```
import scipy as sp
import numpy as np
from numpy.polynomial import polynomial as P
def intTrapecio( f, a, b, n ):
     if(n==1):
         resultado = (f(b) + f(a))*(b-a)/2
     else:
          h = (b-a)/n
          x=[ a+h*i for i in range(n+1)]
         resultado = ( h *( (f(x[0]) + f(x[n]) )/2 + sum([f(x[i+1]) for i in range(n-1)])
    return resultado
\#Rk = R_{k,j-1} RK1 = R_{k-1,j-1}
def rombergParcial( Rk, Rk1, j ):
     return Rk + (1/(4**j-1))*(Rk - Rk1)
def romberg(f, a, b, k):
    R.append( intTrapecio( f, a, b, 1 ) )
     for i in range(k):
          R.append( intTrapecio( f, a, b, 2**(i+1) ) )
     for i in range(k):
          for j in range(k-i):
               R[j]=rombergParcial( R[j+1], R[j], j+1 )
    return R[0]
f = lambda x: np.log(x)
a=1
b=2
n=10
resultado = romberg( f, a, b, n )
print("\nEl valor aproximado es:",resultado)
```