

# LFEUI - Investigation Proposal

# Detection of Li in Technological Materials through Nuclear Reactions

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#### **Abstract**

In the following document we present a proposal for a scientific research being developed

## 1 Proposal Summary

State clearly the aim of the proposed experiment together with the general and specific scientific background.

**Goal** Our main goal is to develop a scientific research project alongside three senior investigators from CTN (Centro Tecnológico e Nuclear), Rodrigo Mateus, Rui Silva and Norberto Catarino.

Our project will be focused on the detection of Li in technological materials through nuclear reactions. The main motivation for this project is to study and develop a detection technique for elements such as Li with high sensitivity.

**Scientific Background** Through the year there have been multiple techniques with the same purpose such as atomic spectroscopy and?. Particularly, the one we aim to use was introduced in?.

## 2 Experimental technique

Describe the experimental set-up and requirements. Queries concerning the feasibility (technical or safety aspects) of an experiment should be clarified with hosts before the proposal is submitted.

**Set-up** The experimental set-up consists of a Tandem accelerator, a beam line with an electromagnet and a chamber with the samples and the detectors. The accelerator produces a beam of protons with a kinetic energy of up to 5 MeV which is deviated by the electromagnet and hits the samples. The electromagnets deflect particles with different angles according to their charge-to-mass ratio. This allows us to remove any unwanted particles from the beam and only let the protons pass through. The de-

tectors used are silicon detectors - these detect charged particles through the ionization they produce in the silicon.

In addition, their are connected to a electronic system that amplifies the signal and sends it to a computer where we can see the results. We aim to analyze the energy spectrum resulting from the reaction between the protons and the samples. These spectra will unveil the presence of Li in the samples.

**Samples** We are going to work with two different Lithium-7 samples: one of them is a glass sample composed of silicon, boron and lithium and the other one is a implant sample, which is a thin layer of lithium implanted in a silicon substrate.

#### Requirements

**WorkPlan** Obtaining the energy spectrum of the alpha particles resulting from the reaction between the protons and the samples will evolve the following steps:

- 1. Accelerator Startup;
- 2. Calibration of the detectors with a sample of known composition;
- 3. Obtaining the energy spectrums of both samples;
- 4. Analysis of the results.

**Beam Energy** In order to choose the energy of the beam we need to take into account the cross section of the reaction between the the protons and the Li-7. We

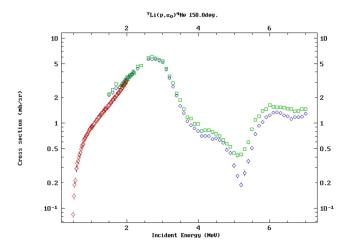


Figure 1: Cross section of the reaction between protons and Li-7 as a function of the beam energy.

### 3 Safety considerations

During the experiments, the accelerator will be producing a beam of protons with a kinetic energy of up to 5 MeV. Because of this there will be a high radiation level near the accelerator. There are radiation maps that show the radiation levels in different areas of the laboratory.

### 4 Beamtime requested

Specify the dates of the beamtime requested and the number of shifts. The beamtime requested should be in accordance with the estimated duration of the experiment. Specify the place and the investigators who will guide the experiment.

In order to complete our project we will need one full day of beamtime at the CTN laboratory. Alongside this day, we will also meet with the investigators at CTN for another two mornings to discuss the project, before the experiment and the results after the experiment:

Phase	Date	Duration
Theoretical Background, Planning and Lab Overview	30/11/2023 9h30	4h
Experiment	7/12/2023 8h00	8h
Results Discussion	?? 9h30	4h

#### 5 Results expected

Describe the results expected from the measurements, their scientific (or technical) relevance, and how they relate to existing work on the topic.

We expect to obtain the energy spectrum of the alpha particles resulting from the reaction between the protons and the samples. For the glass samples, we expect to see a profile due to the particles that come from different depths of the sample and therefore have lost different amounts of energy. In the implant samples, we expect to see a peak at the energy corresponding to the energy of the alpha particles produced by the reaction. In both cases, the samples is composed by other types of atoms such as silicon and boron, which will also emit charged particles.

Other phenomena such as Rutherford Backscattering and Elastic Scattering are also expected to occur.

### 6 Concluding remarks

Justify the beam time you request and give technical reasons which make the apparatus necessary for your experiment. Include REFERENCES where these are relevant, but do not assume that they will be systematically consulted for essential details.

#### References

- CAMPUS TECNOLÓGICO E NUCLEAR, Instituto Superior Técnico, Universidade de Lisboa. Estrada Nacional 10 (km 139,7), 2695-066 Bobadela LRS, Portugal.
- [2] Leonard C. Feldman and James W. Mayer. Fundamentals of Surface and Thin Film Analysis. North-Holland, 1986.
- [3] International Atomic Energy Agency. Experimental Nuclear Reaction Data (EXFOR). Nuclear Data Services. Retrieved from https://www-nds.iaea.org/exfor/ibandl.htm.
- [4] Kenneth S. Krane. *Introductory Nuclear Physics*. John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 1988.