FHRP

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First hop redundancy protocols (FHRPs) are mechanisms that **provide alternate default gateways** in switched networks where two or more routers are connected to the same VLANs.

- Implement a virtual router: 2 or more routers share an IP address and a MAC address acting as a single virtual router.
- A redundancy protocol provides the mechanism for determining which router should take the active role in forwarding traffic.

FHRP Options

- Hot Standby Router Protocol (HSRP): Cisco-propietary IPv4 or IPv6 devices.
 - Hello packets: 3 seconds
 - The standby router will become active if it does not receive a hello message from the active router after 10 seconds.
- Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol version 2 (VRRPv2): non-propiertary IPv4
- VRRPv3: non-propiertary IPv4 and IPv6. More scalable than VRRPv2
- Gateway Load Balancing Protocol (GLBP): Cisco-propietary. IPv4 and IPv6. Adds load balancing.

HSRP Priority and Preemption

- HSRP Election Process (11, if equals then 22):
 - Router with highest HSRP Priority
 Active router
 - Default priority: 100 (Range: 0..255)
 - Router with highest IPv4 Active router
- Active router remains active even if another router comes online with higher HSRP priority.
 - Force Preemption enabled (triggers re-election)
 - Only higher HSRP priority. NOT PREEMPT equal priority but a higher IPv4

HSRP Configuration Example

```
R1(config)# interface g0/1
R1(config-if)# ip address 172.16.10.2 255.255.255.0
R1(config-if)# standby 1 ip 172.16.10.1
R1(config-if)# standby 1 priority 150
R1(config-if)# standby 1 preempt
R1(config-if)# standby 1 authentication cisco
R1(config-if)# standby 1 timers 5 15
R2(config)# interface g0/1
R2(config-if)# ip address 172.16.10.3 255.255.255.0
R2(config-if)# standby 1 ip 172.16.10.1
R2(config-if)# standby 1 priority 100
R2(config-if)# standby 1 authentication cisco
R2(config-if)# standby 1 timers 5 15
```

Topología del protocolo HSRP

