

НОМЕ

WALKTHROUGHS

TRAINING PLATFORM

4 DECEMBER 2019 / GUIDE

Ho-Ho-Hosint



Ho-Ho-Ho!



Check our Christmas Challenge out! https://tryhackme.com/christmas

This blog post will explain some typical open source intelligence (OSINT) techniques. Use these to solve the challenge 5 of the Christmas Advent of Cyber!



Advent of Cyber Room Image

Do this challenge in the Christmas room! https://tryhackme.com/room/25daysofchristmas

What is OSINT?

OSINT is data collected from publicly available sources to be used in an intelligence context. If an attacker were to run a target phishing campaign (which is sending fraudulent emails pretending to be from a reputable company, in order to have them reveal personal information or click on a malicious link), it looks more credible if you have prior knowledge about the individual being targeted.

Its amazing at how much information people share about themselves on social media platforms, both intentionally and un-intentionally. The OSINT framework is https://osintframework.com/ is a collection of resources and tools you can use for your intelligence gathering.

In the challenge, there will be three main OSINT techniques, which are as follows:

Image Metadata

Image metadata is text information that is pertaining to an image file, that is embedded into the file.

This data includes details relevant to the image itself as well as the information about its production. For example, if you take a photo in the park, your smartphone will attach GPS location metadata to the image. Back in the day, social networks wouldn't strip an images metadata, which mean't a celebrity could take a photo at home and upload it, revealing their location.. Creepy right?

Image Metadata can also include camera details, such as aperture, shutter speed and DPI.. it can also include the creator (author) or the individual taking the image.

Exiftool is a free and open-source program for reading metadata on files. Lets use this program to read a photo's metadata. If you don't have exiftool installed, you can download it here or you can deploy and access your own Kali machine with it pre-installed here.

Run the following command: exiftool <image file>

The output will look similar to below:

```
cloud ~/Pictures $ exiftool
ExifTool Version Number
File Name
                                       yy.jpg
Directory
File Size
                                      : 314 kB
                                      : 2018:12:16 15:21:40+00:00
File Modification Date/Time
                                      : 2019:12:04 10:42:37+00:00
: 2018:12:16 15:21:43+00:00
File Access Date/Time
File Inode Change Date/Time
File Permissions
                                      : rw-rw-r--
File Type
                                      : JPEG
File Type Extension
MIME Type
JFIF Version
                                      : image/jpeg
                                        1.01
Resolution Unit
                                      : None
( Resolution
/ Resolution
Exif Byte Order
                                       Little-endian (Intel, II)
Software
Exif Version
                                       0220
User Comment
                                       1744
Image Width
Image Height
                                       981
Encoding Process
                                       Baseline DCT, Huffman coding
Bits Per Sample
Color Components
/ Cb Cr Sub Sampling
                                        YCbCr4:2:0 (2 2)
Image Size
                                       1744x981
Megapixels
```

Example exiftool output

WayBack Machine

The <u>WayBackMachine</u> is a digital archive of the World Wide Web. It takes a snapshot of a website and saves it for us to view in the future. For example, here is what Google looked like on 8th Feb 1999:

https://web.archive.org/web/19990208004515/http://google.com/

This can be used to gather information regarding how a website used to look.

Does the day 5 challenge give us any websites to navigate to? I wonder if there are any interesting pages that have been snapshot...

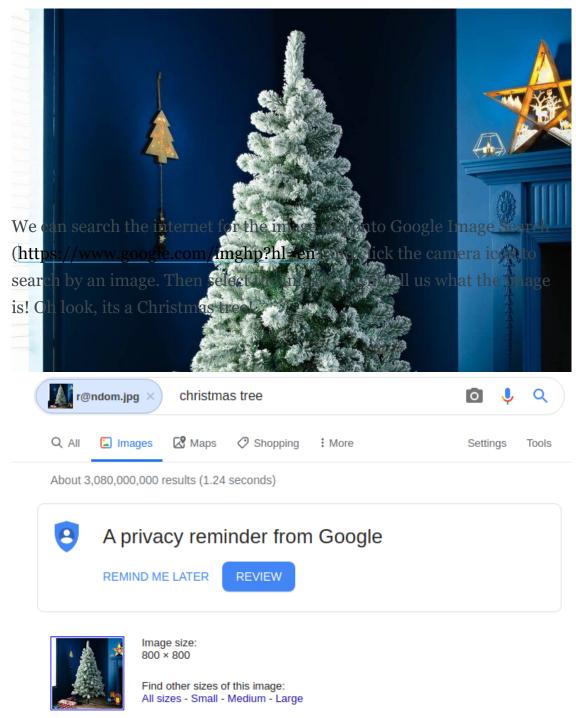
Reverse Image Search

Wouldn't it be cool if you could search the internet with an image? Well we can! Google actually lets you search the net for an image you have.

If a user has a profile picture of themselves on one social media, its most likely they've re-used the same photo on lots of other different social media sites. You can take that one image, search all other sites for that image and identify where that user has also signed up.

It can also be used to identify who or what is in an image. So if you are ever unsure on who someone in an image is (providing its a clear image of just that one individual), Google will most likely tell you.

For example, suppose we don't know what the following image is:



Possible related search: christmas tree

Artificial Christmas Trees | Pre-lit Christmas Trees | Argos

https://www.argos.co.uk > ... > Artificial Christmas trees ▼

Products 1 - 30 of 79 - Christmas just wouldn't be the same without a traditional **Christmas tree** surrounded by all your lovingly wrapped gifts. While a natural tree ...

Reverse Image Search showing image object being recognised

Are you able to use image metadata, the WayBackMachine and Reverse Image Searching to solve the Day 5 of the Christmas challenge?



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