

MeshLink

SIMPLIFIED Computational Geometry Access

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Overview



The MeshLink library contains functions for import of geometry-mesh association data, import of computational geometry and querying, point projection, and evaluation of computational geometry.

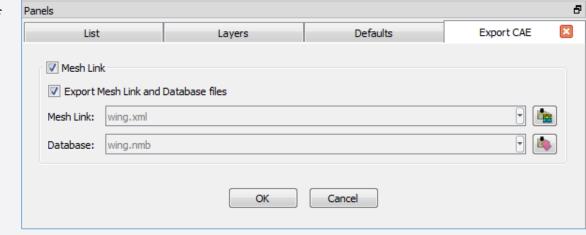
API functions are mesh oriented

Requires geometry-mesh associativity information from the mesh generator

Geometry-Mesh Associativity



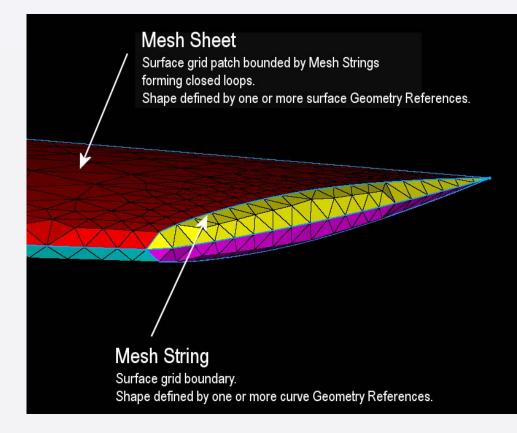
- MeshLink Schema
 - Defines the language for describing geometry-mesh associativity
- MeshLink File XML representation of MeshLink schema data
 - Conforms to XML standards
 - Defines geometry-mesh associativity
 - Does not define the complete mesh
 - Geometry data file stores the geometry
 - Mesh data file stores the full mesh
 - Allows for validation against schema
 - Export with CAE mesh in Pointwise V18.3







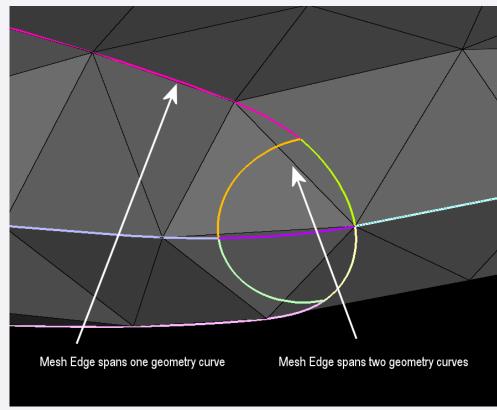
- Mesh String 1D collection of Mesh Edges
 - Pointwise Connector
- Mesh Sheet 2D collection of Mesh Faces
 - Pointwise Domain
- Mesh Model 3D collection of Mesh Strings and Mesh Sheets
 - Pointwise Block
- Optional geometry association
- Can be defined explicitly in MeshLink file or by reference to mesh data







- Mesh Point reference to a point in mesh data file
 - Defined by reference to mesh data only
- Mesh Edge reference to an edge in mesh data file
 - Defined by reference to mesh data OR by point references
- Mesh Face reference to a face in mesh data file
 - Defined by reference to mesh data OR by point references
- May have geometry association or utilize parent topology association



Computational Geometry Association



- Geometry reference
 - Defined by reference (name, ID, etc.) to entity in the geometry file
 - Globally unique GID integer ID required
 - Groups of geometry entities may be assigned a GID
- Mesh topology/elements
 - Optional GREF attribute matching defined GID
 - May be different at each topological level
 - Mesh String
 - May specify geometry curve OR surface GREF
 - Parent association for contained Mesh Edges
 - Optional Parametric Vertex info
 - Mesh Sheet
 - Surface GREF expected
 - Parent association for contained Mesh Faces
 - Optional Parametric Vertex info
 - Mesh Edge
 - Optional geometry curve OR surface GREF
 - Mesh Face
 - Optional surface GREF

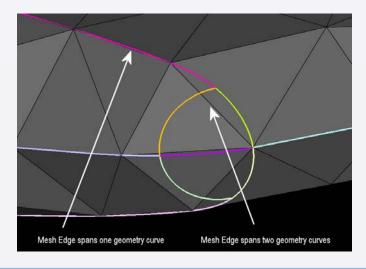
```
<GeometryFile filename="sphere_ml.nmb" aref="2">
     <GeometryReference gid="1" ref="surface-6"/>
     <GeometryReference gid="2" ref="surface-3"/>
     </GeometryFile>
     <!-- geometry group containing GREf's 1 & 2 -->
     <GeometryGroup gid="3">1 2</GeometryGroup>
```

```
<MeshString name="root/con-8" gref="8">
  <MeshEdge etype="Edge2" count="2">9 6 6 3</MeshEdge>
</MeshString>
```

Geometry Association for Mesh Points



- May have different association at each topological level
 - E.g. When splitting an edge, want the geometry curve association rather than face's surface association
- Parametric Vertex
 - Defined by reference (name, ID, etc.) to point in mesh file
 - GREF attribute matching defined non-group GID required
 - DIM attribute specifies dimension of data content
 - Content specifies coordinates in geometric entity



```
<MeshString name="root/con-8" gref="8">
  <ParamVertex vref="9" gref="8" dim="1">0.811</ParamVertex>
  <ParamVertex vref="6" gref="8" dim="1">0.924</ParamVertex>
  <ParamVertex vref="3" gref="2" dim="1">1.000</ParamVertex>
  <MeshEdge etype="Edge2" count="2">9 6 6 3</MeshEdge>
  </MeshString>
```

Geometry Association for Mesh Points



- Mesh topology
 - Optional Parametric Vertex at Model/Sheet/String level
 - May be different at each topological level
- Mesh String
 - Parametric Vertex defines geometry coords for points in contained Mesh Edges
- Mesh Sheet
 - Parametric Vertex defines geometry coords for points in contained Mesh Faces
- Mesh Model
 - Parametric Vertex defines geometry coords for points in absence of Mesh String/Sheet
 - Non-unique!

```
<MeshString name="root/con-8" gref="8">
  <ParamVertex vref="9" gref="8" dim="1">0.411</ParamVertex>
  <ParamVertex vref="6" gref="8" dim="1">0.524</ParamVertex>
  <ParamVertex vref="3" gref="2" dim="1">0.000</ParamVertex>
  <MeshEdge etype="Edge2" count="2">9 6 6 3</MeshEdge>
  </MeshString>
```

```
<!-- my special points defined at the MeshModel topology level -->
<MeshPointReference gref="15" count="2">18 17 </MeshPointReference>
<ParamVertex vref="17" gref="15" dim="1">0.1234</ParamVertex>
<ParamVertex vref="18" gref="15" dim="1">0.567</ParamVertex>
```

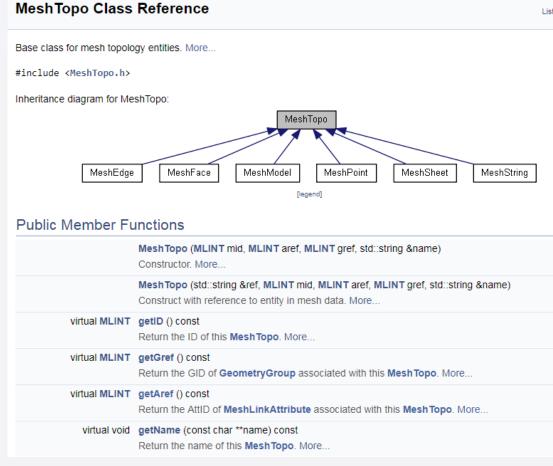
Working with Mesh Associativity



Public Member Functions | Protected Attributes | Static Private Attri

MeshTopo

- Generic class for common data
 - Unique ID
 - GREF geometry reference
 - AREF attribute reference
 - Name unique string identifying the entity
 - REF reference to entity in mesh data file
 - ParamVertices parametric coordinate info
- Provides get/set functions for typical workflow patterns



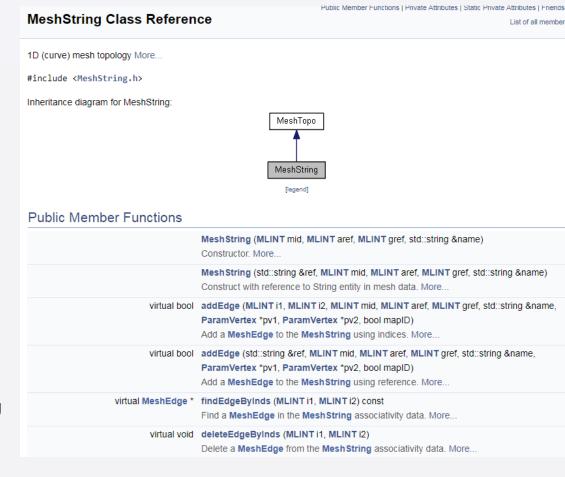
Working with Mesh Strings



- MeshString Class
 - Derived from MeshTopo
 - 1D (curve) mesh topology
 - Container for Mesh Edges
 - Provides query functions based on edge indices & reference
- Usage Example: Splitting an edge by inserting the edge mid-point



- Query MeshString for parent edge by indices
- 2. Project the new point onto the geometry associated with the parent edge
- 3. Add two new child edges to the MeshString
- 4. Delete the parent edge from the MeshString

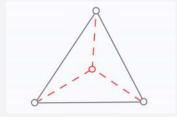


Working with Mesh Sheets



Public Member Functions I Private Attributes I Static Private Attributes I Friends

- MeshSheet Class
 - Derived from MeshTopo
 - 2D (surface) mesh topology
 - Container for Mesh Faces
 - Provides query functions based on face indices & reference
- Usage Example: Splitting a triangular face by inserting the face mid-point



- 1. Query MeshSheet for parent face by indices
- 2. Project the new point onto the geometry associated with the parent face
- 3. Add three new child faces to the MeshSheet
- 4. Delete the parent face from the MeshSheet

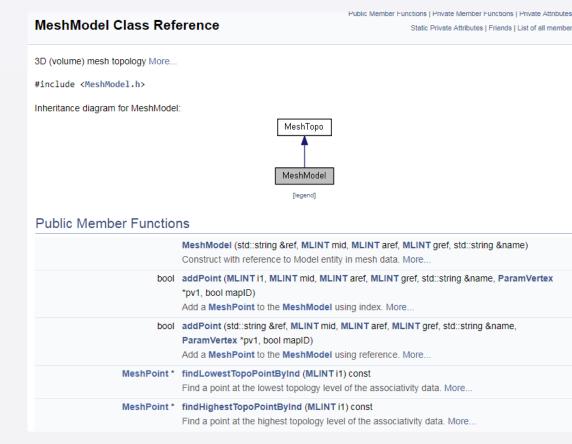
MeshSheet Class Reference 2D (surface) mesh topology More. #include <MeshSheet.h> Inheritance diagram for MeshSheet: MeshTopo MeshSheet [legend] **Public Member Functions** MeshSheet (MLINT mid, MLINT aref, MLINT gref, std::string &name) Mesh Sheet (std::string &ref, MLINT mid, MLINT aref, MLINT gref, std::string &name) Construct with reference to Sheet entity in mesh data. More. virtual bool addFace (MLINT i1, MLINT i2, MLINT i3, MLINT mid, MLINT aref, MLINT gref, std::string &name, ParamVertex *pv1, ParamVertex *pv2, ParamVertex *pv3, bool mapID) Add a tri MeshFace to the MeshSheet using indices. More. virtual MeshFace * findFaceByInds (MLINT i1, MLINT i2, MLINT i3, MLINT i4=MESH_TOPO_INDEX_UNUSED) const Find a MeshFace in the MeshSheet associativity data. More. virtual void deleteFaceByInds (MLINT i1, MLINT i2, MLINT i3, MLINT i4=MESH_TOPO_INDEX_UNUSED)

Delete a MeshFace from the Mesh Sheet associativity data. More...

Working with Mesh Models



- MeshModel Class
 - Derived from MeshTopo
 - 3D (surface) mesh topology
 - Container for Mesh Strings/Sheets
 - Provides query functions based on point/edge/face indices & reference
- Mainly a way to organize data associated with regions in the mesh data file
- Can be used to query Point/Edge/Face associativity
 - Point/Edge results are non-unique
 - E.g. Only one point returned matching index, but may be present in multiple Mesh Strings/Sheets with different association



Geometry Kernel

- Generic GeometryKernel base class
- GeometryKernel operations
 - Geometry file import
 - Parametric evaluation
 - Point projection to computational geometry
- Multiple geometry kernels may be used
- Extended with Pointwise Project Geode kernel
 - https://www.pointwise.com/geode/



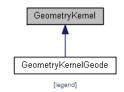
GeometryKernel Class Reference

Public Member Functions | Private Member Functions | Friends | List of all mem

Base class for geometry kernel interface. More...

#include <GeometryKernel.h>

Inheritance diagram for GeometryKernel:



Public Member Functions

virtual bool read (const char *filename) Read the geometry data file. More Virtual bool projectPoint (const GeometryGroup *group, const MLVector3D point, ProjectionData &projectionData) Project a Cartesian point onto the Geometry group. More Virtual bool getProjectionXYZ (ProjectionData &projectionData, MLVector3D point) Return the projection hit Cartesian coordinates. More Virtual bool getProjectionUV (ProjectionData &projectionData, MLVector2D UV) Return the projection hit entity parametric coordinates. More Virtual bool getProjectionEntityName (ProjectionData &projectionData, std::string &name) Return the projection hit entity name. More Virtual bool evalXYZ (MLVector2D UV, const std::string &entityName, MLVector3D xyz) Evaluate the Cartesian coordinates at the entity parametric coordinates. More Virtual bool evalRadiusOfCurvature (MLVector2D UV, const std::string &entityName, MLREAL *minRadiusOfCurvature MLREAL *maxRadiusOfCurvature)	T dollo Welliber F directorio	
Project a Cartesian point onto the Geometry group. More Virtual bool getProjectionXYZ (ProjectionData &projectionData, MLVector3D point) Return the projection hit Cartesian coordinates. More Virtual bool getProjectionUV (ProjectionData &projectionData, MLVector2D UV) Return the projection hit entity parametric coordinates. More Virtual bool getProjectionEntityName (ProjectionData &projectionData, std::string &name) Return the projection hit entity name. More Virtual bool evalXYZ (MLVector2D UV, const std::string &entityName, MLVector3D xyz) Evaluate the Cartesian coordinates at the entity parametric coordinates. More virtual bool evalRadiusOfCurvature (MLVector2D UV, const std::string &entityName, MLREAL *minRadiusOfCurvature})	virtual bool	
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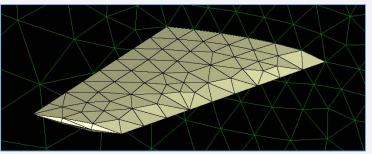
Code Example – Project Point Onto Edge Geometry

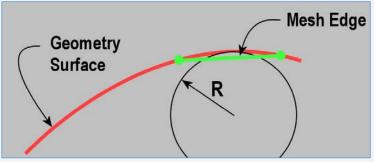
```
MLVector3D point = { 1.0, 2.0, 3.0 };
MeshTopo *meshObject = meshModel->findLowestTopoEdgeByInds( 101, 102 );
if ( !meshObject ) return 1; // missing from mesh assoc. database
MLINT gid = meshObject->getGref();
GeometryGroup *geomGroup = meshAssoc->getGeometryGroupByID( gid );
if ( geomGroup ) {
         // meshObject is associated with a geometry group
         // project point onto the geometry group
         ProjectionData projectionData( geomKernel );
         if ( geomKernel->projectPoint( geomGroup, point, projectionData ) ) {
                  // projection successful, get the position
                  MLVector3D projectedPt;
                  geomKernel->getProjectionXYZ( projectionData, projectedPt );
         }
}
```

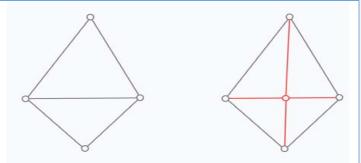
Demonstration

- Refine an unstructured mesh to meet geometry resolution goal
 - Coarse mesh created in Pointwise
 - Mesh exported to NASA FUN3D
 - Geometry exported to NMB
 - MeshLink file exported to XML
- Refinement Goals
 - Resolve geometry curvature such that mesh edge circular arc subtension < 20 deg
 - Minimum edge length 0.5% chord
 - Maximum triangle aspect ratio 20
 - Minimum triangle included angle 5 deg
- Refinement Method
 - Only refine surface mesh
 - Clearer example of mechanics
 - Split edge where geometry is poorly resolved
 - 4 new edges, 4 new faces
 - Surface mesh exported to VRML



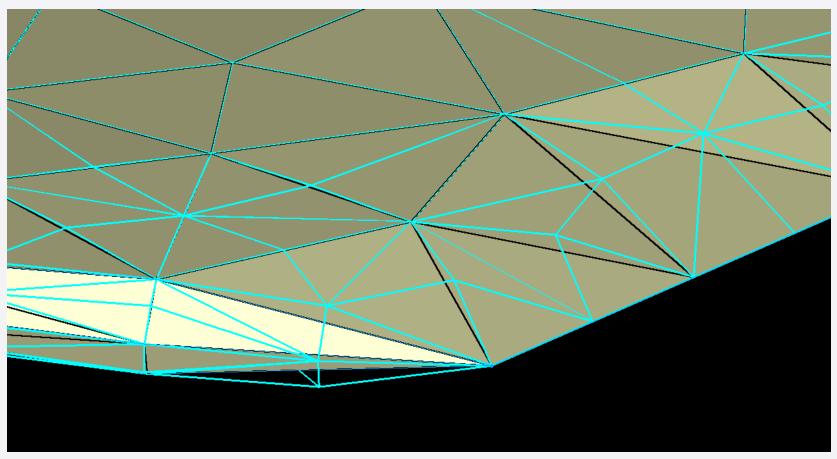






Demonstration Results





New edges (cyan) after one generation of splitting

Demonstration Results

Initial Mesh

Number of Faces: 860 Number of Edges: 1290

Number of Constrained Edges: 307

Avg. Edge Arc Subtension: 68.8 deg Max. Edge Arc Subtension: 1856.4 deg

Edge Length : 1.8968e-01 Rad. of Curvature : 5.8541e-03

Refined Mesh

Performed 8921 edge splits in 6 generations

Number of Faces: 18702 Number of Edges: 28053

Number of Constrained Edges: 4272Avg. Edge Arc Subtension: 7.2 degMax. Edge Arc Subtension: 20.0 deg

Edge Length : 1.1836e-02

Rad. of Curvature : 3.3909e-02



