

# ADVANCED SWIFT 3



✓ PART 3: CUSTOM OPERATORS

# CUSTOM OPERATORS

```
func printMarshaledValue(_ value: Any) {
    let a = CGPoint(x: 1, y: -5)
    let b = CGPoint(x: 10, y: 10)
    let c = a + b
    print("O")
}

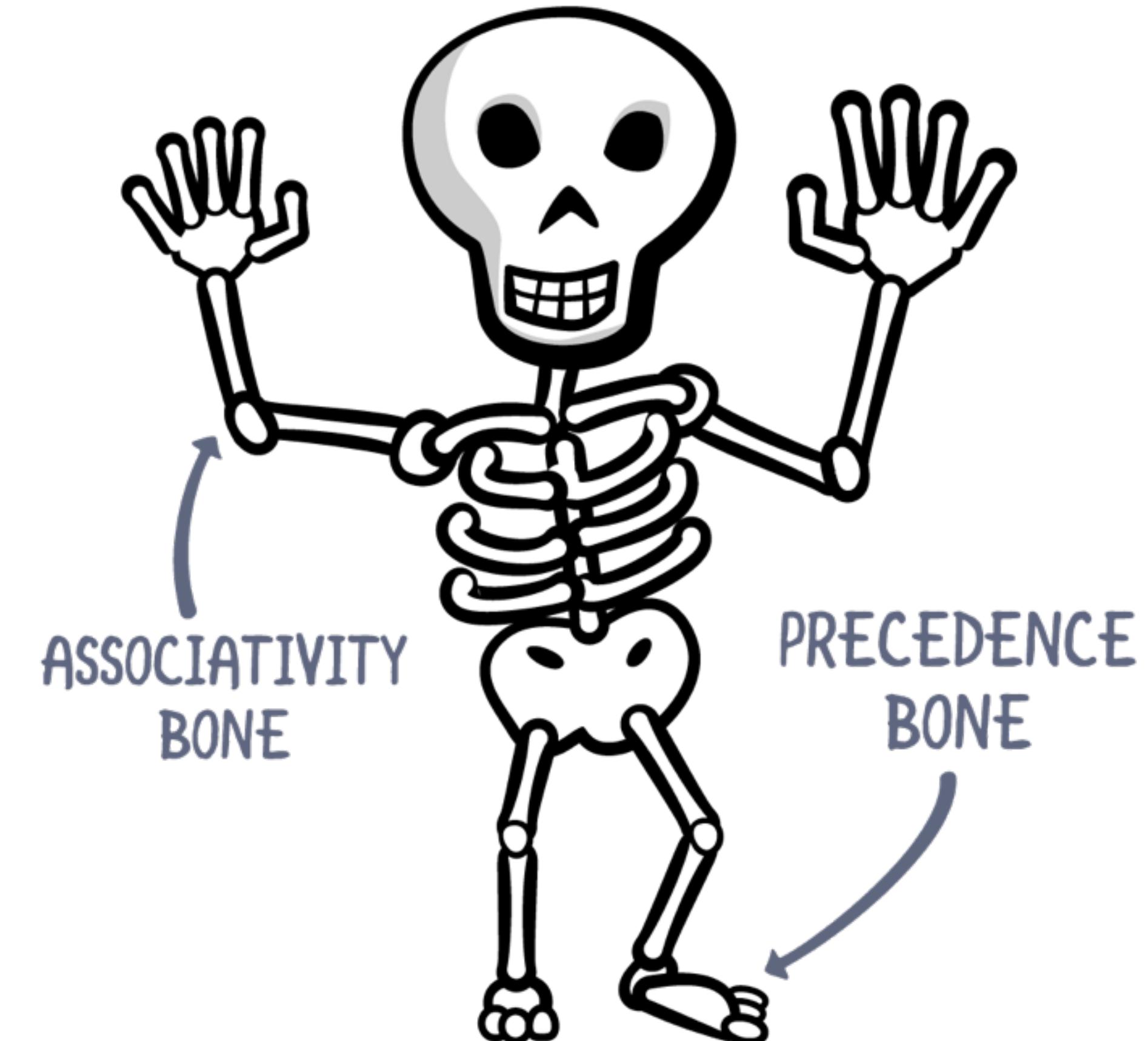
    {p("A")}) ~> {p("P")};
    {p("R")}) ~> {p("E")}; {p("S")}) ~> {p("R")};
    {p("H")}) ~> {p("A")}; {p("A")}) ~> {p("T")};
    {p("L")}) ~> {p("O")};
    {p(" ")) ~> {p("R")};

} // http://ijoshsmith.com/2014/07/05/custom-threading-operator-in-swift/
```



# ANATOMY OF AN OPERATOR

- ⚙️ Name
- ⚙️ Arity and Position
- ⚙️ Precedence
- ⚙️ Associativity

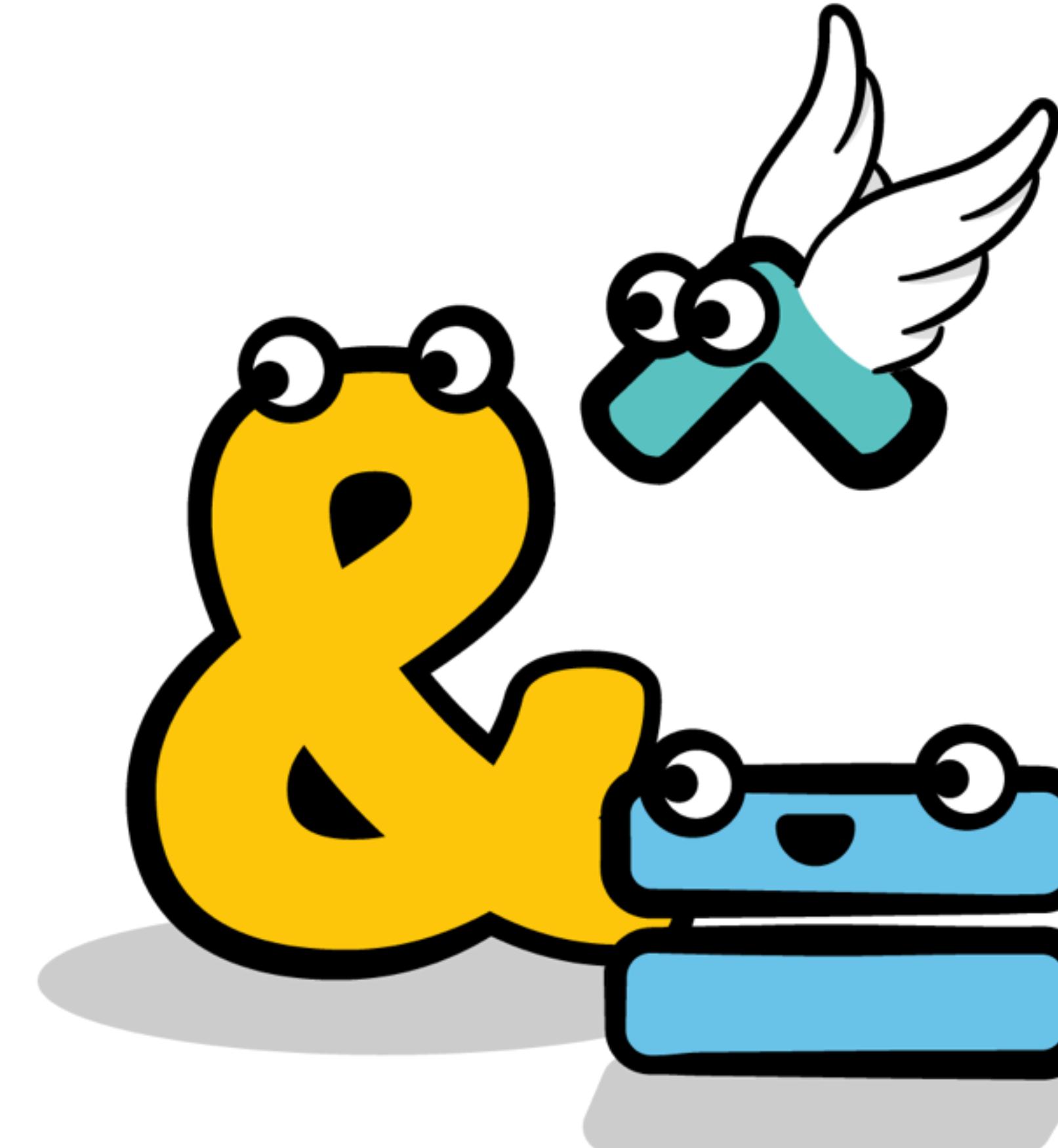


# WHAT NAMES INCLUDE

- ⚙ Mathematical Operators
- ⚙ Miscellaneous Symbols
- ⚙ Dingbats

/, =, -, +, !, \*, %, <, >, &, |, ^, ?, or ~

Certain operators, prefix and  
postfix operators are off-limits



# EXAMPLE: USING EXISTING OPERATORS

```
extension CGPoint {  
    static func +(lhs: CGPoint, rhs: CGPoint) -> CGPoint {  
        return CGPoint(x: lhs.x+rhs.x, y: lhs.y+rhs.y)  
    }  
  
    static prefix func -(input: CGPoint) -> CGPoint {  
        return CGPoint(x: -input.x, y: -input.y)  
    }  
  
    static func -(lhs: CGPoint, rhs: CGPoint) -> CGPoint {  
        return lhs+(-rhs)  
    }  
}
```



# ZERO-COST ABSTRACTION

```
public func testSubtraction(a: CGPoint, b: CGPoint) -> CGPoint {  
    return a - b  
}
```

```
% swiftc -emit-assembly -O CGPointOperators.swift > CGPointOperators.asm
```

```
.globl  
__TF16CGPointOperators15testSubtractionFT1aVSC7CGPoint1bS0__S0_  
.p2align 4, 0x90  
__TF16CGPointOperators15testSubtractionFT1aVSC7CGPoint1bS0__S0_:  
pushq %rbp  
movq %rsp, %rbp  
subsd %xmm2, %xmm0  
subsd %xmm3, %xmm1  
popq %rbp  
retq
```



# EXAMPLE: NEW OPERATOR

`infix operator !!!: NilCoalescingPrecedence`

Swift Standard Library Precedence Groups (Highest to Lowest)

Group Name	Associativity	Examples
BitwiseShiftPrecedence	none	<code>&lt;&lt; &gt;&gt;</code>
MultiplicationPrecedence	left	<code>* /</code>
AdditionPrecedence	left	<code>+ -</code>
RangeFormationPrecedence	none	<code>... ...&lt;</code>
CastingPrecedence	none	<code>is as as? as!</code>
NilCoalescingPrecedence	right	<code>??</code>
ComparisonPrecedence	none	<code>!= &lt; &gt; &gt;= ==</code>
LogicalConjunctionPrecedence	left	<code>&amp;&amp;</code>
LogicalDisjunctionPrecedence	left	<code>  </code>
DefaultPrecedence	none	
TernaryPrecedence	right	<code>? :</code>
AssignmentPrecedence	right	<code>+= = *= -= /=</code>



# EXAMPLE: NEW PRECEDENCE GROUP

```
precedencegroup ExponentiationPrecedence {  
    higherThan: MultiplicationPrecedence  
    associativity: none // you must use parenthesis  
}
```



# SHORT CIRCUITING AND DEFERRED EXECUTION

```
if expensiveFirst() && expensiveSecond() {  
    // ...  
}
```

```
extension Bool {  
    static func &&(lhs: Bool, rhs: @autoclosure @Bool) ->  
}
```



# CHALLENGE

- ⚙ Define a new operator `+/-` that creates a floating point Range around a center point. The center point is the first argument to the operator and the value spread is the second.

Example: `3.0 +/- 1.0`  
produces a range from  
`2.0 to 4.0`

