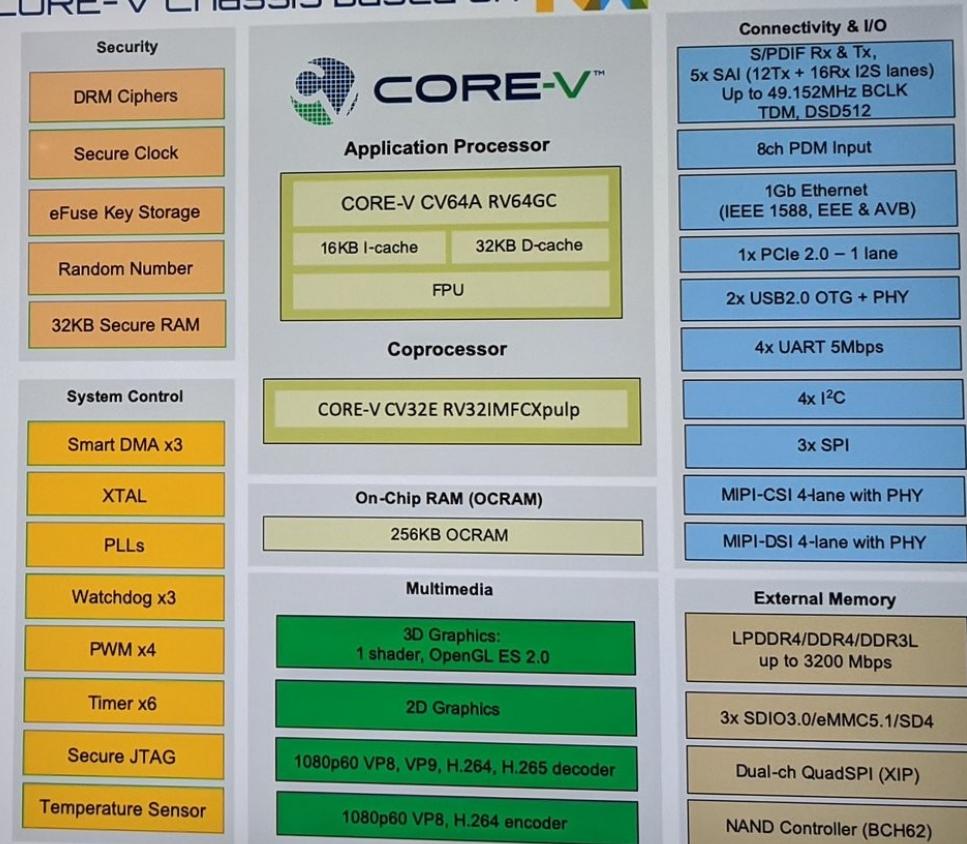


# CORE-V™ chassis – tapeout 2H 2020



CORE-V Chassis based on **NXP** iMX Platform **CORE-V**

- Linux capable 1.5GHz CV64A host CPU and CV32E coprocessor
- X32/x16 (LP)DDR4, DDR3L memory
- 3D / 2D GPUs with OpenGL support
- MIPI-DSI / CSI display / camera controllers
- Security: DRM Ciphers, key storage, random number generator, etc.
- GigE MAC
- PCIe 2.0 x1 port
- 2 USB 2.0 interfaces
- 3 SDIO interfaces for boot source, storage, etc



© OpenHW Group

10 & 11 December 2019

17

Slides: <https://github.com/pdp7/talks/blob/master/rv-munich.pdf>

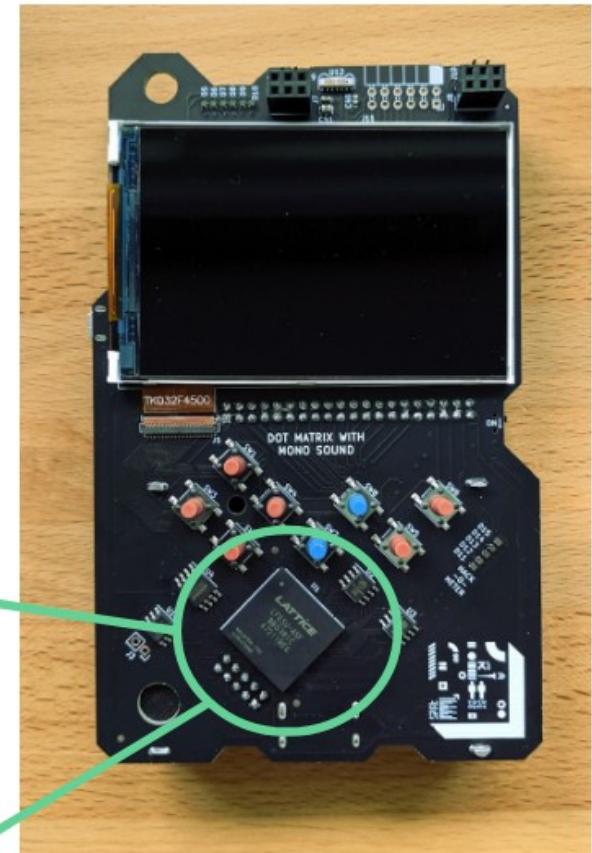
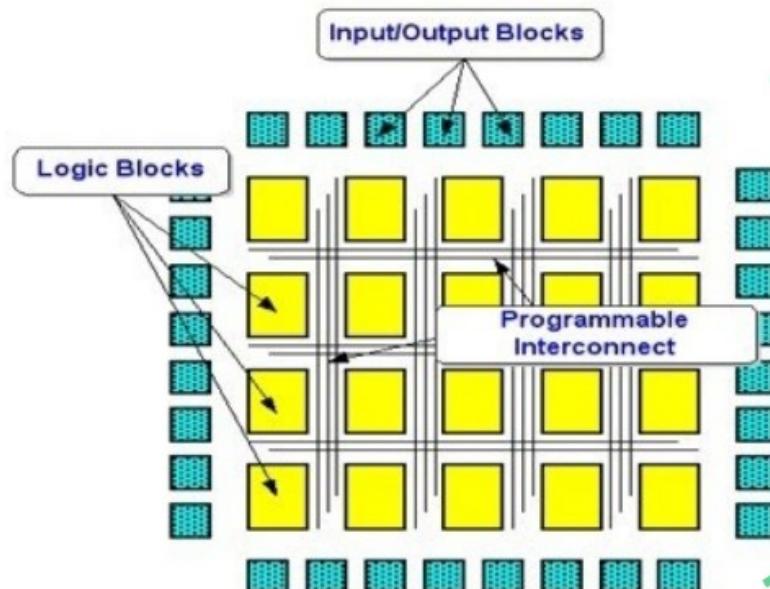
*Section:*  
Open Source FPGA tools



- Keynote at Hackday Supercon 2019 by Dr. Megan Wachs of SiFive
- **“RISC-V and FPGAs: Open Source Hardware Hacking”**
  - [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vCG5\\_nxm2G4](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vCG5_nxm2G4)

# Where do FPGAs Come In?

- Field Programmable Gate Array
- Change a chip's HARDWARE in a few minutes
- Make it act like a new chip!



# Open Source toolchains for FPGAs

- Project IceStorm for Lattice iCE40
    - “A Free and Open Source Verilog-to-Bitstream Flow for iCE40 FPGAs”  
by Claire Wolf (oe1cxw) at 32c3

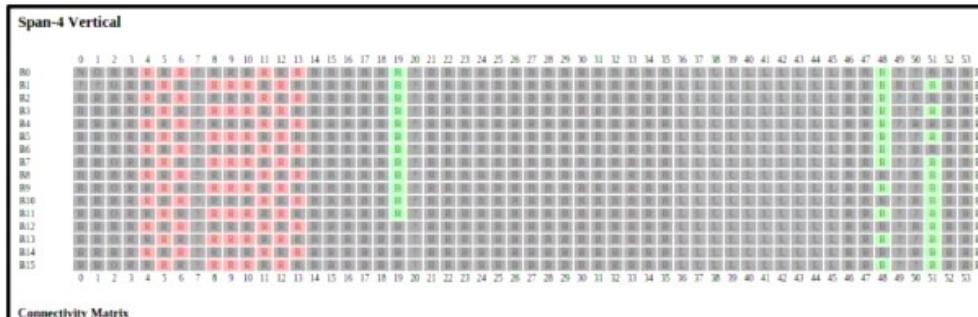
media.ccc.de

browse > congress > 2015 > event

A Free and Open Source Verilog-to-Bitstream Flow for iCE40 FPGAs

Clifford

## Some screenshots from IceStrom Docs:



# Open Source toolchains for FPGAs

- Project Trellis for Lattice ECP5
  - “Project Trellis and nextpnr FOSS FPGA flow for the Lattice ECP5”
    - David Shah (@fpga\_dave)
    - [youtube.com/watch?v=0se7kNes3EU](https://youtube.com/watch?v=0se7kNes3EU)

Project Trellis and nextpnr FOSS FPGA flow for the Lattice ECP5

## **Project Trellis & nextpnr**

FOSS Tools for ECP5 FPGAs

David Shah  
@fpga\_dave  
Symbiotic EDA || Imperial College London

FOSDEM 19  
org



# Open Source toolchains for FPGAs

- Project X-Ray & SymbiFlow for Xilinx Series 7
  - Timothy 'mithro' Ansell: "Xilinx Series 7 FPGAs Now Have a Fully Open Source Toolchain!" (*almost*)
    - [youtube.com/watch?v=EHePto95qoE](https://youtube.com/watch?v=EHePto95qoE)



- Multi-platform
- All FPGAs **big and small**

17th November 2019

# Open Source and FPGAs

- Hackspace Magazine column about how open source FPGA tools developed by [Claire Wolf \(oe1cxw\)](#), [David Shah](#) and others have made FPGAs more accessible than ever before to makers and hackers:
  - [hackspace.raspberrypi.org/issues/26/](https://hackspace.raspberrypi.org/issues/26/)

MAKE | BUILD | HACK | CREATE **132 PAGES OF MAKING**

# HackSpace

TECHNOLOGY IN YOUR HANDS hsmag.cc | January 2020 | Issue #26

WHAT 3D PRINTER?

Building a kiln  
Melting glass with a Raspberry Pi

CIRCUIT PYTHON

SOLDERING WITH GAS

PICKING AN IMPACT DRIVER

SEWING MACHINES

Find the ultimate replicator for 2020

KIM

Arduino GNC

## The rise of the FPGA

Reconfigure your chips to suit your project



Drew Fustini

@pdpf

Drew Fustini is a hardware designer and embedded Linux developer. He is the Vice President of the Open Source Hardware Association, and a board member of the BeagleBoard.org Foundation. Drew designs circuit boards for OSH Park, a PCB manufacturing service, and maintains the Adafruit BeagleBone Python library.

F

FPGAs have been the talk of the town at many of this year's hacker conferences. But what exactly is an FPGA, and why are they so hot right now?

FPGA stands for Field Programmable Gate Array, a digital logic chip that can be programmed to reconfigure the internal hardware. An FPGA does not run software – it physically changes the configuration of its gate arrays to adapt to the task at hand. Is an FPGA an incredibly versatile tool? Need 25 PWM pins for a project? No problem. Want to replicate the functionality of a vintage CPU? Your FPGA has you covered. Not only is an FPGA versatile, but it is also better at handling timing-critical tasks than a microcontroller. You can filter high-speed sensor data before it's read by your processor, or offload repetitive tasks like debouncing buttons from the burden on your microcontroller.

FPGAs are hot right now but they're not a new technology – they've been used in industry for decades

The Lattice ECP5 FPGA is capable of more advanced features than the iCE40, and it's easier to get started with too, thanks to Project Trellis led by David Shah. This enabled the ECP5-powered Supercon badge to have cool features like HDMI video, while still being open for anyone to hack on without requiring proprietary tools.

FPGAs are a fascinating technology with lots of awesome applications. If you want to find out more, start off by reading Luke Valenty's *The Hobbyists Guide to FPGAs on Hackaday.io*. ([hsmag.cc/GOAQnR](https://hsmag.cc/GOAQnR)), and watch Tim Ansell's Supercon talk to learn about the exciting future of open-source FPGA tools ([hsmag.cc/kY5IPD](https://hsmag.cc/kY5IPD)).

This opened the door for low-cost, open hardware boards such as mystorm Blackice, TinyFPGA, iCEBreaker, and Fomu, which are great tools for teaching workshops and building projects.

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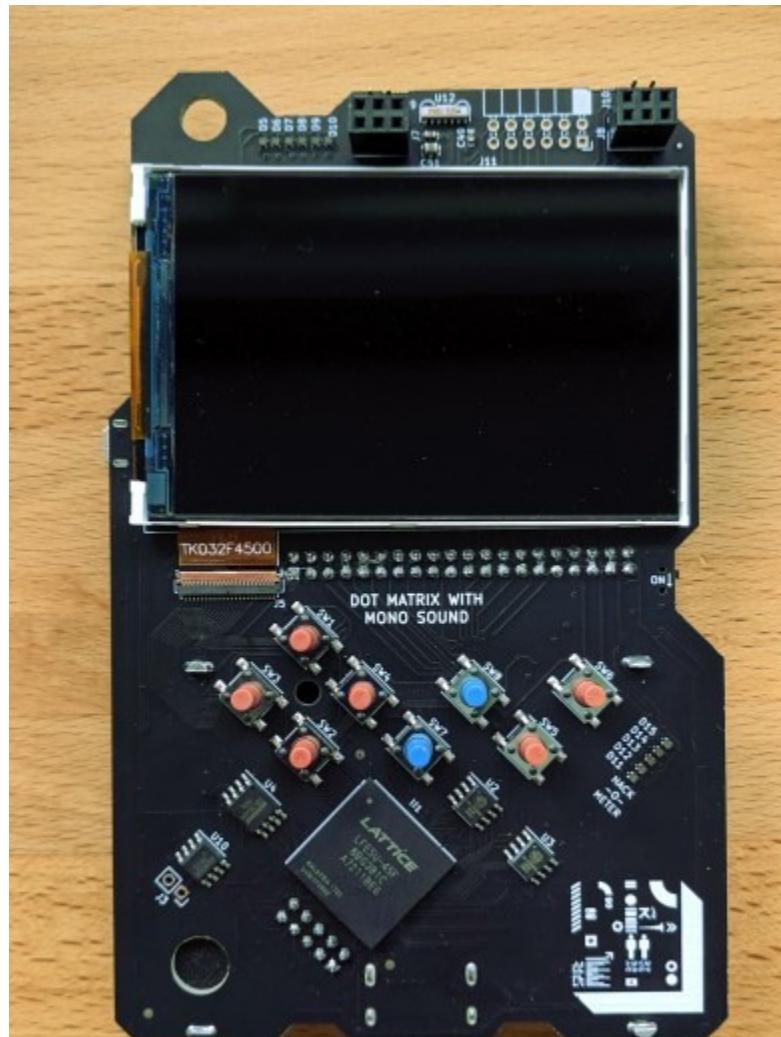
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Slides: <https://github.com/pdp7/talks/blob/master/rv-munich.pdf>

*Section:*  
Linux on the Hackaday Badge

# Hackaday 2019 Supercon badge

- RISC-V “soft” core on ECP5 FPGA
- Gigantic FPGA In A Game Boy Form Factor



# “Team Linux on Badge”



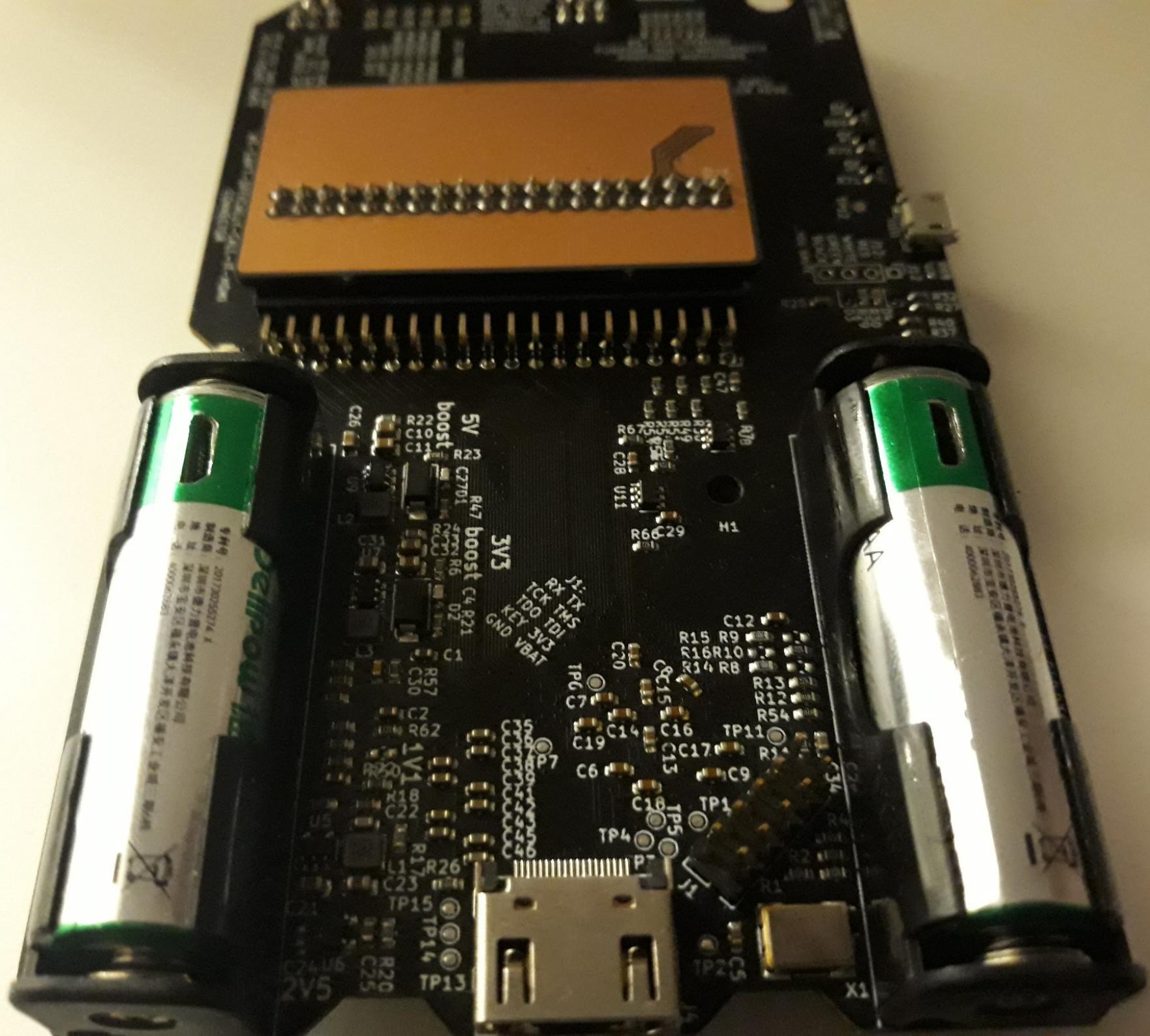
# “Team Linux on Badge”

- Blog post: Hackaday Supercon badge boots Linux using SDRAM cartridge
  - <https://blog.oshpark.com/2019/12/20/boot-linux-on-this-hackaday-supercon-badge-with-this-sdram-cartridge/>
- Michael Welling (@QwertyEmdedded), Tim Ansell (@mithro), Sean Cross (@xobs), Jacob Creedon (@jacobcreedon)
- First attempt: use the built-in 16MB SRAM... no luck :(
  - (*though xobs now might have a way to do it*)

# “Team Linux on Badge”

- Second attempt:
  - Jacob Creedon designed an a cartridge board that adds 32MB of SDRAM to the Hackaday Supercon badge... before the event!



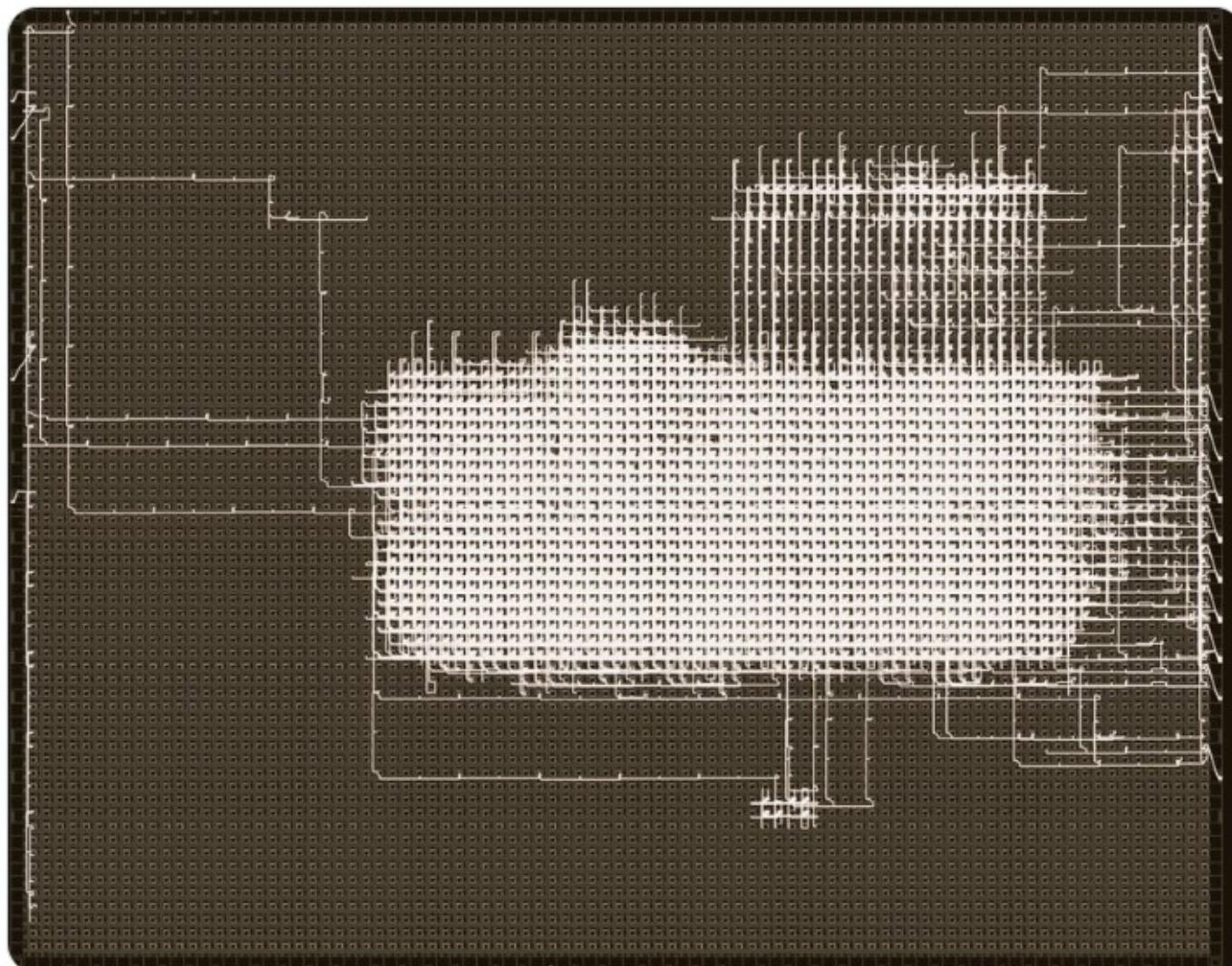




OSS FPGA & EDA tools  
@ico\_TC



This is how a Linux capable core looks like on an  
FPGA. [#nextpnratwork](#)



# Designing Hardware in Python?

- Yes!
- “Using Python for creating hardware to record FOSS conferences!”
- Tim “mithro” Ansell
- [youtube.com/watch?v=MkVX\\_mh5dOU](https://youtube.com/watch?v=MkVX_mh5dOU)

# Why is this powerful?

- Python is a **powerful** language
- Python is a **productive** language
- Can generate exact Verilog as needed

hdmi2usb.tv

@mithro

j.mp/pyhw-lca2017



Using Python for creating hardware to record FOSS conferences!

1,041 views • Jan 19, 2017

16 0 SHARE ...

Up next



AUTOPLAY

Visual Basic .Net : Search in Access Database  
iBasskung

# Python HDL?

You can think of Migen as  
*"an easy way  
to generate Verilog"*

# Blink Led - Migen

```
class Blinker(Module):
    def __init__(self, led, cycles=15000000):
        counter = Signal(max=cycles)
        self.sync += counter.eq(counter - 1)
        self.comb += led.eq(counter[-1])
```

Most significant bit  
connected to LED signals

## What is Migen?

```
-- Libraries imports
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;

-- Module interface description
entity my_module is
    port(
        clk : in std_logic;
        o   : out std_logic
    );
end entity;

-- Module architecture description
architecture rtl of my_module is
    signal d : std_logic;
    signal q : std_logic;
begin
    -- Combinatorial logic
    o <= q;
    d <= not q;

    -- Synchronous logic
    process(clk)
    begin
        if rising_edge(clk) then
            d <= q
        end if;
    end process
end rtl;
```

VHDL

*An alternative HDL  
based on Python*



BASICS

```
from migen import *

class MyModule(Module):
    def __init__(self):
        self.o = Signal()

    # ## #

    d = Signal()
    q = Signal()

    # combinatorial logic
    self.comb += [
        self.o.eq(q),
        d.eq(~q)
    ]

    # synchronous logic
    self.sync += d.eq(q)
```

Migen

Enjoy Digital  
Do

- *SoC can be create with VHDL or Verilog or System Verilog. That's what is generally used in the industry but very verbose and error prone. (Not a problem if you have the money and the number of developers... ).*
- *We already that Migen can be use to create digital designs. LiteX provides a higher level of abstraction.*

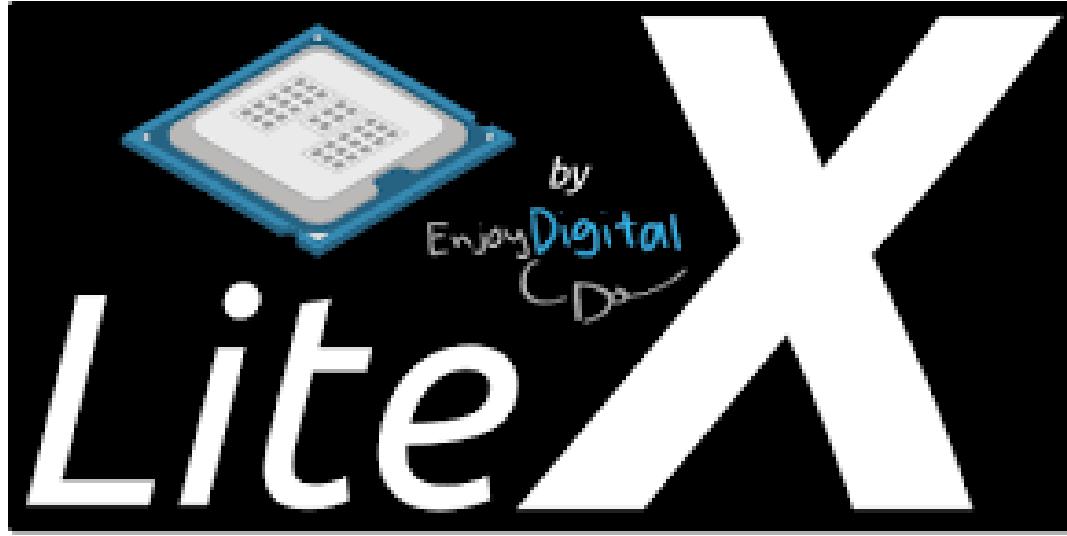


## FPGAs FOR CUSTOM SYSTEM ON CHIP



*Build your hardware easily!*





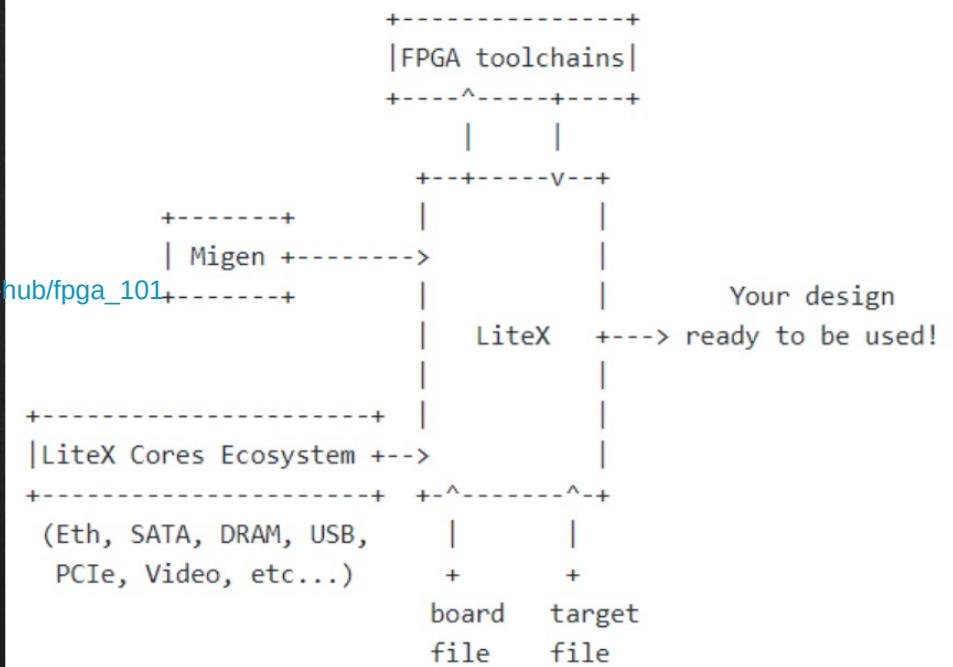
Build your hardware, easily!

- LiteX used to build cores, create SoCs and full FPGA designs.
- LiteX is based on Migen
- Migen lets you do FPGA design in Python!
- <https://github.com/enjoy-digital/litex>

- *LiteX automates parts of the SoC design (buses, registers, software) and allow being more efficient.*
- *It provides most of the base elements required in a modern SoC (buses, streams, fifos, arbiters, muxes, etc...)*
- *It is compatible with all the LiteX core ecosystem (DRAM, Ethernet, PCIe, SATA, USB controllers...)*
- *Can be found at:*  
[github.com/enjoy-digital/litex](https://github.com/enjoy-digital/litex)

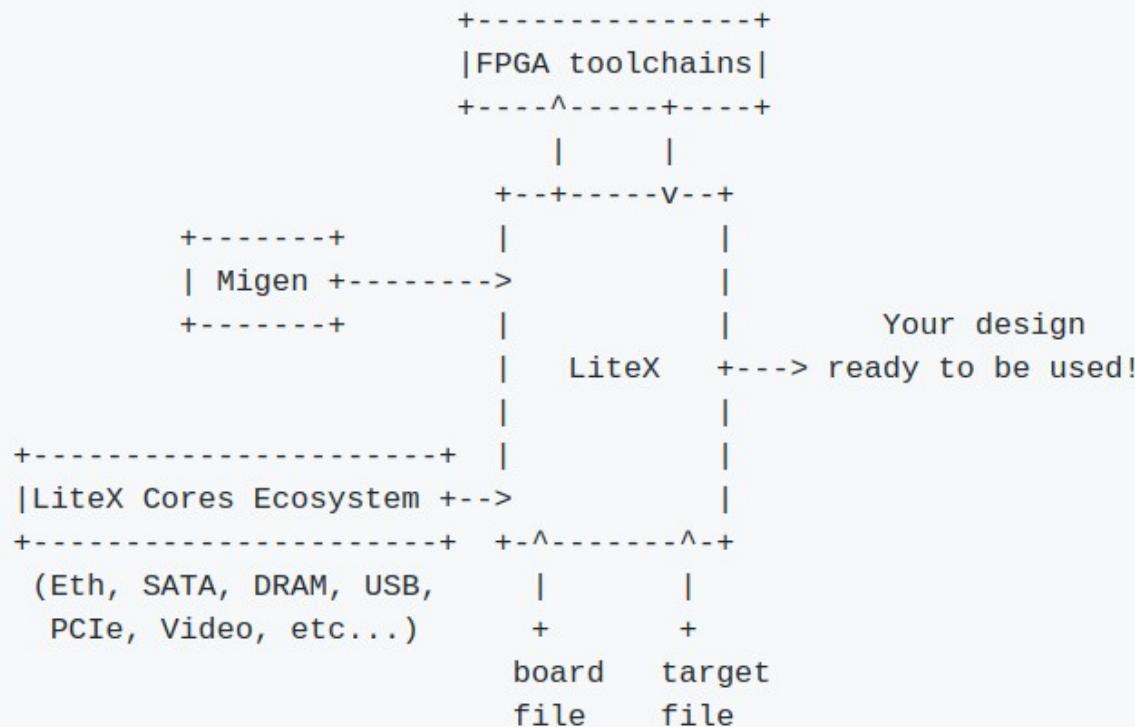


## FPGAs FOR CUSTOM SYSTEM ON CHIP



Enjoy Digital  
Do

# Typical LiteX design flow:



LiteX already supports various softcores CPUs: LM32, Mor1kx, PicoRV32, VexRiscv and is compatible with the LiteX's Cores Ecosystem:

Name	Build Status	Description
LiteDRAM	<span>build</span> <span>passing</span>	DRAM
LiteEth	<span>build</span> <span>passing</span>	Ethernet
LitePCIe	<span>build</span> <span>passing</span>	PCIe
LiteSATA	<span>build</span> <span>passing</span>	SATA

# Linux on LiteX-VexRiscv

- VexRiscv: 32-bit Linux Capable RISC-V CPU
  - SoC built using VexRiscv core and LiteX modules like LiteDRAM, LiteEth, LiteSDCard, ...
    - [github.com/litex-hub/linux-on-litex-vexriscv](https://github.com/litex-hub/linux-on-litex-vexriscv)



- upstream support for Hackaday Supercon badge:
  - <https://github.com/litex-hub/litex-boards/pull/31>

[litex-hub / litex-boards](#)

Unwatch 7    Unstar 17    Fork 24

Code Issues 2 Pull requests 1 Actions Projects 0 Wiki Security Insights

## add the Hackaday Supercon ECP5 badge #31

**Merged** enjoy-digital merged 1 commit into `litex-hub:master` from `pdp7:master` 21 days ago

Conversation 18 Commits 1 Checks 1 Files changed 2 +461 -0

 pdp7 commented 22 days ago • edited

Contributor + ...

Add the [Hackaday Supercon 2019 badge](#) which has an ECP5 FPGA.

These changes are from a [fork](#) by Michael Welling (@mwelling)

During Supercon, we tried two approaches:

- use the built-in 16MB QSPI SRAM
- use add-on cartridge with 32MB SDRAM by Jacob Creedon

We were not able to get the QSPI SRAM working so I've removed those changes, and I have just added the changes that are needed to boot Linux with the 32MB SDRAM.

In addition to @mwelling, thank you to Jacob Creedon (@jcreedon), @gregdavill, Tim Ansell (@mithro), and Sean Cross (@xobs) who all helped get Linux working on this badge.

**Reviewers**  
No reviews

**Assignees**  
No one assigned

**Labels**  
None yet

**Projects**  
None yet

**Milestone**

- upstream support for Hackaday Supercon badge:
  - <https://github.com/litex-hub/litex-boards/pull/31>

Merged add the Hackaday Supercon ECP5 badge #31 Changes from all commits ▾ File filter... ▾ Jump to... ▾ ⚙ Review changes ▾

215 litex\_boards/partner/platforms/hadbadge.py

```

@@ -0,0 +1,215 @@
+ from litex.build.generic_platform import *
+ from litex.build.lattice import LatticePlatform
+
+ # IOs -----
+
+ _io = [
+     ("clk8", 0, Pins("U18"), IOStandard("LVCMOS33")),
+     ("programn", 0, Pins("R1"), IOStandard("LVCMOS33")),
+     ("serial", 0,
+         Subsignal("rx", Pins("U2"), IOStandard("LVCMOS33"), Misc("PULLMODE=UP")),
+         Subsignal("tx", Pins("U1"), IOStandard("LVCMOS33")),
+     ),
+     ("led", 0, Pins("E3 D3 C3 C4 C2 B1 B20 B19 A18 K20 K19"), IOStandard("LVCMOS33")), # Anodes
+     ("led", 1, Pins("P19 L18 K18"), IOStandard("LVCMOS33")), # Cathodes via FET
+     ("usb", 0,
+         Subsignal("d_p", Pins("F3")),
+         Subsignal("d_n", Pins("G3")),
+         Subsignal("pullup", Pins("E4")),
+         Subsignal("vbusdet", Pins("F4")),
+         IOStandard("LVCMOS33")
+     ),
+     ("keypad", 0,
+         Subsignal("left", Pins("G2"), Misc("PULLMODE=UP"))
+     )
+ ]

```

- upstream support for Hackaday Supercon badge:
  - <https://github.com/litex-hub/litex-boards/pull/31>

Merged add the Hackaday Supercon ECP5 badge #31 Changes from all commits ▾ File filter... ▾ Jump to... ▾ ⚙ ▾ Review changes ▾

246 litex\_boards/partner/targets/hadbadge.py

Viewed ...

```
@@ -0,0 +1,246 @@
+#!/usr/bin/env python3
+
+ # This file is Copyright (c) 2018-2019 Florent Kermarrec <florent@enjoy-digital.fr>
+ # This file is Copyright (c) 2018 David Shah <dave@ds0.me>
+ # License: BSD
+
+ import argparse
+ import sys
+
+ from migen import *
+ from migen.genlib.resetsync import AsyncResetSynchronizer
+
+ from litex_boards.platforms import hadbadge
+
+ from litex.soc.cores.clock import *
+ from litex.soc.integration.soc_sdram import *
+ #from litex.soc.integration.soc_core import *
+ from litex.soc.integration.builder import *
+
+ #from .spi_ram_dual import SpiRamDualQuad
+
+ from litedram import modules as litedram_modules
+ from litedram.phy import GENSDRPHY
```

[Code](#)[Issues 17](#)[Pull requests 2](#)[Actions](#)[Security](#)[Insights](#)

# add the Hackaday Supercon ECP5 badge #68

**Merged**enjoy-digital merged 1 commit into [litex-hub:master](#) from [pdp7:master](#)  21 days ago[Conversation 2](#)[Commits 1](#)[Checks 0](#)[Files changed 1](#)

pdp7 commented 22 days ago

Contributor

+ ...

Add the [Hackaday Supercon 2019 badge](#) which has an ECP5 FPGA.

These changes are from [a fork](#) by Michael Welling (@mwelling)

During Supercon, we tried two approaches:

- use the built-in 16MB QSPI SRAM
- use add-on cartridge with 32MB SDRAM by Jacob Creedon

We were not able to get the QSPI SRAM working so I've removed those changes, and I have just added the changes that are needed to boot Linux with the 32MB SDRAM.

In addition to @mwelling, thank you to Jacob Creedon (@jcreedon), @gregdavill, Tim Ansell

Merged

## add the Hackaday Supercon ECP5 badge #68

Changes from all commits ▾ File filter... ▾ Jump to... ▾ ⚙

▼ 13 [make.py] ↗

```
@@ -160,6 +160,16 @@ def __init__(self):  
160      160          def load(self):  
161      161              os.system("ujprog build/ulx3s/gateware/top.svf")  
162      162  
163 + # HADBadge support -----  
164 +  
165 + class HADBadge(Board):  
166 +     def __init__(self):  
167 +         from litex_boards.targets import hadbadge  
168 +         Board.__init__(self, hadbadge.BaseSoC, {"serial"})  
169 +  
170 +     def load(self):  
171 +         os.system("dfu-util --alt 2 --download build/hadbadge/gateware/top.bit --reset")  
172 +  
163      173      # OrangeCrab support -----  
164      174  
165      175      class OrangeCrab(Board):  
@@ -209,6 +219,7 @@ def load(self):  
209      219          # Lattice
```

[Code](#)[Issues 21](#)[Pull requests 3](#)[Actions](#)[Projects 0](#)[Wiki](#)[Security](#)[In](#)

# add 32MB SDRAM for hadbadge #97

**Merged**enjoy-digital merged 1 commit into [enjoy-digital:master](#) from [pdp7:master](#)  21 days ago[Conversation 2](#)[Commits 1](#)[Checks 0](#)[Files changed 1](#)

pdp7 commented 22 days ago

Contributor



...

Add AS4C32M8SA-7TCN 32MB SDRAM used on cartridge PCB by Jacob Creedon (@jcreedon) for the [Hackaday Supercon 2019 badge](#) which has an ECP5 FPGA.

These changes are from [a fork](#) by Michael Welling (@mwelling)

In addition to @mwelling, thank you to Jacob Creedon (@jcreedon), @gregdavill, Tim Ansell (@mithro), and Sean Cross (@xobs) who all helped get Linux working on this badge.

KiCad design files by @jcreedon for the SDRAM cartridge are [available on GitHub](#).

There is also a [shared project](#) to order the SDRAM cartridge PCB.

Refer to [my blog post](#) for more information.

Merged

## add 32MB SDRAM for hadbadge #97

Changes from all commits ▾

File filter... ▾

Jump to... ▾



9 litedram/modules.py



```
@@ -190,6 +190,15 @@ class AS4C32M16(SDRAMModule):
190      technology_timings = _TechnologyTimings(tREFI=64e6/8192, tWTR=(2, None), tCCD=(1,
191      speedgrade_timings = {"default": _SpeedgradeTimings(tRP=18, tRCD=18, tWR=12, tRFC=
192
193 +     class AS4C32M8(SDRAMModule):
194 +         memtype = "SDR"
195 +         # geometry
196 +         nbanks = 4
197 +         nrows  = 8192
198 +         ncols   = 1024
199 +         # timings
200 +         technology_timings = _TechnologyTimings(tREFI=64e6/8192, tWTR=(2, None), tCCD=(1,
201 +         speedgrade_timings = {"default": _SpeedgradeTimings(tRP=20, tRCD=20, tWR=15, tRFC=
193
194     # DDR -----
195
```



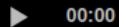
- Opened GitHub issue:
  - optimize performance on Hackaday Badge #35
    - <https://github.com/litex-hub/litex-boards/issues/35>
- Now 10x faster!
  - <https://asciinema.org/a/Pcm3vd1BEdEKY9srYX6MsNfCE>
  - Thanks to [enjoy-digital](#)



Asciicast updated.

```
[ 7.896093] Initramfs unpacking failed: junk in compressed archive
[ 7.953813] workingset: timestamp_bits=30 max_order=13 bucket_order=0
[ 9.236463] Block layer SCSI generic (bsg) driver version 0.4 loaded (major 253)
[ 9.239004] io scheduler mq-deadline registered
[ 9.240102] io scheduler kyber registered
[ 13.977920] f0001000.serial: MMIO 0xf0001000 (irq = 0, base_baud = 0) is a liteuart
[ 13.980290] printk: console [liteuart0] enabled
[ 13.980290] printk: console [liteuart0] enabled
[ 13.982965] printk: bootconsole [sbi0] disabled
[ 13.982965] printk: bootconsole [sbi0] disabled
[ 14.058778] libphy: Fixed MDIO Bus: probed
[ 14.074959] i2c /dev entries driver
[ 14.247461] NET: Registered protocol family 10
[ 14.307974] Segment Routing with IPv6
[ 14.315214] sit: IPv6, IPv4 and MPLS over IPv4 tunneling driver
[ 14.455698] Freeing unused kernel memory: 140K
[ 14.457905] This architecture does not have kernel memory protection.
[ 14.459170] Run /init as init process
mount: mounting tmpfs on /dev/shm failed: Invalid argument
mount: mounting tmpfs on /tmp failed: Invalid argument
mount: mounting tmpfs on /run failed: Invalid argument
Starting syslogd: OK
Starting klogd: OK
Running sysctl: OK
Initializing random number generator... [ 23.063050] random: dd: uninitialized urandom read (512 bytes read)
done.
Starting network: OK
Starting dropbear sshd: [ 27.336210] random: dropbear: uninitialized urandom read (32 bytes read)
OK
```

Welcome to Buildroot



00:00



Linux boots on Hackaday Supercon FPGA badge [10x faster!]

[Code](#)[Issues 2](#)[Pull requests 1](#)[Actions](#)[Projects 0](#)[Wiki](#)[Security](#)[Insights](#)

# optimize performance on Hackaday Badge #35

[Edit](#)[New issue](#)[Open](#)

pdp7 opened this issue 17 days ago · 7 comments



pdp7 commented 17 days ago

Contributor



...

**Assignees**

No one assigned

**Labels**

None yet

**Projects**

None yet

**Milestone**

No milestone

**Notifications**

Customize

[Unsubscribe](#)

You're receiving notifications because  
you're watching this repository.

[Related to comments in PR #31 \(comment\)](#)

The performance of the ECP5 Hackaday Badge with 32MB SDRAM is "painfully" slow.

@mithro suggested there could be some issue with the configuration.

@enjoy-digital has attempted some optimizations:

[#31 \(comment\)](#)

With [enjoy-digital/litedram@ 34e6c24](#) and [enjoy-digital/litex@ fa22d6a](#) we have a ~10% boot time speedup on designs using SDRAM:

- De0Nano: 94.6.s to 84.6s
- ULX3S: 75.9s to 68.2s

On Arty with DDR3 the gain is effect more limited: 8.7s to 8.4s. That would be interesting to test this on the badge.

I will measure if the boot time improve

Open

## optimize performance on Hackaday Badge #35

pdp7 opened this issue 17 days ago · 7 comments



pdp7 commented 15 days ago • edited

Contributor

Author

+ 😊 ...

@enjoy-digital WOW! much faster! It gets to login in 28 seconds (previous version was 258 seconds).

Recording:

<https://asciinema.org/a/Pcm3vd1BEdEKY9srYX6MsNfCE>

Text:

```
pdp7@x1:~/dev/enjoy/linux-on-litex-vexriscv$ lxterm --images=images.json /dev  
[LXTERM] Starting....  
lBIOS CRC passed (561ab1e2)
```

```
Migen git sha1: 063188e  
LiteX git sha1: -----
```

```
-===== SoC =====  
CPU: VexRiscv @ 48MHz  
ROM: 32KB  
SRAM: 4KB  
Lo:
```



**enjoy-digital** committed 15 days ago

1 parent 2317519

commit 39ce39a298f5



Showing **1 changed file** with **5 additions** and **3 deletions**.

8 litex/soc/integration/soc\_sdram.py

@@ -26,12 +26,13 @@ class SoCSDRAM(SoCCore):

26 26 }

```
27      27      csr_map.update(SoCCore.csr_map)
```

28

```
29     -     def __init__(self, platform, clk_freq, l2_size=8192, **kwargs):
```

```
29 +     def __init__(self, platform, clk_freq, l2_size=8192, l2_data_width=128, **kwargs):
```

```
30      30          SoCCore.__init__(self, platform, clk_freq, **kwargs)
```

```
31      31          if not self.integrated_main_ram_size:
```

```
32      32          if self.cpu_type is not None and self.csr_data_width > 32:
```

```
raise NotImplementedException("BIOS supports SDRAM initialization only for c
```

34 - self.l2\_size = l2\_size

34 + self.l2\_size = l2\_size

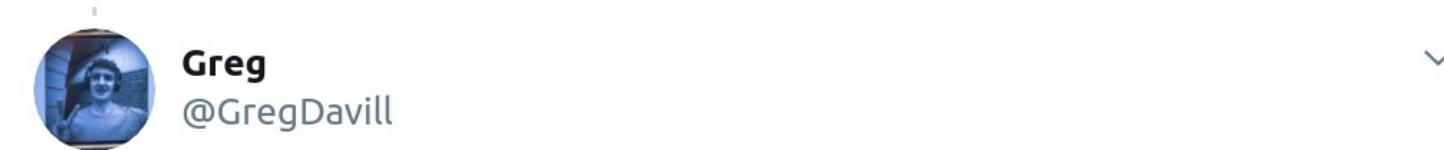
```
35 +         self.l2_data_width = l2_data_width
```

35 36

36 37 self, s dram phy = [ ]

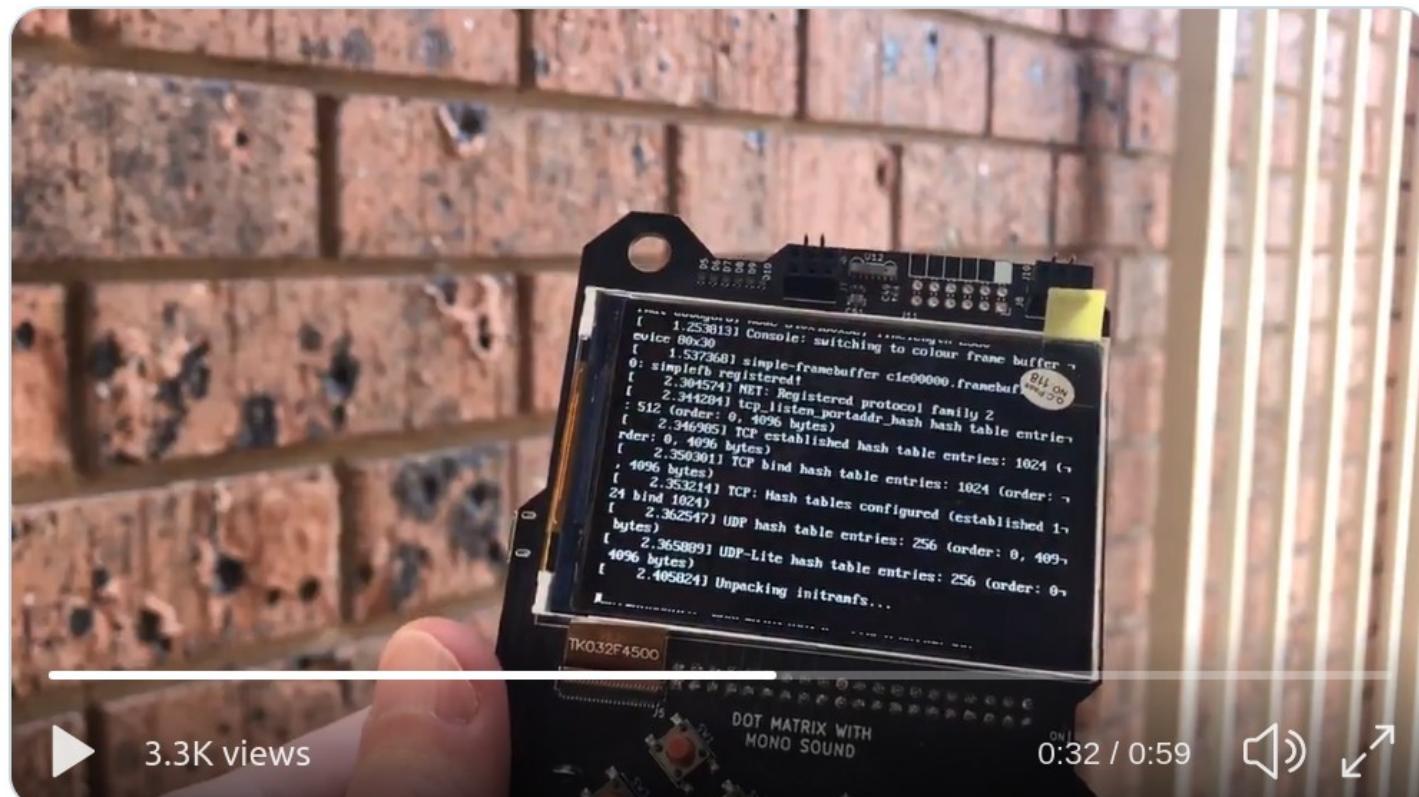
```
37      38          self.wb_sdram_ifs = []
```

- Greg Davill got the screen working with LiteVideo!
  - [twitter.com/GregDavill/status/1231082623633543168](https://twitter.com/GregDavill/status/1231082623633543168)



A screenshot of a Twitter post from user @GregDavill. The profile picture shows a man with short hair. The tweet text reads: "Now you can enjoy watching Linux boot while outside!! 😊". The timestamp is 8:05 AM · Mar 10, 2020.

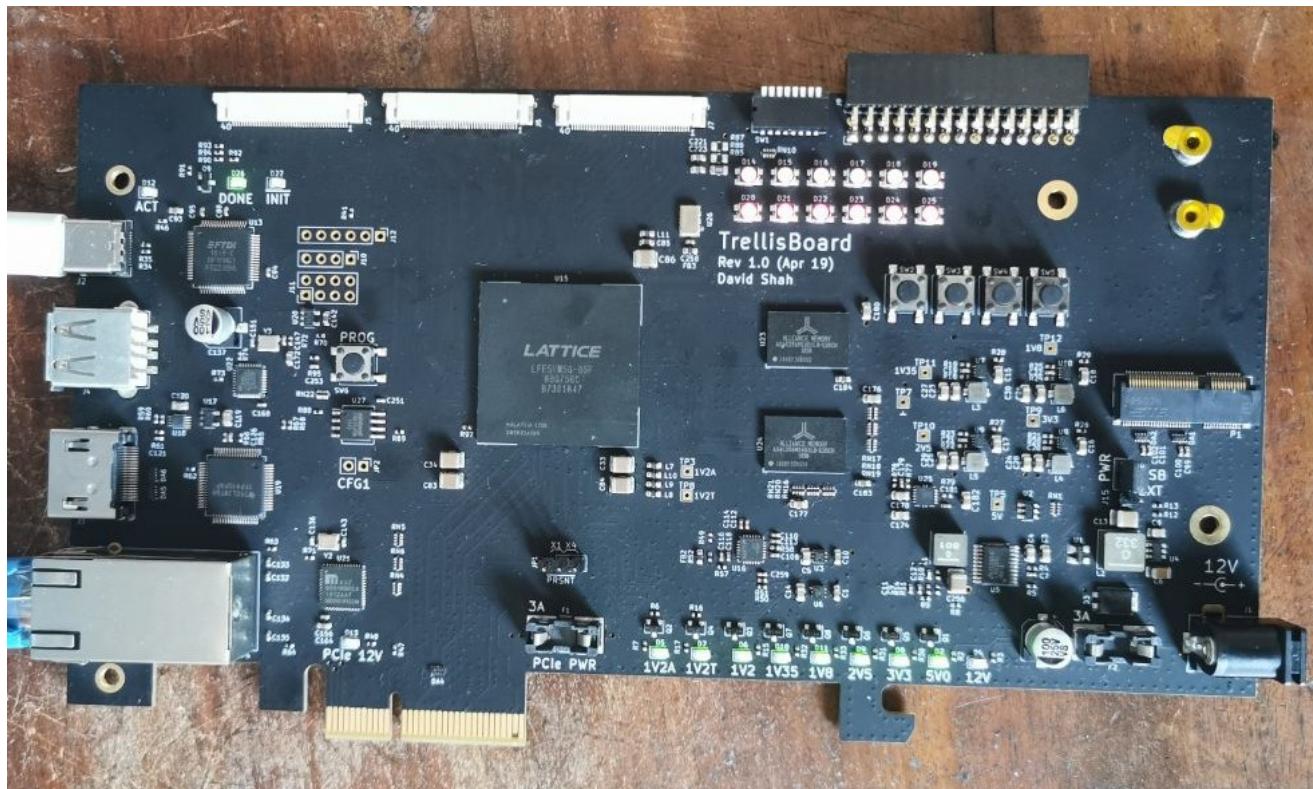
No PC tether required.



Slides: <https://github.com/pdp7/talks/blob/master/rv-munich.pdf>

# Open Source boards with ECP5 FPGA (can run Linux)

- Open Source Hardware board with Lattice ECP5 FPGA with open RISC-V “soft” CPU:
  - David Shah's Trellis board (Ultimate ECP5 Board)
  - <https://github.com/daveshah1/TrellisBoard>



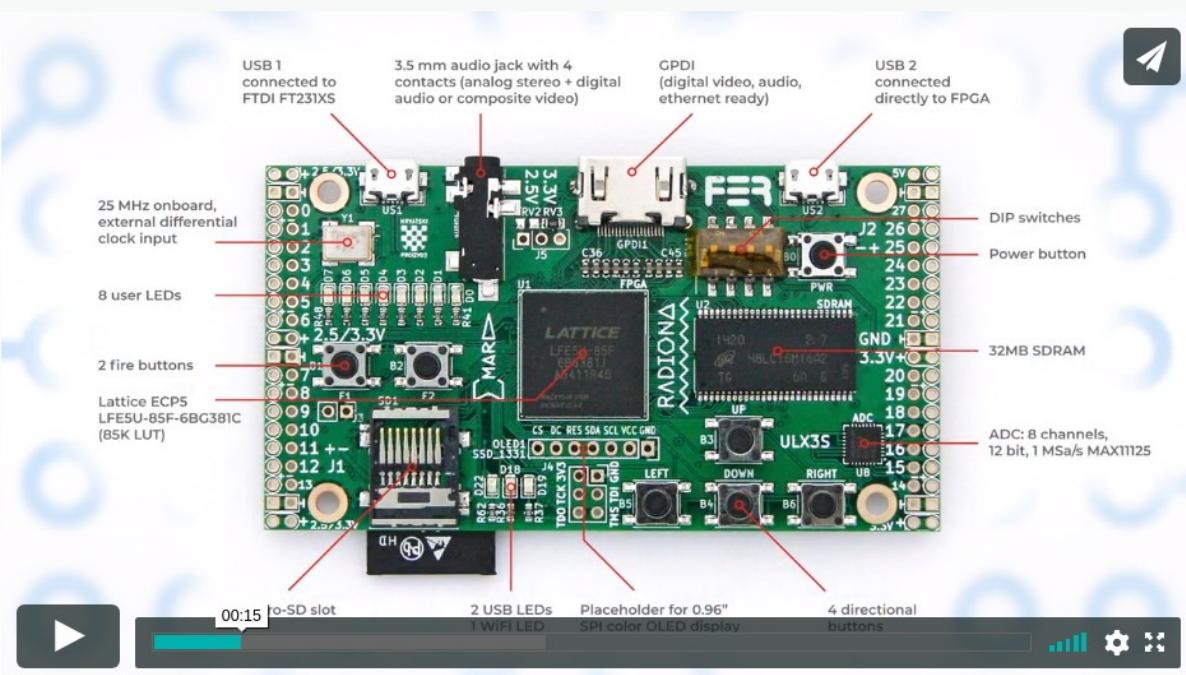
# Open Source ECP5 boards

- Radiona.org ULX3S

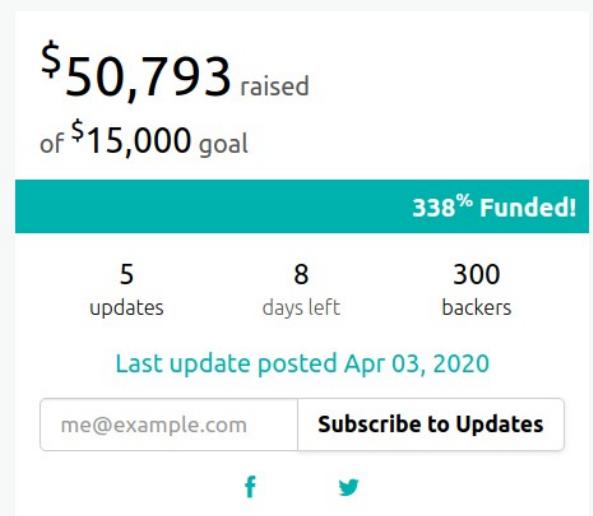
- <https://www.crowdsupply.com/radiona/ulx3s>

crowdsupply.com/radiona/ulx3s

CROWD SUPPLY BROWSE LAUNCH ABOUT US Search 

A detailed diagram of the ULX3S board showing various components and their connections. Labels include:

- USB 1 connected to FTDI FT231XS
- 3.5 mm audio jack with 4 contacts (analog stereo + digital audio or composite video)
- GPDI (digital video, audio, ethernet ready)
- USB 2 connected directly to FPGA
- 25 MHz onboard, external differential clock input
- 8 user LEDs
- 2 fire buttons
- Lattice ECP5 LFE5U-85F-6BG381C (85K LUT)
- 00:15 SD slot
- 2 USB LEDs
- Placeholder for 0.96" SPI color OLED display
- 4 directional buttons
- DIP switches
- Power button
- 32MB SDRAM
- ADC: 8 channels, 12 bit, 1 MSa/s MAX11125

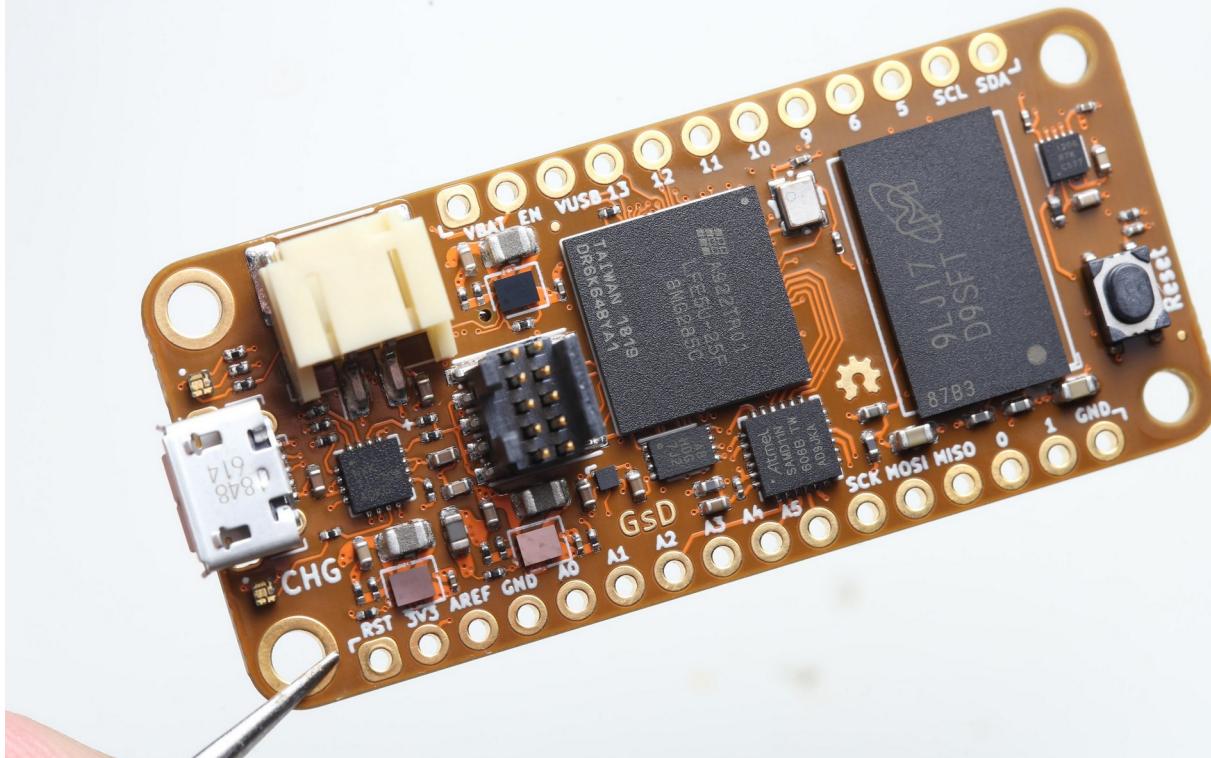
**\$50,793 raised** of **\$15,000 goal**  
**338% Funded!**  
5 updates    8 days left    300 backers  
Last update posted Apr 03, 2020  
me@example.com    **Subscribe to Updates**  
 

**PMOD Set** \$36  
A set of three PMODs for ULX3X: one dual-USB board with support for IR send and receive, one Digital Video board for HDMI input or as a

Recent Updates View all 5 updates.

# Open Source ECP5 boards

- Lattice ECP5 FPGA in Adafruit Feather form factor and 128MB DDR RAM:
  - Orange Crab by Greg Davill
    - <https://github.com/gregdavill/OrangeCrab>
    - <https://groupgets.com/campaigns/710-orangecrab>





Greg @ #36c3  
@GregDavill



Replying to @mithro @pdp7 and 2 others

Done. 😊

```
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help
SRAM:      4KB
L2:        8KB
MAIN-RAM: 131072KB

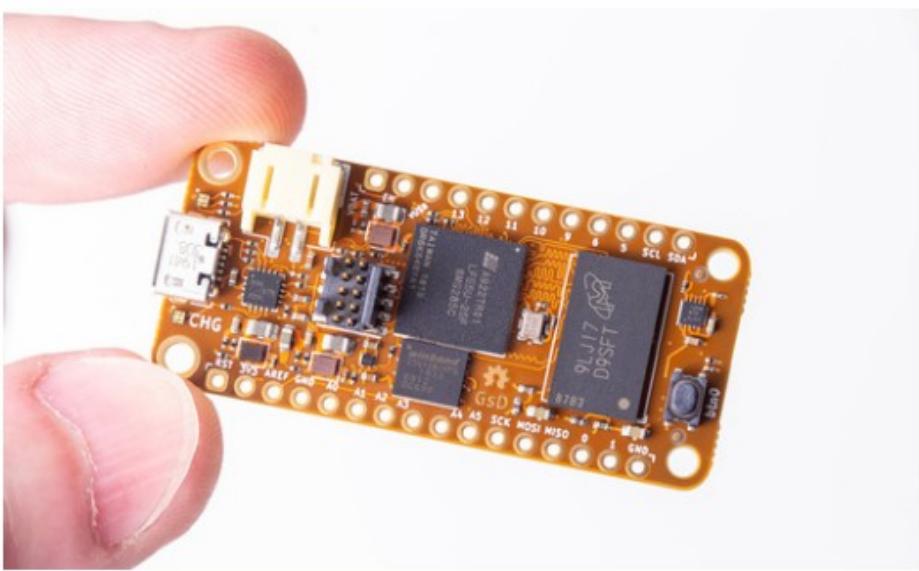
----- Initialization -----
Initializing SDRAM...
SDRAM now under software control
Read leveling:
m0, b0: |11100000| delays: 01+-01
best: m0, b0 delays: 01+-01
m1, b0: |11100000| delays: 01+-01
best: m1, b0 delays: 01+-01
SDRAM now under hardware control
Memtest OK

----- Boot -----
Booting from serial...
Press Q or ESC to abort boot completely.
sL5DdSMmkekro
[LXTERM] Received firmware download request from the device.
[LXTERM] Uploading buildroot/Image to 0xc0000000 (4545524 bytes)...
[LXTERM] Upload complete (85.6KB/s).
[LXTERM] Uploading buildroot/rootfs.cpio to 0xc0800000 (8029184 bytes)...
[ 0:43 ] 1.2K views => | 98%
```



# Open Source ECP5 boards

- Orange Crab by Greg Davill
  - <https://groupgets.com/campaigns/710-orangecrab>



A thumbnail image showing a close-up of the OrangeCrab printed circuit board (PCB) being held between two fingers. The PCB is orange and populated with various electronic components, including a central microcontroller and several surface-mount chips.

## OrangeCrab

Single-unit price: **\$99.00** + shipping

Campaign scheduled end date: Mon, 13 Apr 2020 16:19:00 PDT

Backers: 174

Target: 200

Funded: 286

Join this Buy

A row of social media sharing icons: Facebook (blue), Twitter (light blue), Pinterest (red), and Email (blue).

# Want to learn FPGAs? Try Fomu!

- [workshop.fomu.im](http://workshop.fomu.im)
- [crowdsupply.com/sutajio-kosagi/fomu](http://crowdsupply.com/sutajio-kosagi/fomu)

- Fits in USB port

- RGB LED

- Learn:

- MicroPython
- Verilog
- LiteX

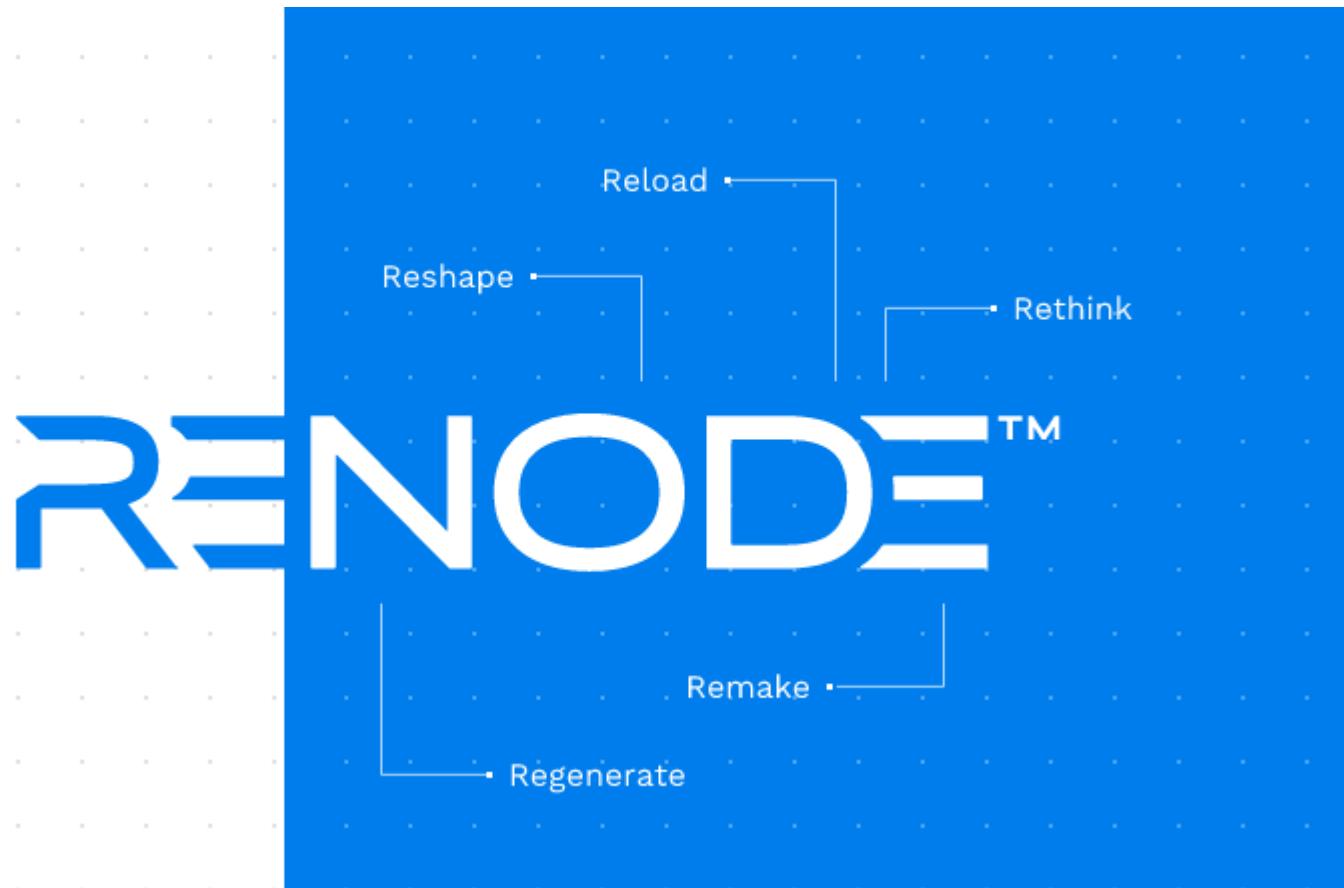
**Fomu** by Sutajio Kosagi

An FPGA board that fits inside your USB port



# No hardware? Try Renode!

- <https://renode.io/>



# No hardware? Try Renode!

- <https://renode.io/>

## What is Renode?

- Renode is a development framework which accelerates IoT and embedded systems development by letting you simulate physical hardware systems - including both the CPU, peripherals, sensors, environment and wired or wireless medium between nodes.
- **It lets you run, debug and test unmodified embedded software on your PC - from bare System-on-Chips, through complete devices to multi-node systems.**



SiFive HiFive1

single-node/sifive\_fe310.resc



SiFive HiFive Unleashed

single-node/hifive\_unleashed.resc



Microchip PolarFire SoC  
Hardware Development  
Platform

single-node/polarfire-soc.resc



Toradex Colibri T30

single-node/tegra3.resc



OpenISA VEGAboard

single-node/vegaboard\_ri5cy.resc

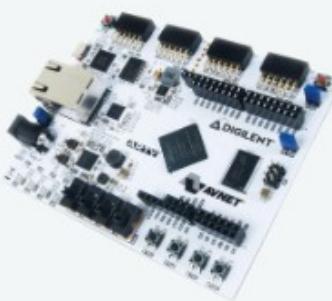


Intel Quark SE  
Microcontroller Evaluation  
Kit C1000

single-node/quark\_c1000.resc



Fomu



LiteX/VexRiscv on Digilent  
Arty



Xilinx ZedBoard

## Activitie

RE Renode ▾

```
SiFive RISC-V Coreplex
[0.000000] OF: fdt: Ignoring memory range 0x80000000 - 0x80200000
[0.000000] Linux version 4.15.0-80044-g2b0aa1de45f6 (houen@bakura) (gcc version 7.2.0 (GCC)) #5 SMP Wed
[0.000000] bootconsole [early0] enabled
[0.000000] Initial ramdisk at: 0x (ptrval) (9593856 bytes)
[0.000000] Zone ranges:
[0.000000]   DMA32    [mem 0x0000000080200000-0x000000008ffffffff]
[0.000000]   Normal   [mem 0x0000000900000000-0x000008ffffffffffff]
[0.000000] Movable zone start for each node
[0.000000] Early memory node ranges
[0.000000]   node 0: [mem 0x0000000000000000-0x0000000000000000]
[0.000000]   node 1: [mem 0x0000000000000000-0x0000000000000000]
```

Renode

```
(hifive-unleashed) $bin?=@http://antmicro.com/proj
.elf-s_17219640-c7e1b920bf81be4062f467d9ecf689dbf7f
(hifive-unleashed) $fdt?=@http://antmicro.com/proje
icetree.dtb-s_10532-70cd4fc9f3b4df929eba6e6f22d02e6
(hifive-unleashed) $vmlinux?=@http://antmicro.com/p
-vmlinux.elf-s_80421976-46788813c50dc7eb1a1a33c1738
(hifive-unleashed)
(hifive-unleashed) macro reset
> """
>     sysbus LoadELF $bin
>     sysbus LoadFdt $fdt 0x81000000 "earlyconsole"
>
>     # Load the Linux kernel symbols, as they are
>     sysbus LoadSymbolsFrom $vmlinux
>
>     # Device tree address is passed as an argument
>     e51 SetRegisterUnsafe 11 0x81000000
> """
(hifive-unleashed) runMacro $reset
(hifive-unleashed) start
Starting emulation...
(hifive-unleashed)
```



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Linux on Open Source Hardware with Open  
Source chip design

Drew Fustini



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