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Chapter 1

Hierarchical Index

1.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

Flow	??
Exponencial	??
Logistical	??
Model	??
System	??

Chapter 2

Class Index

2.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

Exponencial	??
Flow	??
Logistical	??
Model	??
System	??

Chapter 3

File Index

3.1 File List

Here is a list of all files with brief descriptions:

/home/pedro/Downloads/UFOP/Periodo6/EngSoftware1/Engenharia_de_Software1_tp1/src/Flow.cpp . .	??
/home/pedro/Downloads/UFOP/Periodo6/EngSoftware1/Engenharia_de_Software1_tp1/src/Flow.h . . .	??
/home/pedro/Downloads/UFOP/Periodo6/EngSoftware1/Engenharia_de_Software1_tp1/src/Model.cpp .	??
/home/pedro/Downloads/UFOP/Periodo6/EngSoftware1/Engenharia_de_Software1_tp1/src/Model.h . .	??
/home/pedro/Downloads/UFOP/Periodo6/EngSoftware1/Engenharia_de_Software1_tp1/src/System.cpp	??
/home/pedro/Downloads/UFOP/Periodo6/EngSoftware1/Engenharia_de_Software1_tp1/src/System.h .	??
/home/pedro/Downloads/UFOP/Periodo6/EngSoftware1/Engenharia_de_Software1_tp1/tests/functional↵ _tests/src/Exponencial.cpp	??
/home/pedro/Downloads/UFOP/Periodo6/EngSoftware1/Engenharia_de_Software1_tp1/tests/functional↵ _tests/src/Exponencial.h	??
/home/pedro/Downloads/UFOP/Periodo6/EngSoftware1/Engenharia_de_Software1_tp1/tests/functional↵ _tests/src/Functional_tests.cpp	??
/home/pedro/Downloads/UFOP/Periodo6/EngSoftware1/Engenharia_de_Software1_tp1/tests/functional↵ _tests/src/Functional_tests.h	??
/home/pedro/Downloads/UFOP/Periodo6/EngSoftware1/Engenharia_de_Software1_tp1/tests/functional↵ _tests/src/Logistical.cpp	??
/home/pedro/Downloads/UFOP/Periodo6/EngSoftware1/Engenharia_de_Software1_tp1/tests/functional↵ _tests/src/Logistical.h	??
/home/pedro/Downloads/UFOP/Periodo6/EngSoftware1/Engenharia_de_Software1_tp1/tests/functional↵ _tests/src/main.cpp	??

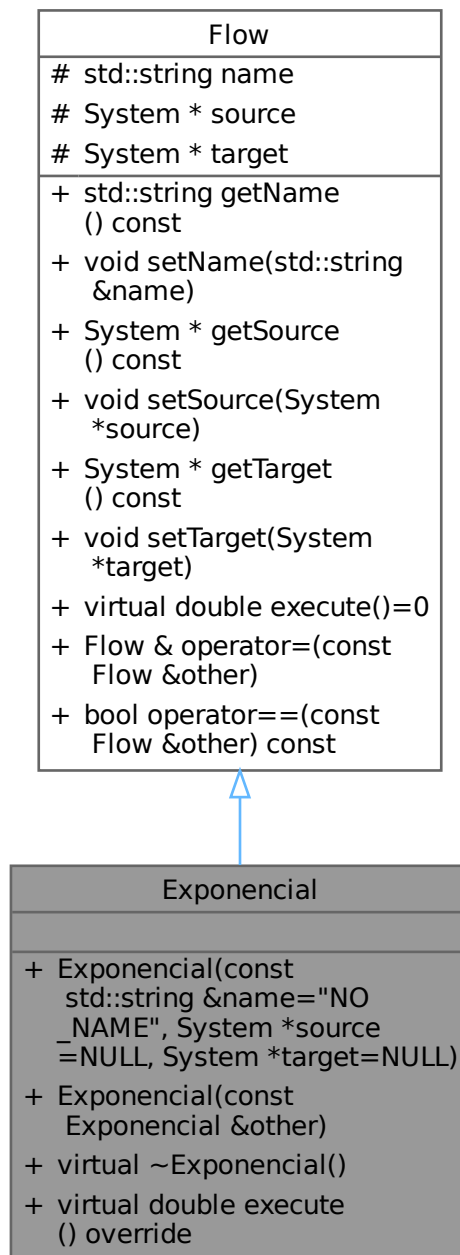
Chapter 4

Class Documentation

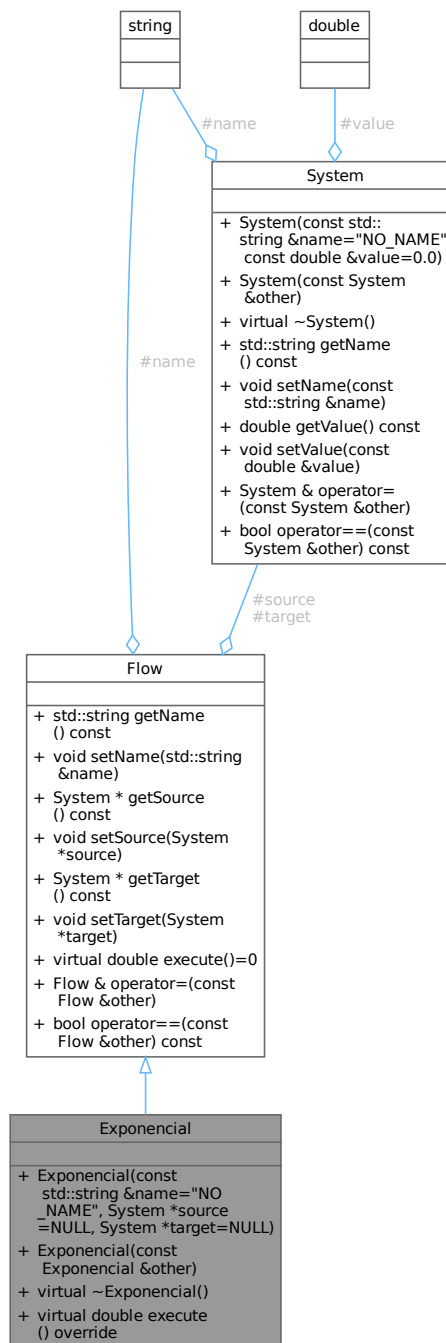
4.1 Exponencial Class Reference

```
#include <Exponencial.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Exponencial:



Collaboration diagram for Exponential:



Public Member Functions

- **Exponential** (const std::string &name="NO_NAME", System *source=NULL, System *target=NULL)
Construct a new **Exponential** by name, source and target.
- **Exponential** (const **Exponential** &other)
Construct a new **Exponential** by a obj.
- virtual ~**Exponential** ()

This destructor is a virtual destructor of the Class.

- virtual double `execute ()` override

Pure virtual method that will contain an equation that will be executed in the flow by the model.

Public Member Functions inherited from `Flow`

- `std::string getName ()` const

This method returns the name of a flow.

- void `setName (std::string &name)`

This method assigns a string to the name of a flow obj.

- `System * getSource ()` const

This method returns the source system pointer.

- void `setSource (System *source)`

This method assigns a system pointer to the source of a flow obj.

- `System * getTarget ()` const

This method returns the target system pointer.

- void `setTarget (System *target)`

This method assigns a system pointer to the target of a flow obj.

- `Flow & operator= (const Flow &other)`

This method is overloading the '=' operator, "cloning" from one flow to another.

- bool `operator== (const Flow &other)` const

This method is overloading the '==' operator, compare two flows objs.

Additional Inherited Members

Protected Attributes inherited from `Flow`

- `std::string name`
- `System * source`
- `System * target`

4.1.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.1.1.1 `Exponential()` [1/2]

```
Exponential::Exponential (
    const std::string & name = "NO_NAME",
    System * source = NULL,
    System * target = NULL )
```

Construct a new `Exponential` by name, source and target.

Parameters

<i>name</i>	string with default value "NO_NAME"
<i>source</i>	<code>System</code> pointer with default value NULL
<i>target</i>	<code>System</code> pointer with default value NULL

```

00004                                     {
00005     this->name = name;
00006     this->source = source;
00007     this->target = target;
00008 }

```

References [Flow::name](#), [Flow::source](#), and [Flow::target](#).

4.1.1.2 Exponential() [2/2]

```

Exponential::Exponential (
    const Exponential & other )

```

Construct a new [Exponential](#) by a obj.

Parameters

other	Exponential obj
-----------------------	---------------------------------

```

00011                                     {
00012     this->name = other.name;
00013     this->source = other.source;
00014     this->target = other.target;
00015 }

```

References [Flow::name](#), [Flow::source](#), and [Flow::target](#).

4.1.1.3 ~Exponential()

```

Exponential::~~Exponential ( ) [virtual]

```

This destructor is a virtual destructor of the Class.

```

00018 {}

```

4.1.2 Member Function Documentation

4.1.2.1 execute()

```

double Exponential::execute ( ) [override], [virtual]

```

Pure virtual method that will contain an equation that will be executed in the flow by the model.

Returns

double

Implements [Flow](#).

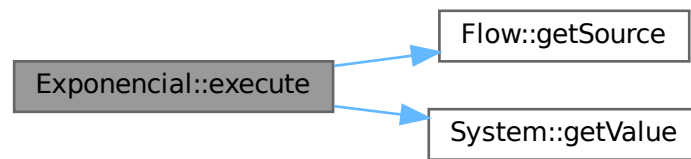
```

00020     {
00021     return getSource()->getValue() * 0.01;
00022 }

```

References [Flow::getSource\(\)](#), and [System::getValue\(\)](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



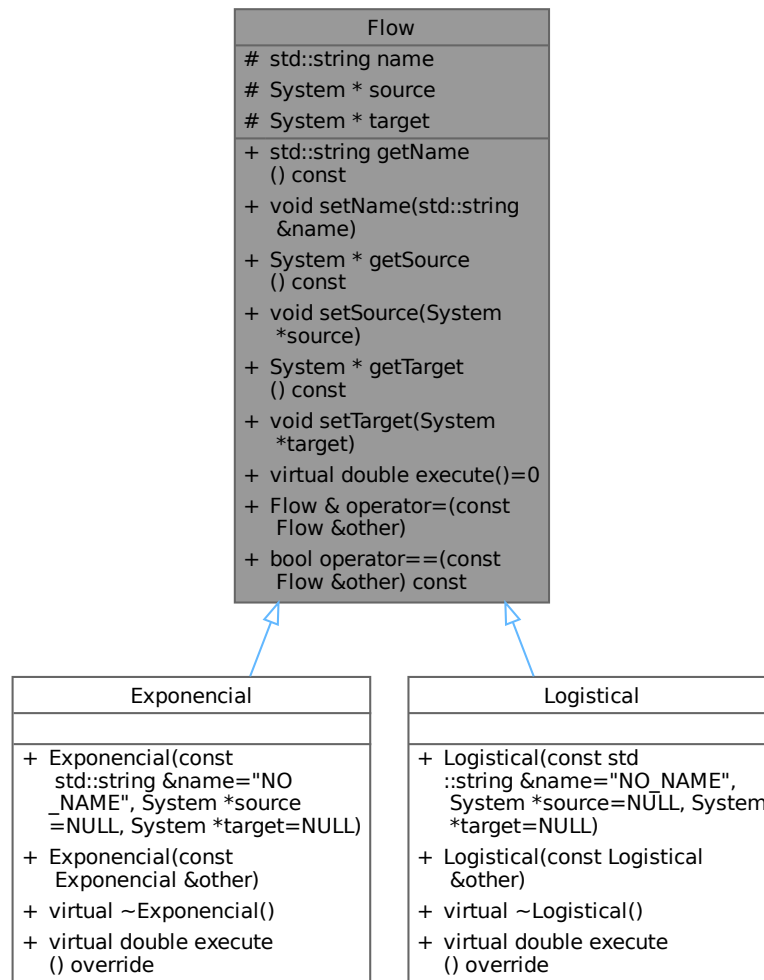
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- [/home/pedro/Downloads/UFOP/Periodo6/EngSoftware1/Engenharia_de_Software1_tp1/tests/functional_↔ tests/src/Exponencial.h](#)
- [/home/pedro/Downloads/UFOP/Periodo6/EngSoftware1/Engenharia_de_Software1_tp1/tests/functional_↔ tests/src/Exponencial.cpp](#)

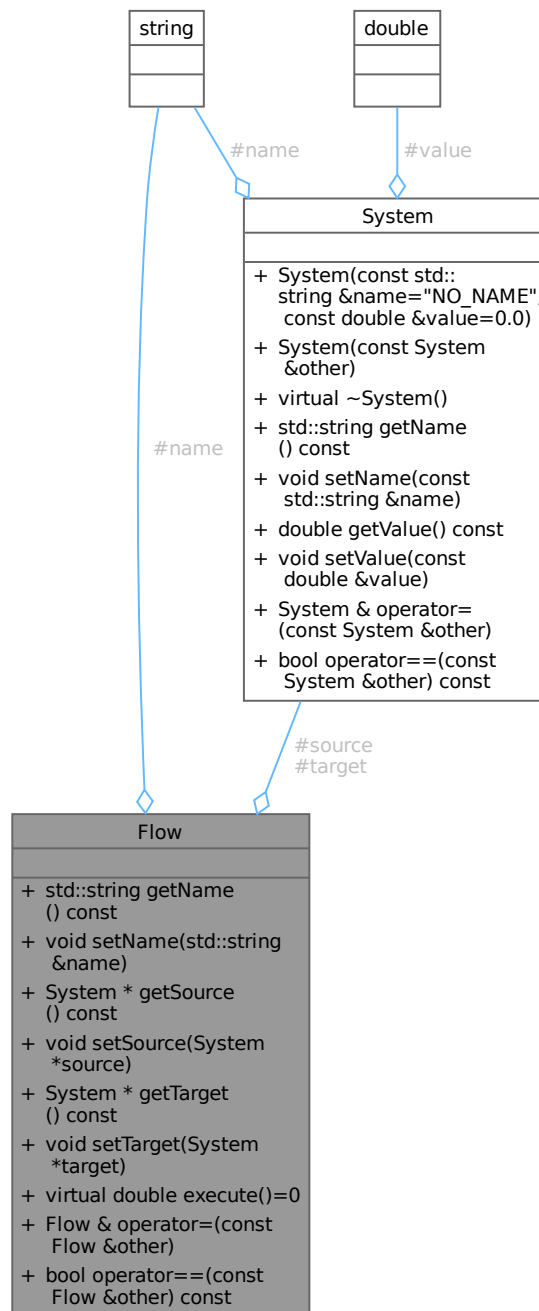
4.2 Flow Class Reference

```
#include <Flow.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Flow:



Collaboration diagram for Flow:



Public Member Functions

- `std::string` [getName](#) () const
This method returns the name of a flow.
- `void` [setName](#) (std::string &name)
This method assigns a string to the name of a flow obj.
- `System *` [getSource](#) () const

This method returns the source system pointer.

- void [setSource](#) ([System](#) *source)

This method assigns a system pointer to the source of a flow obj.

- [System](#) * [getTarget](#) () const

This method returns the target system pointer.

- void [setTarget](#) ([System](#) *target)

This method assigns a system pointer to the target of a flow obj.

- virtual double [execute](#) ()=0

Pure virtual method that will be inherited by subclasses created by the user, this one will contain an equation that will be executed in the flow by the model.

- [Flow](#) & [operator=](#) (const [Flow](#) &other)

This method is overloading the '=' operator, "cloning" from one flow to another.

- bool [operator==](#) (const [Flow](#) &other) const

This method is overloading the '==' operator, compare two flows objs.

Protected Attributes

- std::string [name](#)
- [System](#) * [source](#)
- [System](#) * [target](#)

Friends

- std::ostream & [operator<<](#) (std::ostream &out, const [Flow](#) &obj)

This method is overloading the '<<' operator, print the flow obj info.

4.2.1 Member Function Documentation

4.2.1.1 execute()

```
virtual double Flow::execute ( ) [pure virtual]
```

Pure virtual method that will be inherited by subclasses created by the user, this one will contain an equation that will be executed in the flow by the model.

Returns

double

Implemented in [Exponencial](#), and [Logistical](#).

4.2.1.2 getName()

```
std::string Flow::getName ( ) const
```

This method returns the name of a flow.

Returns

a string containing the name is returned

```
00005 { return name; }
```

References [name](#).

4.2.1.3 getSource()

```
System * Flow::getSource ( ) const
```

This method returns the source system pointer.

Returns

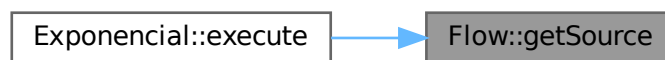
a system pointer containing the source memory address is returned

```
00008 { return source; }
```

References [source](#).

Referenced by [Exponential::execute\(\)](#).

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.2.1.4 getTarget()

```
System * Flow::getTarget ( ) const
```

This method returns the target system pointer.

Returns

a system pointer containing the target memory address is returned

```
00011 { return target; }
```

References [target](#).

Referenced by [Logistical::execute\(\)](#).

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.2.1.5 operator=()

```
Flow & Flow::operator= (
    const Flow & other )
```

This method is overloading the '=' operator, "cloning" from one flow to another.

Parameters

<i>other</i>	flow obj to be cloned must be passed
--------------	--------------------------------------

Returns

A flow is returned that is a clone of what was passed to the method

```
00016 {
00017     if (other == *this) return *this;
00018     name = other.name;
00019     source = other.source;
00020     target = other.target;
00021     return *this;
00022 }
```

References [name](#), [source](#), and [target](#).

4.2.1.6 operator==()

```
bool Flow::operator== (
    const Flow & other ) const
```

This method is overloading the '==' operator, compare two flows objs.

Parameters

<i>other</i>	flow obj to be compare must be passed
--------------	---------------------------------------

Returns

A bool is returned, true if they are equal and false if not

```
00025 {
00026     return (name == other.name && source == other.source && target == other.target);
00027 }
```

References [name](#), [source](#), and [target](#).

4.2.1.7 setName()

```
void Flow::setName (
    std::string & name )
```

This method assigns a string to the name of a flow obj.

Parameters

<i>name</i>	string must be passed to the method
-------------	-------------------------------------

```
00006 { this->name = name; }
```

References [name](#).

4.2.1.8 setSource()

```
void Flow::setSource (
    System * source )
```

This method assigns a system poiter to the source of a flow obj.

Parameters

<i>source</i>	system poiter must be passed to the method
---------------	--

```
00009 { this->source = source; }
```

References [source](#).

4.2.1.9 setTarget()

```
void Flow::setTarget (
    System * target )
```

This method assigns a system poiter to the target of a flow obj.

Parameters

<i>target</i>	system poiter must be passed to the method
---------------	--

```
00012 { this->target = target; }
```

References [target](#).

4.2.2 Friends And Related Symbol Documentation

4.2.2.1 operator<<

```
std::ostream & operator<< (
    std::ostream & out,
    const Flow & obj ) [friend]
```

This method is overloading the '<<' operator, print the flow obj info.

Parameters

<i>out</i>	is a ostream obj
<i>obj</i>	is a flow obj

Returns

a ostream obj to print the obj info

```
00029                                     {
00030     out << "(Flow) Name: " << obj.name << " - "
00031         << obj.source->getName() << " ----> " << obj.target->getName();
00032     return out;
00033 }
```

4.2.3 Member Data Documentation

4.2.3.1 name

```
std::string Flow::name [protected]
```

Name string attribute.

Referenced by [Exponencial::Exponencial\(\)](#), [Exponencial::Exponencial\(\)](#), [getName\(\)](#), [Logistical::Logistical\(\)](#), [Logistical::Logistical\(\)](#), [operator=\(\)](#), [operator==\(\)](#), and [setName\(\)](#).

4.2.3.2 source

```
System* Flow::source [protected]
```

Source system pointer attribute.

Referenced by [Exponencial::Exponencial\(\)](#), [Exponencial::Exponencial\(\)](#), [getSource\(\)](#), [Logistical::Logistical\(\)](#), [Logistical::Logistical\(\)](#), [operator=\(\)](#), [operator==\(\)](#), and [setSource\(\)](#).

4.2.3.3 target

```
System* Flow::target [protected]
```

Target system pointer attribute.

Referenced by [Exponencial::Exponencial\(\)](#), [Exponencial::Exponencial\(\)](#), [getTarget\(\)](#), [Logistical::Logistical\(\)](#), [Logistical::Logistical\(\)](#), [operator=\(\)](#), [operator==\(\)](#), and [setTarget\(\)](#).

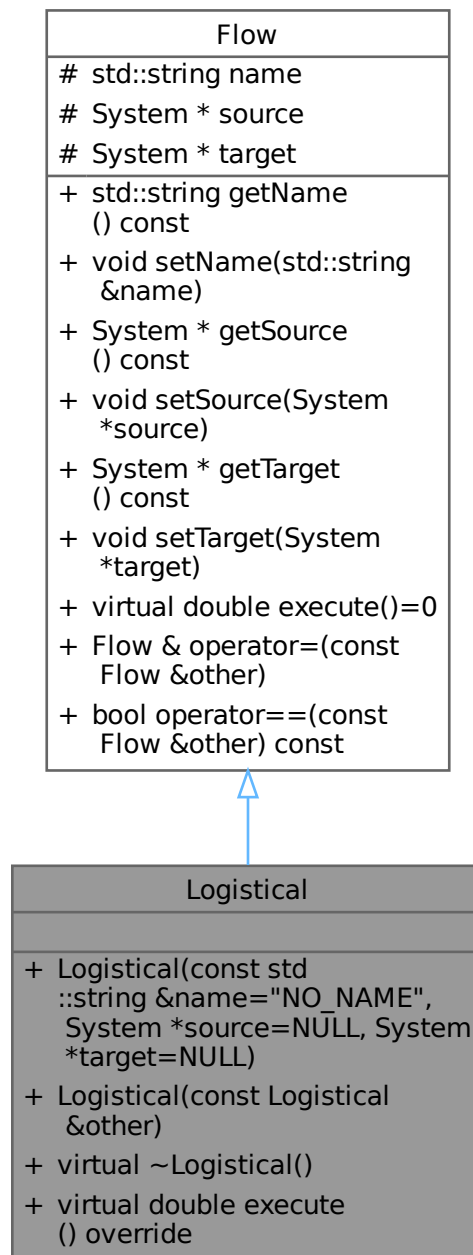
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- [/home/pedro/Downloads/UFOP/Periodo6/EngSoftware1/Engenharia_de_Software1_tp1/src/Flow.h](#)
- [/home/pedro/Downloads/UFOP/Periodo6/EngSoftware1/Engenharia_de_Software1_tp1/src/Flow.cpp](#)

4.3 Logistical Class Reference

```
#include <Logistical.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Logistical:



This destructor is a virtual destructor of the Class.

- virtual double `execute ()` override

Pure virtual method that will contain an equation that will be executed in the flow by the model.

Public Member Functions inherited from `Flow`

- `std::string getName ()` const

This method returns the name of a flow.

- void `setName (std::string &name)`

This method assigns a string to the name of a flow obj.

- `System * getSource ()` const

This method returns the source system pointer.

- void `setSource (System *source)`

This method assigns a system pointer to the source of a flow obj.

- `System * getTarget ()` const

This method returns the target system pointer.

- void `setTarget (System *target)`

This method assigns a system pointer to the target of a flow obj.

- `Flow & operator= (const Flow &other)`

This method is overloading the '=' operator, "cloning" from one flow to another.

- bool `operator== (const Flow &other)` const

This method is overloading the '==' operator, compare two flows objs.

Additional Inherited Members

Protected Attributes inherited from `Flow`

- `std::string name`
- `System * source`
- `System * target`

4.3.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.3.1.1 `Logistical()` [1/2]

```
Logistical::Logistical (
    const std::string & name = "NO_NAME",
    System * source = NULL,
    System * target = NULL )
```

Construct a new `Logistical` by name, source and target.

Parameters

<i>name</i>	string with default value "NO_NAME"
<i>source</i>	<code>System</code> pointer with default value NULL
<i>target</i>	<code>System</code> pointer with default value NULL


```

00004                                     {
00005     this->name = name;
00006     this->source = source;
00007     this->target = target;
00008 }

```

References [Flow::name](#), [Flow::source](#), and [Flow::target](#).

4.3.1.2 Logistical() [2/2]

```

Logistical::Logistical (
    const Logistical & other )

```

Construct a new [Logistical](#) by a obj.

Parameters

<i>other</i>	Logistical obj
--------------	--------------------------------

```

00011                                     {
00012     this->name = other.name;
00013     this->source = other.source;
00014     this->target = other.target;
00015 }

```

References [Flow::name](#), [Flow::source](#), and [Flow::target](#).

4.3.1.3 ~Logistical()

```

Logistical::~~Logistical ( ) [virtual]

```

This destructor is a virtual destructor of the Class.

```

00018 {}

```

4.3.2 Member Function Documentation

4.3.2.1 execute()

```

double Logistical::execute ( ) [override], [virtual]

```

Pure virtual method that will contain an equation that will be executed in the flow by the model.

Returns

double

Implements [Flow](#).

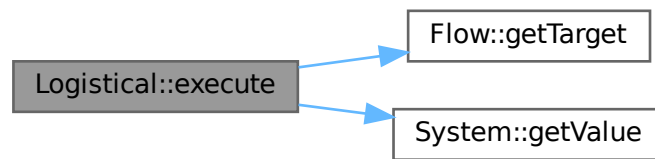
```

00020     {
00021     return 0.01 * getTarget()->getValue() * (1.0 - getTarget()->getValue() / 70.0);
00022 }

```

References [Flow::getTarget\(\)](#), and [System::getValue\(\)](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



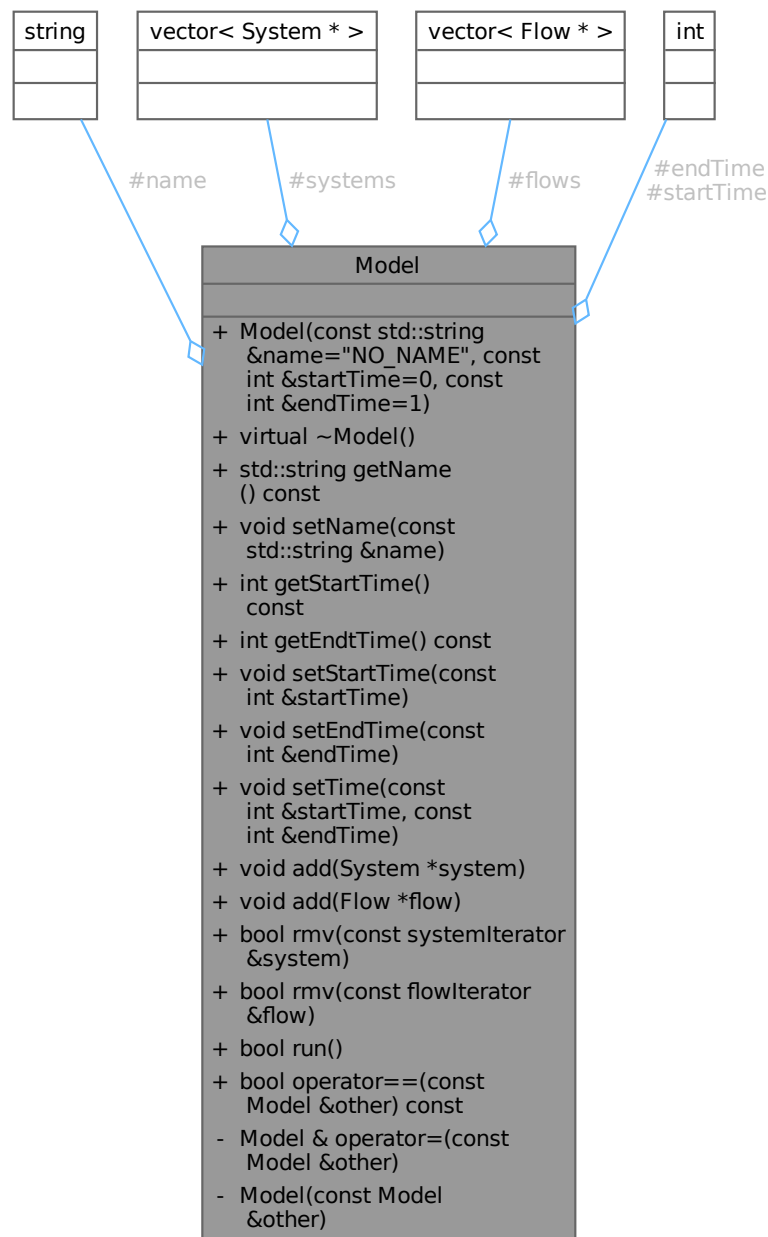
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- [/home/pedro/Downloads/UFOP/Periodo6/EngSoftware1/Engenharia_de_Software1_tp1/tests/functional_↔ tests/src/Logistical.h](#)
- [/home/pedro/Downloads/UFOP/Periodo6/EngSoftware1/Engenharia_de_Software1_tp1/tests/functional_↔ tests/src/Logistical.cpp](#)

4.4 Model Class Reference

```
#include <Model.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for Model:



Public Types

- typedef std::vector< [System](#) * >::iterator [systemIterator](#)
typedef vetors iterators
- typedef std::vector< [Flow](#) * >::iterator [flowIterator](#)

Public Member Functions

- [Model](#) (const std::string &[name](#)="NO_NAME", const int &[startTime](#)=0, const int &[endTime](#)=1)

- Construct a new *Model* by name and start and end time.

 - virtual `~Model ()`

This destructor is a virtual destructor of the class.
 - `std::string getName () const`

This method returns the name of a *Model*.
 - `void setName (const std::string &name)`

This method assigns a string to the name of a *Model*.
 - `int getStartTime () const`

This method returns the startTime of a *Model*.
 - `int getEndTime () const`

This method returns the end of a *Model*.
 - `void setStartTime (const int &startTime)`

This method assigns a int to the startTime of a *Model*.
 - `void setEndTime (const int &endTime)`

This method assigns a int to the endTime of a *Model*.
 - `void setTime (const int &startTime, const int &endTime)`

This method assigns a int to the startTime and endTime of a *Model*.
 - `void add (System *system)`

This method add a *System* pointer to the vector of a *Model*.
 - `void add (Flow *flow)`

This method add a *Flow* pointer to the vector of a *Model*.
 - `bool rmv (const systemIterator &system)`

This method remove a *System* pointer of the vector of a *Model*.
 - `bool rmv (const flowIterator &flow)`

This method remove a *Flow* pointer of the vector of a *Model*.
 - `bool run ()`

This method run all model.
 - `bool operator== (const Model &other) const`

This method is overloading the '==' operator, compare two models objs.

Protected Attributes

- `std::string name`
- `std::vector< System * > systems`
- `std::vector< Flow * > flows`
- `int startTime`
- `int endTime`

Private Member Functions

- `Model & operator= (const Model &other)`

This method is overloading the '=' operator, "cloning" from one *Model* to another.
- `Model (const Model &other)`

Construct a new *Model* by a obj.

Friends

- `std::ostream & operator<< (std::ostream &out, const Model &obj)`

This method is overloading the '<<' operator, print the model obj info.

4.4.1 Member Typedef Documentation

4.4.1.1 flowIterator

```
typedef std::vector<Flow*>::iterator Model::flowIterator
```

4.4.1.2 systemIterator

```
typedef std::vector<System*>::iterator Model::systemIterator
```

```
typedef vectors iterators
```

4.4.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.4.2.1 Model() [1/2]

```
Model::Model (
    const Model & other ) [private]
```

Construct a new [Model](#) by a obj.

Parameters

<i>other</i>	Model obj
--------------	---------------------------

```
00006                                     : name(other.name), startTime(other.startTime), endTime(other.endTime)
00007 {
00007     flows.clear();
00008     systems.clear();
00009     for (auto i : other.flows) flows.push_back(i);
00010     for (auto i : other.systems) systems.push_back(i);
00011 }
```

References [flows](#), and [systems](#).

4.4.2.2 Model() [2/2]

```
Model::Model (
    const std::string & name = "NO_NAME",
    const int & startTime = 0,
    const int & endTime = 1 )
```

Construct a new [Model](#) by name and sart and end time.

Parameters

<i>name</i>	string with default value "NO_NAME"
<i>startTime</i>	int with default value 0
<i>endTime</i>	int with default value 1

```
00004 : name(name), startTime(startTime), endTime(endTime) {}
```

4.4.2.3 ~Model()

```
Model::~~Model ( ) [virtual]
```

This destructor is a virtual destructor of the class.

```
00014 {systems.clear(); flows.clear();}
```

References [flows](#), and [systems](#).

4.4.3 Member Function Documentation

4.4.3.1 add() [1/2]

```
void Model::add (
    Flow * flow )
```

This method add a [Flow](#) pointer to the vector of a [Model](#).

Parameters

<i>flow</i>	Flow pointer must be passed to the method
-------------	---

```
00030 { flows.push_back(flow); }
```

References [flows](#).

4.4.3.2 add() [2/2]

```
void Model::add (
    System * system )
```

This method add a [System](#) pointer to the vector of a [Model](#).

Parameters

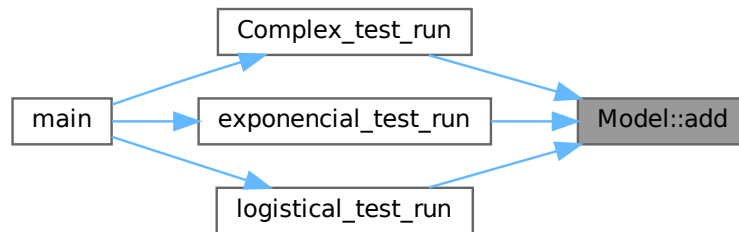
<i>system</i>	System pointer must be passed to the method
---------------	---

```
00029 { systems.push_back(system); }
```

References [systems](#).

Referenced by [Complex_test_run\(\)](#), [exponencial_test_run\(\)](#), and [logistical_test_run\(\)](#).

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.4.3.3 getEndTime()

```
int Model::getEndTime ( ) const
```

This method returns the end of a [Model](#).

Returns

a int containing the end is returned

```
00022 { return endTime; }
```

References [endTime](#).

4.4.3.4 getName()

```
std::string Model::getName ( ) const
```

This method returns the name of a [Model](#).

Returns

a string containing the name is returned

```
00018 { return name; }
```

References [name](#).

4.4.3.5 getStartTime()

```
int Model::getStartTime ( ) const
```

This method returns the startTime of a [Model](#).

Returns

a int containing the startTime is returned

```
00021 { return startTime; }
```

References [startTime](#).

4.4.3.6 operator=()

```
Model & Model::operator= (
    const Model & other ) [private]
```

This method is overloading the '=' operator, "cloning" from one [Model](#) to another.

Parameters

<i>other</i>	Model obj to be cloned must be passed
--------------	---

Returns

A [Model](#) is returned that is a clone of what was passed to the method

```

00074                                     {
00075     if (other == *this) return *this;
00076     name = other.name;
00077     systems = other.systems;
00078     flows.clear();
00079     systems.clear();
00080     for (auto i : other.flows) flows.push_back(i);
00081     for (auto i : other.systems) systems.push_back(i);
00082     startTime = other.startTime;
00083     endTime = other.endTime;
00084     return *this;
00085 }
```

References [endTime](#), [flows](#), [name](#), [startTime](#), and [systems](#).

4.4.3.7 operator==()

```

bool Model::operator== (
    const Model & other ) const
```

This method is overloading the '=' operator, compare two models objs.

Parameters

<i>other</i>	model obj to be compare must be passed
--------------	--

Returns

A bool is returned, true if they are equal and false if not

```

00087                                     {
00088     return (name == other.name && systems == other.systems && flows == other.flows && startTime ==
00089     other.startTime && endTime == other.endTime);
00089 }
```

References [endTime](#), [flows](#), [name](#), [startTime](#), and [systems](#).

4.4.3.8 rmv() [1/2]

```

bool Model::rmv (
    const flowIterator & flow )
```

This method remove a [Flow](#) pointer of the vector of a [Model](#).

Parameters

<i>flow</i>	Flow pointer iterator must be passed to the method
-------------	--

Returns

a bool value, true if can remove, false if not

```
00033 { return (flows.erase(flow) != flows.end()); }
```

References [flows](#).

4.4.3.9 rmv() [2/2]

```
bool Model::rmv (
    const systemIterator & system )
```

This method remove a [System](#) pointer of the vector of a [Model](#).

Parameters

<i>system</i>	System pointer iterator must be passed to the method
---------------	--

Returns

a bool value, true if can remove, false if not

```
00032 { return (systems.erase(system) != systems.end()); }
```

References [systems](#).

4.4.3.10 run()

```
bool Model::run ( )
```

This method run all model.

Returns

a bool value, true if can run, false if not

```
00036         {
00037         std::vector<double> flowValue;
00038         flowIterator f;
00039         std::vector<double>::iterator d;
00040         double calcValue;
00041
00042         for(int i = startTime; i < endTime; i++){
00043
00044             f = flows.begin();
00045
00046             while (f != flows.end()) {
00047                 flowValue.push_back((*f)->execute());
00048                 f++;
00049             }
00050
00051             f = flows.begin();
00052             d = flowValue.begin();
00053
00054             while (f != flows.end()) {
00055                 calcValue = (*f)->getSource()->getValue() - (*d);
00056                 (*f)->getSource()->setValue(calcValue);
00057                 calcValue = (*f)->getTarget()->getValue() + (*d);
00058                 (*f)->getTarget()->setValue(calcValue);
00059                 f++;
00060                 d++;
00061             }
00062
00063             flowValue.clear();
```

```

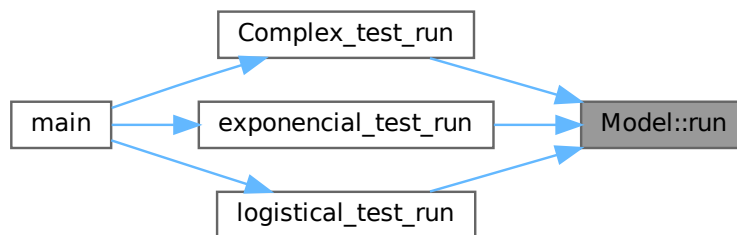
00064
00065     }
00066
00067     return true;
00068 }

```

References [endTime](#), [flows](#), and [startTime](#).

Referenced by [Complex_test_run\(\)](#), [exponencial_test_run\(\)](#), and [logistical_test_run\(\)](#).

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.4.3.11 setEndTime()

```

void Model::setEndTime (
    const int & endTime )

```

This method assigns a `int` to the `endTime` of a [Model](#).

Parameters

<code>endTime</code>	int must be passed to the method
----------------------	----------------------------------

```

00024 { this->endTime = endTime; }

```

References [endTime](#).

4.4.3.12 setName()

```

void Model::setName (
    const std::string & name )

```

This method assigns a `string` to the `name` of a [Model](#).

Parameters

<code>name</code>	string must be passed to the method
-------------------	-------------------------------------

```

00019 { this->name = name; }

```

References [name](#).

4.4.3.13 setStartTime()

```
void Model::setStartTime (
    const int & startTime )
```

This method assigns a int to the startTime of a [Model](#).

Parameters

<i>startTime</i>	int must be passed to the method
------------------	----------------------------------

```
00023 { this->startTime = startTime; }
```

References [startTime](#).

4.4.3.14 setTime()

```
void Model::setTime (
    const int & startTime,
    const int & endTime )
```

This method assigns a int to the startTime and endTime of a [Model](#).

Parameters

<i>startTime</i>	int must be passed to the method
<i>endTime</i>	int must be passed to the method

```
00025 { this->startTime = startTime; this->endTime = endTime; }
```

References [endTime](#), and [startTime](#).

4.4.4 Friends And Related Symbol Documentation

4.4.4.1 operator<<

```
std::ostream & operator<< (
    std::ostream & out,
    const Model & obj ) [friend]
```

This method is overloading the '<<' operator, print the model obj info.

Parameters

<i>out</i>	is a ostream obj
<i>obj</i>	is a model obj

Returns

a ostream obj to print the obj info

```

00091                                     {
00092     out << "Name: " << obj.name << ";\n"
00093     << "Systems:\n";
00094     for (auto item : obj.systems) out << item << "\n";
00095     out << "Flows:\n";
00096     for (auto item : obj.flows) out << item << "\n";
00097     return out;
00098 }
```

4.4.5 Member Data Documentation**4.4.5.1 endTime**

```
int Model::endTime [protected]
```

End time simulation integer attribute.

Referenced by [getEndTime\(\)](#), [operator=\(\)](#), [operator==\(\)](#), [run\(\)](#), [setEndTime\(\)](#), and [setTime\(\)](#).

4.4.5.2 flows

```
std::vector<Flow*> Model::flows [protected]
```

[Flow](#) pointers vector.

Referenced by [add\(\)](#), [Model\(\)](#), [operator=\(\)](#), [operator==\(\)](#), [rmv\(\)](#), [run\(\)](#), and [~Model\(\)](#).

4.4.5.3 name

```
std::string Model::name [protected]
```

Name string attribute.

Referenced by [getName\(\)](#), [operator=\(\)](#), [operator==\(\)](#), and [setName\(\)](#).

4.4.5.4 startTime

```
int Model::startTime [protected]
```

Start time simulation integer attribute.

Referenced by [getStartTime\(\)](#), [operator=\(\)](#), [operator==\(\)](#), [run\(\)](#), [setStartTime\(\)](#), and [setTime\(\)](#).

4.4.5.5 systems

```
std::vector<System*> Model::systems [protected]
```

[System](#) pointers vector.

Referenced by [add\(\)](#), [Model\(\)](#), [operator=\(\)](#), [operator==\(\)](#), [rmv\(\)](#), and [~Model\(\)](#).

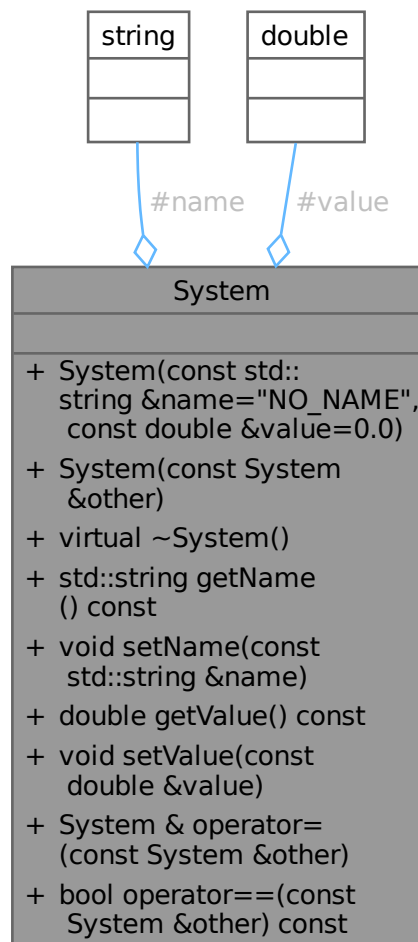
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- [/home/pedro/Downloads/UFOP/Periodo6/EngSoftware1/Engenharia_de_Software1_tp1/src/Model.h](#)
- [/home/pedro/Downloads/UFOP/Periodo6/EngSoftware1/Engenharia_de_Software1_tp1/src/Model.cpp](#)

4.5 System Class Reference

```
#include <System.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for System:



Public Member Functions

- [System](#) (const std::string &name="NO_NAME", const double &value=0.0)
Construct a new [System](#) by name and value.
- [System](#) (const [System](#) &other)
Construct a new [System](#) by a obj.
- virtual [~System](#) ()
This destructor is a virtual destructor of the Class.
- std::string [getName](#) () const
This method returns the name of a system.
- void [setName](#) (const std::string &name)
This method assigns a string to the name of a system.
- double [getValue](#) () const
This method returns the value of a system.
- void [setValue](#) (const double &value)
This method assigns a double to the value of a system.
- [System](#) & [operator=](#) (const [System](#) &other)
This method is overloading the '=' operator, "cloning" from one system to another.
- bool [operator==](#) (const [System](#) &other) const
This method is overloading the '==' operator, compare two systems objs.

Protected Attributes

- std::string [name](#)
- double [value](#)

Friends

- std::ostream & [operator<<](#) (std::ostream &out, const [System](#) &obj)
This method is overloading the '<<' operator, print the system obj info.

4.5.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.5.1.1 System() [1/2]

```
System::System (
    const std::string & name = "NO_NAME",
    const double & value = 0.0 )
```

Construct a new [System](#) by name and value.

Parameters

<i>name</i>	string with default value "NO_NAME"
<i>value</i>	double with default value 0.0

```
00004 :  name(name), value(value) {}
```

4.5.1.2 System() [2/2]

```
System::System (
    const System & other )
```

Construct a new [System](#) by a obj.

Parameters

<i>other</i>	System obj
--------------	----------------------------

```
00006 : name(other.name), value(other.value) {}
```

4.5.1.3 ~System()

```
System::~~System ( ) [virtual]
```

This destructor is a virtual destructor of the Class.

```
00009 {};
```

4.5.2 Member Function Documentation

4.5.2.1 getName()

```
std::string System::getName ( ) const
```

This method returns the name of a system.

Returns

a string containing the name is returned

```
00013 { return name; }
```

References [name](#).

4.5.2.2 getValue()

```
double System::getValue ( ) const
```

This method returns the value of a system.

Returns

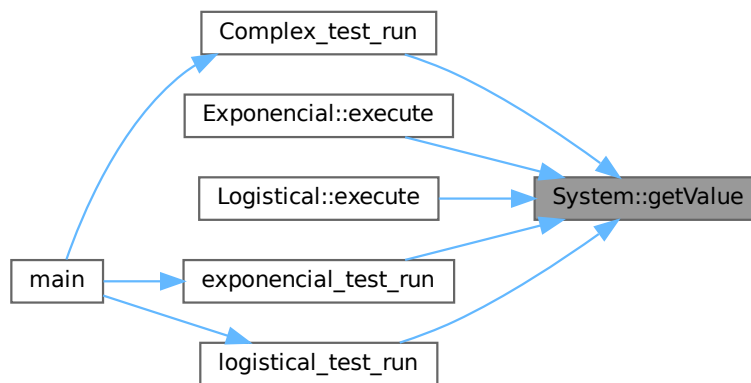
a double containing the value is returned

```
00016 { return value; }
```

References [value](#).

Referenced by [Complex_test_run\(\)](#), [Exponencial::execute\(\)](#), [Logistical::execute\(\)](#), [exponencial_test_run\(\)](#), and [logistical_test_run\(\)](#).

Here is the caller graph for this function:

**4.5.2.3 operator=()**

```
System & System::operator= (
    const System & other )
```

This method is overloading the '=' operator, "cloning" from one system to another.

Parameters

<i>other</i>	system obj to be cloned must be passed
--------------	--

Returns

A system is returned that is a clone of what was passed to the method

```
00021                                     {
00022     if(other == *this) return *this;
00023     name = other.name;
00024     value = other.value;
00025     return *this;
00026 }
```

References [name](#), and [value](#).

4.5.2.4 operator==()

```
bool System::operator== (
    const System & other ) const
```

This method is overloading the '==' operator, compare two systems objs.

Parameters

<i>other</i>	system obj to be compare must be passed
--------------	---

Returns

A bool is returned, true if they are equal and false if not

```
00028 {
00029     return (name == other.name && value == other.value);
00030     // Compare todos os membros para verificar igualdade
00031 }
```

References [name](#), and [value](#).

4.5.2.5 setName()

```
void System::setName (
    const std::string & name )
```

This method assigns a string to the name of a system.

Parameters

<i>name</i>	string must be passed to the method
-------------	-------------------------------------

```
00014 { this->name = name; }
```

References [name](#).

4.5.2.6 setValue()

```
void System::setValue (
    const double & value )
```

This method assigns a double to the value of a system.

Parameters

<i>value</i>	double must be passed to the method
--------------	-------------------------------------

```
00017 { this->value = value; }
```

References [value](#).

4.5.3 Friends And Related Symbol Documentation

4.5.3.1 operator<<

```
std::ostream & operator<< (
    std::ostream & out,
    const System & obj ) [friend]
```

This method is overloading the '<<' operator, print the system obj info.

Parameters

<i>out</i>	is a ostream obj
<i>obj</i>	is a system obj

Returns

a ostream obj to print the obj info

```
00033
00034     out << "(System) (Name: " << obj.name << ", Value: " << obj.value << ")";
00035     return out;
00036 }
```

4.5.4 Member Data Documentation

4.5.4.1 name

```
std::string System::name [protected]
```

Name string attribute.

Referenced by [getName\(\)](#), [operator=\(\)](#), [operator==\(\)](#), and [setName\(\)](#).

4.5.4.2 value

```
double System::value [protected]
```

Value double attribute.

Referenced by [getValue\(\)](#), [operator=\(\)](#), [operator==\(\)](#), and [setValue\(\)](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- /home/pedro/Downloads/UFOP/Periodo6/EngSoftware1/Engenharia_de_Software1_tp1/src/[System.h](#)
- /home/pedro/Downloads/UFOP/Periodo6/EngSoftware1/Engenharia_de_Software1_tp1/src/[System.cpp](#)

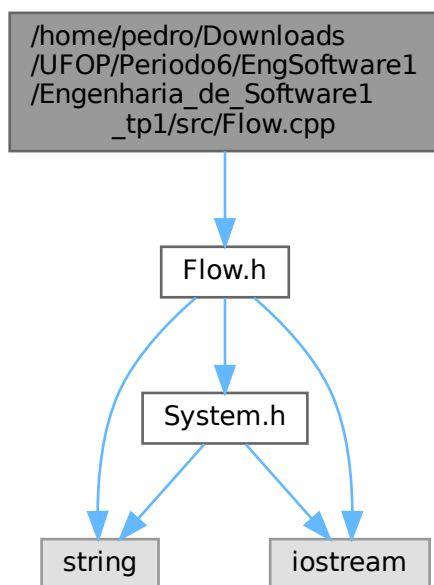
Chapter 5

File Documentation

5.1 /home/pedro/Downloads/UFOP/Periodo6/EngSoftware1/Engenharia_de_Software1_tp1/src/Flow.cpp File Reference

```
#include "Flow.h"
```

Include dependency graph for Flow.cpp:



Functions

- std::ostream & [operator<<](#) (std::ostream &out, const [Flow](#) &obj)

5.1.1 Function Documentation

5.1.1.1 operator<<()

```
std::ostream & operator<< (
    std::ostream & out,
    const Flow & obj )
```

Parameters

<i>out</i>	is a ostream obj
<i>obj</i>	is a flow obj

Returns

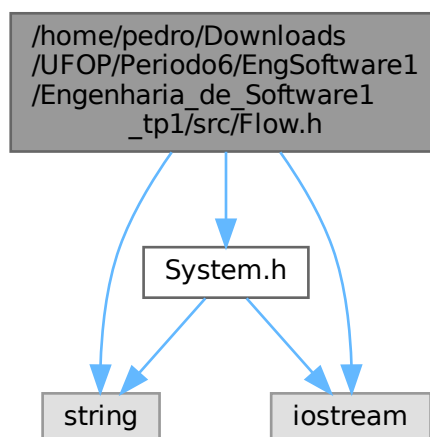
a ostream obj to print the obj info

```
00029                                     {
00030     out << "(Flow) Name: " << obj.name << " - "
00031         << obj.source->getName() << " ----> " << obj.target->getName();
00032     return out;
00033 }
```

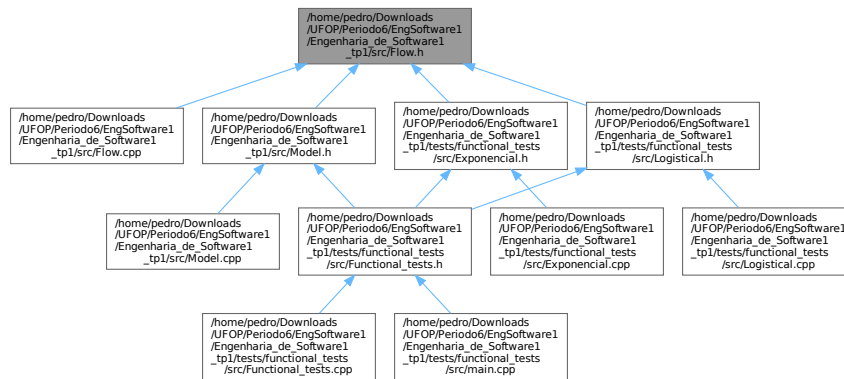
5.2 /home/pedro/Downloads/UFOP/Periodo6/EngSoftware1/Engenharia_de_Software1_tp1/src/Flow.h File Reference

```
#include "System.h"
#include <string>
#include <iostream>
```

Include dependency graph for Flow.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Classes

- class [Flow](#)

5.3 Flow.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

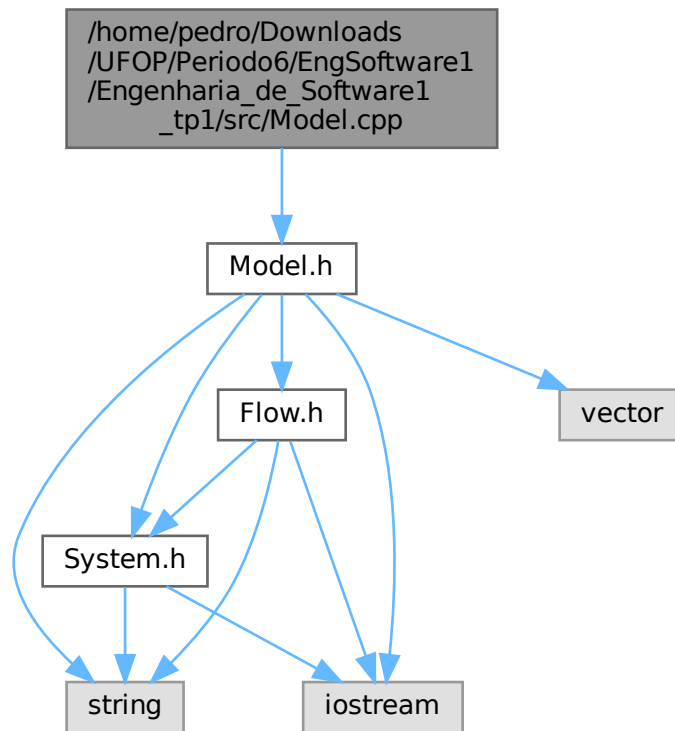
```

00001 /*****
00002  * @file Flow.h
00003  * @author Pedro Augusto Sousa Gonçalves
00004  * @brief This file represents the simulation flow
00005  *****/
00006
00007 #ifndef FLOW_H
00008 #define FLOW_H
00009
00010 #include "System.h"
00011 #include <string>
00012 #include <iostream>
00013
00014 /*****
00015  * @brief The Flow Interface is the Interface that defines the methods to be implemented
00016  *****/
00017
00018 class Flow{
00019     protected:
00020         std::string name;
00021         System* source;
00022         System* target;
00023     public:
00024         //Getters e setters
00025         //Name
00026         std::string getName() const;
00027         void setName(std::string& name);
00028         //Source
00029         System* getSource() const;
00030         void setSource(System* source);
00031         //Target
00032         System* getTarget() const;
00033         void setTarget(System* target);
00034
00035         //Metodos
00036         virtual double execute() = 0;
00037
00038         //Sobrecarga de operadores
00039         Flow& operator=(const Flow& other); // Operador de atribuição
00040         bool operator==(const Flow& other) const; // Operador de igualdade
00041         friend std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream& out, const Flow& obj); //Operador de saída
00042 };
00043
00044 #endif

```

5.4 /home/pedro/Downloads/UFOP/Periodo6/EngSoftware1/Engenharia_de_Software1_tp1/src/Model.cpp File Reference

```
#include "Model.h"
Include dependency graph for Model.cpp:
```



Functions

- `std::ostream & operator<< (std::ostream &out, const Model &obj)`

5.4.1 Function Documentation

5.4.1.1 `operator<<()`

```
std::ostream & operator<< (
    std::ostream & out,
    const Model & obj )
```

Parameters

<i>out</i>	is a ostream obj
<i>obj</i>	is a model obj

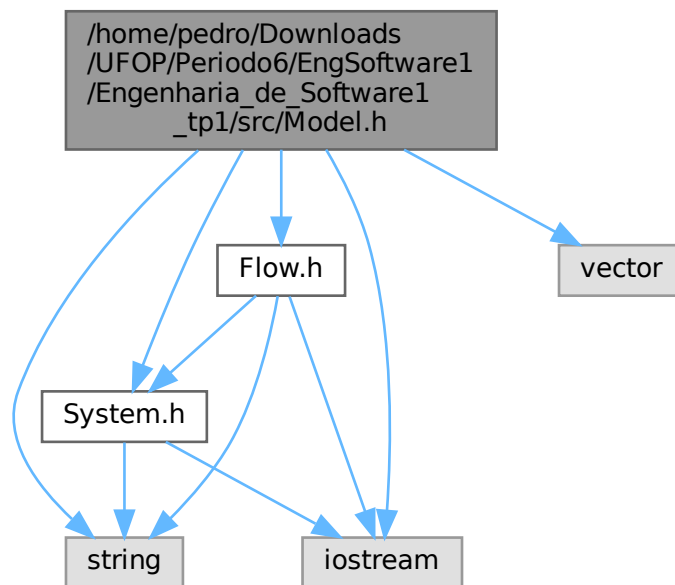
Returns

a ostream obj to print the obj info

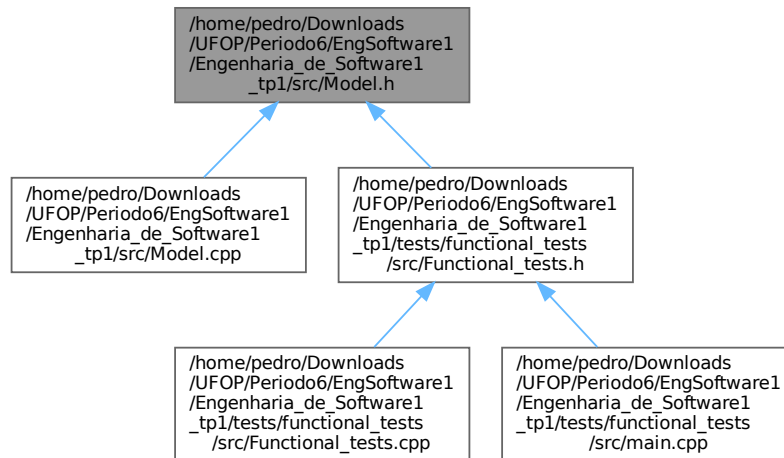
```
00091                                     {
00092     out << "Name: " << obj.name << ";\n"
00093     << "Systems:\n";
00094     for (auto item : obj.systems) out << item << "\n";
00095     out << "Flows:\n";
00096     for (auto item : obj.flows) out << item << "\n";
00097     return out;
00098 }
```

5.5 /home/pedro/Downloads/UFOP/Periodo6/EngSoftware1/Engenharia_de_Software1_tp1/src/Model.h File Reference

```
#include "System.h"
#include "Flow.h"
#include <string>
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
Include dependency graph for Model.h:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Classes

- class [Model](#)

5.6 Model.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```

00001 /*****
00002  * @file Model.h
00003  * @author Pedro Augusto Sousa Gonçalves
00004  * @brief This file represents the simulation model
00005  *****/
00006
00007 #ifndef MODEL_H
00008 #define MODEL_H
00009
00010 #include "System.h"
00011 #include "Flow.h"
00012 #include <string>
00013 #include <iostream>
00014 #include <vector>
00015
00016
00017 /*****
00018  * @brief This class represents the general simulation model, it contains figures for simulation and
00019  its execution.
00020  *****/
00021
00022 class Model{
00023 private:
00024     Model& operator=(const Model& other); // Operador de atribuição
00025     Model(const Model& other); //Copia outro flow
00026
00027 protected:
00028     std::string name;
00029     std::vector<System*> systems;
00030     std::vector<Flow*> flows;
00031     int startTime;
00032     int endTime;
00033 public:
00034     //Iteradores
00035     typedef std::vector<System*>::iterator systemIterator;
00036     typedef std::vector<Flow*>::iterator flowIterator;
00037
00038
00039
00040
00041
00042
00043
00044
00045
00046
00047
  
```



```

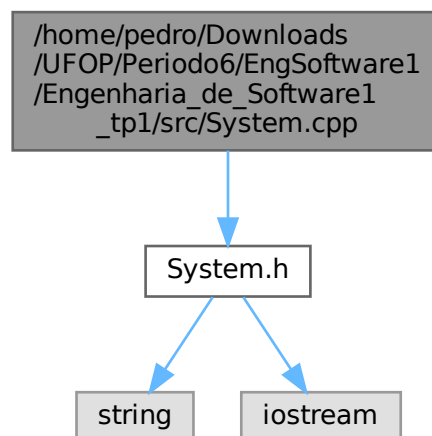
00048      //Constructors
00055      Model(const std::string& name = "NO_NAME", const int& startTime = 0, const int& endTime = 1);
00056
00057      //Destructor
00061      virtual ~Model();
00062
00063      //Getters e setters
00064      //Name
00065      //Nome
00070      std::string getName() const;
00075      void setName(const std::string& name);
00076      //Time
00081      int getStartTime() const;
00086      int getEndTime() const;
00091      void setStartTime(const int& startTime);
00096      void setEndTime(const int& endTime);
00102      void setTime(const int& startTime, const int& endTime);
00103
00104      //Metodos
00105      //add
00110      void add(System* system);
00115      void add(Flow* flow);
00116      //remove
00122      bool rmv(const systemIterator& system);
00128      bool rmv(const flowIterator& flow);
00129      //Others
00134      bool run();
00135
00136      //Sobrecarga de operadores
00142      bool operator==(const Model& other) const; // Operador de igualdade
00149      friend std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream& out, const Model& obj); //Operador de saida
00150  };
00151
00152  #endif

```

5.7 /home/pedro/Downloads/UFOP/Periodo6/EngSoftware1/Engenharia_de_Software1_tp1/src/System.cpp File Reference

#include "System.h"

Include dependency graph for System.cpp:



Functions

- std::ostream & operator<< (std::ostream &out, const System &obj)

5.7.1 Function Documentation

5.7.1.1 operator<<()

```
std::ostream & operator<< (
    std::ostream & out,
    const System & obj )
```

Parameters

<i>out</i>	is a ostream obj
<i>obj</i>	is a system obj

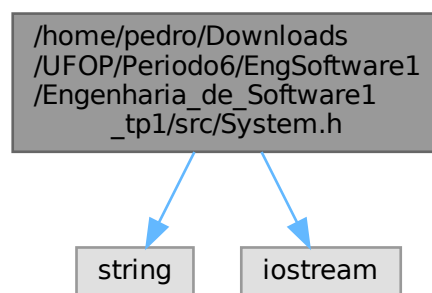
Returns

a ostream obj to print the obj info

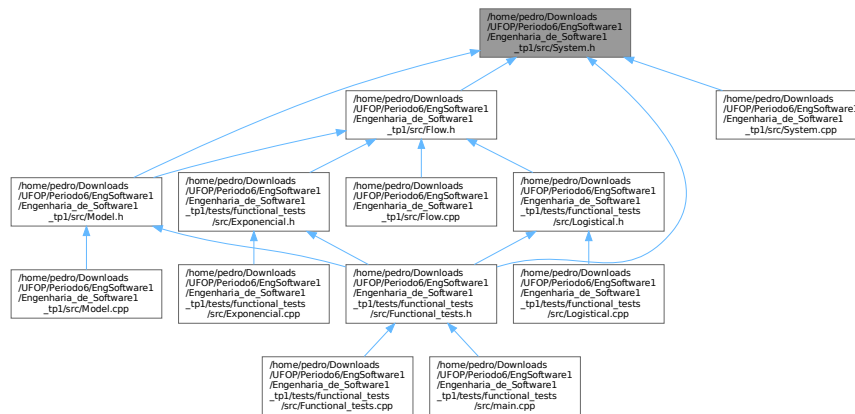
```
00033     {
00034     out << "(System) (Name: " << obj.name << ", Value: " << obj.value << ")";
00035     return out;
00036 }
```

5.8 [/home/pedro/Downloads/UFOP/Periodo6/EngSoftware1/Engenharia_de_Software1_tp1/src/System.h](#) File Reference

```
#include <string>
#include <iostream>
Include dependency graph for System.h:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Classes

- class [System](#)

5.9 System.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```

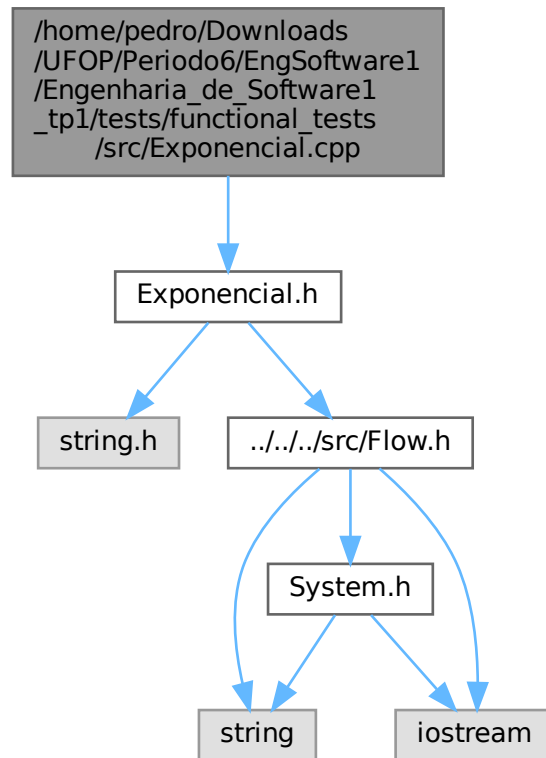
00001 /*****
00002  * @file System.h
00003  * @author Pedro Augusto Sousa Gonçalves
00004  * @brief This file represents the simulation system
00005  *****/
00006
00007 #ifndef SYSTEM_H
00008 #define SYSTEM_H
00009
00010 //Bibliotecas
00011 #include <string>
00012 #include <iostream>
00013
00014 /*****
00015  *@brief The System Interface is the Interface that defines the methods to be implemented
00016  *****/
00017
00018 class System{
00019     protected:
00020         std::string name;
00021         double value;
00022     public:
00023         //Constructors
00024         System(const std::string& name = "NO_NAME", const double& value = 0.0);
00025         System(const System& other); //Copia outro system
00026
00027         //Destructors
00028         virtual ~System();
00029
00030         //Getters e setters
00031         //Nome
00032         std::string getName() const;
00033         void setName(const std::string& name);
00034         //Value
00035         double getValue() const;
00036         void setValue(const double& value);
00037
00038         //Sobrecarga de operadores
00039         System& operator=(const System& other); // Operador de atribuição
00040         bool operator==(const System& other) const; // Operador de igualdade
00041         friend std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream& out, const System& obj); //Operador de saída
00042 };
00043
00044 #endif

```

5.10 /home/pedro/Downloads/UFOP/Periodo6/EngSoftware1/↵ Engenharia_de_Software1_tp1/tests/functional_tests/src/↵ Exponencial.cpp File Reference

```
#include "Exponencial.h"
```

Include dependency graph for Exponencial.cpp:

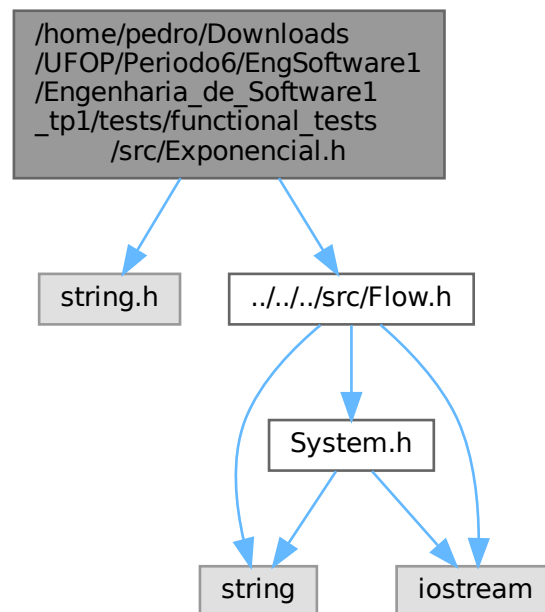


5.11 /home/pedro/Downloads/UFOP/Periodo6/EngSoftware1/↵ Engenharia_de_Software1_tp1/tests/functional_tests/src/↵ Exponencial.h File Reference

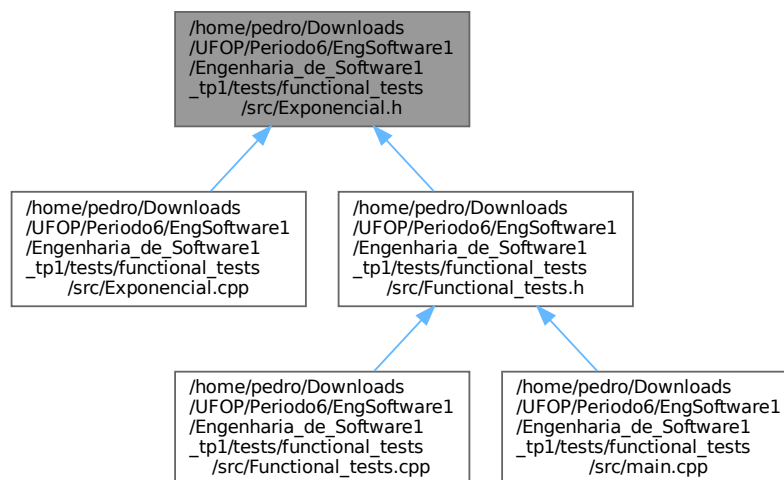
```
#include <string.h>
```

```
#include "../../src/Flow.h"
```

Include dependency graph for Exponencial.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Classes

- class [Exponencial](#)

5.12 Exponencial.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```

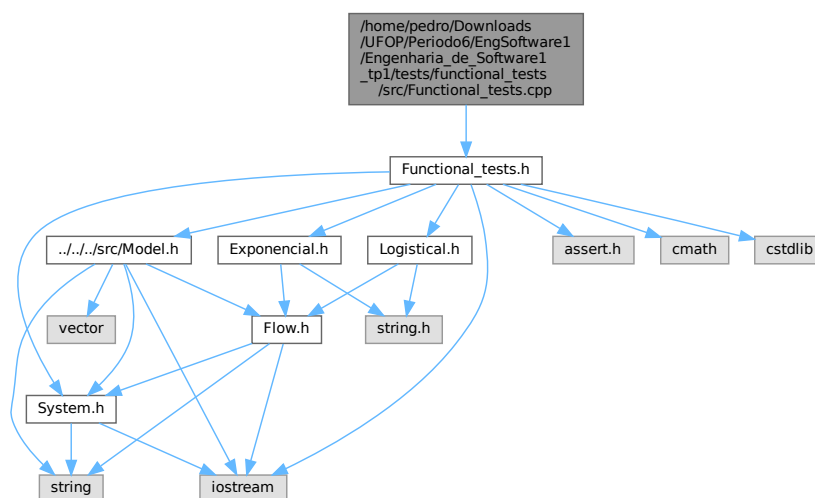
00001 /*****
00002  * @file Exponencial.h
00003  * @author Pedro Augusto Sousa Gonçalves
00004  * @brief This file represents the exponential simulation flow
00005  *****/
00006
00007 #ifndef EXPONENCIAL_DEF
00008 #define EXPONENCIAL_DEF
00009
00010 #include <string.h>
00011 #include "../src/Flow.h"
00012
00013
00014 /*****
00015  * @brief This Flow class connects two systems and through the entered equation transfers values from
00016  one system to another
00017  *****/
00018
00019 class Exponencial : public Flow{
00020 public:
00021     //Constructor
00022     Exponencial(const std::string& name = "NO_NAME", System* source = NULL, System* target =
00023 NULL);
00024     Exponencial(const Exponencial& other);
00025
00026     //Destructor
00027     virtual ~Exponencial();
00028
00029     //Metodos
00030     virtual double execute() override;
00031 };
00032
00033 #endif

```

5.13 /home/pedro/Downloads/UFOP/Periodo6/EngSoftware1/↵ Engenharia_de_Software1_tp1/tests/functional_tests/src/↵ Functional_tests.cpp File Reference

```
#include "Functional_tests.h"
```

Include dependency graph for Functional_tests.cpp:



Functions

- void [exponencial_test_run\(\)](#)
This function performs the exponential functional test.
- void [logistical_test_run\(\)](#)
This function performs the logistic test.
- void [Complex_test_run\(\)](#)
This function runs the "complex" test, which has multiple systems and flows.

5.13.1 Function Documentation

5.13.1.1 [Complex_test_run\(\)](#)

```
void Complex_test_run ( )
```

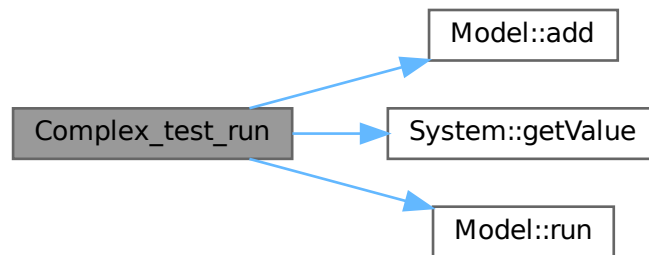
This function runs the "complex" test, which has multiple systems and flows.

```
00055     {
00056         std::cout << "Complex funcional test" << std::endl;
00057
00058         Model* model = new Model("Model", 0, 100);
00059         System* q1 = new System("q1", 100.0);
00060         System* q2 = new System("q2", 0.0);
00061         System* q3 = new System("q3", 100.0);
00062         System* q4 = new System("q4", 0.0);
00063         System* q5 = new System("q5", 0.0);
00064         Exponencial* f = new Exponencial("f", q1, q2);
00065         Exponencial* t = new Exponencial("t", q2, q3);
00066         Exponencial* u = new Exponencial("u", q3, q4);
00067         Exponencial* v = new Exponencial("v", q4, q1);
00068         Exponencial* g = new Exponencial("g", q1, q3);
00069         Exponencial* r = new Exponencial("r", q2, q5);
00070
00071         model->add(q1);
00072         model->add(q2);
00073         model->add(q3);
00074         model->add(q4);
00075         model->add(q5);
00076         model->add(f);
00077         model->add(t);
00078         model->add(u);
00079         model->add(v);
00080         model->add(g);
00081         model->add(r);
00082
00083         model->run();
00084
00085         assert(fabs((round((q1->getValue() * 10000)) - 10000 * 31.8513)) < 0.0001);
00086         assert(fabs((round((q2->getValue() * 10000)) - 10000 * 18.4003)) < 0.0001);
00087         assert(fabs((round((q3->getValue() * 10000)) - 10000 * 77.1143)) < 0.0001);
00088         assert(fabs((round((q4->getValue() * 10000)) - 10000 * 56.1728)) < 0.0001);
00089         assert(fabs((round((q5->getValue() * 10000)) - 10000 * 16.4612)) < 0.0001);
00090
00091         delete model;
00092         delete q1;
00093         delete q2;
00094         delete q3;
00095         delete q4;
00096         delete q5;
00097         delete f;
00098         delete t;
00099         delete u;
00100         delete v;
00101         delete g;
00102         delete r;
00103
00104         std::cout << "Passed Complex funcional test" << std::endl;
00105     }
```

References [Model::add\(\)](#), [System::getValue\(\)](#), and [Model::run\(\)](#).

Referenced by [main\(\)](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



5.13.1.2 exponencial_test_run()

```
void exponencial_test_run ( )
```

This function performs the exponential functional test.

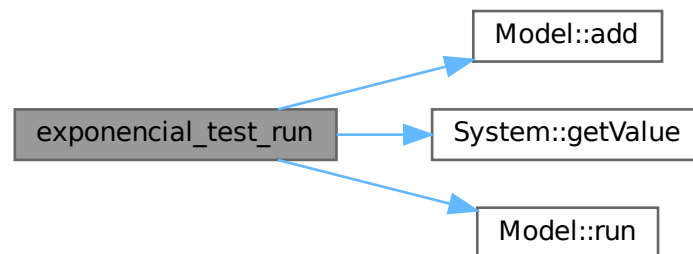
```

00003      {
00004          std::cout << "Exponencial funcional test" << std::endl;
00005
00006          System* pop1 = new System("pop1", 100.0);
00007          System* pop2 = new System("pop2", 0.0);
00008          Exponencial* exp = new Exponencial("exp", pop1, pop2);
00009          Model* exponencial = new Model("Exponencial", 0, 100);
00010
00011          //Add os systems e flows ao modelo
00012          exponencial->add(pop1);
00013          exponencial->add(pop2);
00014          exponencial->add(exp);
00015
00016          //Roda o modelo
00017          exponencial->run();
00018
00019          assert(fabs((round(pop1->getValue() * 10000) - 10000 * 36.6032)) < 0.0001);
00020          assert(fabs((round(pop2->getValue() * 10000) - 10000 * 63.3968)) < 0.0001);
00021
00022          delete(exponencial);
00023          delete(exp);
00024          delete(pop1);
00025          delete(pop2);
00026
00027          std::cout << "Passed exponencial funcional test" << std::endl;
00028      }
  
```

References [Model::add\(\)](#), [System::getValue\(\)](#), and [Model::run\(\)](#).

Referenced by [main\(\)](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



5.13.1.3 logistical_test_run()

```
void logistical_test_run ( )
```

This function performs the logistic test.

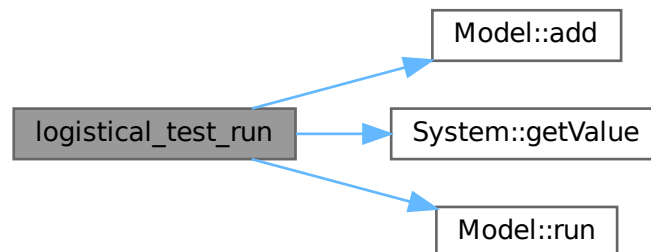
```

00030     {
00031         std::cout << "Logistical funcional test" << std::endl;
00032
00033         System* p1 = new System("p1", 100.0);
00034         System* p2 = new System("p2", 10.0);
00035         Logistical* log = new Logistical("log", p1, p2);
00036         Model* logistical = new Model("Logistical", 0, 100);
00037
00038         //Add os systems e flows ao modelo
00039         logistical->add(p1);
00040         logistical->add(p2);
00041         logistical->add(log);
00042
00043         //Roda o modelo
00044         logistical->run();
00045
00046         assert(fabs(round(p1->getValue() * 10000) - 10000 * 88.2167) < 0.0001);
00047         assert(fabs(round(p2->getValue() * 10000) - 10000 * 21.7833) < 0.0001);
00048
00049         delete(logistical);
00050         delete(log);
00051         delete(p1);
00052         delete(p2);
00053     }
    
```

References [Model::add\(\)](#), [System::getValue\(\)](#), and [Model::run\(\)](#).

Referenced by [main\(\)](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



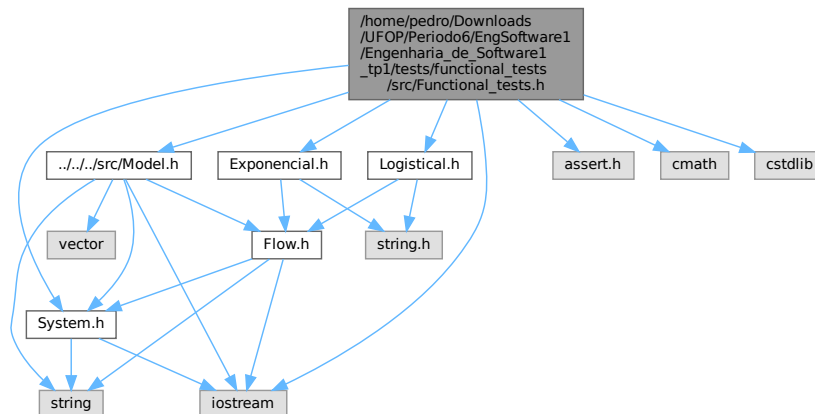
5.14 /home/pedro/Downloads/UFOP/Periodo6/EngSoftware1/↵ Engenharia_de_Software1_tp1/tests/functional_tests/src/↵ Functional_tests.h File Reference

```

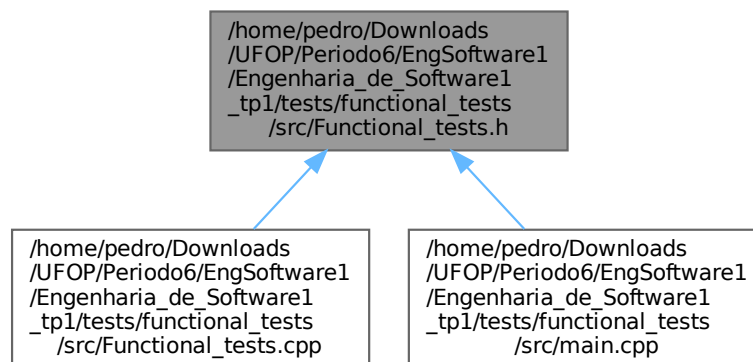
#include "../.../src/Model.h"
#include "../.../src/System.h"
#include "Exponencial.h"
#include "Logistical.h"
#include <assert.h>
#include <cmath>
#include <iostream>
#include <cstdlib>

```

Include dependency graph for Functional_tests.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Functions

- void [exponencial_test_run\(\)](#)
This function performs the exponential functional test.
- void [logistical_test_run\(\)](#)
This function performs the logistic test.
- void [Complex_test_run\(\)](#)
This function runs the "complex" test, which has multiple systems and flows.

5.14.1 Function Documentation

5.14.1.1 Complex_test_run()

```
void Complex_test_run ( )
```

This function runs the "complex" test, which has multiple systems and flows.

```

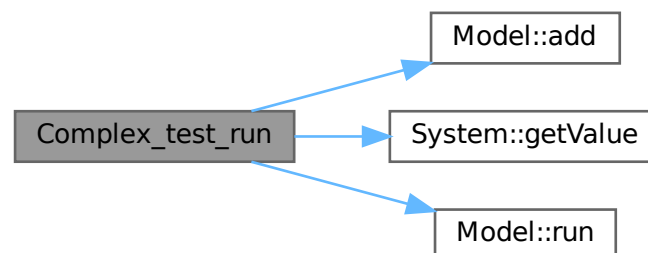
00055     {
00056         std::cout << "Complex functional test" << std::endl;
00057
00058         Model* model = new Model("Model", 0, 100);
00059         System* q1 = new System("q1", 100.0);
00060         System* q2 = new System("q2", 0.0);
00061         System* q3 = new System("q3", 100.0);
00062         System* q4 = new System("q4", 0.0);
00063         System* q5 = new System("q5", 0.0);
00064         Exponencial* f = new Exponencial("f", q1, q2);
00065         Exponencial* t = new Exponencial("t", q2, q3);
00066         Exponencial* u = new Exponencial("u", q3, q4);
00067         Exponencial* v = new Exponencial("v", q4, q1);
00068         Exponencial* g = new Exponencial("g", q1, q3);
00069         Exponencial* r = new Exponencial("r", q2, q5);
00070
00071         model->add(q1);
00072         model->add(q2);
00073         model->add(q3);
00074         model->add(q4);
00075         model->add(q5);
00076         model->add(f);
00077         model->add(t);
00078         model->add(u);
00079         model->add(v);
00080         model->add(g);
00081         model->add(r);
00082
00083         model->run();
00084
00085         assert(fabs((round((q1->getValue() * 10000)) - 10000 * 31.8513)) < 0.0001);
00086         assert(fabs((round((q2->getValue() * 10000)) - 10000 * 18.4003)) < 0.0001);
00087         assert(fabs((round((q3->getValue() * 10000)) - 10000 * 77.1143)) < 0.0001);
00088         assert(fabs((round((q4->getValue() * 10000)) - 10000 * 56.1728)) < 0.0001);
00089         assert(fabs((round((q5->getValue() * 10000)) - 10000 * 16.4612)) < 0.0001);
00090
00091         delete model;
00092         delete q1;
00093         delete q2;
00094         delete q3;
00095         delete q4;
00096         delete q5;
00097         delete f;
00098         delete t;
00099         delete u;
00100         delete v;
00101         delete g;
00102         delete r;
00103
00104         std::cout << "Passed Complex funcional test" << std::endl;
00105     }

```

References [Model::add\(\)](#), [System::getValue\(\)](#), and [Model::run\(\)](#).

Referenced by [main\(\)](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



5.14.1.2 exponencial_test_run()

```
void exponencial_test_run ( )
```

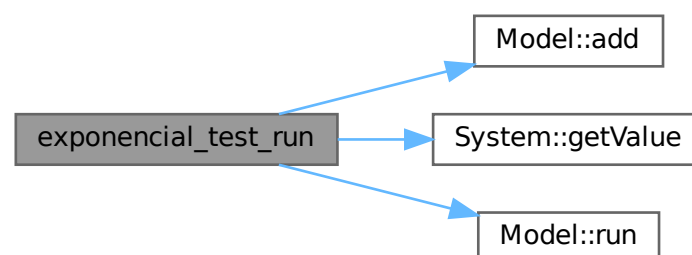
This function performs the exponential functional test.

```
00003      {
00004          std::cout << "Exponencial funcional test" << std::endl;
00005
00006          System* pop1 = new System("pop1", 100.0);
00007          System* pop2 = new System("pop2", 0.0);
00008          Exponencial* exp = new Exponencial("exp", pop1, pop2);
00009          Model* exponencial = new Model("Exponencial", 0, 100);
00010
00011          //Add os systems e flows ao modelo
00012          exponencial->add(pop1);
00013          exponencial->add(pop2);
00014          exponencial->add(exp);
00015
00016          //Roda o modelo
00017          exponencial->run();
00018
00019          assert(fabs((round(pop1->getValue() * 10000) - 10000 * 36.6032)) < 0.0001);
00020          assert(fabs((round(pop2->getValue() * 10000) - 10000 * 63.3968)) < 0.0001);
00021
00022          delete(exponencial);
00023          delete(exp);
00024          delete(pop1);
00025          delete(pop2);
00026
00027          std::cout << "Passed exponencial funcional test" << std::endl;
00028      }
```

References [Model::add\(\)](#), [System::getValue\(\)](#), and [Model::run\(\)](#).

Referenced by [main\(\)](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



5.14.1.3 logistical_test_run()

```
void logistical_test_run ( )
```

This function performs the logistic test.

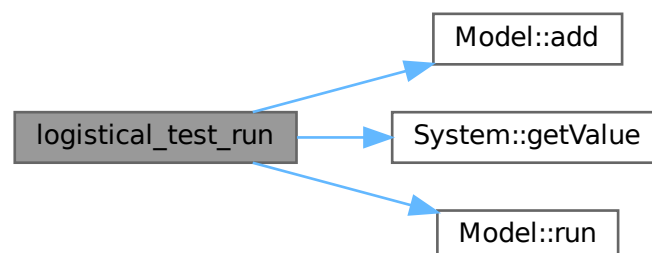
```

00030     {
00031         std::cout << "Logistical funcional test" << std::endl;
00032
00033         System* p1 = new System("p1", 100.0);
00034         System* p2 = new System("p2", 10.0);
00035         Logistical* log = new Logistical("log", p1, p2);
00036         Model* logistical = new Model("Logistical", 0, 100);
00037
00038         //Add os systems e flows ao modelo
00039         logistical->add(p1);
00040         logistical->add(p2);
00041         logistical->add(log);
00042
00043         //Roda o modelo
00044         logistical->run();
00045
00046         assert(fabs(round(p1->getValue() * 10000) - 10000 * 88.2167) < 0.0001);
00047         assert(fabs(round(p2->getValue() * 10000) - 10000 * 21.7833) < 0.0001);
00048
00049         delete(logistical);
00050         delete(log);
00051         delete(p1);
00052         delete(p2);
00053     }
  
```

References [Model::add\(\)](#), [System::getValue\(\)](#), and [Model::run\(\)](#).

Referenced by [main\(\)](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



5.15 Functional_tests.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

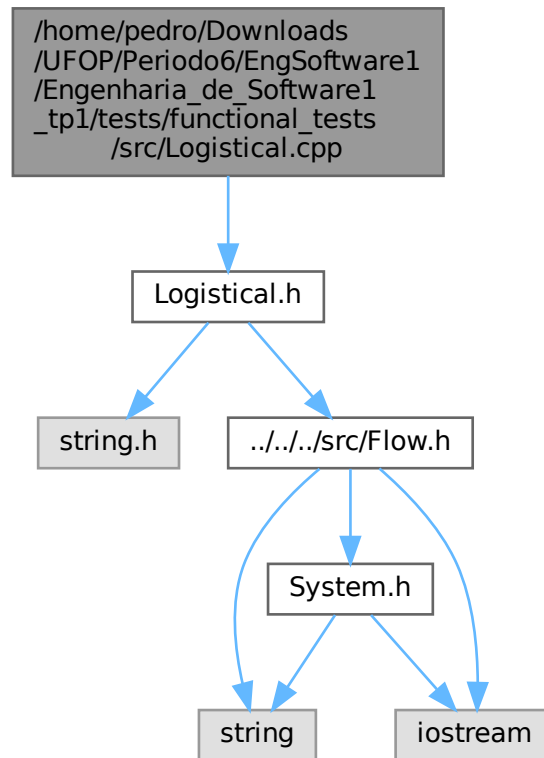
```

00001 /*****
00002  * @file Exponencial.h
00003  * @author Pedro Augusto Sousa Gonçalves
00004  * @brief This file represents the logistical simulation flow
00005  *****/
00006
00007 #ifndef FUNCTIONAL_TESTS_H
00008 #define FUNCTIONAL_TESTS_H
00009
00010 #include "../src/Model.h"
00011 #include "../src/System.h"
00012 #include "Exponencial.h"
00013 #include "Logistical.h"
00014 #include <assert.h>
00015 #include <cmath>
00016 #include <iostream>
00017 #include <cstdlib>
00018
00019 /*****
00020  * @brief execution of functional tests
00021  *****/
00022
00026 void exponencial_test_run();
00027
00031 void logistical_test_run();
00032
00036 void Complex_test_run();
00037
00038 #endif
  
```

5.16 /home/pedro/Downloads/UFOP/Periodo6/EngSoftware1/↵ Engenharia_de_Software1_tp1/tests/functional_tests/src/↵ Logistical.cpp File Reference

```
#include "Logistical.h"
```

Include dependency graph for Logistical.cpp:

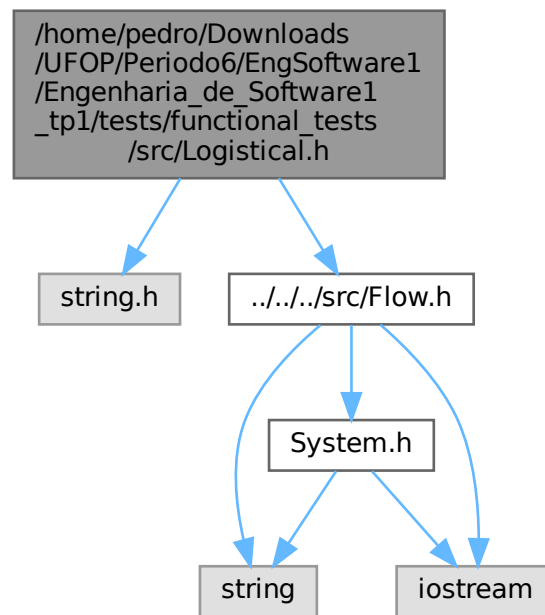


5.17 /home/pedro/Downloads/UFOP/Periodo6/EngSoftware1/↵ Engenharia_de_Software1_tp1/tests/functional_tests/src/↵ Logistical.h File Reference

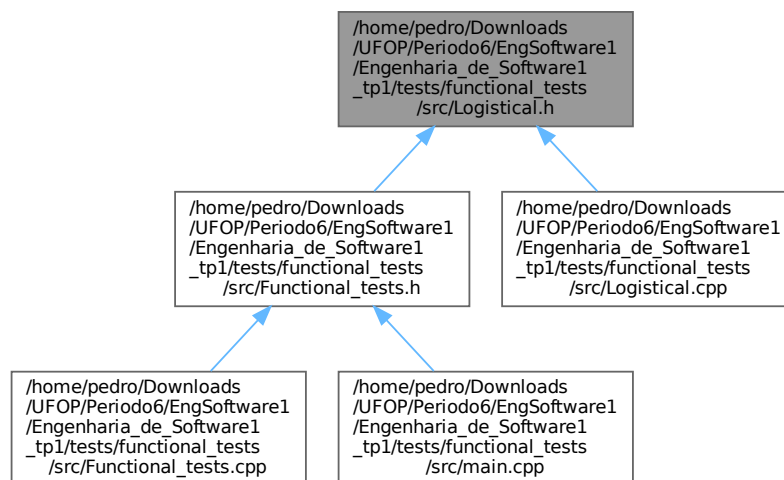
```
#include <string.h>
```

```
#include "../../src/Flow.h"
```


Include dependency graph for Logistical.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Classes

- class [Logistical](#)

5.18 Logistical.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```

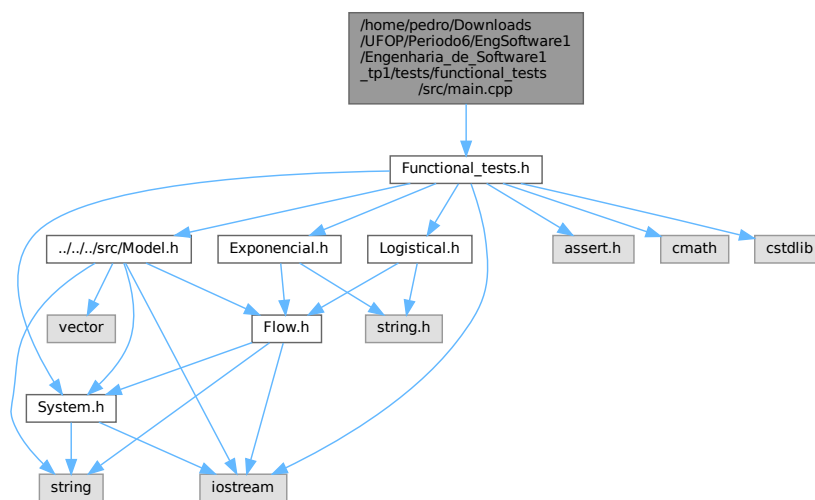
00001 /*****
00002  * @file Exponencial.h
00003  * @author Pedro Augusto Sousa Gonçalves
00004  * @brief This file represents the logistical simulation flow
00005  *****/
00006
00007 #ifndef LOGISTICAL_DEF
00008 #define LOGISTICAL_DEF
00009
00010 #include <string.h>
00011 #include "../src/Flow.h"
00012
00013 class Logistical : public Flow{
00014     public:
00015         //Constructor
00022         Logistical(const std::string& name = "NO_NAME", System* source = NULL, System* target = NULL);
00027         Logistical(const Logistical& other);
00028
00029         //Destructor
00033         virtual ~Logistical();
00034
00035         //Metodos
00040         virtual double execute() override;
00041 };
00042
00043 #endif

```

5.19 /home/pedro/Downloads/UFOP/Periodo6/EngSoftware1/↵ Engenharia_de_Software1_tp1/tests/functional_tests/src/main.cpp File Reference

```
#include "Functional_tests.h"
```

Include dependency graph for main.cpp:



Functions

- int [main](#) ()

5.19.1 Function Documentation

5.19.1.1 main()

```
int main ( )  
00003 {  
00004     exponencial_test_run();  
00005     logistical_test_run();  
00006     Complex_test_run();  
00007     return 0;  
00008 }
```

References [Complex_test_run\(\)](#), [exponencial_test_run\(\)](#), and [logistical_test_run\(\)](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:

