

Part 1: While Loops

Do the following exercises in a file called `while_fun_loops.py` in the `~/intro_class` folder.

1. Using a while loop, print out the numbers from 1 to 20.
2. Using a while loop, print out the numbers from 1 to 20, but if the number is 13, print the word “hello” instead of the number
3. Using a while loop, print out the numbers from 0 to 100 (including the number 100) in increments of 10. (e.g. 0, 10, 20, 30, ... , 100)
4. Using a while loop, print out the odd numbers from 0 to 10.
5. Using a while loop, print out the numbers from 10 to 0 (including 0).
 - a. Modify this while loop to print out “Blastoff!” instead of printing 0.
6. Create a list called `fruits` that contains “apples”, “oranges”, and “bananas”
 - a. Using a while loop, go through the list, and print out each fruit.
7. Create a function called `sum_nums` that takes in a number called `num`. `sum_nums` should add up all of the numbers from 0 until (but not including) `num`. `sum_nums` should return this sum.

Example: `print sum_nums(3)` ⇒ 3

- a. Modify `sum_nums` to add up all the numbers from 0 to `num`, including `num`.

Example: `print sum_nums(3)` ⇒ 6

- b. Write a function called `sum_nums2` that checks if the parameter `num` is negative. If it is, `sum_nums2` should add up all of the numbers from 0 to the negative number and return that sum. If the parameter `num` is positive, `sum_nums2` should work the same as `sum_nums` from #7 part A.

Example: `print sum_nums2(-3)` ⇒ 6

8. Write a function called `fizz_buzz` that prints the numbers from 1 to 100. But for multiples of three print “Fizz” instead of the number and for the multiples of five print “Buzz”. For numbers which are multiples of both three and five print “FizzBuzz”.