
TASK 2 – *rectangle.rb*

This task was chosen from this repository: <https://github.com/dziugaspeciulevicius/Object-Oriented-Programming/tree/master/TASK1/src/com/company>

This task required to calculate rectangle perimeter, square size, diagonal length and rectangle diagonals intersection coordinates.

These are the methods to calculate the required aspects:

```
10  # method to get a perimeter of a rectangle
11  def get_perimeter(width, length)
12    (2 * length) + (2 * width)
13  end
14
15  # method to get area of a rectangle
16  def get_area(width, length)
17    width * length
18  end
19
20  # method to calculate rectangles diagonal length
21  def get_diagonal_length(width, length)
22    Math.sqrt((length * length) + (width * width))
23  end
24
25  # method to get x coordinate
26  def get_coordinate_x(coordinate_x, length)
27    coordinate_x + length / 2
28  end
29
30  # method to get y coordinate
31  def get_coordinate_y(coordinate_y, width)
32    coordinate_y + width / 2
33  end
34
```

When running the program it requires to enter the length and the width of a rectangle and x,y coordinates. After entering these properties it will give us our calculation:

```

Please enter the length of a rectangle:
10
Please enter the width of a rectangle:
8
Please enter coordinate x:
6
Please enter coordinate y:
5
The perimeter of a rectangle is: 36.0
The area of a rectangle is: 80.0
The diagonal of a rectangle is: 12.806248474865697
The rectangles diagonals intersection coordinates are: 20.0
```

TASK2 – vigenere.rb

This task was chosen from this repository:

<https://github.com/dziugaspeciulevicius/Information-Security/blob/master/TASK1/src/com/company/Main.java>

To complete this task I had to install a library for it to work.

```
# vigenere cipher library (gem install vigenere)
require 'caesar'
```

After that I wrote encryption and decryption methods. Had to find some help from fellow programmers on the internet, because it was quite hard to get it to work on ruby.

```

8  # encrypt function which takes a key and a plain text
9  def encrypt(key, plain_text)
10     key = key.upcase.split('')
11     cipher_text = plain_text.upcase.split('').collect do |letter|
12         if !('A'..'Z').include?(letter)
13             cipher_letter = letter
14         else
15             cipher_letter = Caesar.encode(key.first, letter)
16             key << key.shift
17         end
18         cipher_letter
19     end
20     cipher_text.join
21 end
22
23 # decrypt function which takes a key and a cipher text
24 def decrypt(key, cipher_text)
25     key = key.upcase.split('')
26     plain_text = cipher_text.split('').collect do |cipher_letter|
27         if !('A'..'Z').include?(cipher_letter)
28             letter = cipher_letter
29         else
30             letter = Caesar.decode(key.first, cipher_letter)
31             key << key.shift
32         end
33         letter
34     end
35     plain_text.join
36 end

```

```

Enter plain text to cipher:
My name is Dziugas
Enter key:
Hello
Original: My name is Dziugas
Encrypted: TC YLAL MD ONPYRLG
Decrypted: MY NAME IS DZIUGAS

```

```

Enter plain text to cipher:
I'm 22 years old
Enter key:
keey
Original: I'm 22 years old
Encrypted: S'Q 22 CCKVW MVH
Decrypted: I'M 22 YEARS OLD

```

The cipher is not used to encrypt numbers so it just leaves it as it is.