



Cô Phạm Liễu

Mã đề **216**

MAP STUDY

TRƯỜNG THPT CHUYÊN HẠ LONG

ĐỀ THI MÔN TIẾNG ANH KHỐI 12

(Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút, không tính thời gian giao đề)

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word and phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 1 to 5.

CYCLING MAKES FINANCIAL SENSE

These days, most people are (1) _____ of the environmental impact of motor vehicles, and they realize that cars are responsible for many of the problems facing their cities. Not many people, (2) _____, ever stop to think about how much money they would save by switching from driving to cycling.

Cars cost a lot to buy, and unlike (3) _____, major investments such as houses, they quickly lose their value. On top of that, there are running costs such as repair bills, tax and insurance, all of which seem to go up every year.

Bicycles, by contrast, are far less expensive to purchase and maintain, do not require petrol and are easy to park. And if a lot more people (4) _____ up cycling, the government could spend less of the nation's resources on roads, (5) _____, at present their taxes help pay for whether they drive on them or not.

(Adapted from First Certificate Trainer)

- | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------|--------------|---------------|
| Question 1: A. interested | B. aware | C. concerned | D. discerning |
| Question 2: A. however | B. moreover | C. besides | D. therefore |
| Question 3: A. another | B. others | C. other | D. every |
| Question 4: A. started | B. set | C. kicked | D. took |
| Question 5: A. where | B. what | C. which | D. that |

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word (s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word (s) in each of the following questions.

Question 6: The guard dog defended his owner during the break-in, barking at the intruder and snapping at his feet.

- | | | | |
|--------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|
| A. protected | B. surrendered | C. attacked | D. destroyed |
|--------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|

Question 7: He hit the jackpot with the first novel, which became a bestseller in only one week.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|-----------|------------|------------------|
| A. was successful | B. failed | C. thrived | D. was fortunate |
|-------------------|-----------|------------|------------------|

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word (s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word (s) in each of the following questions.

Question 8: As the Fair Isle is the only place in Scotland where sheep far outnumber people, products from wool have become a specialty.

- | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|
| A. have control over | B. exceed in number |
| C. strongly influence | D. become the source of income of |

Question 9: If you were not so insolent to people, you would have a greater number of friends!

- A. rude B. selfish C. stubborn D. playful

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best completes each of the following exchanges.

Question 10: A manager is talking to his staff in the office.

- **Manager:** "Can you finish the project today?"

- **Staff:** "_____"

- A. No. Why do we have to? B. Yes, we'll try our best.
C. What about the others? D. We don't believe that.

Question 11: The two friends, Jane and Mary, are talking to each other.

- **Jane:** "Best wishes on your new job!"

- **Marry:** "_____."

- A. Thank you, and you too. B. That's right. Take care.
C. Thanks. It's very nice of you. D. What a nice saying.

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question 12: No long ago, when I was somehow in my mid-40s, I had a horrible memory because I never paid attention.

- A. because B. No long ago C. paid attention D. somehow

Question 13: I hadn't been used to getting up early in the morning so I usually get to work late.

- A. getting up B. to C. hadn't been D. so

Question 14: I still remember the man whom taught me how to play the guitar when I was small.

- A. to play B. when C. whom D. remember

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

Question 15: "Don't forget to buy some milk on the way home," Jane told Ann.

- A. Jane reminded Ann to buy some milk on the way home.
B. Jane wanted Ann to forget to buy some milk on the way home.
C. Jane thought Ann forgot to buy some milk on the way home.
D. Jane forgave Ann for getting to buy some milk on the way home.

Question 16: This is the first time I've watched such an amazing movie.

- A. I have ever watched such an amazing movie first.
B. First, I have watched such an amazing movie.
C. I haven't watched such an amazing movie before.
D. I have watched such an amazing movie sometime before.

Question 17: Time and again, they failed to solve the problem.

- A. Sometimes, they failed when solving problems.
B. They failed to solve the time problem again.
C. They need more time to solve the problem again.
D. They failed to solve the problem many times.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

Question 18: A. invent B. brighten C. machine D. police

Question 19: A. different B. important C. impressive D. attractive

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 20 to 26.

The old adage “practice makes perfect” has taken on special significance in recent times. Its message is simple: if you do something over again, then your performance will improve. Although often applied to music and sports – both of which are areas in which a necessity to practise is **self-evident** – the value of practice in other areas of life should not be underestimated. In fact, studies seem to indicate that practice (or experience) plays a greater role in success than natural talent, if such a thing exists.

Studies have demonstrated that high achievers are in fact no more gifted or intelligent than their contemporaries; rather, the difference lies in the amount of practice **they** put in. In the 1980s, Benjamin Bloom, a professor of education at the University of Chicago, conducted an investigation in the early childhoods of these high achievers that could have predicted their later success. The dedicated teachers and supportive families, and they had all put in intensive practice.

K. Andres Ericsson, a professor of Psychology at Florida State University, who has carried out research spanning more than two decades into giftedness, expertise, and the benefits of practice, concludes that experts are **invariably** made, and not born. However, Ericsson’s research has also indicated that what counts is not just the amount of practice a person puts in, but rather, the way in which they practice. If a person believes that it takes real talent to excel in certain area, then they are likely to doubt their own ability to improve sufficiently to compete with others, and as a result, may give up trying. Conversely, the person who can learn from their mistakes, and believes that they have the capacity to improve, is more likely to succeed.

In other words, experience really does count. Or as another old adage puts it, “nothing succeeds like success”. The key to success is motivation and an understanding that practice really does make perfect.

(Adapted from Global)

Question 20: Which best serves as the title for the passage?

- A. Determination Creates Success
- B. Working Hard: Comes at a Cost
- C. Aiming for Perfection?
- D. Repetition Builds Perfection!

Question 21: The word “**self-evident**” in paragraph 1 can be best replaced by _____.

- A. selfish
- B. clear
- C. unimportant
- D. confident

Question 22: According to paragraph 1, research seems to show that _____.

- A. success is directly linked to natural ability
- B. music and sports are two fields which require talent
- C. practice is of vital importance
- D. an old piece of advice may be exaggerated

Question 23: The word “**they**” in paragraph 2 refers to _____.

- A. high achievers
- B. studies
- C. factors
- D. contemporaries

Question 24: The word “**invariably**” in paragraph 3 mostly means _____.

- A. irregularly
- B. variously
- C. doubtfully
- D. certainly

Question 25: Which of the following statements is **TRUE**, according to the passage?

- A. Bloom’s research wanted to get an insight into why natural ability was important.
- B. You can really achieve expensive in a certain area if you do your work regularly.
- C. Participants in Bloom’s research were all born in rich families and taught by good teachers.
- D. Those who fail many times before achieving success are certain to excel in their fields.

Question 26: Which of the following can be inferred from the passage?

- A. Having the right mindset can really help you accomplish your goal.
- B. The success of Ericsson's research could be attributed to its length of time.
- C. Success can be solely achieved by the amount of effort you put in a task.
- D. Humans are typically skeptical about their chances of realizing their dream.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

Question 27: I was the only child, I had no experience of big families.

- A. If I hadn't been the only child, I wouldn't have had experience of big families.
- B. Although I was the only child, I had no experience of big families.
- C. I was the only child, so I had no experience of big families.
- D. Despite the fact that I was the only child, I had no experience of big families.

Question 28: The plan may be ingenious. It will never work in practice.

- A. Ingenious as it may be, the plan will never work in practice.
- B. Ingenious as it may the plan, it will never work in practice.
- C. The plan may be too ingenious to work in practice.
- D. The plan is as impractical as it is genius.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question 29: It's nice to be back here, in Hanoi. It's the second time I _____ here.

- A. am coming
- B. have come
- C. come
- D. came

Question 30: The children _____ to watch television at weekends.

- A. are allowed
- B. allowed
- C. are allowing
- D. allowing

Question 31: Most people can _____ clearly between a real and a simulated smile.

- A. differ
- B. different
- C. difference
- D. differentiate

Question 32: There has been _____ slight decrease in the consumption of poultry.

- A. no article
- B. an
- C. the
- D. a

Question 33: It gets _____ when the winter is coming.

- A. cold and cold
- B. colder and colder
- C. the coldest and coldest
- D. more and more cold

Question 34: This is second time that you have been here, _____?

- A. isn't it
- B. is it
- C. have you
- D. haven't you

Question 35: She tried to light a candle but the wind just constantly _____.

- A. took it back
- B. put it out
- C. filled it in
- D. bring it up

Question 36: I am sorry for everything. I have to put the _____ on myself.

- A. fault
- B. cause
- C. criticism
- D. blame

Question 37: My responsibility is to wash the dishes and take _____ the garbage every day.

- A. up
- B. in
- C. out
- D. on

Question 38: _____ by police officers, the bank robber gave up.

- A. Surrounded
- B. Surrounding
- C. Surround
- D. Being surround

Question 39: She became as angry as a _____ when I split up my drink onto her white dress.

A. tiger B. wolf C. bear D. bull

Question 40: We are having the new air conditioner _____ tomorrow.

A. to install B. installed C. installing D. install

Question 41: Because he was caught stealing from clients' accounts, the bank manager was _____ from his position.

A. discarded B. abandoned C. cancelled D. dismissed

Question 42: By appearing on the soap powder commercials, she became a _____ name.

A. housekeeper B. housewife C. household D. house

Question 43: He agreed to sign the contract _____.

- A. so he didn't know much about that company.
- B. in spite he knew much about it.
- C. because he didn't know much about that company's director.
- D. although he didn't know much about that company.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Question 44: A. handle B. honor C. hero D. heyday

Question 45: A. meat B. seat C. head D. peach

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 46 to 50.

Hobbies and leisure activities are an ideal way to destress, meet people and develop your creativity. But if you don't have a lot of spare time, it can be a challenge to find one that suits your tastes and fits into your busy life. Of course, some readers ask why they should take up a hobby at all. After an exhausting day at school, all they want to do is sit in front of the TV or go online. They don't realize that being more active and doing something really enjoyable can improve their energy levels and their mood.

One strategy for finding the right leisure activity is to think about what you enjoyed when you were a young child. Do you regret giving up those music lessons when you were ten? Now here's your chance to try again. Perhaps you wish you could spend time exploring on your bicycle again, or wonder why you stopped drawing cartoons. Think about going back to similar activities. Another approach is to think about the hobbies your friends have taken up. If you are interested when a classmate talks about her martial arts class, ask if you can join her. Training together will give both of you a boost in motivation. Or if you see a friend's paintings and you fancy doing some painting as well, give it a try.

Something to keep in mind is that an activity may not interest you after you've tried it. Actually, lots of people give hobbies up within a couple of months of starting them. So don't beg your parents to pay for a lot of equipment or a whole year's lessons right away. Begin slowly, borrow what you need, and see if the activity is really right for you. If you still enjoy an activity after a few weeks of starting it, it might be the right hobby for you. Only then is the time to pay for the full course. And if you complete it, perhaps you can ask for some equipment for your next birthday present.

Question 46: Which would be the best title for the passage?

- A. Looking Back on Your Childhood's Interests
- B. Finding a Suitable Leisure Pursuit
- C. Don't Give Up Too Soon!
- D. The Dilemma of Having Little Spare Time

Question 47: The word "**tastes**" in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. habits
- B. potentials
- C. purposes
- D. preferences

Question 48: According to paragraph 1, some people aren't aware of the fact that _____.

- A. starting a hobby can take up much of their time
- B. their mood lifts when they do something active
- C. sitting in front of the TV is harmful to their energy levels.
- D. they can be exhausted if they go online regularly.

Question 49: The word "**it**" in paragraph 3 refers to _____.

- A. mind
- B. course
- C. activity
- D. present

Question 50: Which of the following statements is **NOT** mentioned in the passage?

- A. You can have motivation to take up a hobby which is similar to your friends
- B. You should spend more time considering whether a hobby is suitable for you.
- C. Your past leisure activities can have a big influence on what you enjoy doing now.
- D. Trying your hobbies when you were small can help you find a suitable leisure activity.

THE END