

The OpenMP application implements the same parallel algorithm for computing the dot product of two real vectors  $x$  and  $y$  as the Pthreads application.

The source code of the application is as follows:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <omp.h>

#define MAXTHRDS 124

int main()
{
    double *x, *y, dot_prod;
    int num_of_thrds, vec_len, i;

    num_of_thrds = omp_get_num_procs();
    omp_set_num_threads(num_of_thrds);

    printf("Vector length = ");
    if(scanf("%d", &vec_len)<1) {
        printf("Check input for vector length. Bye.\n");
        return -1;
    }

    x = malloc(vec_len*sizeof(double));
    y = malloc(vec_len*sizeof(double));
    for(i=0; i<vec_len; i++) {
        x[i] = 1.;
        y[i] = 1.;
    }

    dot_prod = 0.;
    #pragma omp parallel for reduction(+: dot_prod)
    for(i=0; i<vec_len; i++) {
        dot_prod += x[i]*y[i];
    }

    printf("Dot product = %f\n", dot_prod);

    free(x);
    free(y);
}
```

One can see that this OpenMP code is significantly simpler and more compact than the Pthreads code.