Prime No. Any positive no that has enactly 2 factors
2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17.

$$24 = 0$$

$$2 \times 24 = 24$$

$$2 \times 0 = 0$$

$$3 \times 8 = 24$$

$$4 \times 6 = 24$$

$$6 \times 4 = 24$$

$$8 \times 3 = 24$$

$$1 \times 2 = 24$$

$$1 \times 3 = 34$$

a Gaven a no. Write a for that returns true if the no is prime.

boolean check Prime (unt N) f

$$\begin{array}{ll} & \text{ int } c=0; \\ & \text{ for (unt } i=1; \quad i<=N; \quad i++) \, \{ \\ & \text{ if } (N\% \ i==0) \, \{ \\ & \text{ } i: [1,N] \\ & \text{ } \\ & \\ & \text{ } \\ &$$

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108 iteration in 1 see Assumption: N × 109 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 109 · whentim  $=> \frac{10^9}{10^8} = 10 \text{ sec}$ N = 1018 ----> 1018 iteration 3 Peners 10 Rup 108 uterations 30 Pm 1018 uterations  $\frac{10^{19} \times 15e}{70^{10}} = 10^{10} \text{ se}$ ≈ 317 years You --- Kieb --- Grand Kieb --- 40 Gen --- 50 --- 600 Shoib Malin retin If a, b & N are the integers

If a, b & N are the integers

if  $a \times b = N$   $\Rightarrow b = N/q$  a is a factor of N a is a factor of N

ڼ	i)N	C = 0	_ <b>i</b>	N/; C=0
1	24	1+2 2	1	100 2
2	12	↓+2 <4	ર	50 4
3	8	1+2	4	₹ <b>5</b> 6
4	6	6 1+2 8	5	20 8 10 9
6		8	Τ0	
	4		20	5
8	3		25	4
12	2		50	2
24	L		ાજ	
				<u> </u>

boolean Check Prime (N() {	i <= N
int c = 0; $fm(x) = 0$	
for ( int i = 1; i <= 17) }	N = > L* i
l'él i us a facter	j² <= N
Item N/i is also a factor	7 <= 14
if (N%1 ==0){	
¥( i = = N/i)	i;[1, [M]
C++;	=) In iteration
C++; $C=C+2;$	
if (c = = 2)  net true;	131650
else set fals;	y(>2) ret falm

(4th Grade)

$$N=7 \xrightarrow{\div 2} 3 \xrightarrow{\div 2} 1$$

$$N=1$$

$$N=2 \xrightarrow{\div 2} 1$$

$$N=4 \xrightarrow{\div 2} 2 \xrightarrow{\div 2} 1$$

$$\log_2 7 \to 2$$

$$\log_2 7 \to 2$$

$$\log_2 2 \to 1$$

$$\log_2 4 \to 2$$

$$N = 32 \rightarrow 16 \rightarrow 8 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 1 \quad ly_2 32 \rightarrow 5$$

$$N = 55 \rightarrow 27 \rightarrow 13 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 1 \quad ly_2 55 \rightarrow 5$$

$$N = 100 \rightarrow 50 \rightarrow 25 \rightarrow 12 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 1 \quad ly_2 100 \rightarrow 6$$

$$N = 64 \rightarrow 32 \rightarrow 16 \rightarrow 8 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 1 \quad ly_2 64 \rightarrow 6$$

$$\log_2 32 \longrightarrow 5$$
 $\log_2 27 \longrightarrow 4. \frac{nyz}{2} \times (2^n = 27)$ 

Amazen

Gx6 \_\_\_\_\_\_ 36

a Ginen a number cutien is a perfect sq. Write a for that returns the sq wool.

Perfect sq.

If is a perfect sq.

if the is an integer of there enish an unleger of the enish an unleger of the enish and unleger of the enish and

$$N = 35 \longrightarrow \sqrt{25} \longrightarrow 5$$
 ( $5 \times 5 = 25$ )  
 $N = 100 \longrightarrow \sqrt{100} \longrightarrow 10$  ( $10 \times 10 = 100$ )  
 $N = 31 \times$ 

$$N = 36$$

$$1 \times 1 \longrightarrow 1$$

$$2 \times 2 \longrightarrow 4$$

$$3 \times 3 \longrightarrow 9$$

$$4 \times 4 \longrightarrow 16$$

$$3 \times 3 \longrightarrow 9$$

$$4 \times 4 \longrightarrow 16$$

1000 --- OPO

11 x 12 - 121

int getSerroot (int N) {

for (i=1; i<=N; i++) }

$$\frac{1}{2} (i \times i = N) \{$$

rut i;

## In iteration

$$N = 2^{32} \longrightarrow 2^{16} \text{ idealin}$$

$$10^{8} \text{ elival} \longrightarrow 15ev$$

$$2^{16} \text{ ideal} \longrightarrow \frac{2^{16}}{10^{9}}$$

$$2^{10} = 1024$$

$$\approx 10^{3}$$

$$2^{10} \longrightarrow 10^{3}$$

$$\frac{10^3 \times 2^6}{10^8} = \frac{64}{10^5} \text{ see}$$

$$N = 2^{64}$$
  $\longrightarrow$   $2^{32}$  ülerele

$$-\frac{2^{32}}{l0^{8}} \sec \Rightarrow \frac{2^{10} \times 2^{10} \times 2^{10} \times 2^{2}}{l0^{8}} \sec$$

$$N=36$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \qquad 1 \qquad \times \\
2 \qquad 4 \qquad \times \\
3 \qquad 9 \qquad \times \\
4 \qquad 16 \qquad \times \\
5 \qquad 25 \qquad \times \\
6 \qquad 36 \qquad \times \\
N=100$$

$$[1, 100]$$

$$50 \times 50 \times 7 \times 100$$

$$[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, .... 49, 50, 51, .... 100]$$

$$[1, 49]$$

$$1, 2, 3, 4, 5, .... 24, 25 .... 49$$

$$[1, 24]$$

$$12 \times 12 \times 100$$

$$1, 2, 3, .... 11, 12, 13 .... 24$$

$$[1, 11]$$

$$1, 2, 3, .... 11, 12, 13 .... 24$$

$$[1, 11]$$

$$6 \times 6 < 100$$

$$[7, 11]$$

$$9 \times 9 < 100$$

$$7 \times 9, 10, 11$$

N/2

N/4

log N aterations

N18

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	<u> </u>	Joga N
$N = 1024 (2^{10})$ $N = 2^{32}$	$ \begin{array}{ccc} \boxed{2^{10}} & \longrightarrow & 32 \\ \hline \boxed{2^{32}} & \longrightarrow & 2^{16} \\ \hline (65536) \end{array} $	Joy. 2°° → 10
N = 264	[42,94,67,296]	Jey. 2 <sup>64</sup> → 64