

## Graph Traversal

### Breadth First Search

Name : BFSearch  
Given : Graph G represented by adjacency list  
Start, Starting Vertex  
Returns: Nothing  
Variables: Array Visited of size equal to number of vertices  
v: number to specify a vertex  
Current : to store address of a node in the adjacency list  
Q: queue to store vertices

Steps:

- 1) Initialise q to empty status.
- 2) Mark every vertex as not visited by initializing the elements of array Visited.
- 3) Mark vertex start as visited
- 4) Add vertex start to the queue
- 5) While the queue q is not empty
  - a) Delete the front node from q and store the vertex deleted in v
  - b) Print vertex v
  - c) Current = first node in the adjacency list for vertex v
  - d) While current is not NULL
    - i) V = vertex contained in current
    - ii) If vertex v is not yet visited
      - (a) Add vertex v to the queue q
      - (b) Mark vertex v as visited
    - iii) Current = next of current

### Depth First Search

Name : DFSearch  
Given : Graph G represented by adjacency list  
Start, Starting Vertex  
Returns: Nothing  
Variables: Array Visited of size equal to number of vertices  
v: number to specify a vertex  
Current : pointer to a node in the adjacency list  
S: stack to store vertices

Steps:

- 1) Initialise S to empty status.
- 2) Mark every vertex as not visited by initializing the elements of array Visited.
- 3) Mark vertex start as visited
- 4) Push vertex start on to the stack
- 5) While the stack S is not empty
  - a) Pop the stack S and store the vertex deleted in v
  - b) Print vertex v
  - c) Current = first node in the adjacency list for vertex v
  - d) While current is not NULL
    - i) V = vertex contained in current
    - ii) If vertex v is not yet visited
      - (a) Push vertex v on to the stack S
      - (b) Mark vertex v as visited
    - iii) Current = next of current