# Translate the following queries into Relational Algebra and also Draw an optimized query tree starting from the initial query tree:

#### Q1. Given the relation below

Employee (<u>E\_name</u>, street, city)

Works (<u>E\_name</u>, comp\_name, salary)

Company (comp\_name, city)

Manages (<u>E\_name</u>, mgr\_name)

## a) Select E\_name

From Employee E, Works W

Where E.E\_name = W.E\_name and salary > 50000 and comp\_name = 'First Bank Corp.';

### b) Select E.E name, W.comp name

From Employee E, Works W

 $Where \ E.E\_name = W.E\_name \ and \ W.salary > (Select \ Avg(salary)$ 

From Works)

Group By W.comp\_name;

#### Q2. Given the relation below

Salesperson (Name, Quota%, Salary)

Order (Number, CustName, SalespersonName, Amt)

Customer (Name, City, IndustryType)

#### a) Select Name

From Salesperson

Where Quota% < 30;

#### b) Select Name

From Salesperson

Where Quota% = (Select Max(Quota%))

From Salesperson);

# Q3. Given the relation below

Student (SID, Name, Major, GradeLevel)

Class (Name, Time, Room)

Junior (SNum, Name, Major)

HonorStudent (Number, Name, Interest)

Enrollment (StdNo, ClassName, PositionNo)

Faculty (FID, Name, Dept)

#### a) Select Name

From Student

Where Major in ('Math', 'Accounting');

#### b) Select Name

From Student

Where SID in (Select StdNo

From Enrollment

Where ClassName = 'BD445');

c) Select distinct StdNo

From Enrollment A

Where Exists ( Select \*

From Enrollment B

Where A.StdNo = B.StdNo and A.ClassName Not =

B.ClassName);