# e Language Quick Reference

February 2002

This card contains selected **e** constructs. For complete **e** syntax, see the **e** Language Reference.

Abbreviations:

arg - argument inst - instance bool - boolean num - number

enum - enumerated TCM - time-consuming method expr - expression TE - temporal expression

# **Predefined Types**

bit // unsigned integer with value 0 or 1 (default: 0)byte // unsigned integer in the range 0-255 (default: 0)

int // 32-bit signed integer (default: 0)uint // 32-bit unsigned integer (default: 0)

int | uint ( bits: n | bytes: n ) // n-bit or n-byte signed int or uint

**bool** // one-bit boolean (0 = FALSE, 1 = TRUE) (default: FALSE)

list [ (key: field-name) ] of type

// a list of elements of the specified type (default: empty)

**string** // strings are enclosed in quotes: "my string" (default: NULL)

## Type Conversion

expr = expr.as\_a( type )

## **User-Defined Types**

Statements

struct struct-type [ like base-struct-type ] { struct members };

unit unit-type [ like base-unit-type ] { unit members };

**type** type-name: [u]int ( bits:  $n \mid bytes: n$ ); // defines a scalar type

**type** type-name : [ name [=n], ... ]; // defines an enumerated type

**extend** type-name: [ name [=n], ... ]; // extends an enumerated type

extend struct-type|unit-type { additional struct or unit members };
// extends a struct or unit

## Struct and Unit Members

fields constraints when conditions

methods and TCMs cover groups events

temporal struct|unit members preprocessor directives

## Fields Struct and Unit Members

[!][%] field-name: type; //! = do not generate, % = physical field field-name[n]: list of type; // creates a list with n elements

field-name: unit-type is instance; // for units only, not structs

# Conditional Extensions using When Struct and Unit Members

```
type enum-type: [name1, name2, ...];
struct|unit struct-type|unit-type {
    field-name : enum-type;
    when name1 struct-type|unit-type { additional members };
};
extend name1 struct-type|unit-type { ... };
```

```
Constraints Struct and Unit Members
```

```
keep [soft] bool-expr; // for example, keep field1 <= MY_MAX keep [soft] field-name in [range]; // example: keep field1 in [0..256]
```

**keep** bool-expr1 => bool-expr2; // bool-expr1 implies bool-expr2

keep [soft] field-name in list;

keep list.is\_all\_iterations( field-name );

keep list1.is\_a\_permutation( list2 );

keep for each ( item ) in list { [soft] bool-expr; ... };

**keep soft** bool-expr == **select** { weight : value: ... }:

keep [soft] gen ( item-a ) before ( item-b );

**keep** gen-item.reset\_soft(); // ignore soft constraints on gen-item

keep field-name.hdl\_path() == "string"; //field-name is unit instance

## Generation On the Fly

Actions

gen gen-item;

gen gen-item keeping { [soft] constraint-bool-expr ; ... };

## Methods and TCMs

**Struct and Unit Members** 

regular-method( [arg: type, ...]) [: return-type] is { action; ...};

TCM([arg: type, ...]) [: return-type] @event-name is { action; ...};

## **Extending or Changing Methods and TCMs**

method(arg: type, ...) [: return-type] is also|first|only { action; ... };
TCM(arg: type, ...) [: return-type] @event-name is also|first|only
 { action; ... };

#### **Conditional Procedures**

Actions

```
if bool-expr[ then ] { action; ... }
[ else if bool-expr[ then ] { action; ... } ]
[ else { action; ... } ];
case { bool-expr[:] { action; ... } ; [ default[:] { action; ... } ;] };
case expr { value[:] { action; ... } ; [ default[:] { action; ... } ;] };
```

## Loops Actions

```
for i from expr [ down ] to expr [step expr] [do] { action; ... };
for each [struct-type] (list-item) [ using index (index-name) ]
    in [reverse] list [do] { action; ... };
```

for each [line] [(line-name)] in file file-name [do] {action; ... };

while bool-expr[do] { action; ... };

**break**; // break the current loop

**continue:** // go to the next iteration of the loop

## Predefined Methods of All Structs

Struct and Unit Members

run()	extract()	check()	finalize()
init()	pre_generate()	post_generate()	
copv()	do print()	print line()	auit()

#### Invoking Methods and TCMs

Actions

```
TCM2()@event-name is { TCM1(); method();}; // calling methods method1() is { method2(); method3(); }; // calling methods method() is { start TCM();}; // starting a TCM on a separate thread Note: A TCM can only be called from another TCM. However, a TCM can be started from a regular method or from another TCM.
```

Checks Actions

check that  $bool\text{-}expr\,[$  else  $dut\_error($  ... ) ];

## Variable Declarations and Assignments

Actions

```
var var-name : type; // declare a variable
```

var-name = expr; // e.g. field-name=expr, var-name=method()

var var-name : = value; // declare and assign a variable

## Operators

Operator precedence is left to right, top to bottom in the list

```
[] list indexing
                                    [..] list slicing
[:] bit slicing
                                    f() method or routine call

    field selection

                                    in range list
                                    %{..., ...} bit concatenation
{...; ...} list concatenation
  bitwise not
                                    !, not boolean not
+, - unary positive, negative
                                    *, /, % multiply, divide, modulus
+. - plus, minus
                                    >>. << shift right, shift left
<, <=, >, >= boolean
                                    is [not] a subtype identification
comparison
```

==,!= boolean equal, not equal ===,!== Verilog 4-state compare ~,!~ string matching **&**, |, ^ bitwise and, or, xor

&&, and boolean and  $$|\hspace{-0.04cm}|\hspace{-0.04cm}|$  , or boolean or

!, not boolean not => boolean implication

a? b: c conditional "if a then b, else c"

# Simulator Interface Statements and Unit Members

verilog function 'HDL-path' (params): n; // n is result size in bits verilog import file-name; // statement only

verilog task 'HDL-path'(params);

verilog time Verilog-timescale; // statement only

vhdl driver 'HDL-path' using option, ...; // unit member only

vhdl function 'designator' using option, ...;

vhdl procedure ' identifier' using option, ...;

vhdl time VHDL-timescale; // statement only

# Printing Action

```
print expr[,...] [using print-options];
print struct-inst;
```

#### **Events**

event event-name [ is [only] TE]; // struct or unit member
emit [struct-inst.]event-name; // action

## **Predefined Events**

sys.any struct-inst.quit

# Temporal Struct and Unit Members

```
on event-name { action; ... } ;
expect|assume [rule-name is [only ]] TE
  [ else dut_error( "string", expr, ... ) ];
```

## **Temporal Expressions (TEs)**

All TEs have an explicit or implicit sampling event

## **Basic Temporal Expressions**

@[struct-inst.]event-name // event instance

**change**|fall|rise('HDL-path') @sim // simulator callback annotation

change|fall|rise(expr) true(bool-expr) cycle

## **Boolean Temporal Expressions**

TE1 and TE2 TE1 or TE2 not TE fail TE

## **Complex Temporal Expressions**

```
TE @[struct-inst.]event-name
                                   // explicit sampling
{ TE; TE; ... }
                                   // sequence
TE1 => TE2
                                   // if TE1, then TE2 follows
TE exec { action; ... }
                                   // execute when TE succeeds
[n][* TE]
                                   // fixed repeat
{ ... ; [ [n]..[m] ] [ * TE ]; TE; ... } // first match repeat
~[ [n]..[m] ] [ * TE ]
                                   // true match repeat
delay(expr)
                                   detach(TE)
consume(@[struct-inst.]event-name)
```

## **Time-Consuming Actions**

wait [[until] TE]; sync [TE];

# **Using Lock and Release**

**Time-Consuming Actions** 

```
struct struct-type {
    field-name: locker;
    TCM() @event-name is {
        field-name.lock();
        ...
        field-name.release();
    };
};
```

# **Packing and Unpacking Pseudo-Methods**

```
expr = pack( pack-options, expr, ...)
// pack options: packing.high, packing.low
unpack( pack-options, value-expr, target-expr[, target-expr, ...])
```

## Predefined Routines

# **Deep Copy and Compare Routines**

deep\_copy(expr: struct-type) : struct-type

deep\_compare[\_physical](inst1: struct-type, inst2: struct-type,
 max-diffs: int): list of string

## **Output Routines**

## **Selected Configuration Routines**

Note: Categories for these routines are listed in "Configuration Commands" in the Specman Elite Quick Reference.

set\_config( category, option, option-value )

get\_config( category, option );

## Selected Arithmetic Routines

min max ( x: int, y: int): int	abs(x: int): int
ipow(x: int, y: int): int	isqrt(x: int): int
odd even (x: int): bool	div_round_up(x: int, y: int): int

## **Bitwise Routines**

expr.bitwise\_and|or|xor|nand|nor|xnor(expr: int|uint): bit

## **Selected String Routines**

```
      appendf(format, expr, ...): string
      append(expr, ...): string

      expr. to_string(): string
      bin|dec|hex(expr, ...): string

      str_join(list: list of string, separator: string): string

      str_match(str: string, regular-expr: string): bool

      str_replace(str:string, regular-expr: string, replacement:string):string

      str_split(str: string, regular-expr: string): list of string
```

## **Selected Operating System Interface Routines**

## Stopping a Test

stop\_run(); // stops the simulator and invokes test finalization

## Name Macros Statements

define [']macro-name [ replacement ]

## **Preprocessor Directives**

**#if[n]def** [']*macro-name* **then** {*string*} [ **#else** {*string*} ] ; Note: Preprocessor directives can be statements, struct or unit members, or actions.

## List Pseudo-Methods

Actions

## Selected List Actions

add[0](list-item : list-type)	add[0](list: list)
clear()	delete(index : int)
<b>pop[0]()</b> : list-type	<pre>push[0](list-item : list-type)</pre>
<pre>insert(index : int, list : list   list-item : list-type)</pre>	

## Selected List Expressions

size(): int	<b>top[0]()</b> : list-type	
reverse() : list	sort(expr: expr): list	
sum(expr: int): int	count (expr: bool): int	
exists(index: int): bool	has(expr: bool) : bool	
is_empty(): bool	is_a_permutation(list: list) : bool	
all(expr: bool): list	all_indices(expr: bool): list of int	
first(expr: bool): list-type	last(expr: bool): list-type	
<pre>first_index(expr: bool) : int</pre>	last_index(expr: bool): int	
key(key-expr: expr): list-item	key_index(key-expr: expr): int	
max(expr: int): list-type	max_value(expr: int): int   uint	
min(expr: int): list-type	min_value(expr: int): int   uint	
swap(small: int, large: int): list of bit		
crc_8 32(from-byte: int, num-by	/tes : int) : int	

## Coverage Groups and Items

unique(expr: expr): list

Struct and Unit Members

```
cover cover-group [ using [also] cover-group-options ] is [empty]
[also] {
   item item-name [: type = expr] [ using [also] cover-item-options ];
   cross item-name1, item-name2, ...; transition item-name;
};
```

To enable coverage, extend the **global** struct as follows: **setup\_test()** is also {**set\_config(cover, mode**, *cover-mode*)}

## **Coverage Group Options**

text = string	weight = uint	no_collect	radix = DEC HEX BI
count_only	global	when = bool-e	expr
external=sure	ecov	agent option	s=SureCov options

## **Coverage Item Options**

text = string	when = bool-expr	weight = uint
no_collect	radix=DEC HEX BIN	name name
at_least = num	ignore   illegal = cove	er-item-bool-expr
no_trace	ranges=range( [ nm sub-bucket-size, at-lea	

per\_instance agent\_options=SureCov options



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# Specman Elite Quick Reference

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This card contains selected Specman Elite commands and procedures. For more information, see the *Specman Elite Command Reference*.

Abbreviations: dir - directory expr - expression inst - instance num - number

## General Help

 help command [syntax]
 apropos command [syntax]

 Specview Help button
 Specview Vadvisor button

# Creating an HDL Stub File

write stubs -verilog | -qvh | -ncvhdl | -spd [file-name]

specman -command "load top.e; write stubs -verilog"

// creates stub file named specman.v for most Verilog simulators specman -command "load top.e; write stubs -qvh my\_stub.vhd" // creates stub file for ModelSim VHDL named my stub.vhd

## Compiler Script

%sn\_compile.sh

// use with no arguments to display compiler script options

%sn\_compile.sh top.e

// create an executable named "top" with compiled top.e module

# Verilog-XL or ModelSim

%sn compile.sh top.e -sim xl

// creates a Specman Elite executable named "xl\_top" that // includes the compiled top.e module and Verilog-XL

%sn\_compile.sh top.e -sim qvh

// creates a library that includes top.e and ModelSim (VHDL)

# vcs

%sn\_compile.sh -sim vcs -vcs\_flags "file1.v ... specman.v" top.e // creates a Specman Elite executable named "vcs\_top" that // includes VCS, compiled top.e and Verilog source files

## Incremental Compilation Command Sequence

1. sn\_compile.sh -e my\_dir -t . first.e

2. sn compile.sh -s my dir/first -t . next.e

3. sn\_compile.sh -s my\_dir/next -t . last.e

## Switching between Specman Elite and Simulator Prompts

<Cntl>-<Return> // switch from simulator prompt to Specman Elite // in text mode (no simulator GUI is being used)

\$sn; // switch from Verilog-XL or VCS to Specman Elite sn // switch from ModelSim to Specman Elite call sn // switch from NC Simulator to Specman Elite

<Return> // switch from Specman Elite back to the simulator

# Specman Elite Commands from Simulator Prompt

Verilog-XL or VCS: \$sn("command"); ModelSim: sn "command"

NC Simulator: call sn {"command"}

#### Simulator-Related Commands

show functions // Verilog and VHDL
show tasks [and functions] // Verilog
show procedures // VHDL
show subprograms // VHDL

show defines [-v][-e]["[]macro-name"] // Verilog defines

# Starting Specman Elite or the Specview GUI

## Starting Specman Elite in Text Mode

specman [ -p[re\_commands] commands ... ] [ -c[ommands] commands ... ]

Example

specman -p "config print -radix = HEX" -p "load top"

// Starts Specman Elite, sets print radix to hex, and loads top.e

## Starting the Specview GUI

specview [ -p[re\_commands] commands ... ] [ -c[ommands] commands ... ] [ integrated-executable parameters ]

Example:

specview xl\_specman +gui -s xor.v specman.v

// Starts Specview along with the Verilog-XL GUI, loads the xor.v

// file and the specman.v stubs file

## Running from Compiled Executables

%specsim [-pre-commands command ...] [-commands command ...] [ integrated-executable parameters ]

// General way to pass pre-commands to a compiled executable

#### Verilog-XL:

% xl\_top -s file1.v file2.v specman.v

// Invokes an executable named xl\_top to start Specman Elite with // Verilog-XL, and load Verilog-XL files my\_file1.v and my\_file2.v

#### Verilog-XL:

%specsim -p "@batch.ecom" xl\_top -s file1.v file2.v specman.v // Same as above, but with optional pre-commands

#### ModelSim:

% specsim -p "@batch.ecom" vsim -keepstdout top < batch.do

#### VCS:

% specsim -p "@batch.ecom" vcs cpu top -s -i batch.cmd

## Using a Specman Elite Command File

@file-name [parameter ...]
Example:

// Contents of my\_batch.ecom file:

load <1>;

out("<2> is <3>"); Execute my\_batch.ecom:

Specman> @my\_batch my\_code Today Wednesday Result:

Loads my\_code.e, prints Today is Wednesday

## **Record Commands**

record start [ -dir = dir-name ] [ -redo [ redo-options ] ]
[ -comment = "comment-text"] [ -comment\_file = file-name ]
[ -override [!] ] session-name

## **Configuration Commands**

config category -option = value;

Category Options

print radix, title, window, raw, items, list\_from, list\_is\_horizontal, list\_lines, list\_starts\_on\_right, list\_grouping, list\_of\_bit\_in\_hex, list\_index\_radix, list\_end\_flag, full, source\_lines, line\_size

cover at\_least\_multiplier, grading\_formula, verbose\_interface, show\_mode, sorted,

max\_int\_buckets, absolute\_max\_buckets, mode, test\_name, run\_name, tag\_name, dir, file\_name, show\_file\_names, show\_sub\_holes, show\_instances\_only, show\_partial\_grade, ranking\_cost, ranking\_precision, gui\_sync\_mode, check\_illegal\_immediately, hole\_color, illegal\_bucket\_color, chart\_colors

gen seed, default\_max\_list\_size, reorder\_fields, absolute\_max\_list\_size, max\_depth, max\_structs, warn, resolve\_cycles, check\_unsatisfied\_cons

gui auto\_scroll, use\_help\_browserrun tick max, error command, exit on,

use\_manual\_tick

memory gc\_threshold, gc\_increment, max\_size,

absolute\_max\_size, print\_msg

misc warn, pre\_specman\_path, post\_specman\_path,

short\_is\_signed

debug watch\_list\_items

wave working\_mode, auto\_refresh, register\_structs, use\_wave, stub\_message\_len, stub\_output,

stub\_errors, stub\_events, event\_data, stub\_integers, stub\_strings, stub\_strings\_len, stub\_booleans, list\_items, thread\_code\_line, hierarchy\_name, port,

dump\_file, timeout

show config [ category [ option ]]
write config [ to ] file-name

read config [ from ] file-name

## **Test Phase Commands**

test [-option = value...] setup\_test generate [-option = value...]
start [-option = value...] run [-option = value...]

extract check finalize test

# **Test Phase Command Options**

seed =  $n \mid \text{random}$ default\_max\_list\_size = nmax\_depth = nabsolute\_max\_list\_size = nmax\_structs = nwarn = TRUE | FALSE

 $reorder\_fields = TRUE \mid FALSE$ 

resolve cycles = TRUE | FALSE

check unsatisfied cons = TRUE | FALSE

## Saving and Restoring the State

load file-name ... reload [ -nokeep ]

save file-name

restore [-override] [ -nokeep ] [file-name]

## Coverage Commands

read cover file-name // wild cards can be used in file-name

write cover [-merge] file-name

clear cover

show cover [-kind = full|summary|spreadsheet]

[-file = file-name] [-contributors[= num]] [-window] [struct-type[.cover-group[(instance)][.item-name]]]

show cover -tests

show cover -def [struct-name[.event-name[.item-name]]]

show cover -new -cross = (struct-type.cover-group.item-name, ...)
[-interval = (struct-type.event-name, [struct-type.event-name | next])]
[-only simultaneous] [-win]

show cover -unique\_buckets file\_name

include cover[\_tests] full-run-name [on|off]

rank cover [-sort\_only] [-recover] [-window] [-file=file\_name] [-initial\_list=file\_name] [item-wild-cards]

## **Waveform-Related Commands**

set wave [ -mode=working-mode ] viewer

wave [ -when [ = when-regular-exp ] ]

[-field[s] [ = fields-regular-exp]]

[ -event[s] [ -event\_data=event-data ] ] [ -thread[s]

[-code\_line=bool]]exp

wave event [ -data=data-option ] [ struct-type.event-type ]

wave out

## **Memory Commands**

show memory [-recursive] [struct-type | unit-type]

who is [-full] struct-expr // show paths for all pointers to a struct

#### **Event Commands**

collect events [event-name [,...]] [on | off]

echo events [event-name [,...]] [ on | off ]

delete events

show events [event-name | [ num [..[num] ] ]

show event definitions [event-name, ...]

show events -chart [time-value | -prev | -next | -beginning | -end] [event-name, ...]

## Show Pack and Unpack Commands

show pack(options: pack\_options, expr, ...)

show unpack(options: pack\_options, value-expr, target-expr, ...)

## Show Modules Command

show modules

## Log Commands

set log file-name set log off

## Shell Commands

shell shell-command

## Print and Report Commands

Note: **print** and **report** can also be used in **e** code as actions.

print expr, ... [using print-options]

report list-expr, {[headers]}, expr,... [using print-options]

Note: Use the **show config print** command to display print options. Examples:

print sys.packets using radix=HEX

report sys.packets, {"Addr \t Indx"; "%d \t %d"},.address,index

tree [struct-inst | list-expr] // display the contents of a struct or list

# **Generation Debugger Commands**

col[lect] generation [off]

show gen [-instance instance-name[.field-name]]

## Source Code Debugger Commands

continue [to breakpoint-syntax] step\_anywhere

step next finish abort

In the next two sections, the #thread-handle option can only be used with the "I" (local) form of the command (e.g. **Ibreak**, but not **break**). The special events and special wild cards used as options for some of the commands are listed separately at the end.

#### **Setting Breakpoints**

[I]break [once] [on] call [extension]

[struct-wild-card.]method-wild-card [@module-name] [#[thread-handle] [if bool-expr]

[I]break [once] [on] [return] [extension]

[struct-wild-card.]method-wild-card [@module-name] [#[thread-handle]] [if bool-expr]

[I]break [once] [on] line [line-number] [@module-name] [#[thread-handle]] [if bool-expr]

[I]break [once] [on] special-event-name [special-wild-card] [@module-name] [#[thread-handle]] [if bool-expr]

[I]break [once] [on] event [[struct-wild-card.]event-wild-card] [@module-name] [#[thread-handle]] [if bool-expr]

break [once] [on] change expr

break [once] [on] error

break [once] [on] interrupt

break [once] [on] simulator

break [on] alloc [memory-size]

## Managing Breakpoints

delete break [ last | id-number | "pattern" ]

disable break [ last | id-number | "pattern" ]

enable break [ last | id-number | "pattern" ]

show breakpoint

## **Setting and Managing Watches**

[I]watch exp [-radix = DEC|HEX|BIN] [-items = value] [#thread-id]

update watch watch-id [radix = DEC|HEX|BIN]

[-items = value|default]

show watch delete watch [watch-id]

## **Setting Traces**

[I]trace [once] [on] call [extension] [struct-wild-card.]method-wild-card [@module-name] [#[thread-handle]] [if bool-expr]

[I]trace [once] [on] return [extension] [struct-wild-card.]method-wild-card [@module-name] [#[thread-handle]] [if bool-expr]

[I]trace [once] [on] line [line-number] [@module-name] [if bool-expr]

[l]trace [once] [on] special-event-name [special-wild-card] [@module-name] [#[thread-handle]] [if bool-expr]

trace [once] [on] change expr

trace [on] packing

trace [on] reparse

# **Special Events and Special Wild Cards**

Special Event Name	Special Wild Card
tcm_start	struct-wild-card.tcm-wild-card
tcm_end	struct-wild-card.tcm-wild-card
tcm_call	struct-wild-card.tcm-wild-card
tcm_return	struct-wild-card.tcm-wild-card
tcm_wait	struct-wild-card.tcm-wild-card
tcm_state	struct-wild-card.tcm-wild-card
call	struct-wild-card.method-wild-card
return	struct-wild-card.method-wild-card
sim_read	signal-name-wild-card
sim_write	signal-name-wild-card
output	text wild-card

## Command-Line Mode Debugging Commands

show stack // show the calls stack for the current thread

**show threads** // show all threads

**show thread source** // show the *e* source for the current thread **show thread tree** // show the full tree of calls for the current thread

show thread #thread-handle



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