

# Lab 3: Simple Steganography

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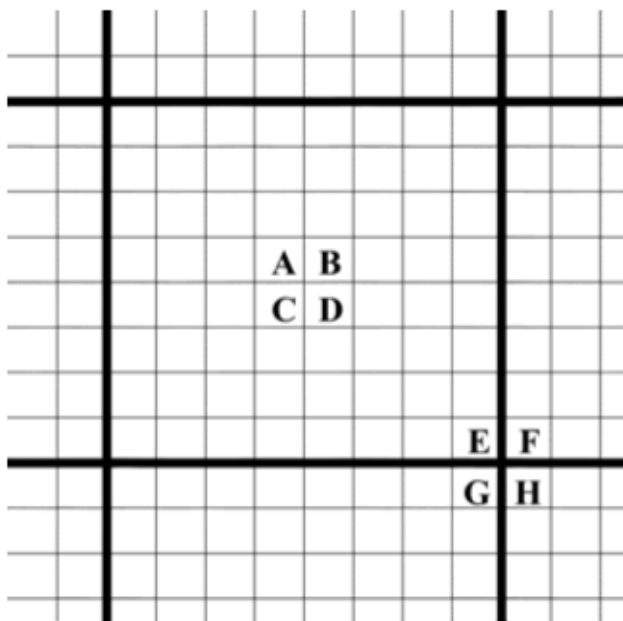
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## Part 1

extract the metadata tag associated with image 1) reading the quatization tables used to encode and decode in the jpeg header 2) compare to list of digital camera models Need wine to use JPEGsnoop.exe :(

## Part 2

JPEG compression can be detected by identifying  $8 \times 8$  grids across the image. One way to quantify the blocking is to make the same calculation at the center of an  $8 \times 8$  block and at the edge of an  $8 \times 8$  block and compare the error. If there are no blocking artifacts then the error should be small, if there are blocking artifacts the values at the corners will greatly vary from the center of the block.



Using the  $[A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H]$ , noted above the (??) and (??) are calculated for every  $8 \times 8$  block in the image.

$$Z'(i, j) = |A - B - C + D| \quad (1)$$

$$Z''(i, j) = |E - F - G + H| \quad (2)$$

The values are then put into a normalized histogram, if the center values,  $Z'$ , histogram looks the same as the edge values  $Z''$ , histogram; then the image was jpeg compressed.

```
im1=imread('Assignment4Files/blockArtifacts1.tif');
k1=blockDetect(im1)
```

```
im2=imread('Assignment4Files/blockArtifacts2.tif');
k1=blockDetect(im2)
```

```
im3=imread('Assignment4Files/blockArtifacts3.tif');
k1=blockDetect(im2)
```

```
type('blockDetect.m')
```

```
The strength of the blocking fingerprint is 1.498818e+00.
So the image was JPEG compressed
```

```
k1 =
```

```
1.4988
```

```
The strength of the blocking fingerprint is 1.496792e+00.
So the image was JPEG compressed
```

```
k1 =
```

```
1.4968
```

```
The strength of the blocking fingerprint is 1.496792e+00.
So the image was JPEG compressed
```

```
k1 =
```

```
1.4968
```

```
function [ k ] = blockDetect( im )
%blockDetect implements the Fan and de Quieroz's JPEG blocking artifact
% detecting algorithm. inputs any image and output the k, blocking
% strength value.
Zp=[];
Zpp=[];
[r,c]=size(im);
for i=1:8:r-8 % dont do the last 8x8 block in row or cols
    for j=1:8:c-8
        grid=im(i:i+7,j:j+7); % grid plus one
        A=grid(4,4);
        B=grid(4,5);
        C=grid(5,4);
        D=grid(5,5);
        Zp=[Zp, double(abs(A-B-C+D))];
        E=grid(8,8);
        F=im(i+7,i+8);
        G=im(i+8,i+7);
        H=im(i+8,i+8);
        Zpp=[Zpp, double(abs(E-F-G+H))];
    end
end
```

```

end
% 2)
figure
HI=histogram(Zp,255);
HI.Normalization = 'probability';
hold on
HII=histogram(Zpp,255);
HII.Normalization = 'probability';
legend('Normalized center values','Normalized edge values')
% 3)
k=sum(abs(HI.Values-HII.Values));
n=0.25;
% 4)
jpegDetect = (k>n);
fprintf('The strength of the blocking fingerprint is %d.\n',k);
if jpegDetect==1
    fprintf('So the image was JPEG compressed \n')
else
    fprintf('So the image was not JPEG compressed \n')
end
end

end

```

As seen below the  $Z'$  and  $Z''$ , histograms look very different. Also the error of the two histograms was taken, called the blocking fingerprint. The blocking fingerprint was then compared to a threshold of 0.25 to see if jpeg compression was detected.

