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realização GOUVEA
experience



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CPBR15

25 a 30 de Julho, 2023
PAVILHÃO DE EXPOSIÇÕES ANHEMBI
SÃO PAULO/SP

BEYOND THE FUTURE





Construindo um Robô Trekking versão 2.0

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Qual o Objetivo?

O que eu quero com esse robô?

Como fazer?

Quem vai fazer?

Para quem não sabe para onde vai qualquer caminho serve!!

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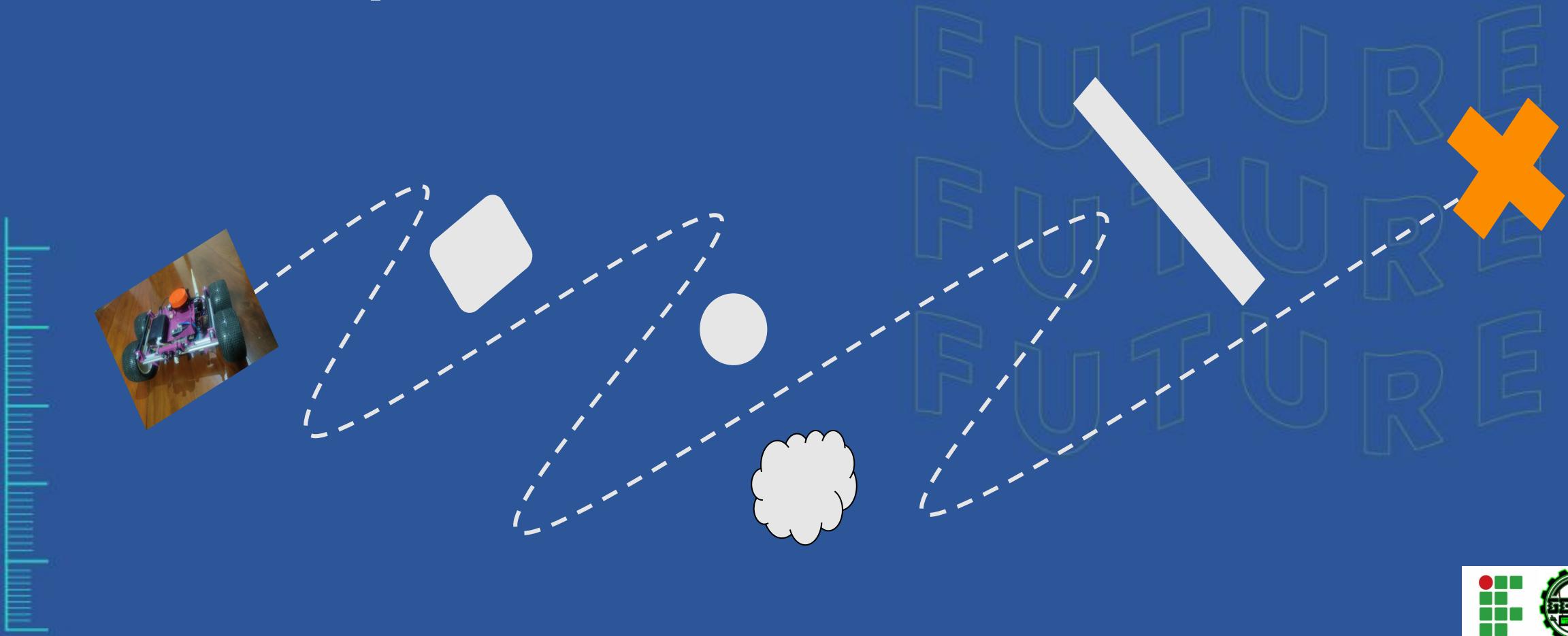
O que o robô deve fazer?

Em quanto tempo?

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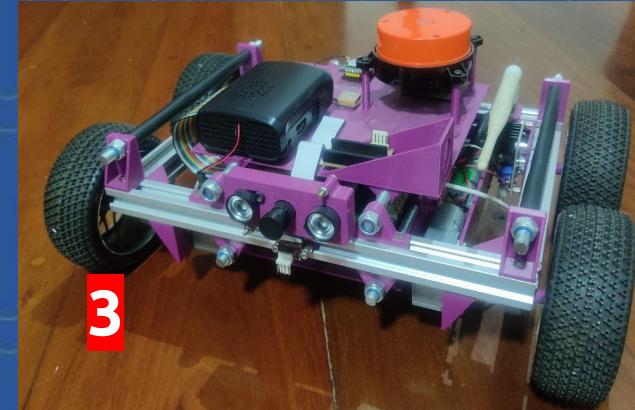
Ir de um ponto a outro sem a minha interferência!



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Um Breve Resumo



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Tudo começa com um computador na CPBR 14

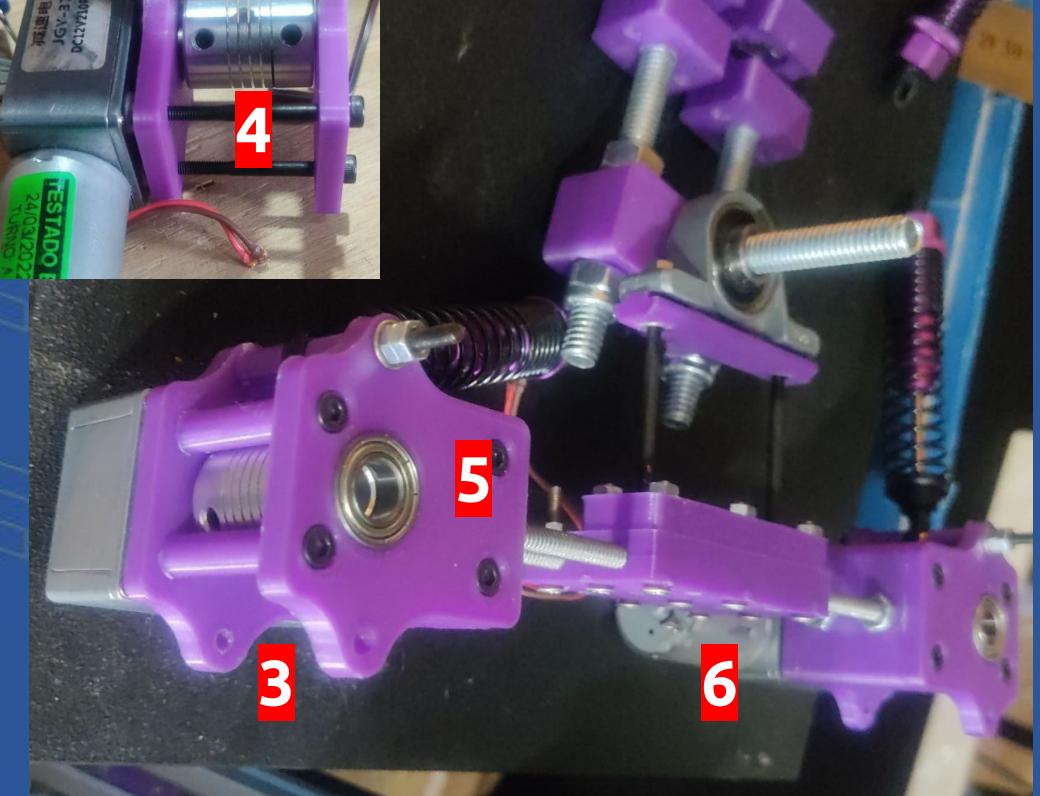
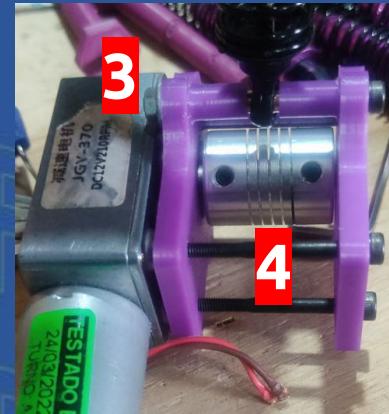
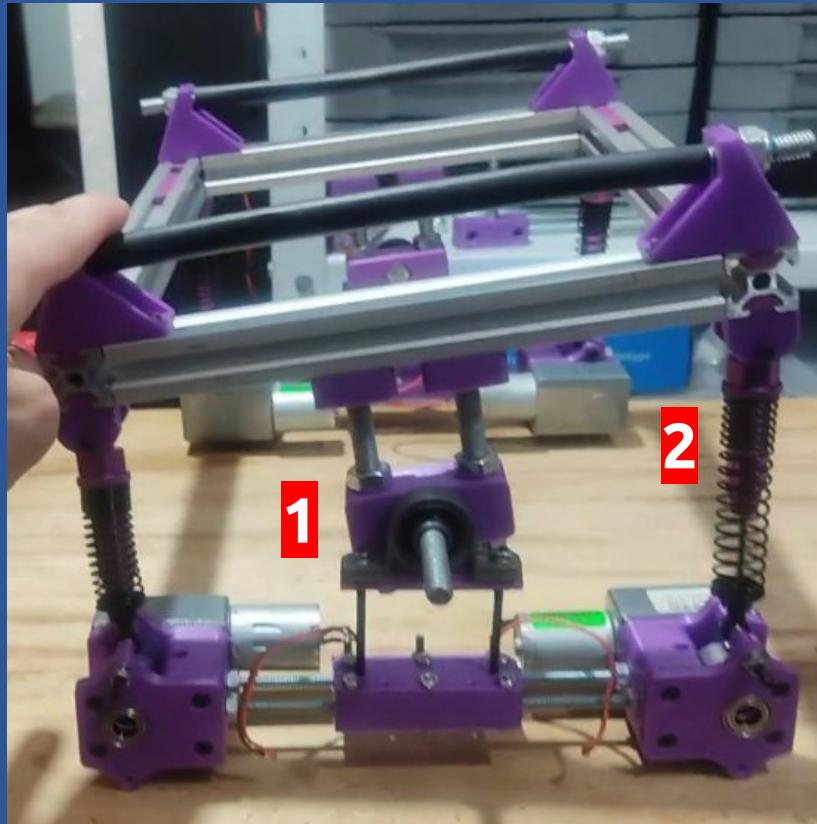
- Partes da eletrônica;
- Sistema de Supervisão;
- Suspensão;
- Motores.

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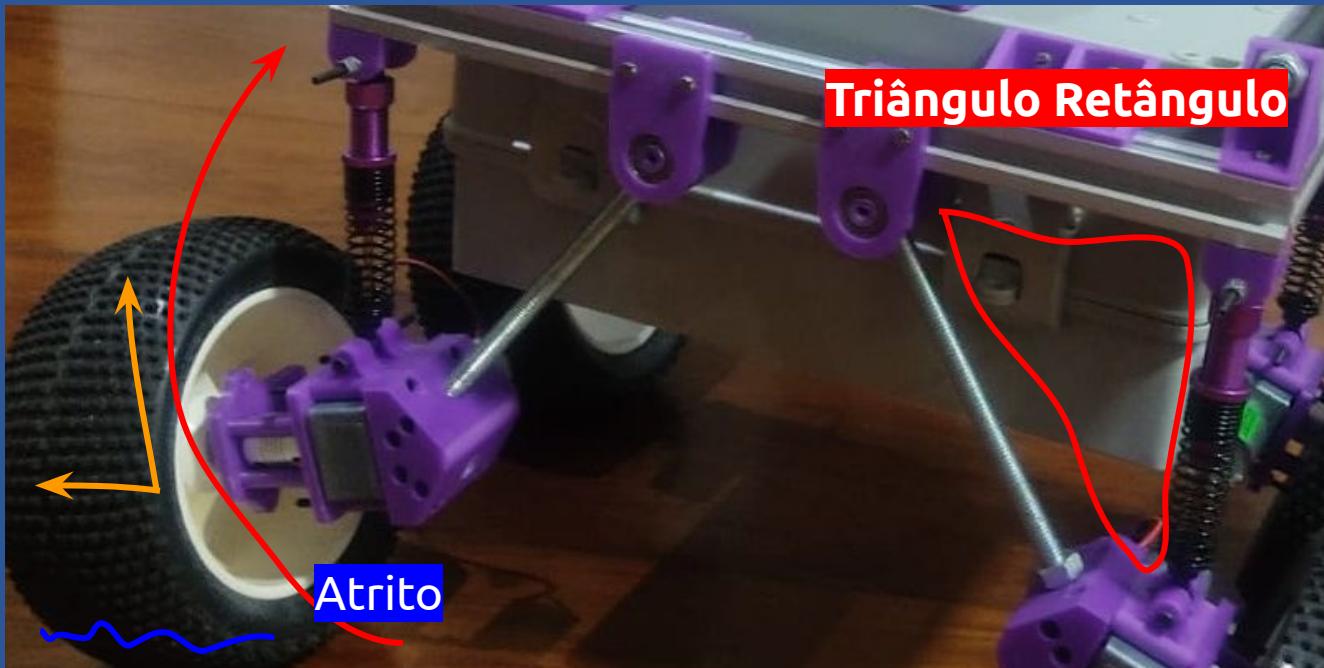


Suspensão



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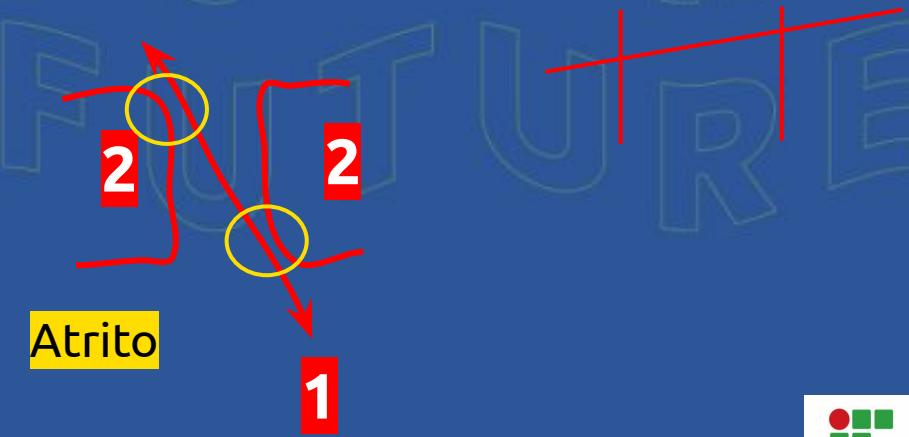
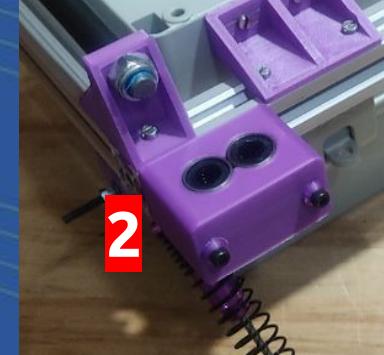
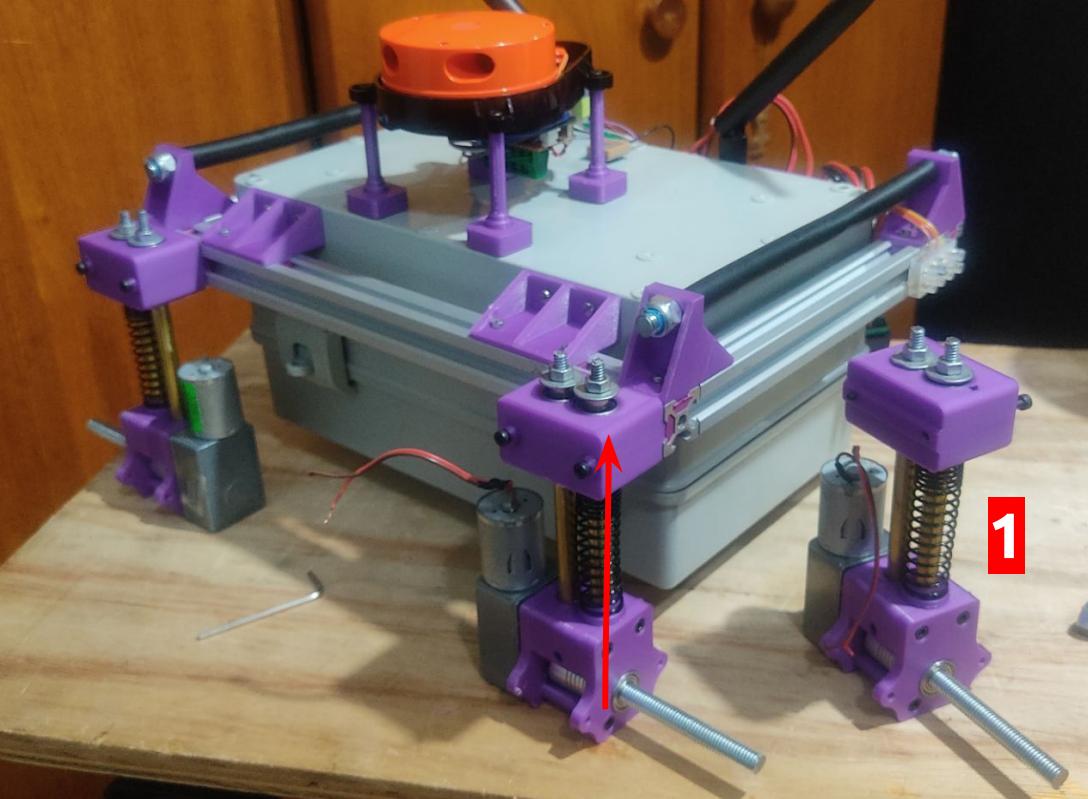
Suspensão



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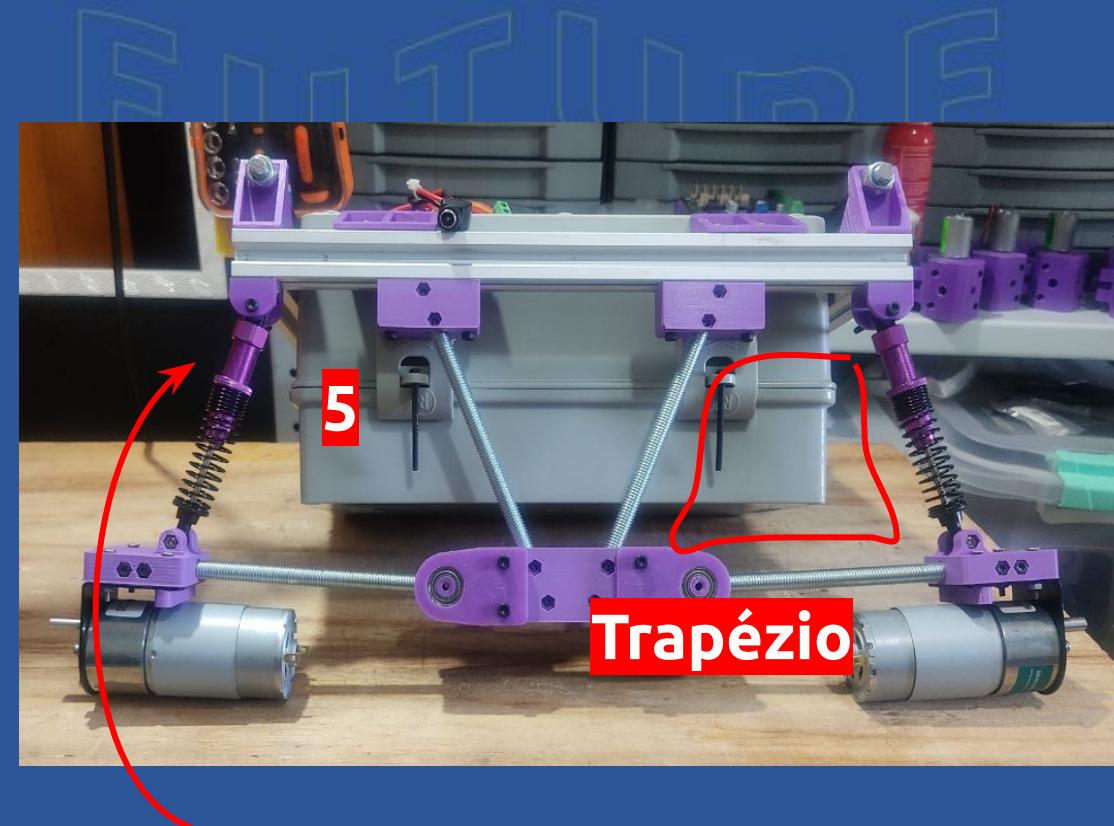
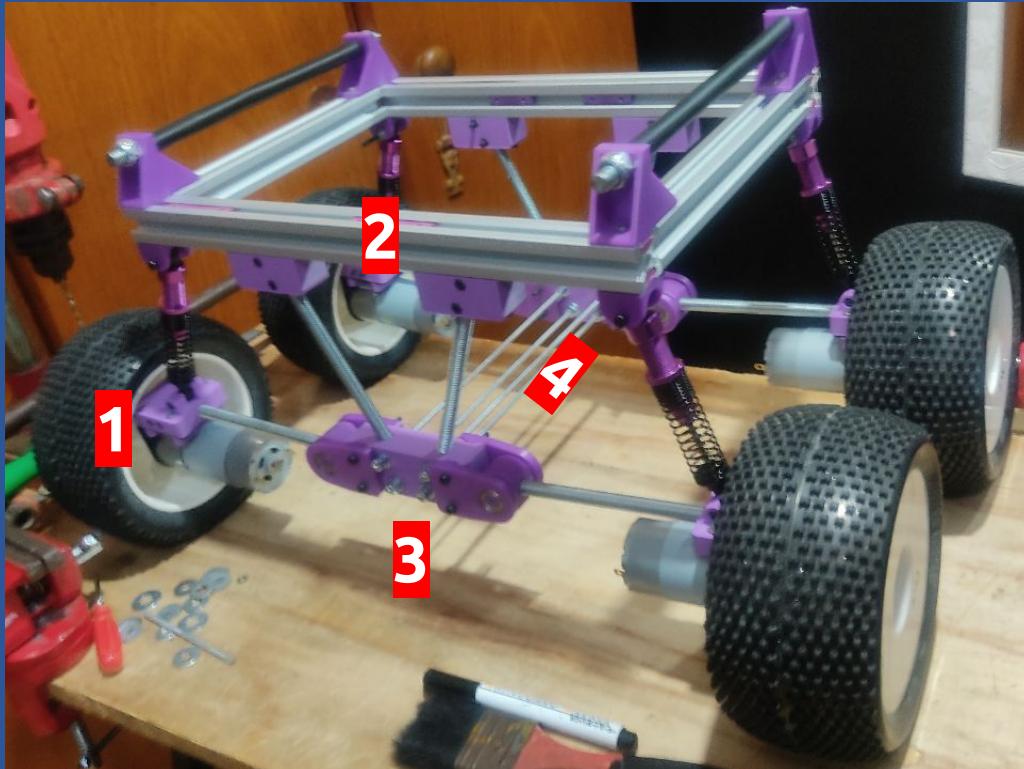


Suspensão



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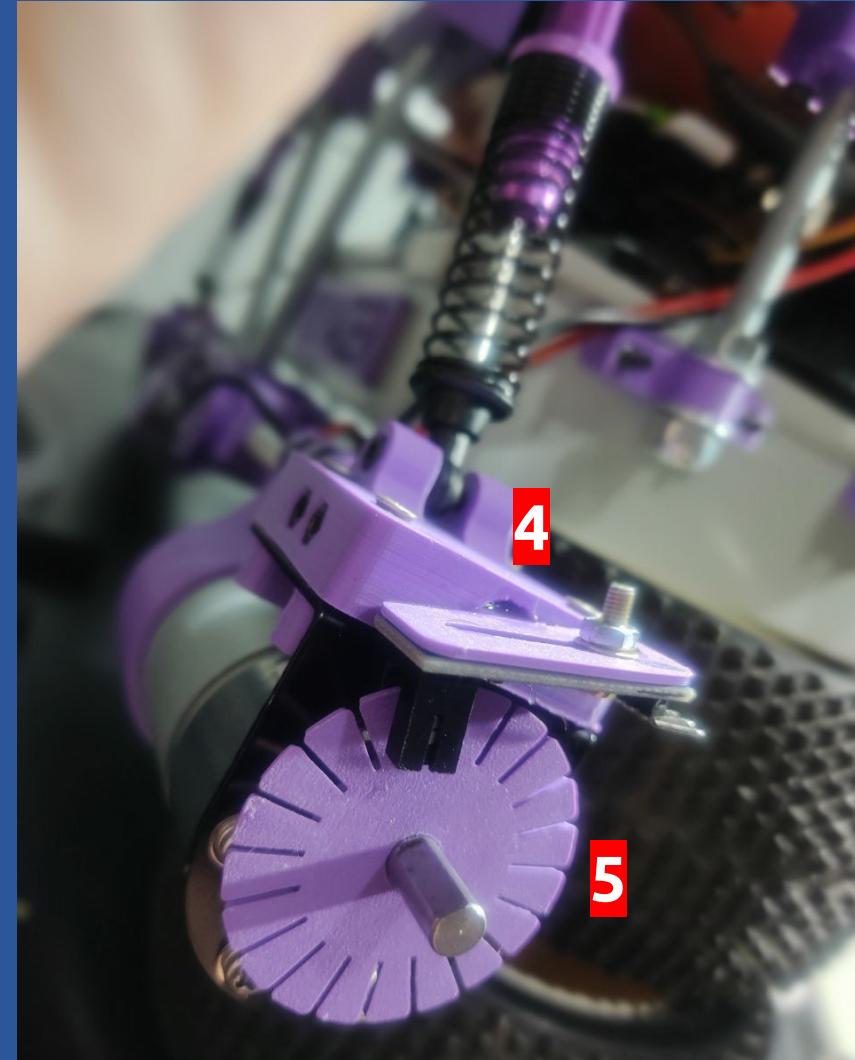
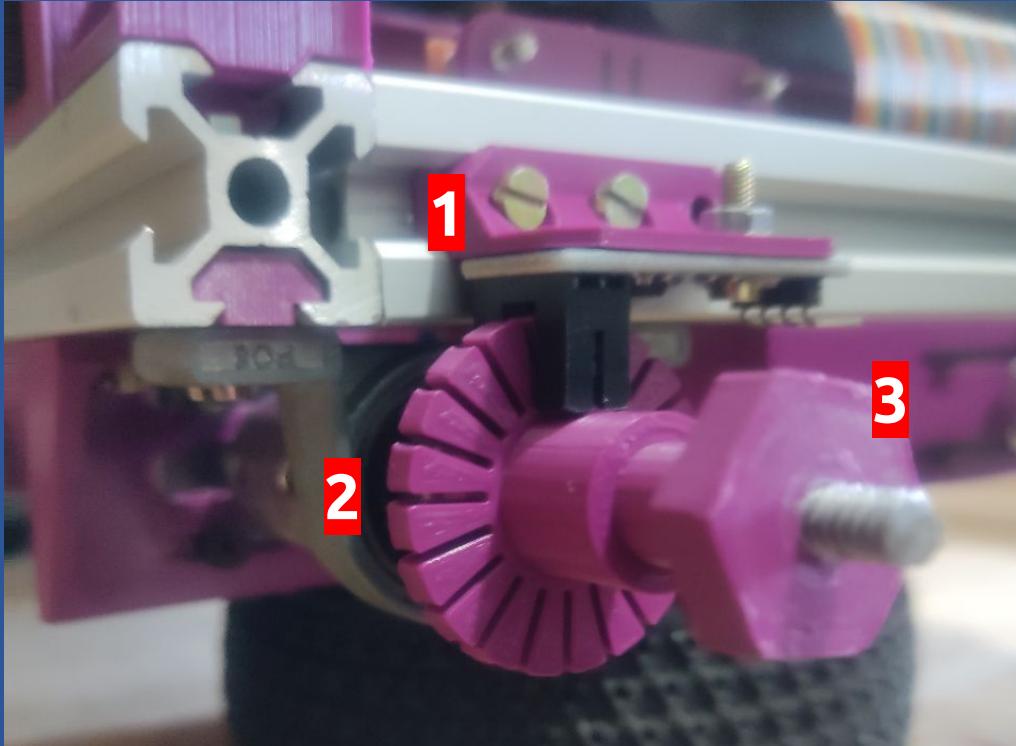
Suspensão



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Encoder



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Motor - Eixo



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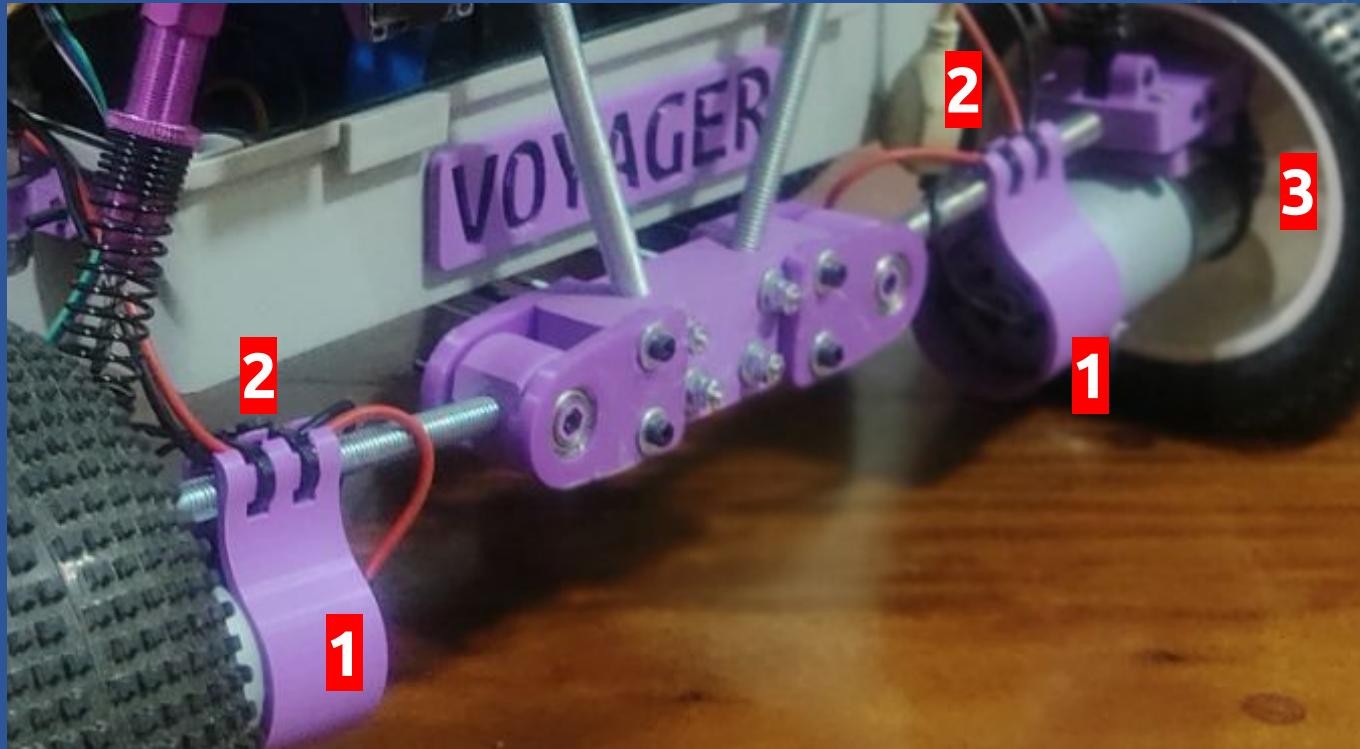
Motor - Eixo



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Motor - Escudo

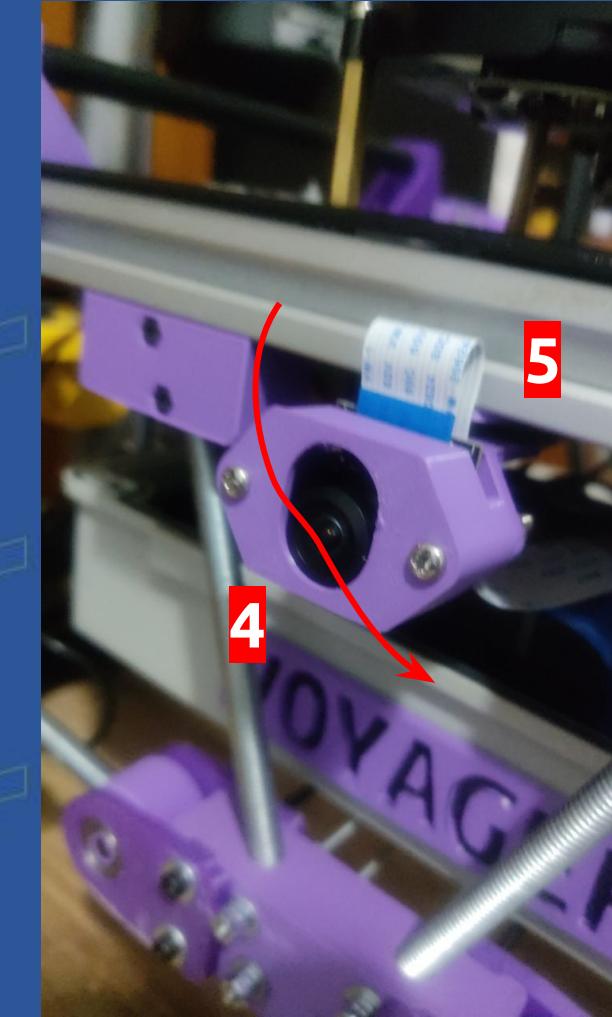
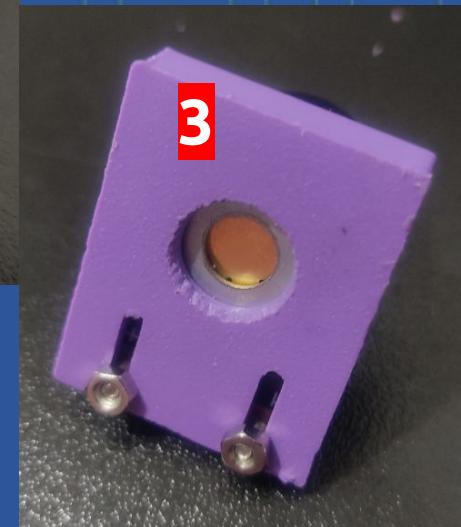
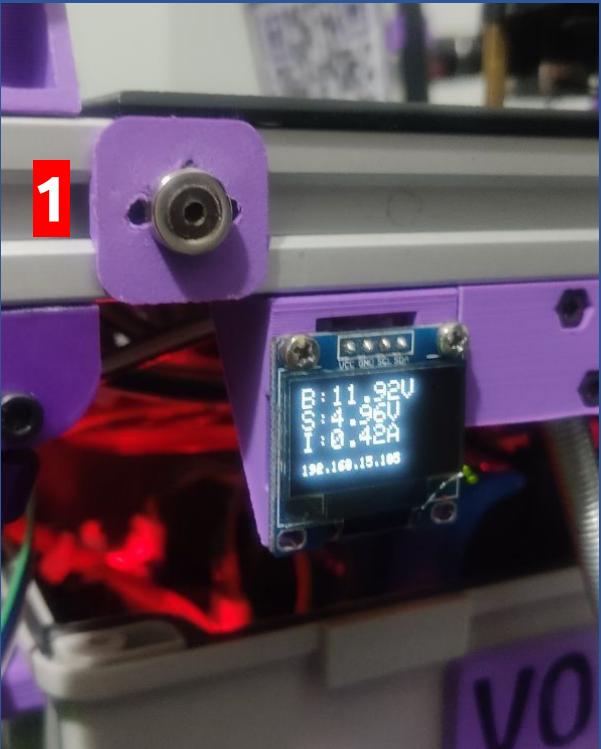


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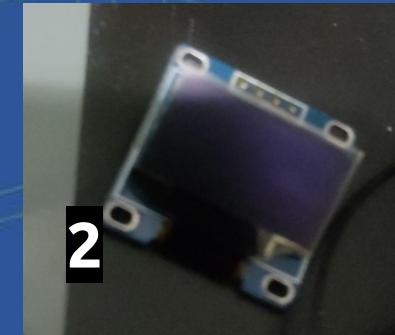
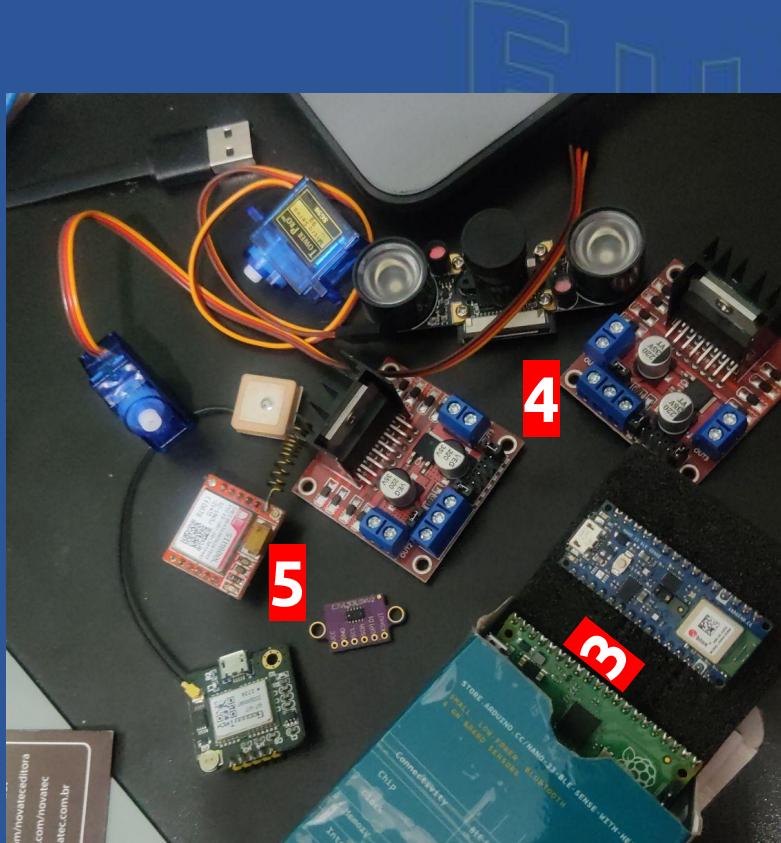
Engate Magnetico



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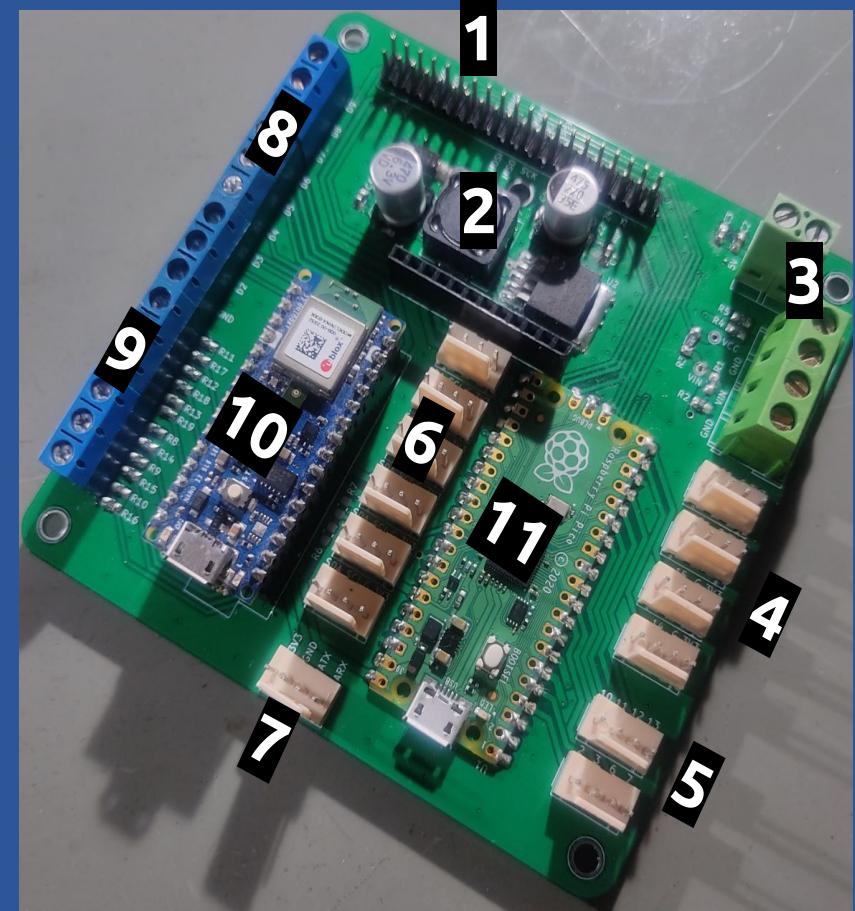
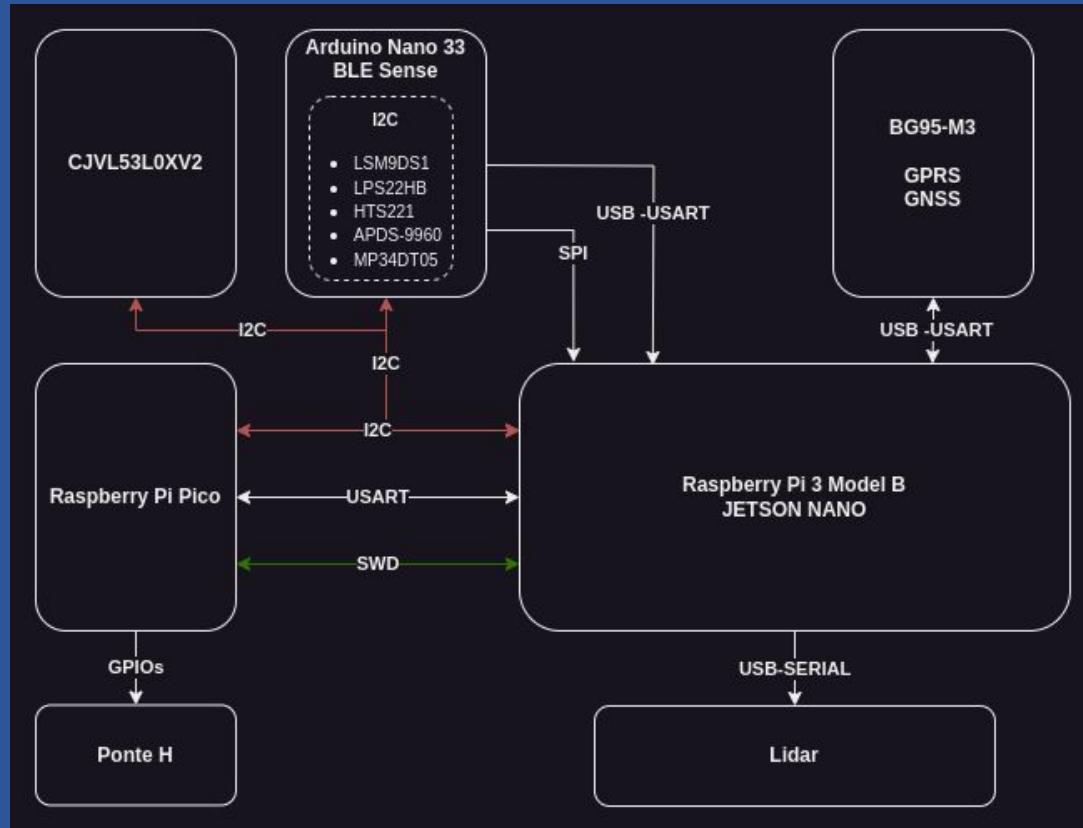


Eletrônica - Componentes



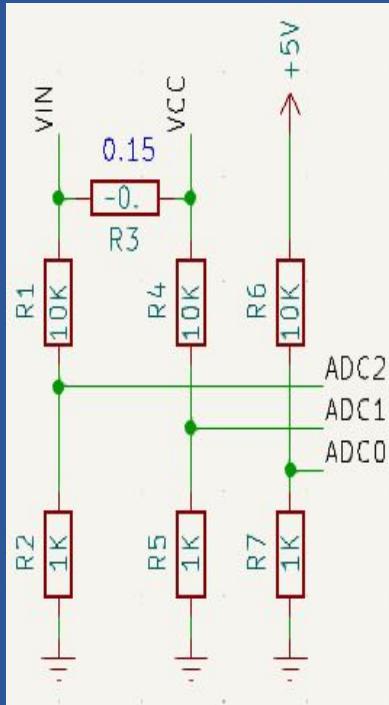
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Eletrônica - Arquitetura

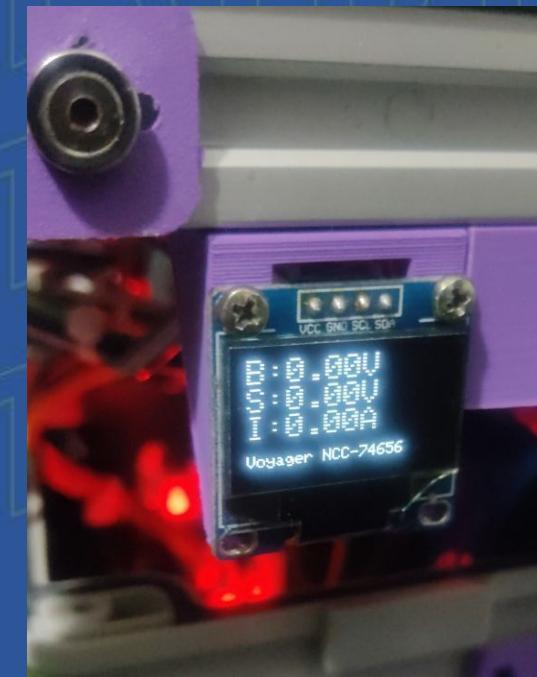


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Eletrônica - Multímetro



```
/* ****
 * Configurações gerais da aplicação
 *
#define CONFIG_QUEUE_ELEMENTS      ( 1 )
#define CONFIG_DELAY_LOOP_MS       ( 40 )
#define CONFIG_MOVING_AVERAGE      ( 24 )
#define CONFIG_POWER_SUPPLY_OFFSET  ( 12.00-11.7 )
#define CONFIG_POWER_SYSTEM_OFFSET  ( 5.00 - 4.9 )
*
/* Settings -
 * Function prototype
#define TO_VOLTAGE( BIT )    ( ( (float)BIT / 4096.0 ) * 36.3 )
*
/* Setup -
 * -
```

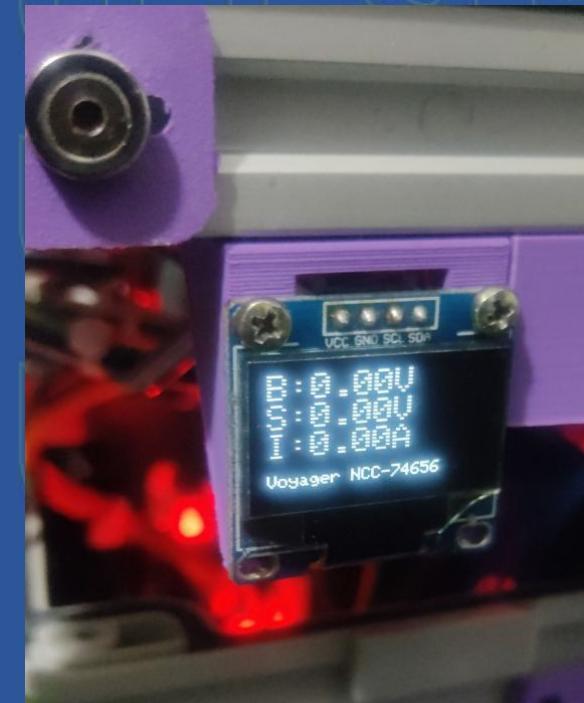


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Eletrônica - Multímetro

```
64 void loop( void ){
65
66     if(Serial.available() > 1){
67         digitalWrite(LED1, HIGH);
68
69         1 delay(100);
70         String sData = Serial.readString();
71         sData.trim();
72
73         if( !deserializeJson(jsonBuffer, sData) ){
74
75             2 float fVcc      = jsonBuffer["vcc"];
76             float fVsys      = jsonBuffer["vsys"];
77             float fCurrent   = jsonBuffer["current"];
78             String msg       = jsonBuffer["msg"];
79             msg.trim();
80
81             display_show(fVcc, fVsys, fCurrent, msg);
82
83         }
84         digitalWrite(LED1, LOW);
85
86     }
87
88 }
```

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Eletrônica - Motores

```
const char *pcBuffer = uart_pcGetBuffer( _idxUart0 );  
  
if ( textp_bFindString( pcBuffer, "\n" ) == true ) {  
  
    if( textp_bGetLabelInfo( pcBuffer, "mr1", 0, buffer ) ){  
        velocities.motorRight1 = atoi(buffer);  
    }  
  
    if( textp_bGetLabelInfo( pcBuffer, "mr2", 0, buffer ) ){  
        velocities.motorRight2 = atoi(buffer);  
    }  
  
    if( textp_bGetLabelInfo( pcBuffer, "ml1", 0, buffer ) ){  
        velocities.motorLeft1 = atoi(buffer);  
    }  
  
    if( textp_bGetLabelInfo( pcBuffer, "ml2", 0, buffer ) ){  
        velocities.motorLeft2 = atoi(buffer);  
    }  
  
    queue_add_blocking( &sendToCore1Queue, &velocities );  
  
    uart_vCleanBuffer( _idxUart0 );  
}  
  
if( queue_try_remove( &sendToCore0Queue, &motors ) == true ){  
    textp_puCleanBlk( (uint8_t*)buffer, CONFIG_BUFFER_SIZE );  
    main_showInformation( &motors, buffer );  
}
```

1

2

3

4

6

...mr1=1024;...

```
queue_try_add(&sendToCore0Queue, &motors);  
  
if( queue_try_remove(&sendToCore1Queue, &velocities) == true ){  
    // pids.motorRight1.fSetPoint = velocities.motorRight1;  
    // pids.motorRight2.fSetPoint = velocities.motorRight2;  
    // pids.motorLeft1.fSetPoint = velocities.motorLeft1;  
    // pids.motorLeft2.fSetPoint = velocities.motorLeft2;  
}  
  
motor_vMove(&motors.right1, velocities.motorRight1 );  
motor_vMove(&motors.right2, velocities.motorRight2 );  
motor_vMove(&motors.left1, velocities.motorLeft1 );  
motor_vMove(&motors.left2, velocities.motorLeft2 );  
  
sleep_ms( CONFIG_PID_FRAME_HATE_MS );
```

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Controle



```
30
31     FindEvent1 = True
32     while FindEvent1:
33         time.sleep(1)
34         dir_list = os.listdir(path)
35         print( "find devices between: " + str(dir_list) )
36         print( "-----" )
37         for elem in dir_list:
38             try:
39                 gamepad = 'null'
40                 gamepad = InputDevice( path + elem )
41                 print( "check [ " + path + elem + " ]--> " + str( gamepad ) )
42             except:
43                 gamepad = 'null'
44                 print( "check [ " + path + elem + " ]--> " + str( gamepad ) )
45                 pass
46
47             if "Microsoft X-Box 360 pad" in str(gamepad):
48                 print("gameped connected!!")
49                 event = path + elem
50                 FindEvent1 = False
51                 break
52
53             print( gamepad.capabilities( verbose = True ) )
54
55             put_event('42', '42', '42')
56
57             for event in gamepad.read_loop():
58                 if event.type == ecodes.EV_ABS:
59                     absevent = categorize(event)
60                     put_event(_type=absevent.event.type, _code=absevent.event.code, _value=absevent.event.value)
61                 else:
62                     put_event(_type=event.type, _code=event.code, _value=event.value)
63             time.sleep(0.02)
```

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Lidar



```
28     while True:  
29         time.sleep(3)  
30         try:  
31             # setting server  
32             UDP_IP = '127.0.0.1'  
33             UDP_PORT = 42421  
34             sock = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_DGRAM)  
35  
36             # get serial port  
37             ydlidar.os_init();  
38             ports = ydlidar.lidarPortList();  
39             port = "/dev/ydlidar";  
40             for key, value in ports.items():  
41                 port = value;  
42                 print(port);  
43  
44             # setting YDlidar X3  
45             laser = ydlidar.CYdLidar();  
46             laser.setlidaropt(ydlidar.LidarPropSerialPort, port);  
47             laser.setlidaropt(ydlidar.LidarPropSerialBaudrate, 115200);  
48             laser.setlidaropt(ydlidar.LidarPropLidarType, ydlidar.TYPE_TRIANGLE);  
49             laser.setlidaropt(ydlidar.LidarPropDeviceType, ydlidar.YDLIDAR_TYPE_SERIAL);  
50             laser.setlidaropt(ydlidar.LidarPropScanFrequency, 10.0);  
51             laser.setlidaropt(ydlidar.LidarPropSampleRate, 3);  
52             laser.setlidaropt(ydlidar.LidarPropSingleChannel, True);  
53             laser.setlidaropt(ydlidar.LidarPropMaxAngle, 180.0);  
54             laser.setlidaropt(ydlidar.LidarPropMinAngle, -180.0);  
55             laser.setlidaropt(ydlidar.LidarPropMaxRange, 8.0);  
56             laser.setlidaropt(ydlidar.LidarPropMinRange, 0.08);  
57             laser.setlidaropt(ydlidar.LidarPropIntensti, False);  
58             scan = ydlidar.LaserScan()  
59  
60             ret = laser.initialize();  
61             if ret:  
62                 ret = laser.turnOn();  
63                 if ret:  
64                     while True:  
65                         payload = scaning()  
66                         sock.sendto(payload , (UDP_IP, UDP_PORT))  
67             laser.turnOff();  
68             laser.disconnecting();
```

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Arquitetura de comunicação

```
1 [Unit]
2 Description=application for aquisition of ydlidarx3.
3
4 Want=network.target
5 After=syslog.target network-online.target
6
7
8 [Service]
9 Type=simple
10 ExecStart=/usr/local/bin/ydlidarx3Server
11 Restart=on-failure
12 RestartSec=1
13 KillMode=process
14
15 [Install]
16 WantedBy=multi-user.target
```

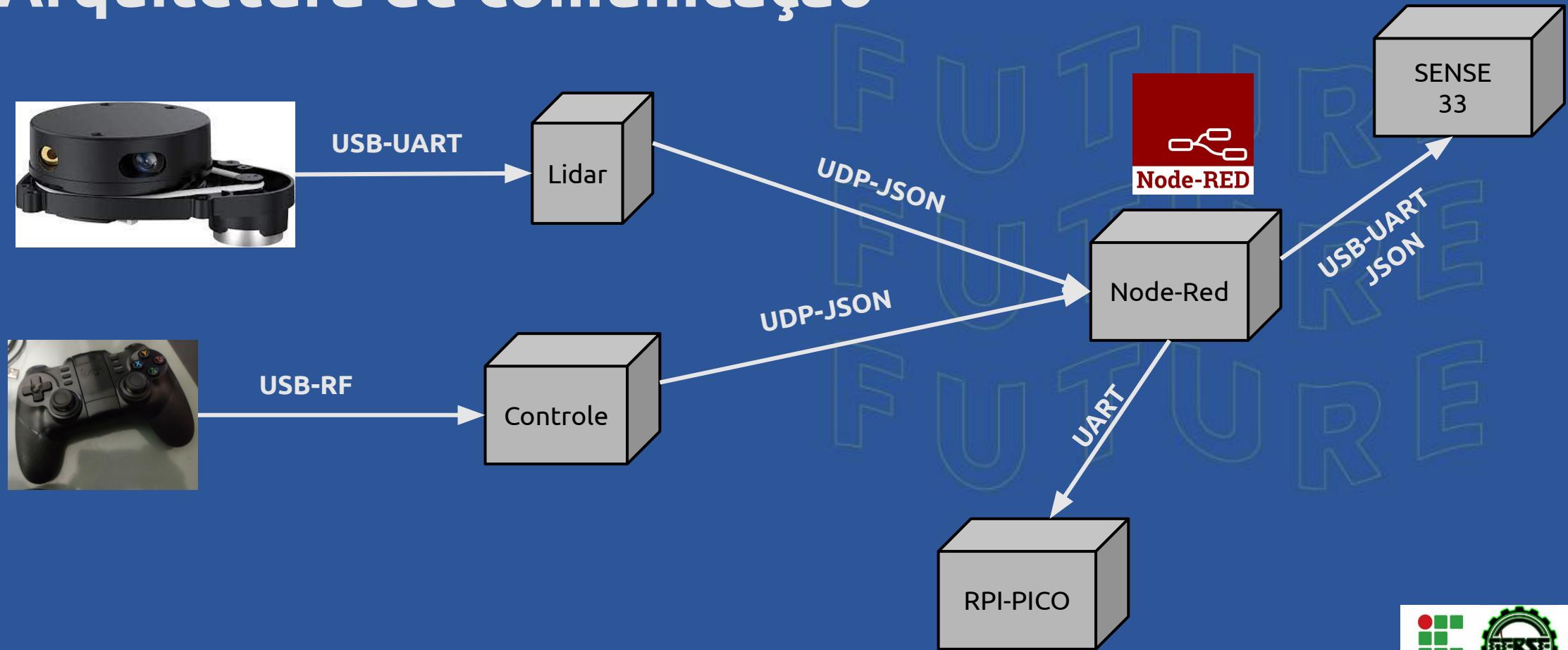
```
1 [Unit]
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13 KillMode=process
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15 [Install]
16 WantedBy=multi-user.target
```

systemd

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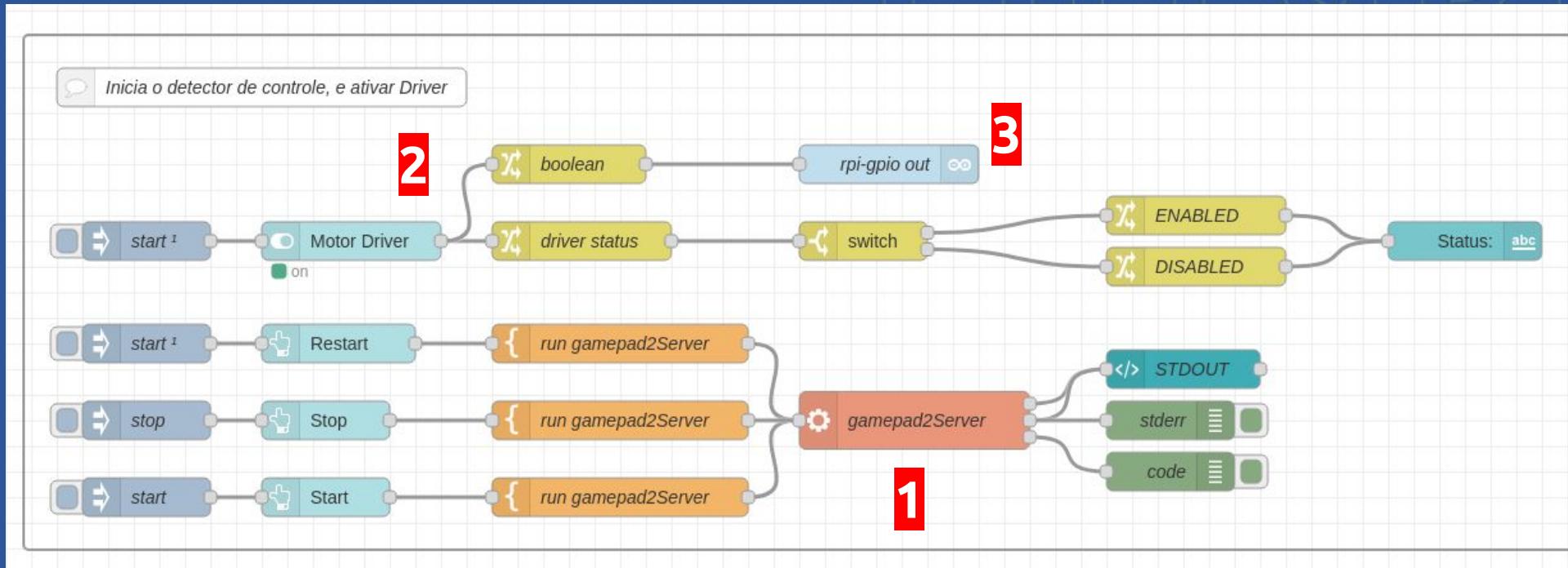


Arquitetura de comunicação



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Node-RED - Controle e Driver

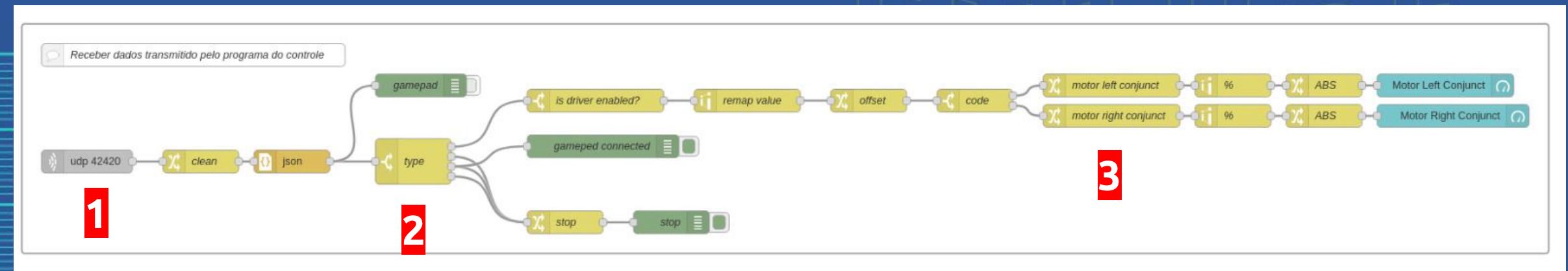


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Node-RED - Controle e Driver

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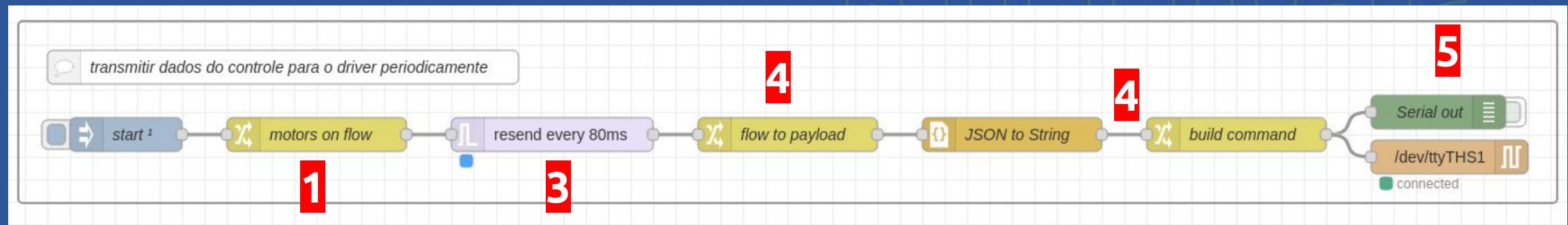


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Node-RED - Controle e Driver

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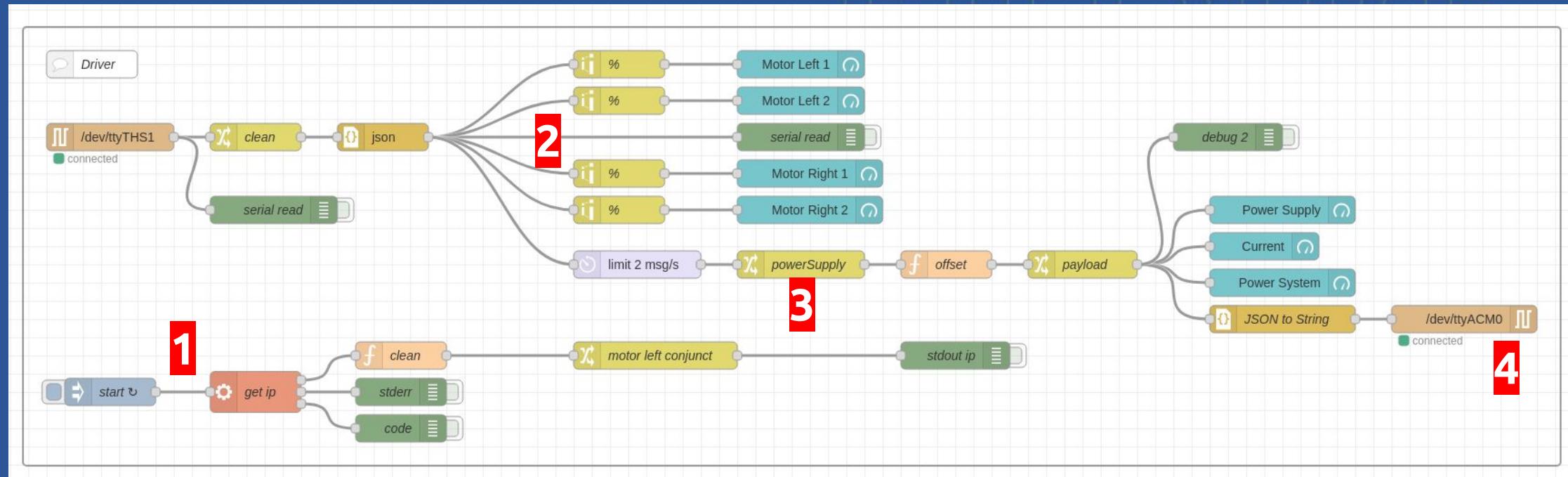


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Node-RED - Controle e Driver

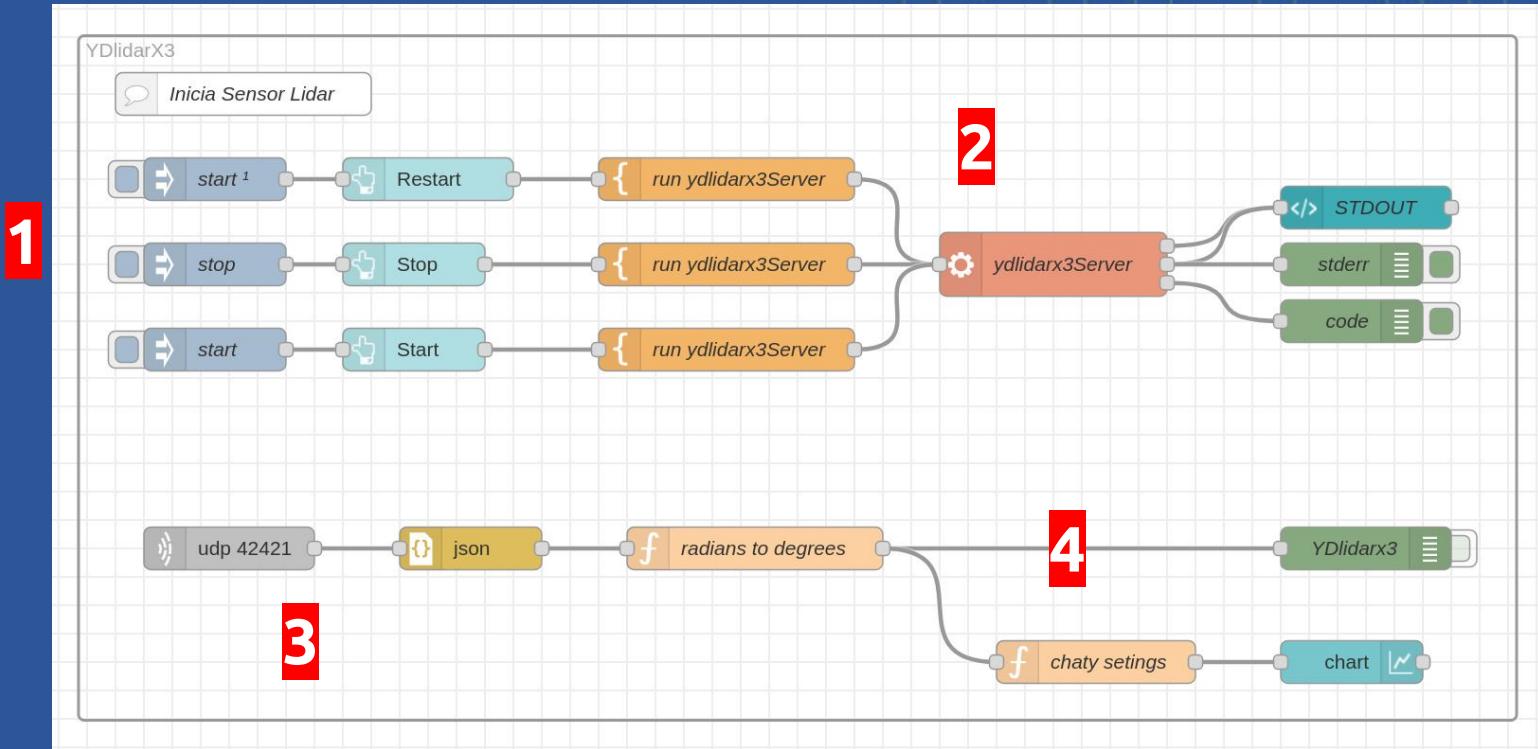
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Node-RED - Lidar

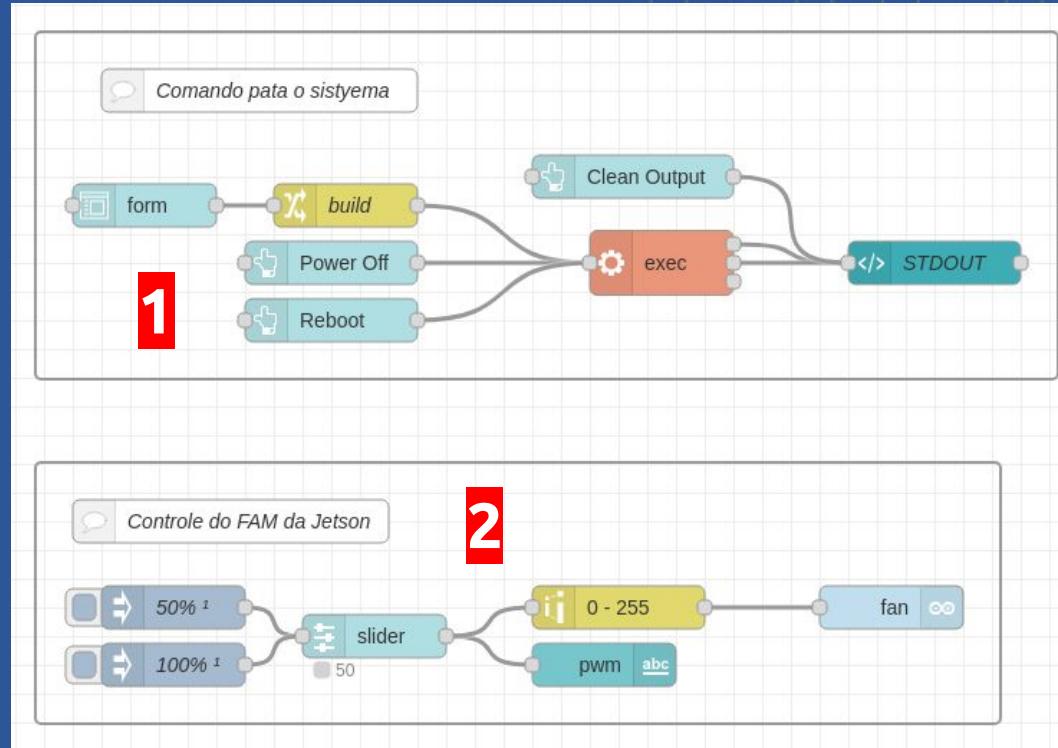


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Sistema

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Supervisão



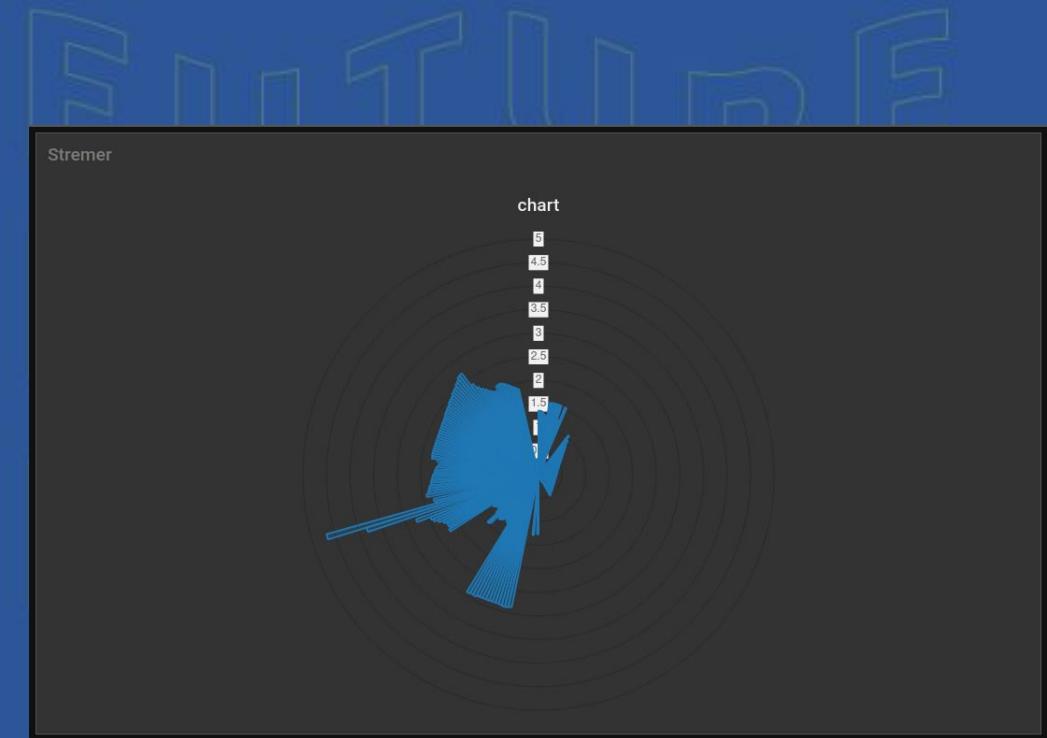
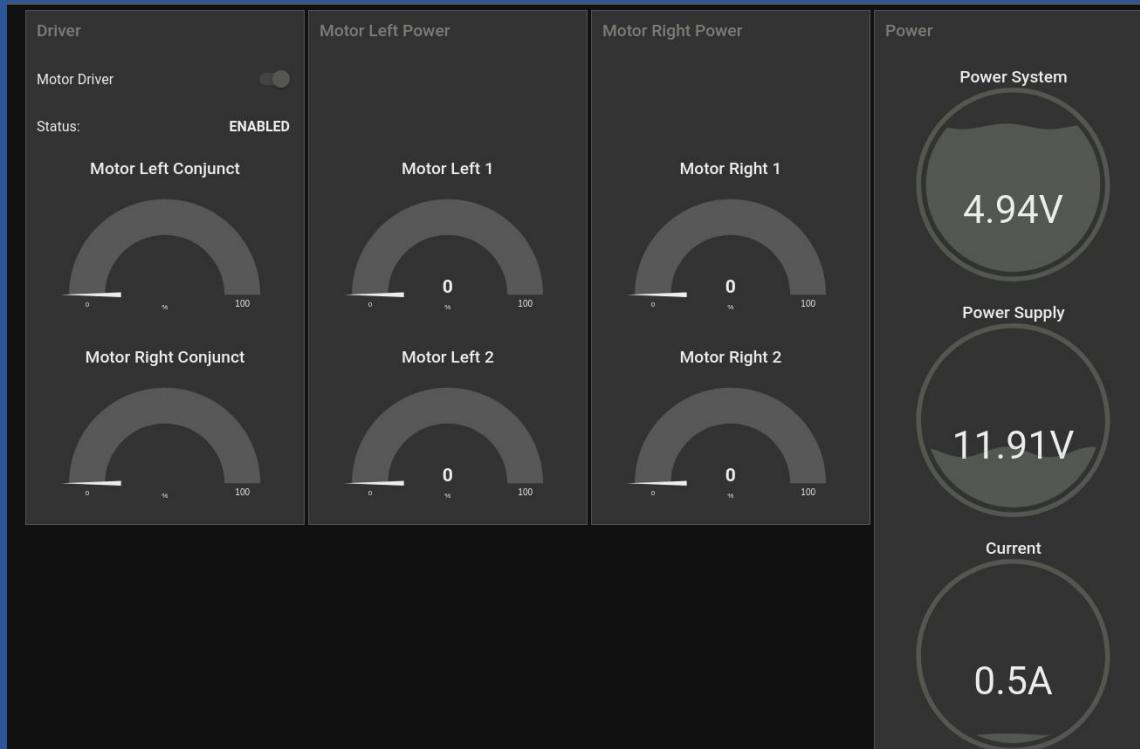
A screenshot of a supervision interface. On the left, there's a terminal window showing command buttons like EXEC, CLEAN, and several red buttons labeled CLEAN OUTPUT, POWER OFF, and REBOOT. To the right are four panels: Gamepad (with START, RESTART, and STOP buttons), Lidar (with START, RESTART, and STOP buttons), and FAN (with a slider set at 50). The interface has a dark theme with green, yellow, and red highlights.

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Supervisão



Resultados!



Grato pela atenção XD

Alguma dúvida ?

pibscontato@gmail.com @pedro_ibs

