



# ISEL

**DEETC**

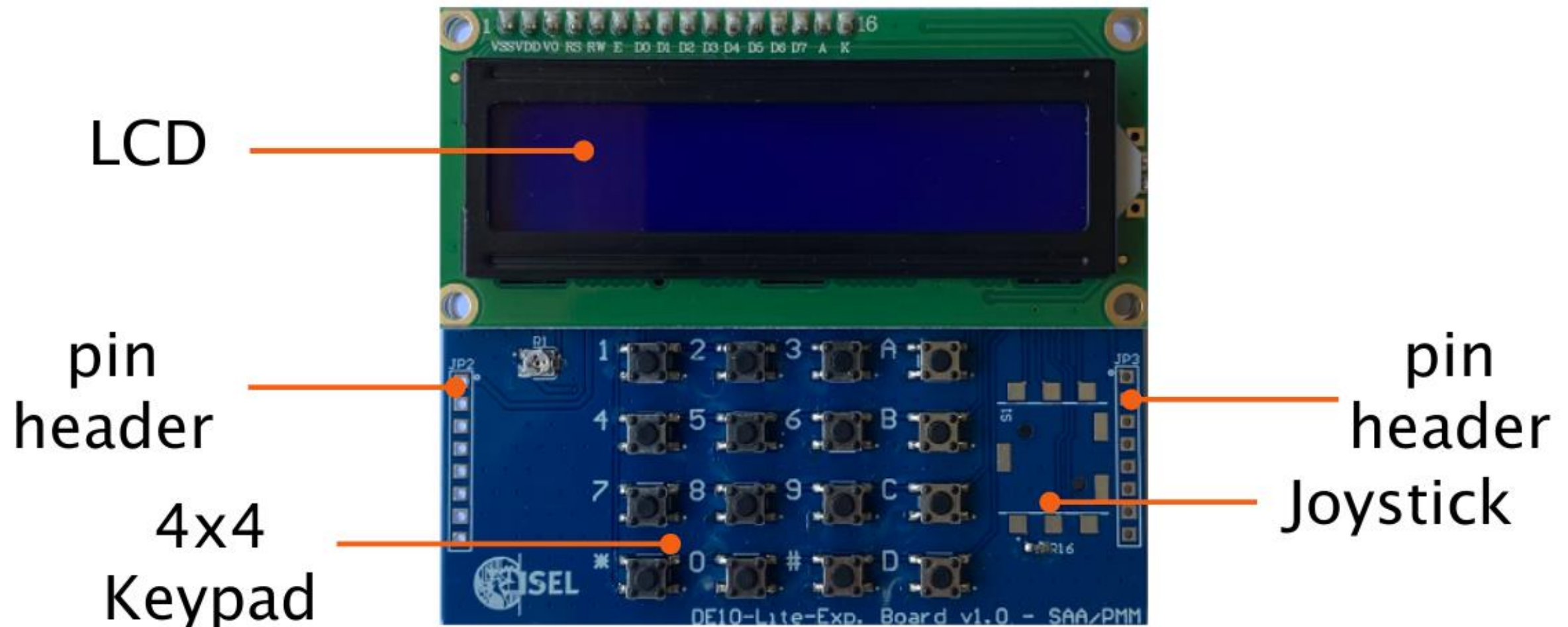
Departamento de  
Engenharia Electrónica e  
de Telecomunicações e  
de Computadores

# Laboratório de Informática e de Computadores

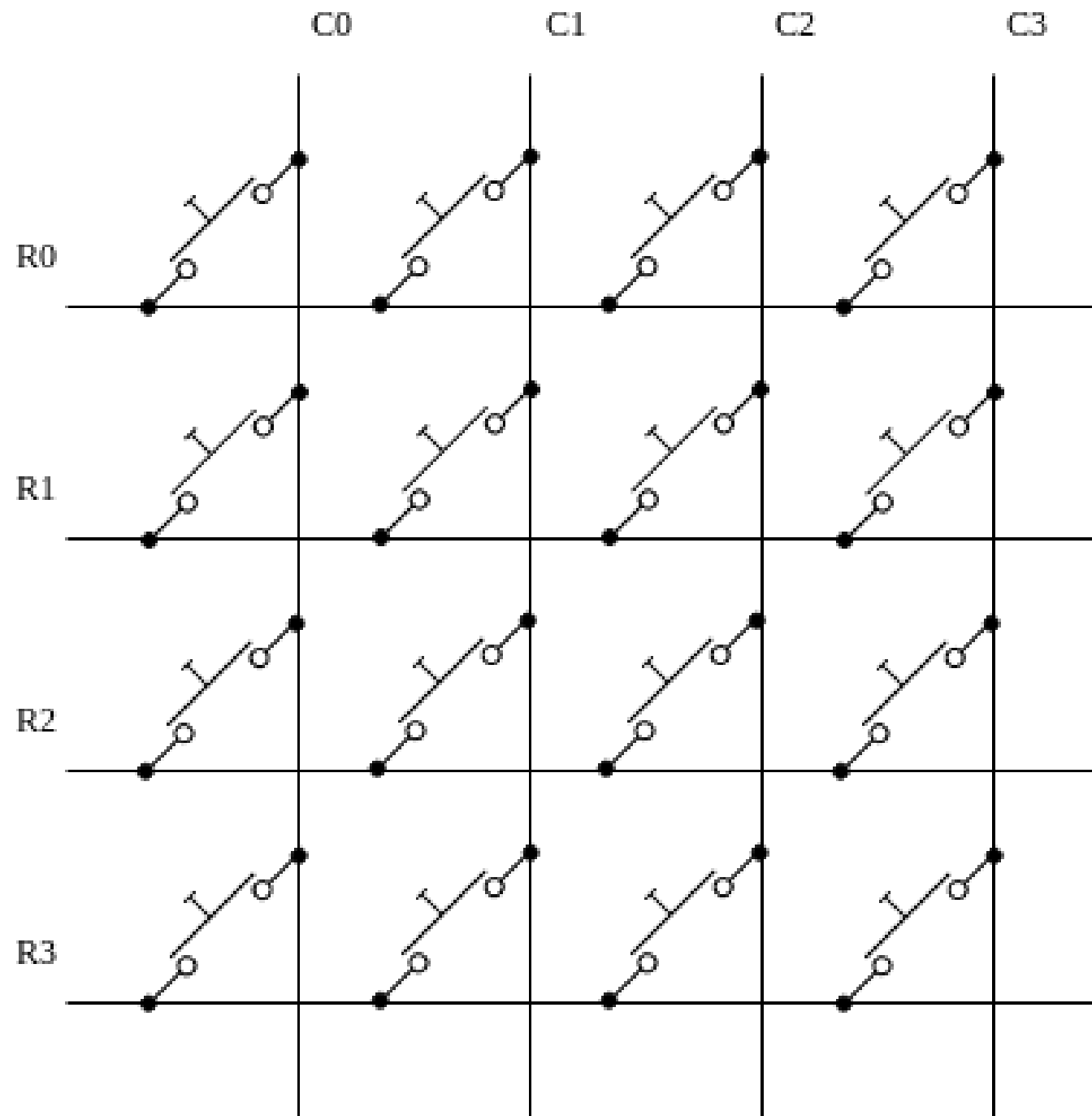
2021 / 2022 versão

LEIC

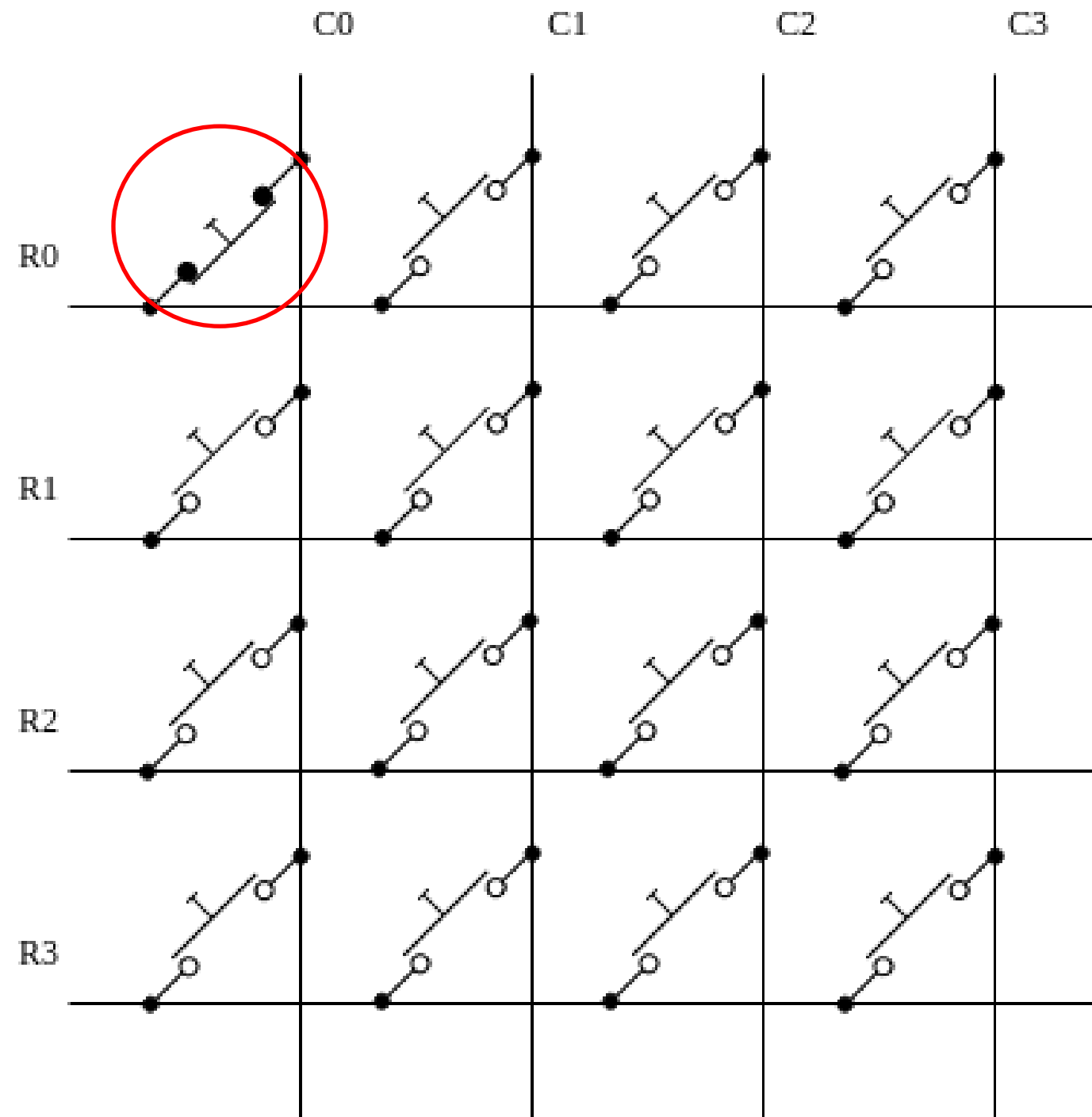
# DE10-Lite Exp. Board v1.0



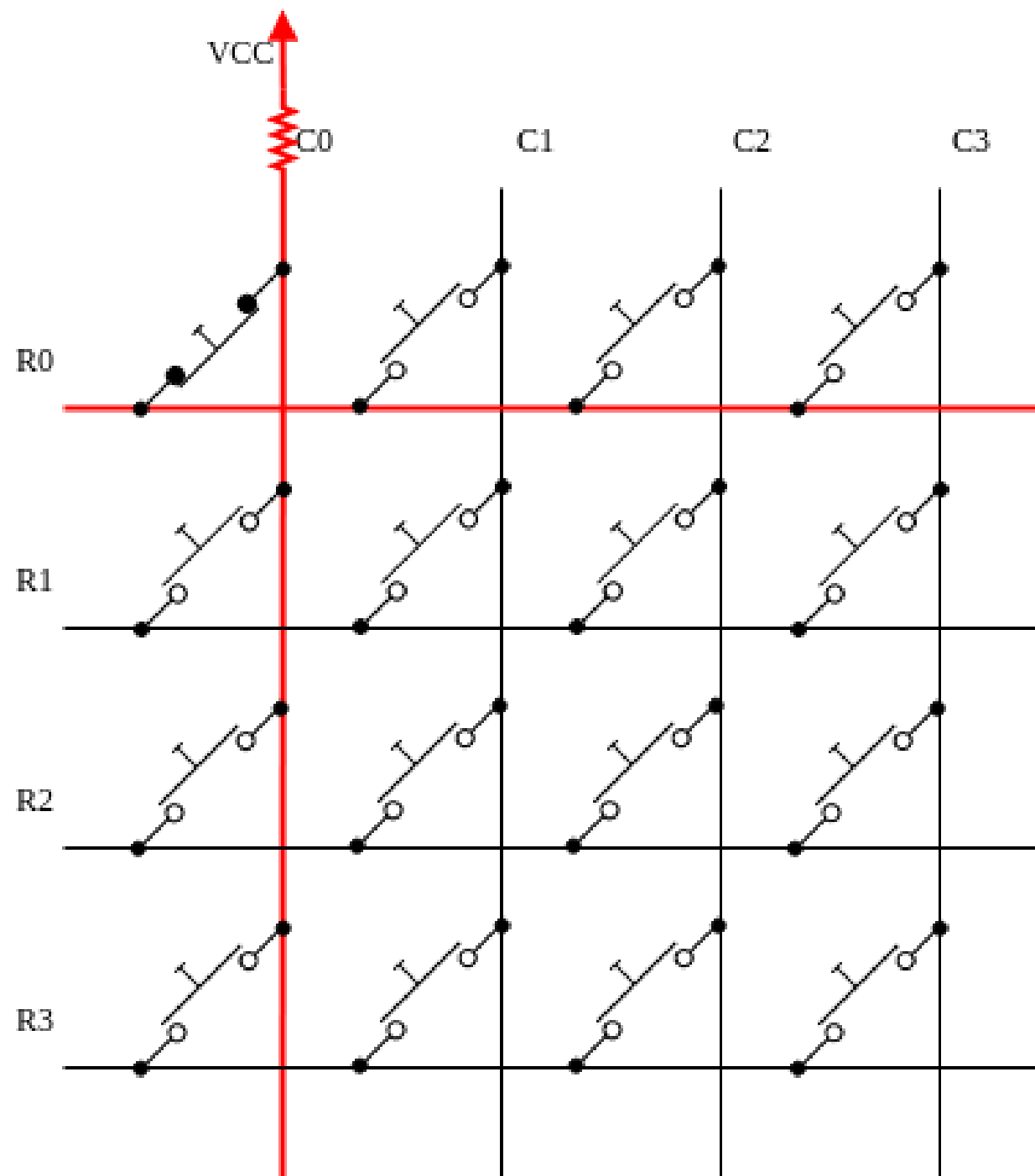
# Keypad



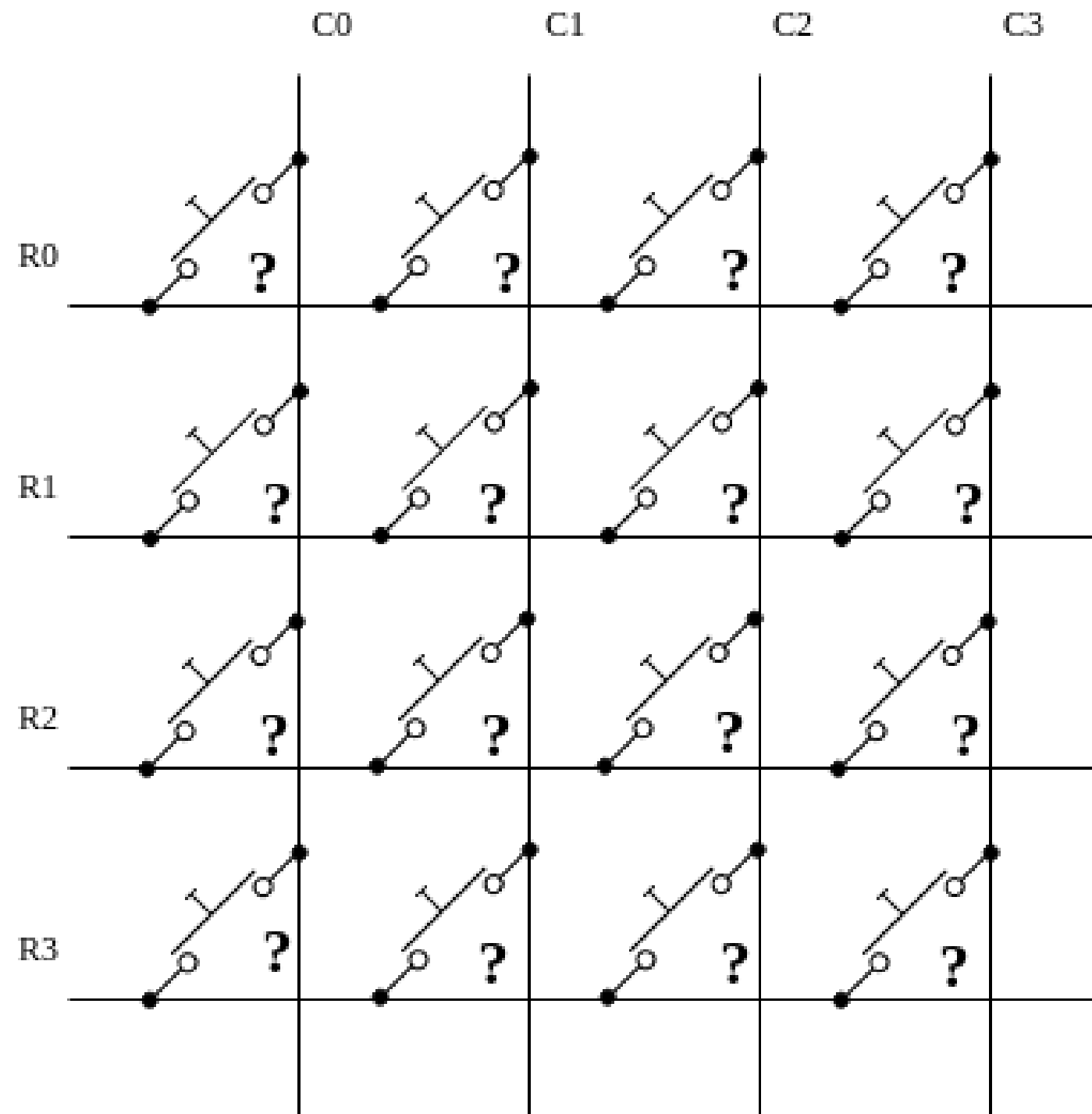
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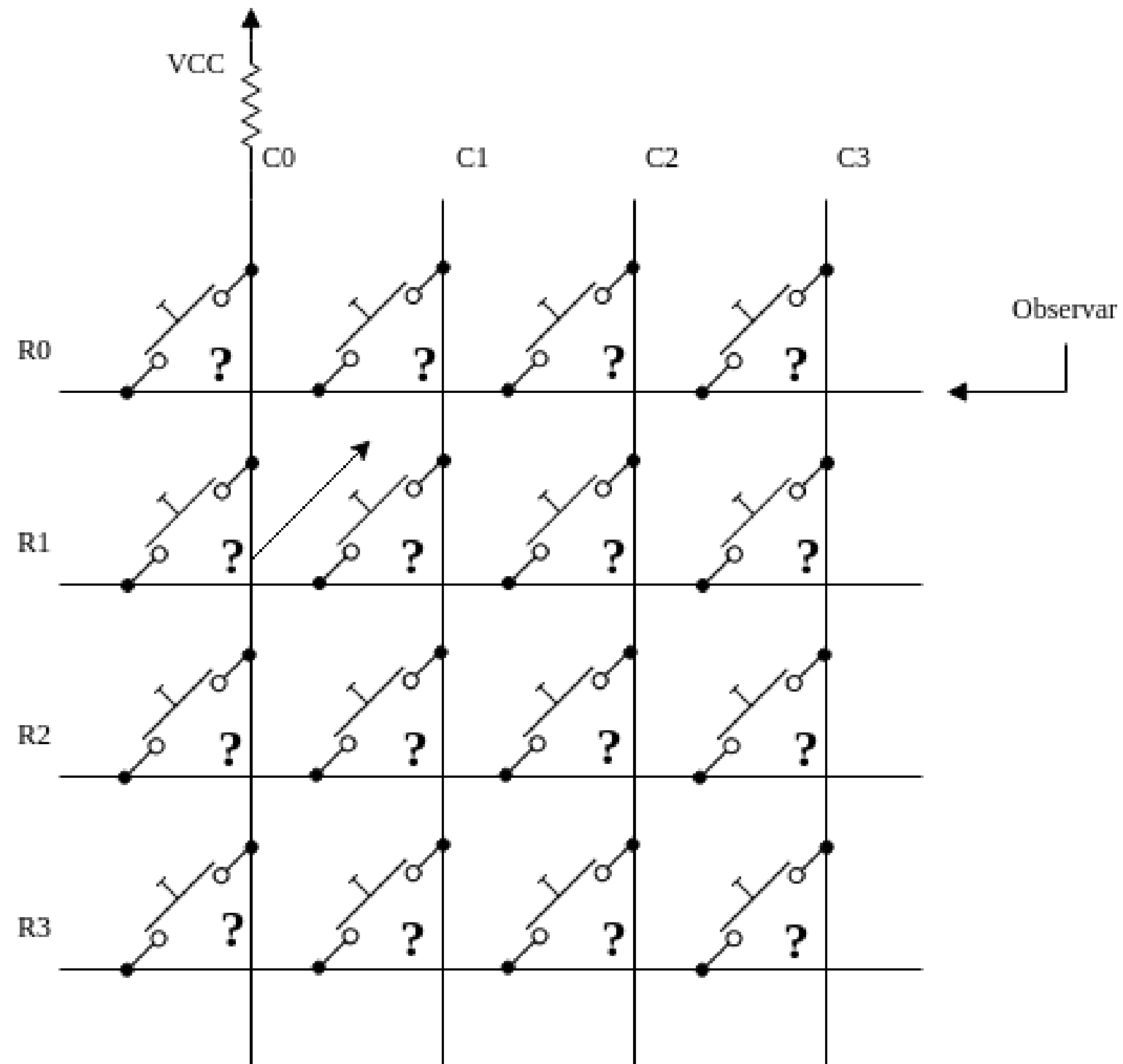
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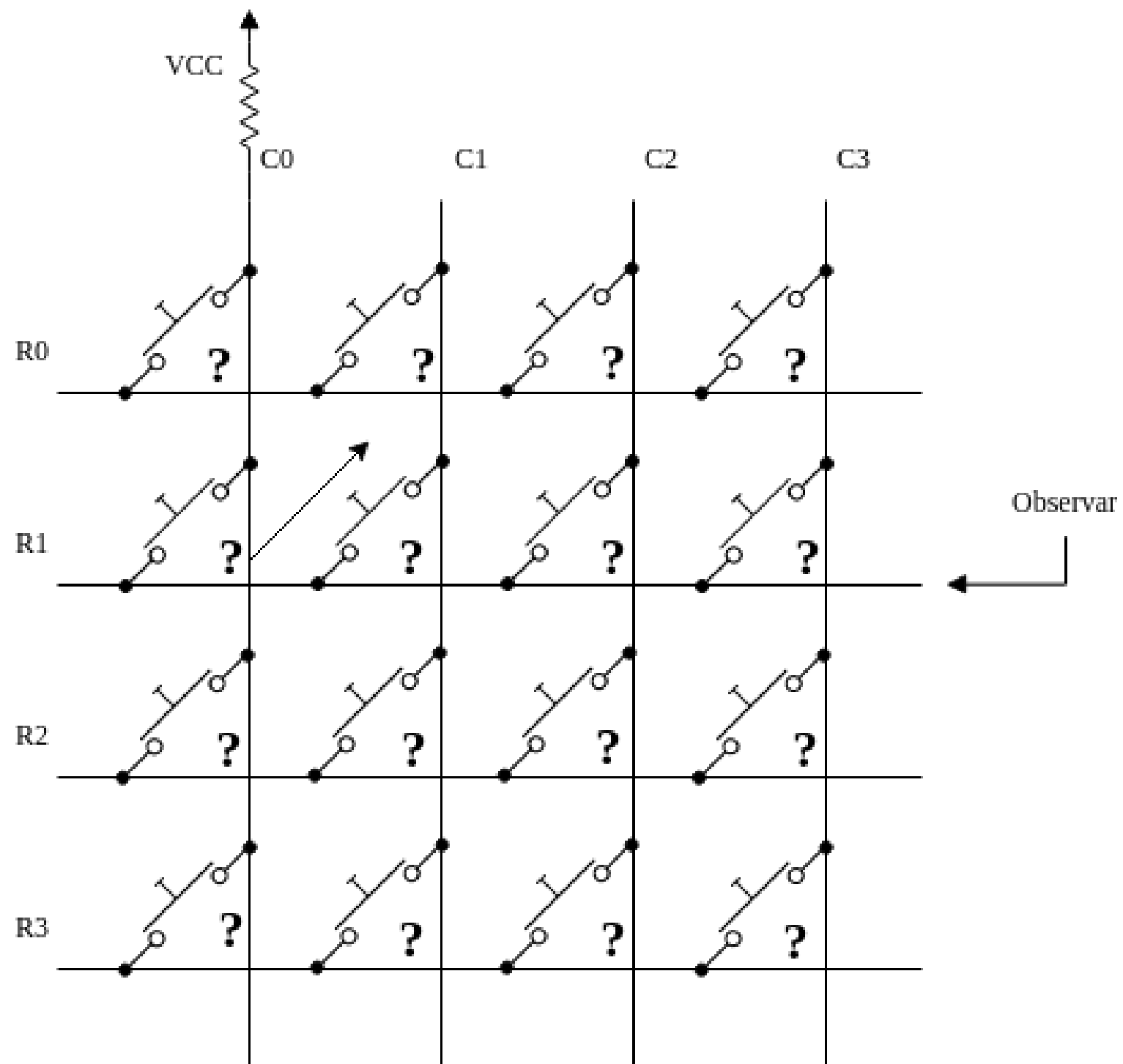
# Keypad: Scan



# Keypad: Scan

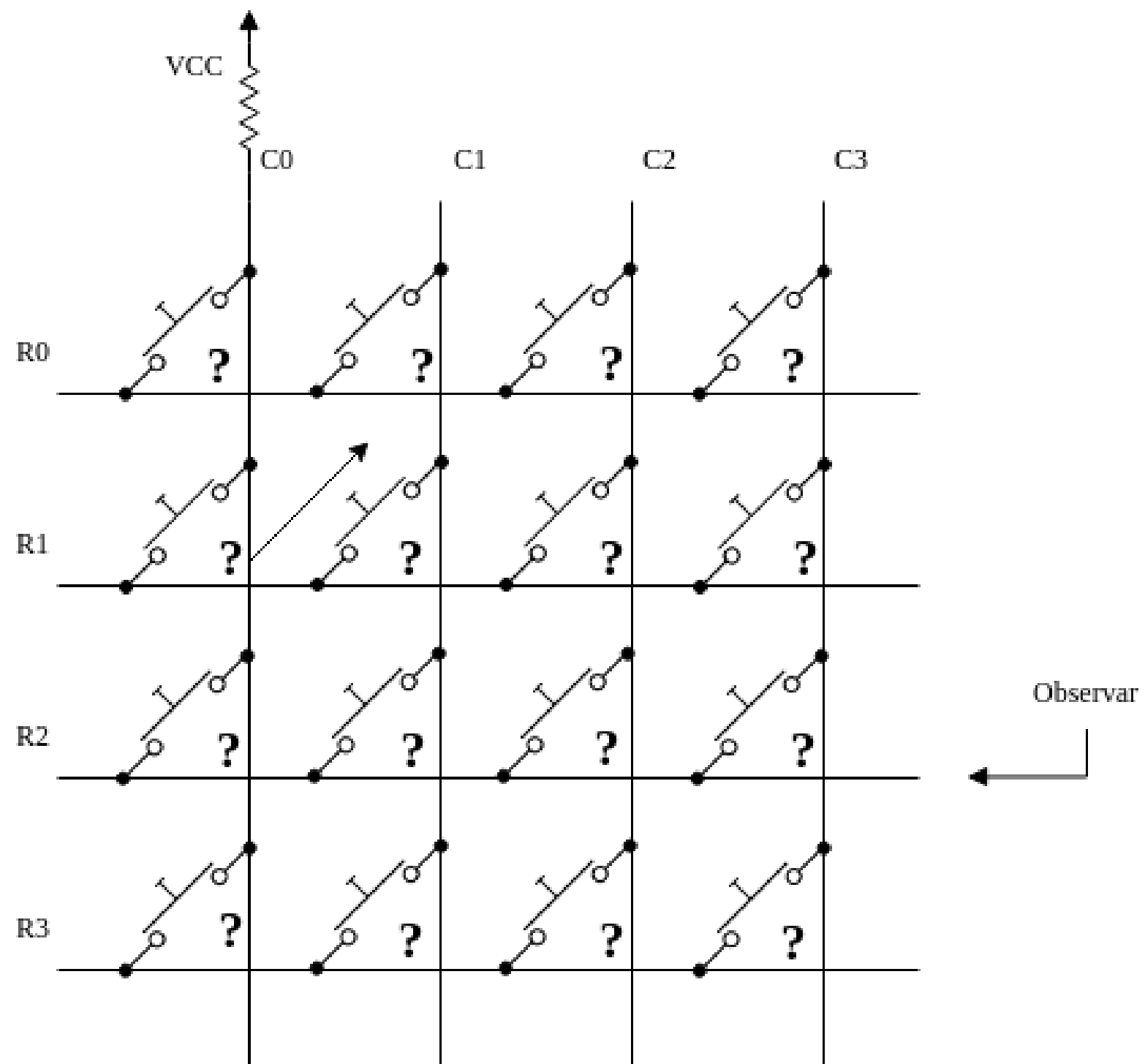


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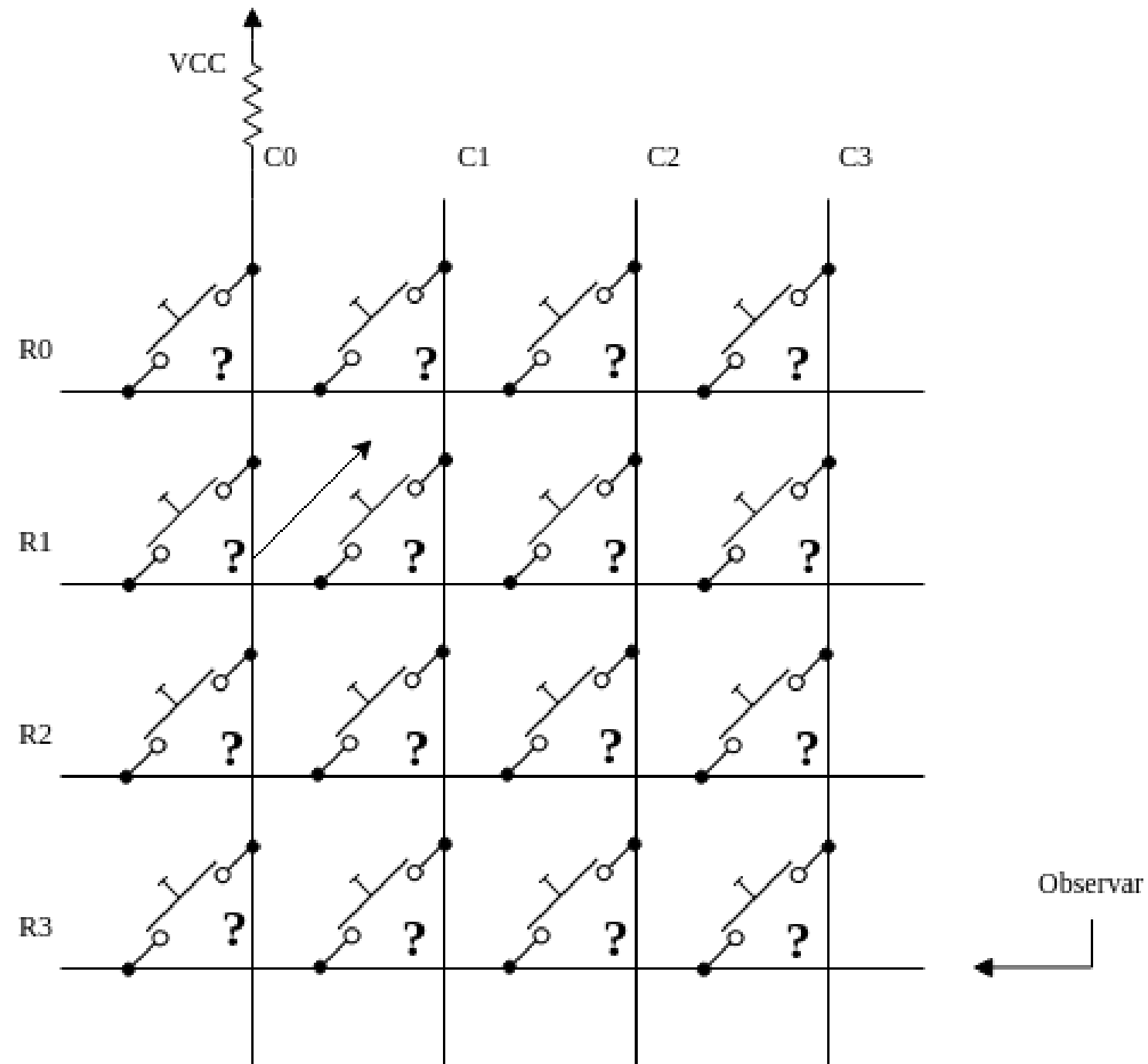




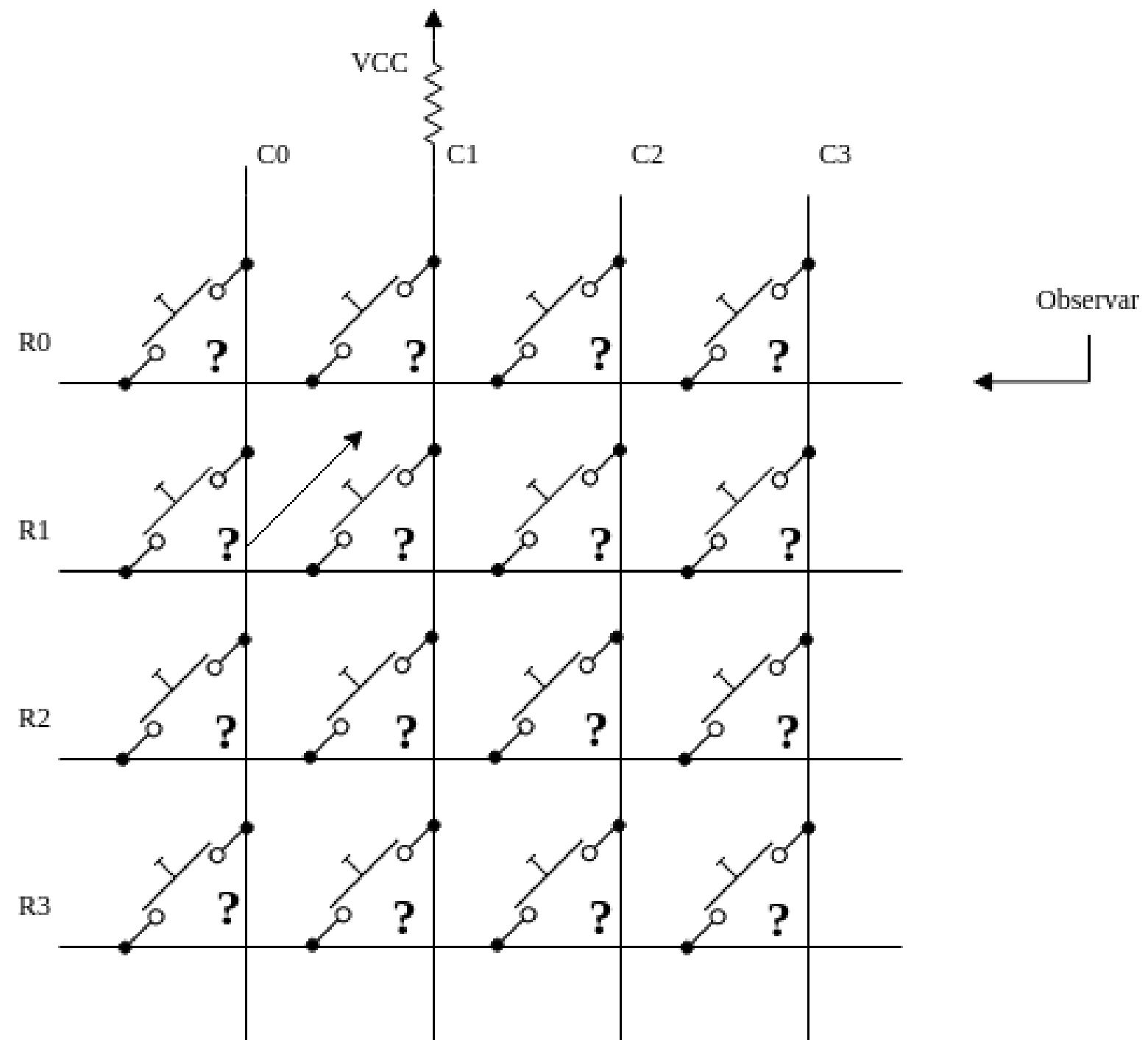
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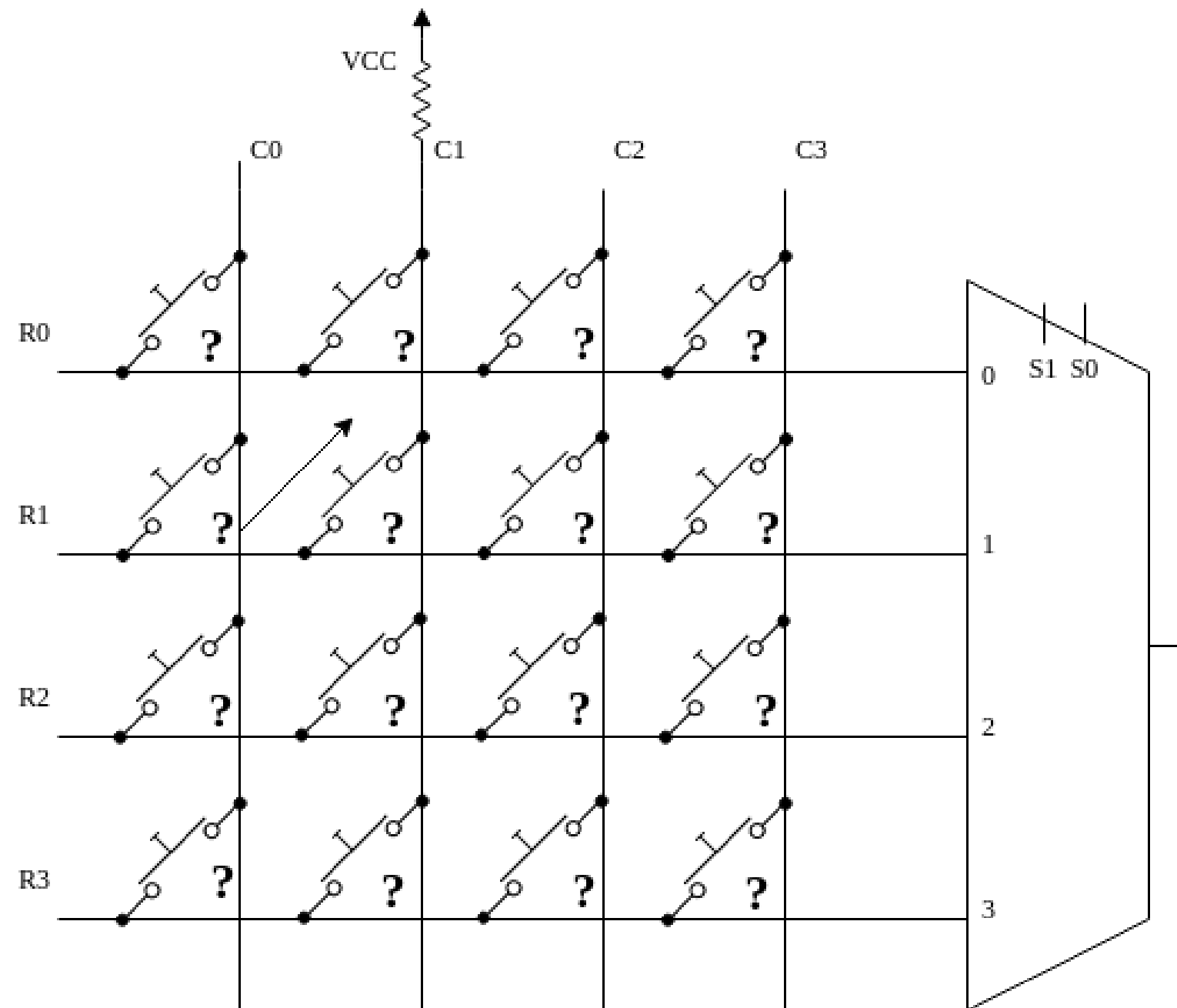
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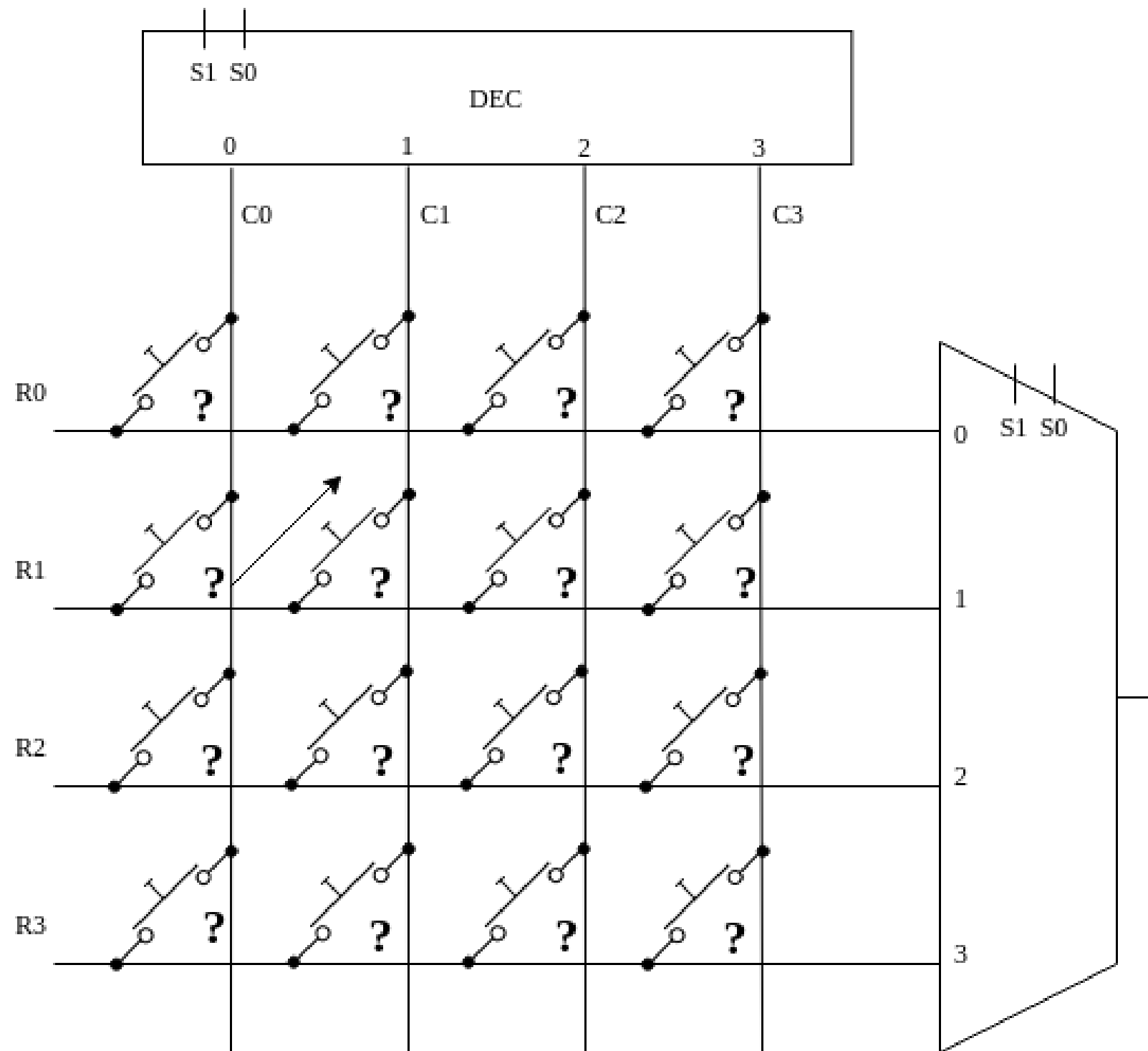
# Keypad: Scan



# Keypad: Scan

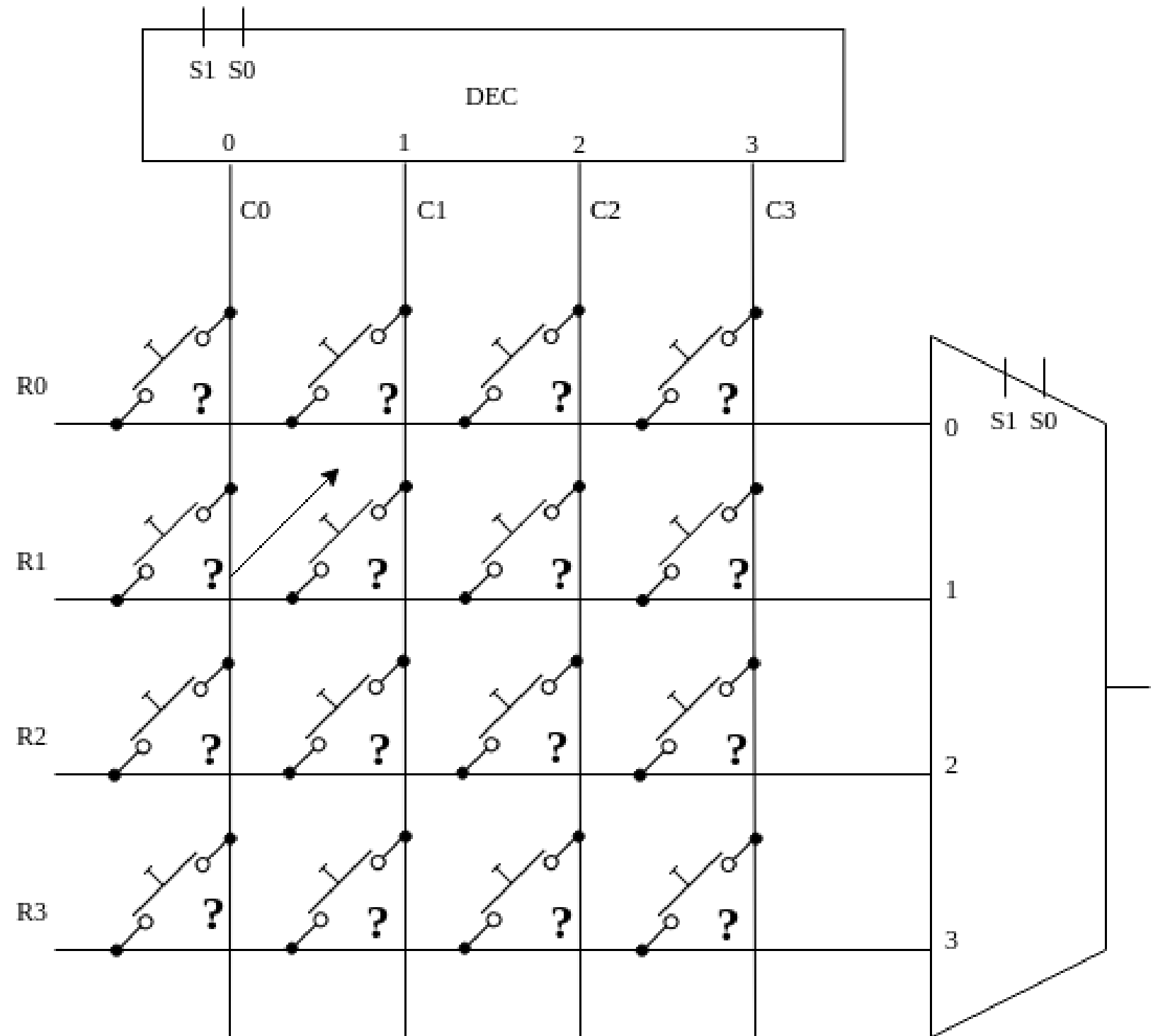


# Keypad: Scan



# Keypad: Scan

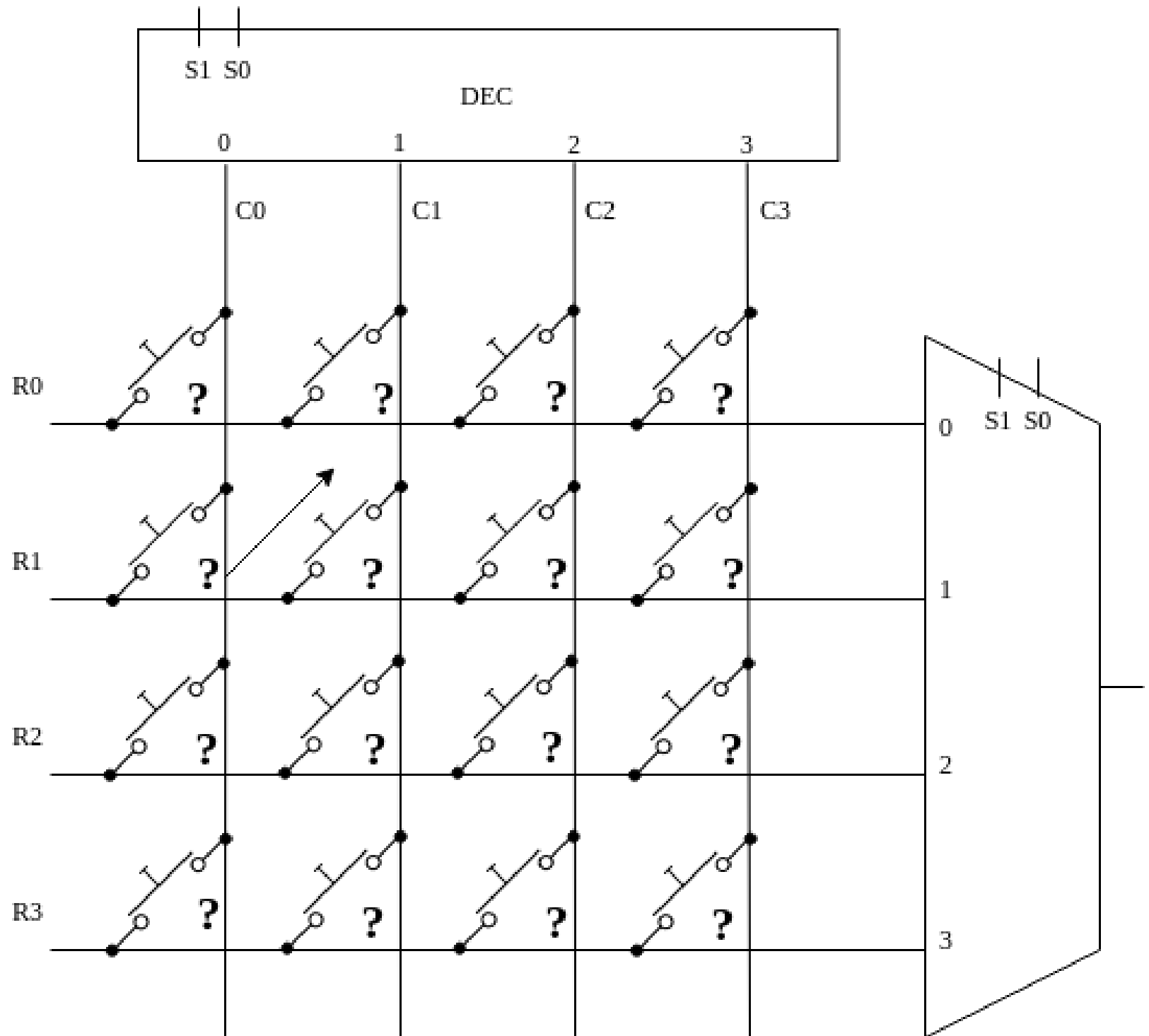
Problemas?



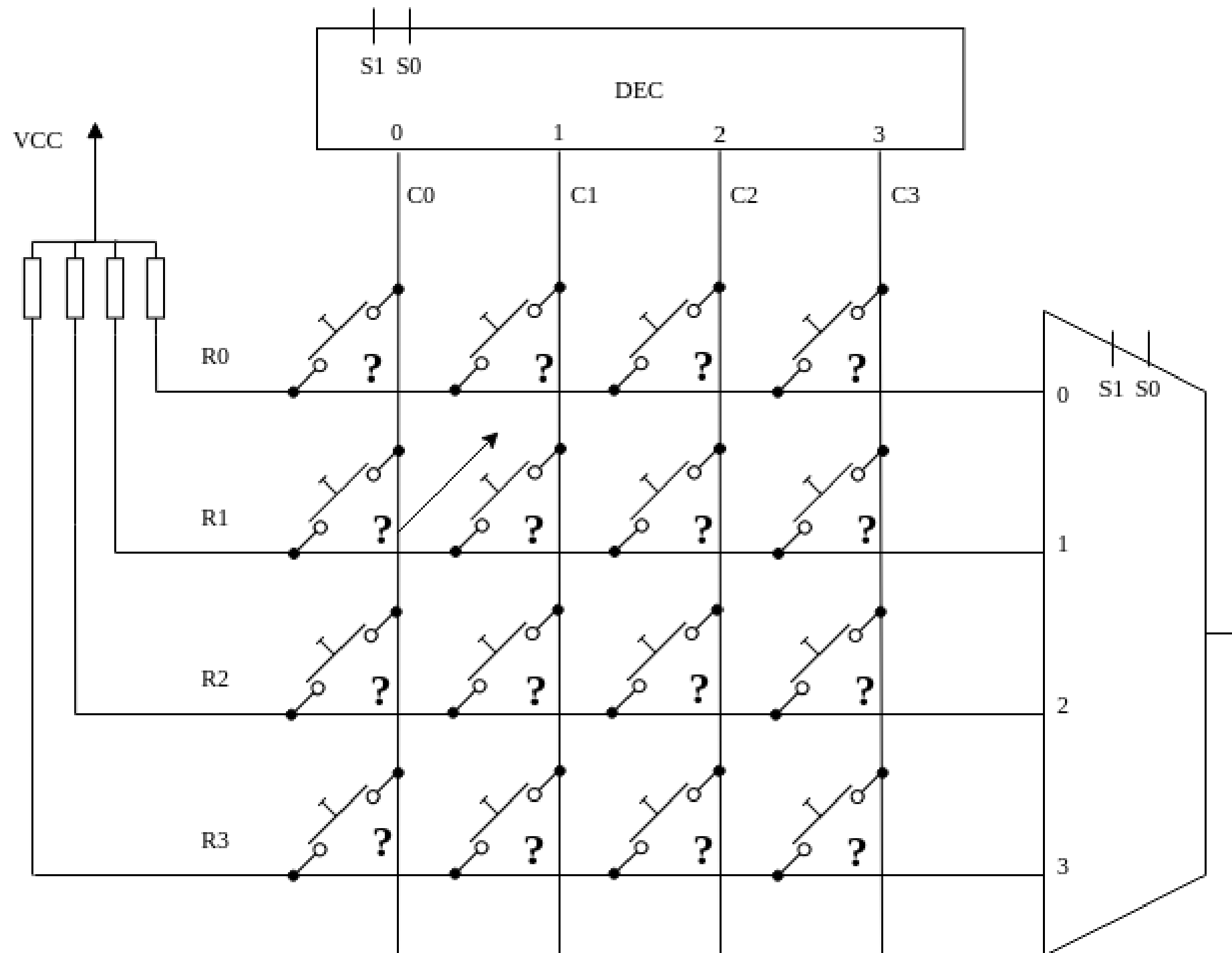
# Keypad: Scan

Problemas?

Qual o nível lógico na entrada 0 do Mux se nenhum botão da linha 0 é premido?

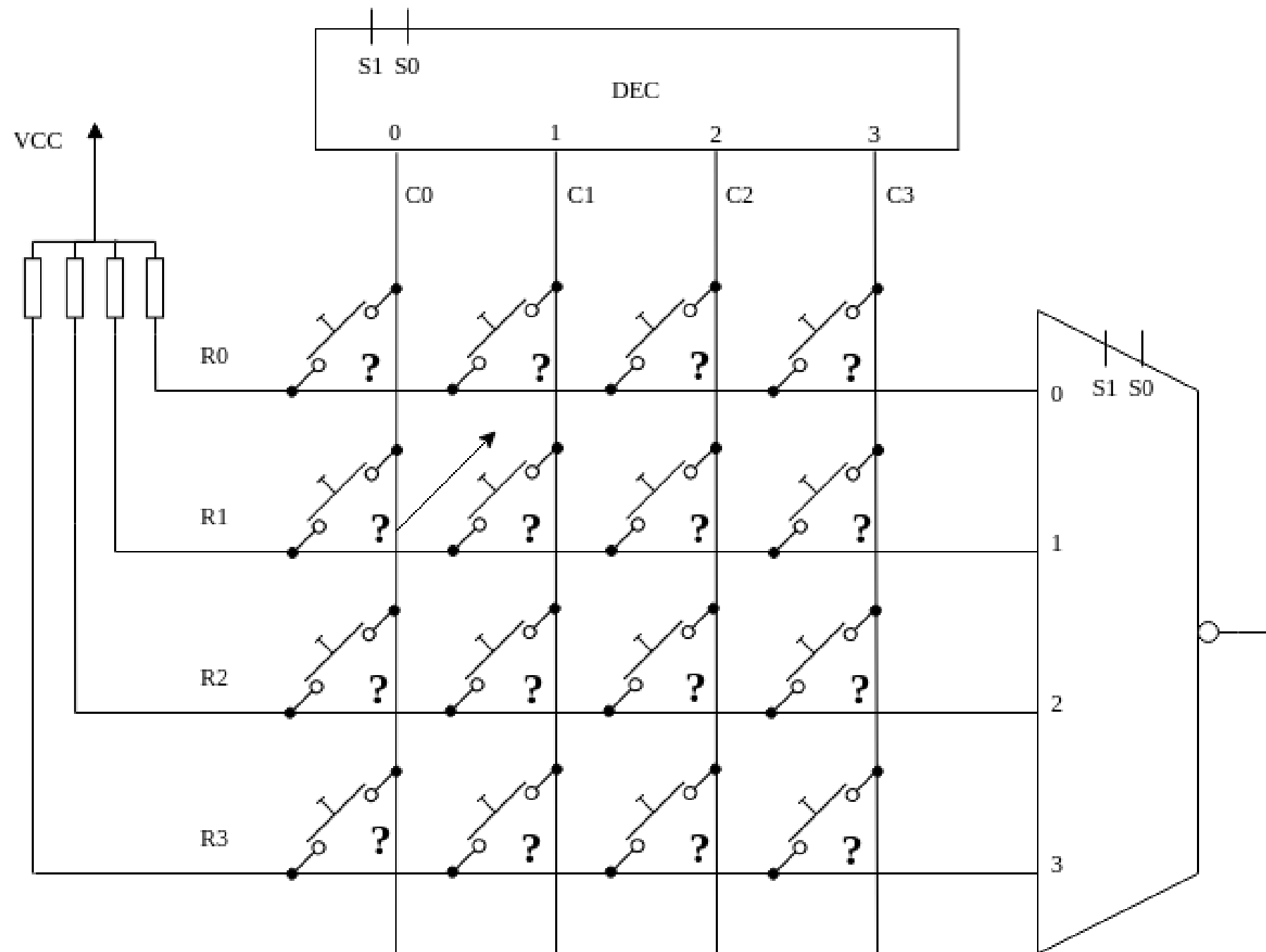


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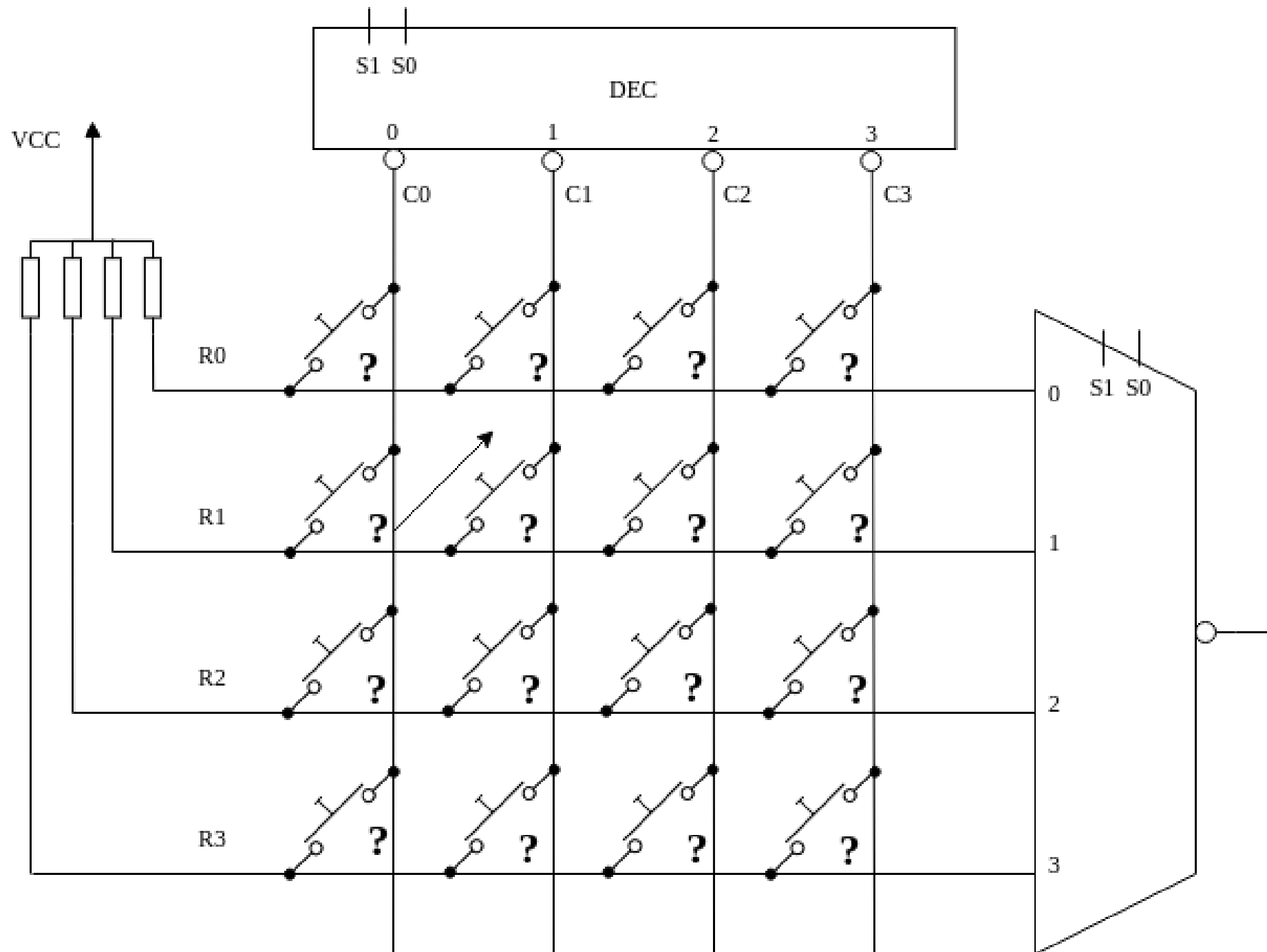




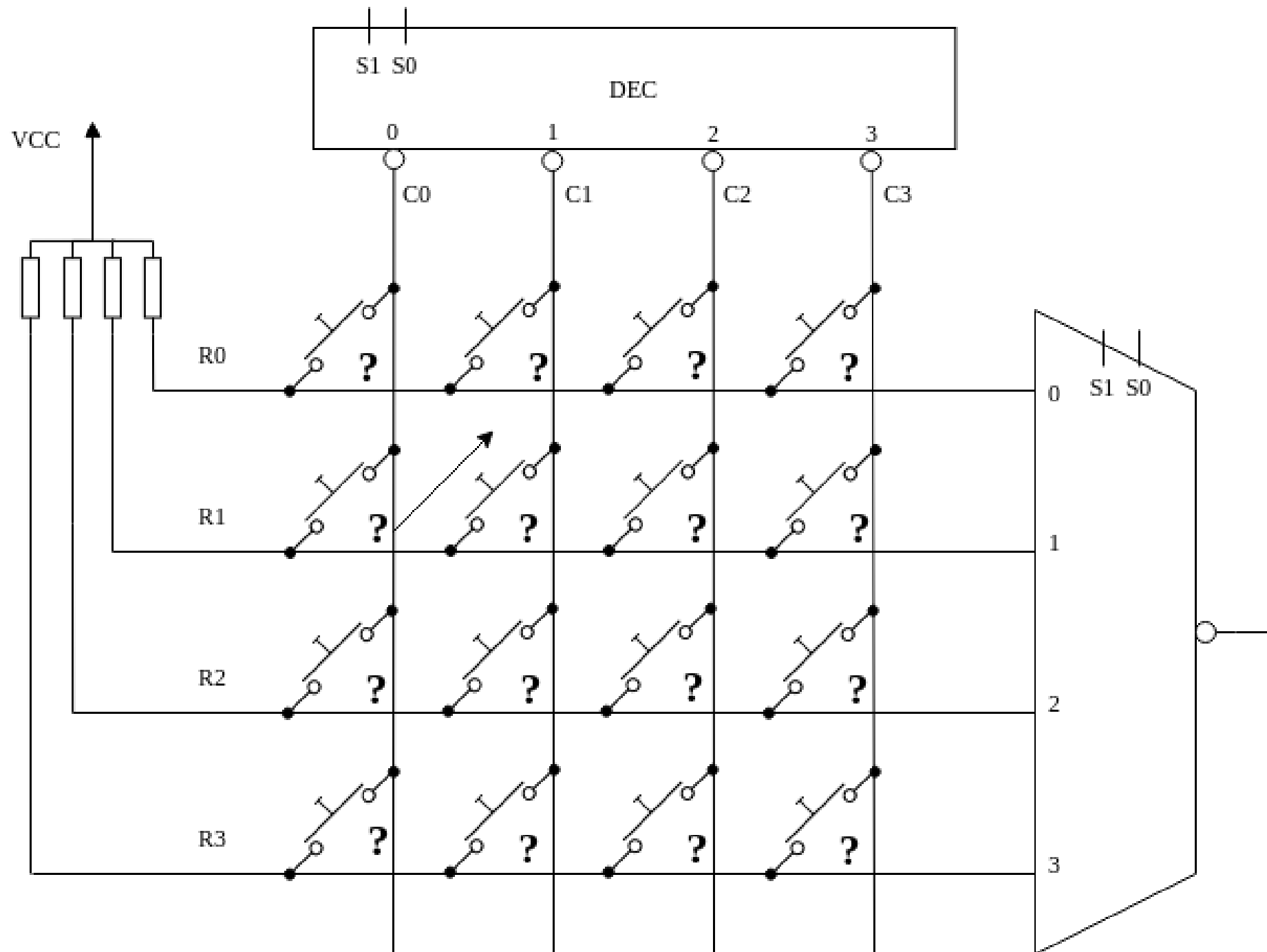
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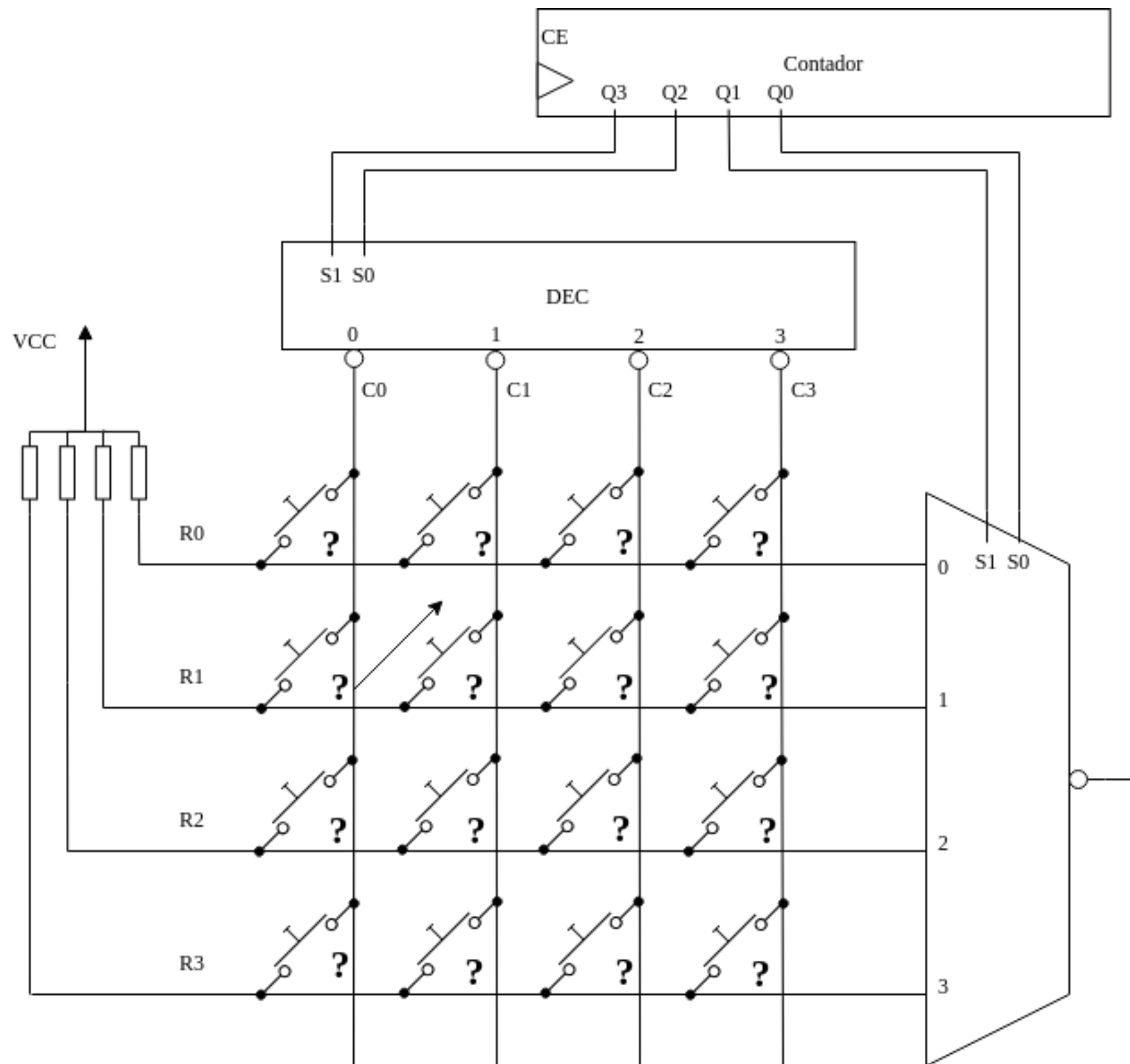
# Keypad: Scan



# Keypad: Scan



# Automatização do Scan



# Versões Alternativas

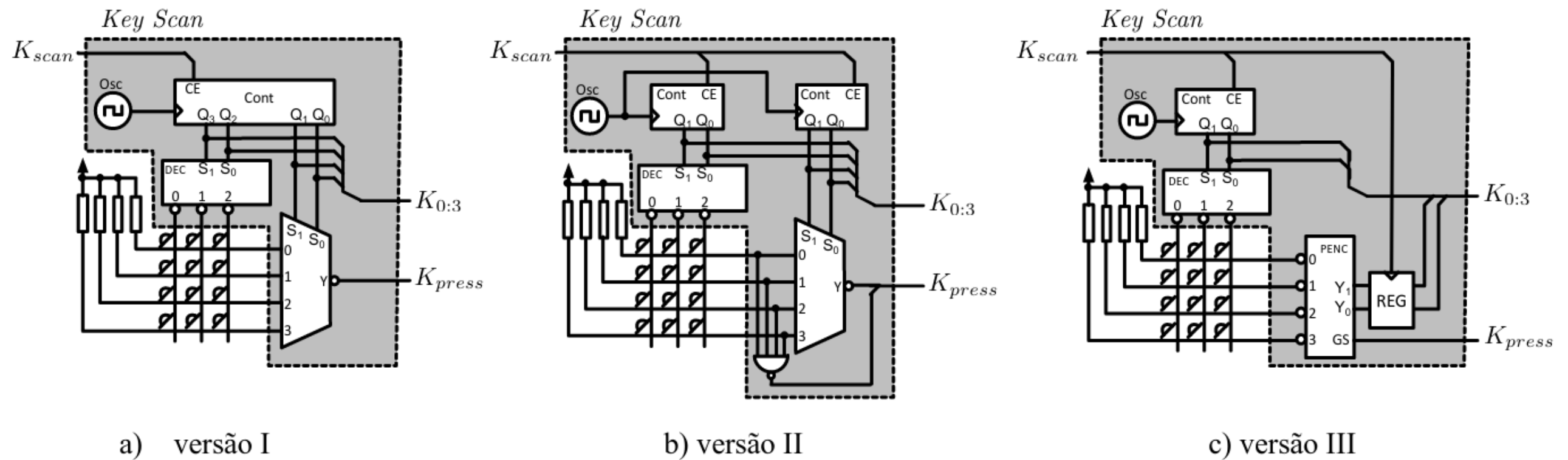


Figura 5 - Diagrama de blocos do bloco *Key Scan*

# Objetivos do Dia

- Desenvolvimento do *Key Scan*
- Passo 1: sem contador (DEC + MUX)
  - Seletores mapeados para chaves, *Kpress* mapeado para LED.
- Passo 2: com contador
  - Ou: mapear *Kscan* para chave, usar clock lento.
  - Ou: conectar *not Kpress* ao CE do contador.

