Python for Delphi Developers (Part II)

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Using python libraries and objects in Delphi code

VarPyth

Python based data analytics in Delphi applications

- Core libraries
- Visualization
- Machine Learning

Running python scripts without blocking your GUI

• TPythonThread

Creating Python extension modules using Delphi

Python GUI development using the VCL

• WrapDelphi and WrapDelphiVCL units

VarPyth

- High-level access to python objects from Delphi code
- It also allows you to create common python objects (lists, tuples etc.)
- Uses custom variants
- No need to use the low-level python API or deal with python object reference counting
- Small performance penalty
- Example
 - ShowMessage (SysModule.version)
- Explore Demo25 and the VarPyth unit tests

```
procedure TForm1.FormCreate(Sender: TObject);
begin
   var np := Import('numpy');
   var np_array: Variant :=
       np.array(VarPythonCreate([1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10]));
   PythonModule.SetVar('np_array',
       ExtractPythonObjectFrom(np_array));
end;
```

```
procedure TForm1.btnRunClick(Sender: TObject);
begin
   GetPythonEngine.ExecString(UTF8Encode(sePythonCode.Text));
   for var V in VarPyIterate(MainModule.res_array) do
      ListBox.Items.Add(V);
end;
```

VarPyth Demo

```
Python code:

from delphi_module import np_array
print("type(np_array) = ", type(np_array))
print("len(np_array) = ", len(np_array))
print("np_array = ", np_array)

res_array = np_array.copy()
for i in range(len(np_array)):
    res_array[i] *= np_array[i]
print("res_array = ", res_array)
```

```
Output:

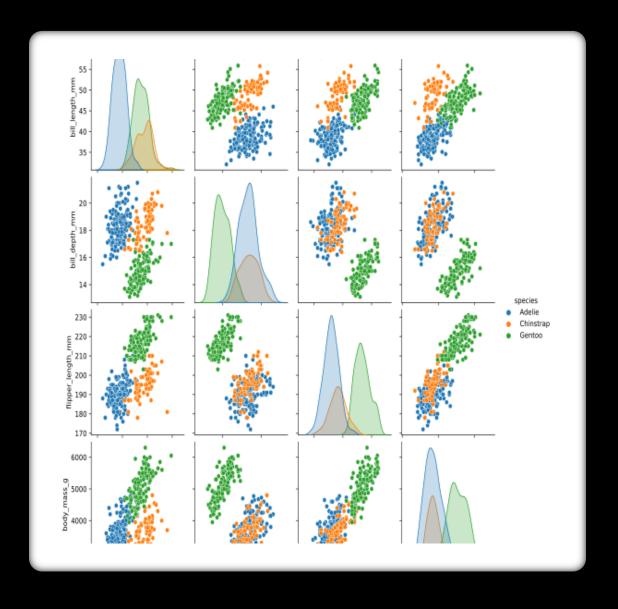
type(np_array) = <class 'numpy.ndarray'>
len(np_array) = 10
np_array = [ 1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9 10]
res_array = [ 1  4  9  16  25  36  49  64  81  100]
```

Core Python Libraries

- Core libraries
 - numpy arrays and matrix algebra
 - scipy math, science and engineering
 - pandas data structure and analysis, R-like dataframes
- Data visualization
 - matplotlib matlab-like plotting
 - **seaborn** statistical data visualization
 - mpld3 turn matplotlib plots into interactive web pages
 - **bokeh** interactive visualization library for modern browsers
 - plotly interactive browser-based graphing library
 - altair based on the visualization grammar vega-light

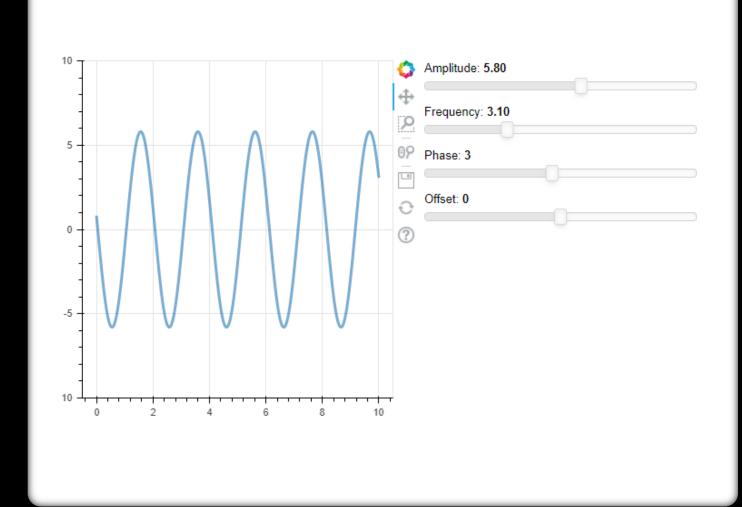
Data visualization Demos - pyVlZsvg

- Create charts with python libraries, save them in svg format and plot them in Delphi
- Uses matplotlib and seaborn python libraries
- Uses TSVGIconImage from <u>EtheaDev SVGIconImageList</u> components



Interactive Data Visualization Demo -PychartHtml

- Create interactive charts in python save them to html and show them inside Delphi applications
- Showcases the new TEdgeBrowser
- Uses the matplotlib with mpld3, altair and bohek python libraries

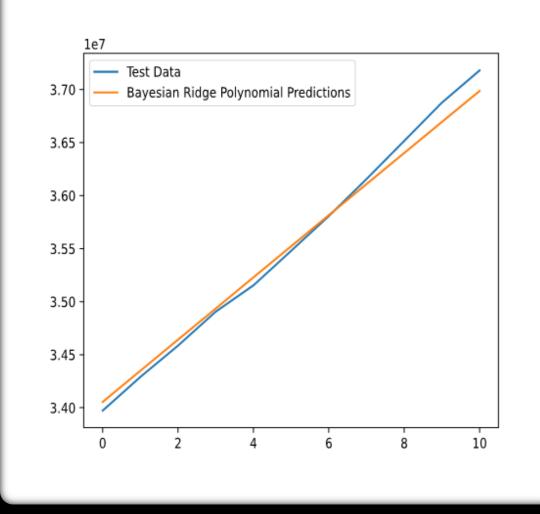


Machine Learning Python Libraries

- tensorflow (Google)
 - **keras** high level pythonic interface
- PyTorch (Facebook)
- CNTK The Microsoft Cognitive Toolkit (Microsoft)
- Spark MLlib and mxnet (Apache Foundation)
- scikit-learn
 - pure-python, general library, wide coverage, good choice for newcomers to ML/Al

Data Analytics Demo: COVID-19

- Demonstrates the combined use of numpy, pandas, matplotlib and scikit-learn
- Use pandas to download Covid-19 confirmed cases data from Web and aggregate it
- Use scikit-learn to
 - Split the data into training and test sets
 - Transform the data
 - Define model (Bayesian Ridge Regression)
 - Optimize model parameters
 - Generate predictions
- Use matplotlib to compare actual vrs fitted test data.

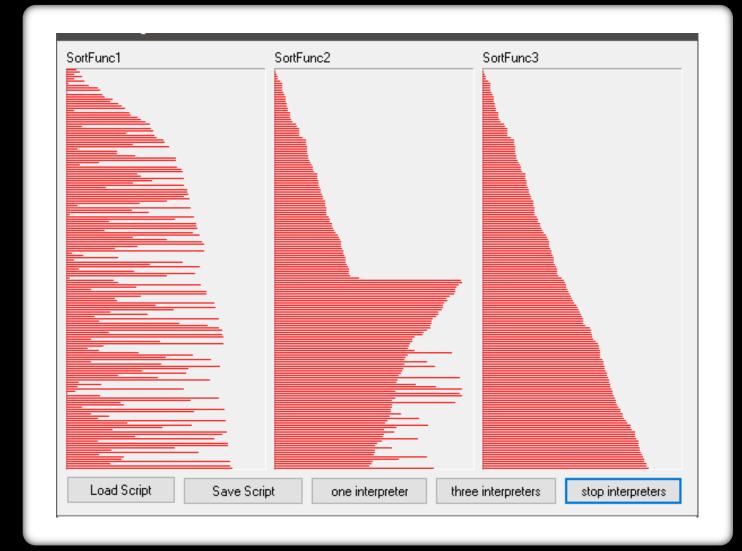


Running Python Scripts Without Blocking Your Main Thread

- Python uses the infamous Global Interpreter Lock (GIL)
- This means that only one thread can run python code at any given time
- Python switches between python created threads automatically
- Applications using python need to acquire the GIL before running python code and release it soon afterwards
- Welcome to TPythonThread
 - TThread descendent
 - Automatically acquires and releases the GIL

Python threads – demo33

- Shows you how to
 - use TPythonThread
 - use new sub-interpreters
 - synchronize with the main thread
 - interrupt running threads with a keyboard interrupt exception



Technical Aside I

- FPU Exception mask
 - Delphi's default FPU exception mask is different from most other Windows apps
 - Incompatible with python libraries written in C or C++
 - If you use numpy, scipy, tensorflow etc. you need to match the FPU mask they expect to operate with
 - PythonEngine.pas provides a function for doing that: MaskFPUExceptions
 - Call MaskFPUExceptions(True) before python is loaded
 - e.g. the initialization section of your main form
 - See the P4D Wiki page for details

Technical Aside II

- Working with different python distributions:
 - P4D makes a good effort to discover registered python distributions automatically
 - But sometimes you want to use python distributions which are not registered
 - One such case is when want to **deploy your application bundled with python**. Python.org offers such a minimal distribution for applications embedding python.
 - Additional considerations apply when using an Anaconda distribution
- Read the <u>Finding Python</u> P4D Wiki page carefully

P4D Python Extension Modules

- Python extension modules are dynamic link libraries that can be used by python in a way similar to modules developed in python.
- They have 'pyd' extension.
- P4D makes it very easy to create extension modules that contain functions and types developed in Delphi.
- These extension modules can be used by Python, independently of Delphi, and can be packaged with setuptools and distributed through PyPi.

Python extension modules Demo

```
function PyInit DemoModule: PPyObject;
//function exported by dll - initializes the module
begin
 try
    gEngine := TPythonEngine.Create(nil);
    gEngine.AutoFinalize := False;
    gEngine.UseLastKnownVersion := False;
    // Adapt to the desired python version
    gEngine.RegVersion := '3.8';
    gEngine.DllName := 'python38.dll';
   gModule := TPythonModule.Create(nil);
    gModule.Engine := gEngine;
    gModule.ModuleName := 'DemoModule';
    gModule.AddMethod('is prime', delphi is prime,
     'is prime(n) -> bool');
   gEngine.LoadDll;
 except
 end;
 Result := gModule.Module;
end;
```

```
Python test module: test.py

from DemoModule import is_prime
from timeit import Timer

def count_primes(max_n):
    res = 0
    for i in range(2, max_n + 1):
        if is_prime(i):
            res += 1
    return res
```

```
Command line:

> C:\Python\Python38\python test.py
Number of primes between 0 and 1000000 = 78498
Elapsed time: 0.29756570000000004 secs
```

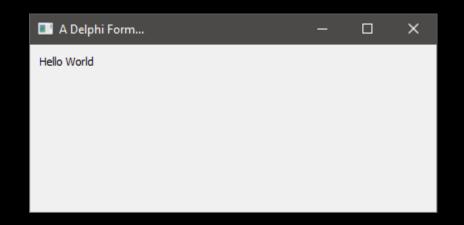
Wrapping VCL as a Python Extension Module I

- We can use the same approach to create an extension module wrapping VCL
- Uses the WrapDelphi and WrapDelphiVCL units
- The whole of VCL (almost) is wrapped in 40 lines of code
- The generated Delphi.pyd file is only 5Mbs
- It can be uses to create VCL-based GUIs in python without needing Delphi
- A similar approach could be used to wrap FMX and create a multi-platform python GUI library
- Unclear whether there are licensing restrictions in distributing such a file

Wrapping VCL as a Python Extension Module II

```
TestApp.py
from Delphi import *
class MainForm(Form):
    def init (self, Owner):
        self.Caption = "A Delphi Form..."
        self.SetBounds(10, 10, 500, 400)
        self.lblHello = Label(self)
        self.lblHello.SetProps(Parent=self, Caption="Hello World")
        self.lblHello.SetBounds(10, 10, 300, 24)
        self.OnClose = self.MainFormClose
    def MainFormClose(self, Sender, Action):
        Action.Value = caFree
def main():
    Application.Initialize()
    Application.Title = "MyDelphiApp"
    f = MainForm(Application)
    f.Show()
    FreeConsole()
                             Command line:
    Application.Run()
                             > C:\Python\Python38\python .\TestApp.py
main()
```

```
unit uMain;
interface
uses PythonEngine;
function PyInit_Delphi: PPyObject; cdecl;
implementation
uses WrapDelphi, WrapDelphiVCL;
// similar to the previous extension module
```



Summary

- With Python for Delphi you can get the best of both worlds
- P4D makes it very easy to integrate Python into Delphi applications in RAD way, thus providing access to a vast range of python libraries
- Expose Delphi function, objects, records and types to Python using low or high-level interfaces (WrapDelphi)
- Create/Access/Use Python objects/modules in your Delphi code using a highlevel interface (VarPyth)
- Run python code in threads
- Create python extensions modules
- Wrap Vcl as a Python extension module to create GUIs with python <u>github.com/pyscripter/python4delphi/tree/master/Tutorials/Webinar%20II</u>