RMySQL-package {RMySQL}

R Documentation

R interface to the MySQL database

Description

The functions in this package allow you interact with one or more MySQL databases from R.

Overview

A typical usage of the R-MySQL interface is:

1. Connect and authenticate to one or more MySQL databases:

2. List tables and fields in a table:

```
dbListTables(con)
dbListFields(con, "table\ name")
```

3. Import and export data.frames:

```
d <- dbReadTable(con, "WL")
dbWriteTable(con, "WL2", a.data.frame)  ## table from a data.frame
dbWriteTable(con, "test2", "~/data/test2.csv") ## table from a file</pre>
```

4. Run an arbitrary SQL statement and extract all its output (returns a data.frame):

```
dbGetQuery(con, "select count(*) from a\_table")
dbGetQuery(con, "select * from a\ table")
```

5. Run an SQL statement and extract its output in pieces (returns a result set):

```
rs <- dbSendQuery(con, "select * from WL where width\_nm between 0.5 and 1") d1 <- fetch(rs, n = 10000) d2 <- fetch(rs, n = -1
```

6. Run multiple SQL statements and process the various result sets (note the client.flag value in the dbConnect call):

7. Get meta-information on a connection (thread-id, etc.):

```
summary(MySQL(), verbose = TRUE)
summary(con, verbose = TRUE)
summary(rs, verbose = TRUE)
```

```
dbListConnections(MySQL())
dbListResultSets(con)
dbHasCompleted(rs)
```

8. Close connections:

```
dbDisconnect(con)
dbDisconnect(con2)
```

```
Data mappings between MySQL and R
```

MySQL tables are read into R as data.frames, but without coercing character or logical data into factors. Similarly while exporting data.frames, factors are exported as character vectors.

Integer columns are usually imported as R integer vectors, except for cases such as BIGINT or UNSIGNED INTEGER which are coerced to R's double precision vectors to avoid truncation (currently R's integers are signed 32-bit quantities).

Time variables are imported/exported as character data, so you need to convert these to your favorite date/time representation.

Currently there are no facilities to import/export BLOBs.

```
RDBMS tables, data.frames, and data types
```

Tables in a relational database are only superficially similar to R's data frames (e.g., tables as unordered sets of rows compared to data frames as ordered sets, tables having referential constraints, indexes, and so on.)

```
User authentication
```

Although you can specify user authentication parameters (user, password, database, and host) in the call to dbConnect, the preferred method to pass these parameters to the server is through a MySQL default.file, e.g., '\$HOME/.my.cnf' (or 'c:/my.cnf' under Windows). The MySQL dbConnect method parses the default.file=\\$HOME/.my.cnf to initialize connections to MySQL databases. This file consists of zero or more named sections each starting with a line of the form [section-name]; each section includes zero or more MySQL variable declaration per line, such as, user=, password=, host=, etc. For instance,

```
$ cat $HOME/.my.cnf
# this is a comment
; this is also a comment
[client]
user = dj
host = localhost
[rs-dbi]
database = s-data
[lasers]
user = opto
database = opto
password = pure-light
host = merced
[iptraffic]
host = data
database = iptraffic
```

This file should be readable only by you. RMySQL always initializes connection values from the [client] and [rs-dbi] sections, but you may define you own project-specific sections (as in the example above) to tailor its environment; if the same parameter appears in multiple sections (e.g., in client and rs-dbi), the last (closer to the bottom) occurrence is used.

If you define a section, for instance, [iptraffic], then instead of including all these parameters in the call to dbConnect, you simply supply the name of the group, e.g., dbConnect(MySQL(), group = "iptraffic").

In addition to user, password, host, and dbname, you may specify any other connection parameters, e.g., port, socket. See the MySQL documentation for details.

Lastly, you may specify an alternate default.file, e.g., dbConnect(MySQL(), group="iptraffic", default.file="router_shield").

References

See <u>stat.bell-labs.com/RS-DBI</u> for more details on the R/S-Plus database interface.

See the documentation at the MySQL Web site http://www.mysql.com for details.

```
Author(s)
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See Also

On database managers:

DBI dbDriver dbUnloadDriver

On connections, SQL statements and resultSets:

dbConnect dbDisconnect dbSendQuery dbGetQuery fetch dbClearResult

On transaction management:

dbCommit dbRollback

On meta-data:

summary dbGetInfo dbGetDBIVersion dbListTables dbListConnections dbListResults
dbColumnInfo dbGetException dbGetStatement dbHasCompleted dbGetRowCount
dbGetAffectedRows

Examples

```
## Not run:
# create a MySQL instance and create one connection.
> m <- dbDriver("MySQL")  ## or MySQL()
<MySQLDriver:(4378)>
# open the connection using user, passsword, etc., as
# specified in the "[iptraffic]" section of the
# configuration file \file{\$HOME/.my.cnf}
```

```
> con <- dbConnect(m, group = "iptraffic")
> rs <- dbSendQuery(con, "select * from HTTP_ACCESS where IP_ADDRESS = '127.0.0.1'")
> df <- fetch(rs, n = 50)
> dbHasCompleted(rs)
[1] FALSE
> df2 <- fetch(rs, n = -1)
> dbHasCompleted(rs)
[1] TRUE
> dbClearResult(rs)
> dim(dbGetQuery(con, "show tables"))
[1] 74    1
> dbListTables(con)
## End(Not run)
```

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