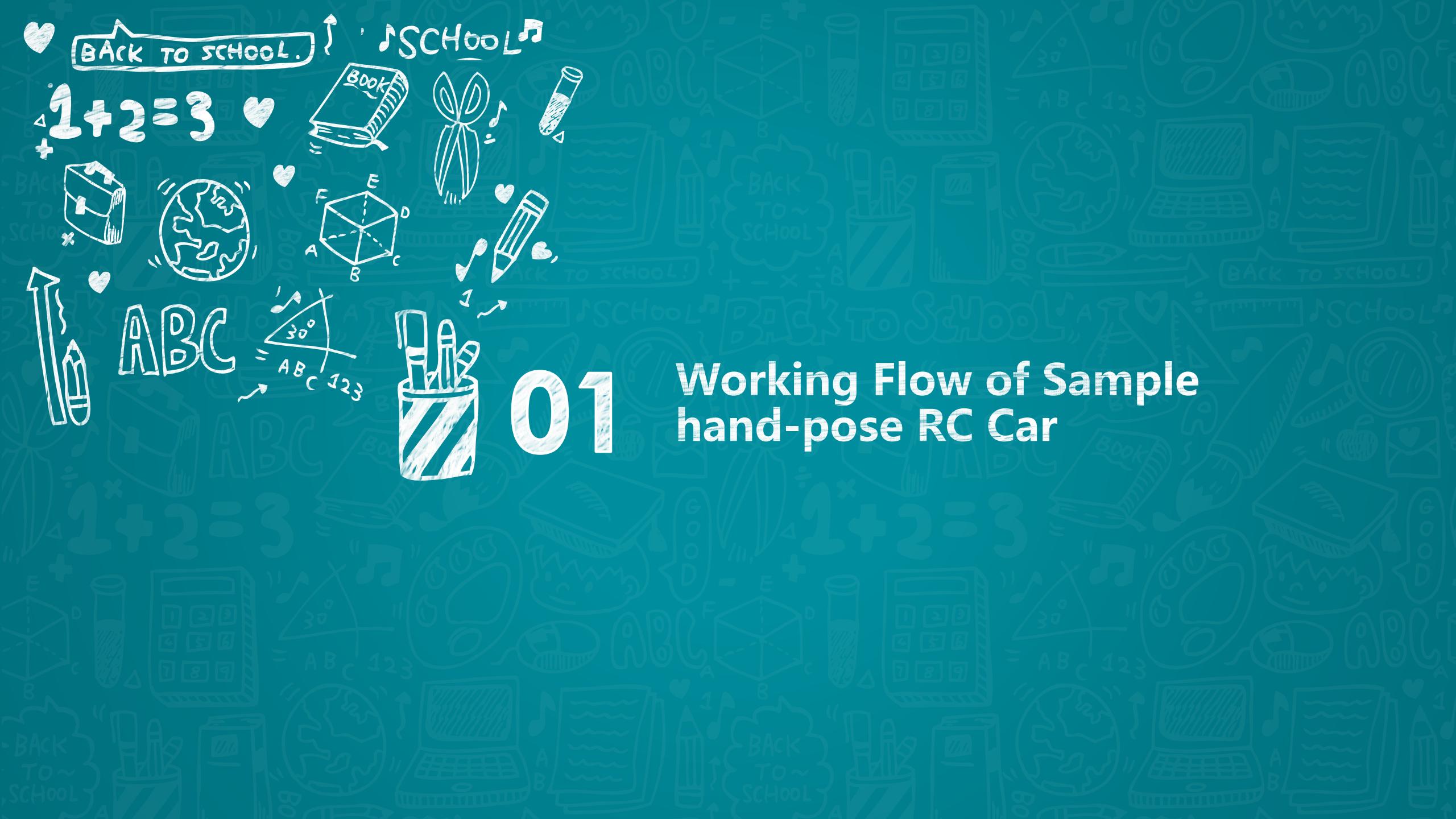


Lesson-3&4



Atlas 200dk NPU Postprocessing and hardware periphery



01

Working Flow of Sample hand-pose RC Car



Sample hand-pose RC Car

1. Initialize all resources;
2. Capture Image via Camera;
3. Pre-processing (e.g. color space conversion, data-type conversion);
4. Neural network inference;
5. Post-processing;
6. Send command through peripheral (UART,I2C, and SPI)
7. Jump to step 2.

Same with convert
black-and - white
images

Project Description

- data
 - Configure the IP address of present servicer
- Inc
 - Including all the head files
- Model
 - The .om neural network model file
- Out
 - Build file after compiling
- src
 - **Camera.cpp** – Manage the camera
 - **handpose.cpp** – Operations of the entire neural network
 - **handpose_decode.cpp** - postprocess
 - **Main.cpp**
 - **I2c.cpp and uart.cpp** – Manage the hardware peripheral;
 - **Utils.cpp** - handle file operations
- CMakeLists.txt

<https://github.com/Atlas200dk/sample-handposeRCcar/tree/c73/sample-handposeRC/Atlas200DK/sample-handposeRC>



02

Hand pose Estimation Post-processing

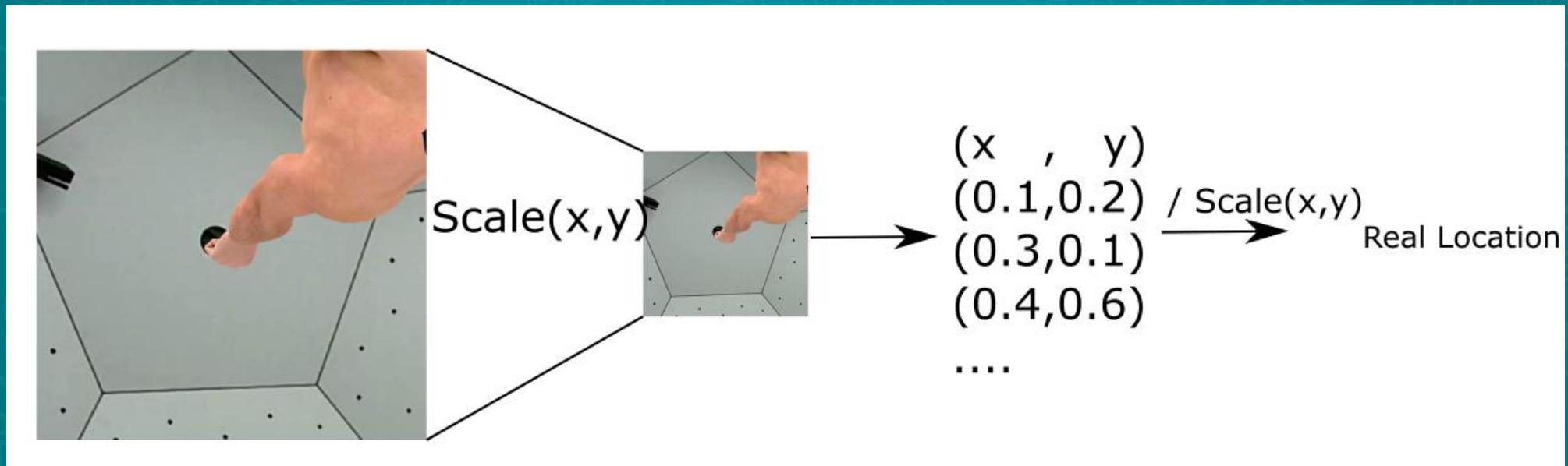


Post-processing

hand_pose.cpp#L190: Result HandPose::Postprocess(cv::Mat& origImage, aclmdlDataset* modelOutput)

Detection-based vs. Regression-based

- Output: $21 \times (x, y)$ – location of key-points of hand (32-bits float point); (hand_pose.cpp#L195)
- Re-construct the points location (Scale)



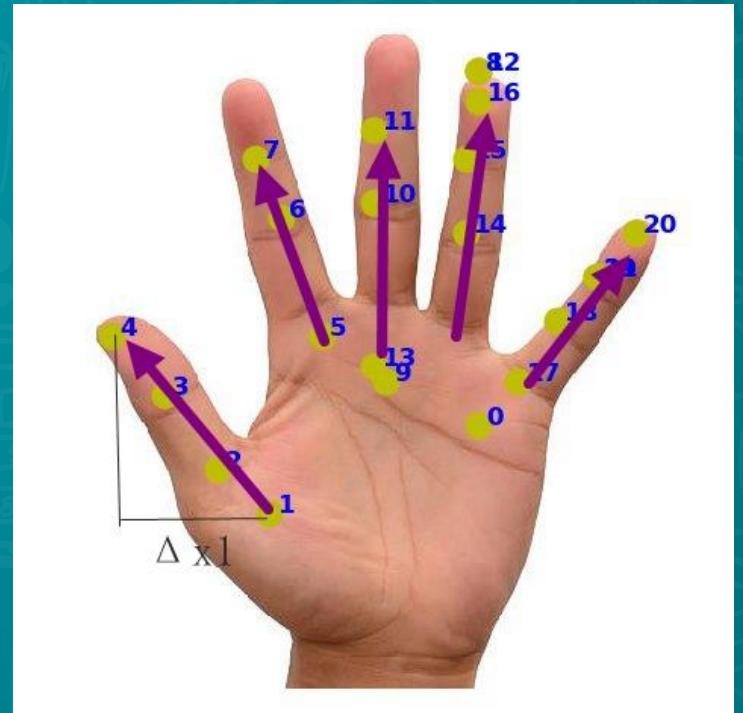


Post-processing

```
unsigned char HandposeDecode::get_rc_command(){  
    int angle = get_fingers_angle_scale();  
    int thumb_bool = thumb_status();  
    if(!validate()){  
        return cmd_stop;  
    }  
    else if((left_thresh < angle < right_thresh) && thumb_bool){  
        return cmd_backward;  
    }  
    else if(angle > right_thresh){  
        return cmd_right;  
    }  
    else if(angle < left_thresh){  
        return cmd_left;  
    }  
    else {  
        return cmd_forward;  
    }  
}
```

```
int HandposeDecode::get_fingers_angle_scale(){  
    int finger_top_total = x_arr[8] + x_arr[12] + x_arr[16] + x_arr[20];  
    int finger_bottom_total = x_arr[5] + x_arr[9] + x_arr[13] + x_arr[17];  
    int angle_scale = finger_top_total - finger_bottom_total;  
    return angle_scale;  
}  
  

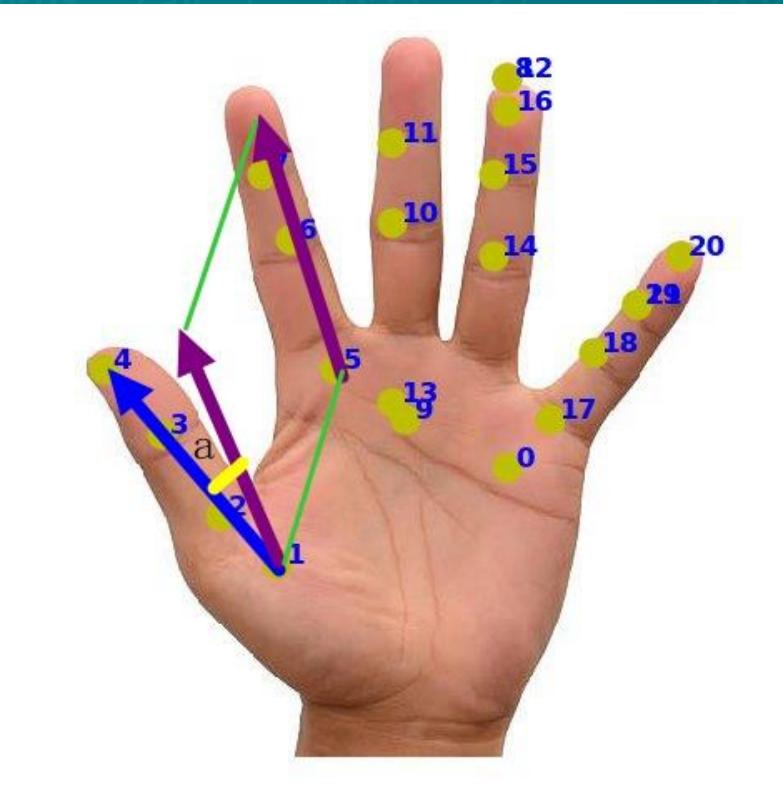
$$\Delta x = \Delta x_1 + \Delta x_2 + \Delta x_3 + \Delta x_4$$
  
Average filter
```





Post-processing

```
int HandposeDecode::thumb_status(){
    // get vector of thumb
    int vec_thumb_x = x_arr[4] - x_arr[3];
    int vec_thumb_y = y_arr[4] - y_arr[3];
    // get vector of index finger
    int vec_index_x = x_arr[8] - x_arr[7];
    int vec_index_y = y_arr[8] - y_arr[7];
    // length of thumb and index finger vector
    float len_thumb = sqrt(pow(vec_thumb_x,2)+pow(vec_thumb_y,2));
    float len_index = sqrt(pow(vec_index_x,2)+pow(vec_index_y,2));
    // thumb inward (direction = -1) or outward (direction = 1), using cross product of vectors
    int direction = (vec_thumb_x*vec_index_y-vec_index_x*vec_thumb_y)>0 ? -1:1;
    // get angle between thumb and index figure vector
    float thumb_index_angle
    =direction*acos((vec_thumb_x*vec_index_x+vec_thumb_y*vec_index_y)/len_thumb/len_index)*18
    0.0/3.1415926;
    if(thumb_index_angle < thumb_threshold){
        return 1;
    }
}
```





03

UART 1 on Atlas 200dk

Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter

```
class uart {  
public:  
    uart(void) ;  
    ~uart(void) ;  
  
    int uart_open(void);  
    int uart_close(void);  
    int uart_send(char *buffer, int size);  
    int uart_read(char *buffer, int size);  
    int uart_set_option(int nSpeed, int nBits, char  
nEvent, int nStop);  
  
private:  
    int fd;  
};
```

The program could only use **Atlas 200dk *UART1*** because of **UART0** has been occupied by the Linux system.

1. Open UART1;
2. Set UART1 Baud rate 9600, 8-bits and 1 stop bit;
3. Send commands;
4. Receive commands;

Atlas 200dk



THANK YOU
FOR WATCHING