HUMAN-COMPUTER INTERACTION

L.EIC - FEUP - 2022

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WHAT WERE THE FIRST "DEVICES" YOU USED TODAY?

LIGHT SWITCH?







WATCH?



PHONE?





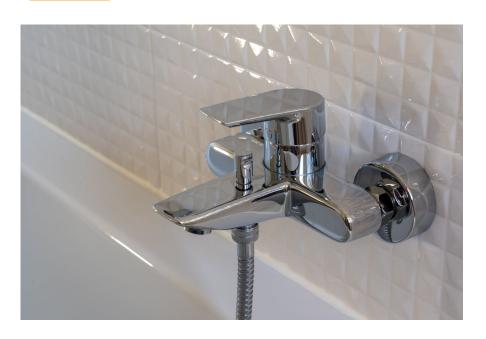


DOOR HANDLE?





FAUCET?





COFFEE MACHINE?









REMOTE CONTROL?







SOME QUESTIONS...

- What do they have in common?
- Why are there different solutions for similar purposes?
- Are they all (any?) good solutions?
- How did someone came up with such solutions?

GOALS FOR TODAY

- What is Human-Computer Interaction
- Main differences between User Interface (UI)
 and User Experience (UX)
- HCI Design philosophy
- Some HCI "Mantras"
- Course structure and next steps

HUMAN-COMPUTER INTERACTION

HUMAN-COMPUTER INTERACTION

- What does it study?
- What is the goal?
- What are interfaces?

LOOK AROUND...

- (Almost) Everything is (should be) designed to be used
- Technology is a commodity
- User Experience is now a differentiating factor

UX JOB MARKET GROWTH

XAtlassian

1:25 → 1:9

2012

2017

1:10 → 1:6

2013

2017

W

1:5

2017

Linked in

1:11 → 1:8

2010

2017

UBER

1:8

2017

BM.

1:72 → 1:8

2012

2017

MULTIDISCIPLINARY

- Human: User, others, social context
 - Behavioral Sciences
- Computer (Machine): Hardware/Software
 - Computer science/engineering
- Interaction: Relation/communication Human-Machine
 - Design
- And more...

USER INTERFACE - UI

- "Visible" (human-stimulating) part of the system
 - May include sound, haptics...
- Enables the users to
 - Interact with the system
 - Perform their tasks
 - Get feedback/information from the system
- The User operates/interacts over/through the Interface

HCI DEFINITION

Human-computer interaction (HCI) is a **multidisciplinary** field of study focusing on **the design of computer technology** and, in particular, **the interaction** between humans and computers.



USER EXPERIENCE (UX)

- What is it?
- How does it relate to UI?
- How is it different from Usability?

USER EXPERIENCE (UX)

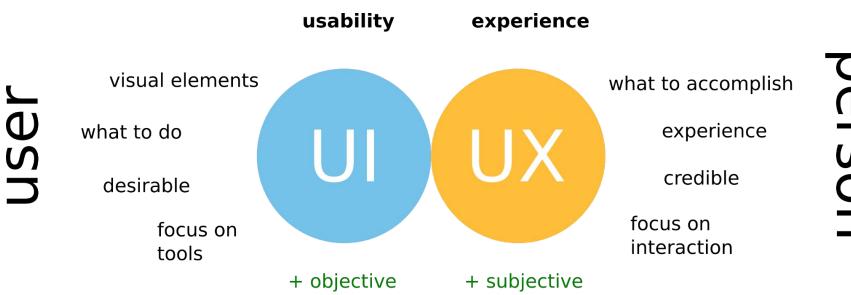
- The whole experience with a system, technology, device
- Not only the direct interaction with the artefact, but the overall context
 - Some include marketing, store display, unboxing, aesthetics, support (Customer Experience, CX)

USER EXPERIENCE (UX)

- Involves affective component
 - Emotions while using

• One does not *design the* user experience, but **DESIGNS FOR** an user experience

UI VS UX



person

SOME DESIGN MYTHS

- "Good design means good graphics"
- "Marketing dept. knows the users"
- "Good design is common sense"
- "The interface can be designed in the end"

"GOOD DESIGN MEANS GOOD GRAPHICS"

- Visuals are important to communicate,
 - but not enough for good interaction
- The user's perspective has to be considered in different aspects:
 - Goals
 - Expectations
 - o Tasks...

"MARKETING DEPT. KNOWS THE USERS"

- Marketing is (for the most part) focused on demographics
 - Not on the human behaviour while using
- What the users report is often different of what they do and feel
 - User studies and observation are key

"GOOD DESIGN IS COMMON SENSE"

- If it is that simple, why are there **so many bad web sites** and apps?
- Common sense is not necessarily right
 (and not so common ;)
- It takes experts and work for good design

"THE INTERFACE IS DESIGNED IN THE END"

"... The needs of the users should dominate the design of the interface, and the needs of the interface should dominate the design of the rest of the system."

[Don Norman]

- User needs -> Interface Design -> Functionality
- Design flaws detected at the end cost a lot of time and money

USER-CENTERED DESIGN (UCD)

"... an iterative design process in which designers focus on the users and their needs in each phase of the design process.

... designers use a mixture of **investigative methods and tools** (e.g., surveys and interviews) and **generative** ones (e.g., brainstorming) to develop an **understanding of user needs**.



HCI MANTRAS

Know your users

- Physical, cognitive, sensorial abilities
- Social context, background, etc.
- User research will be part of this course

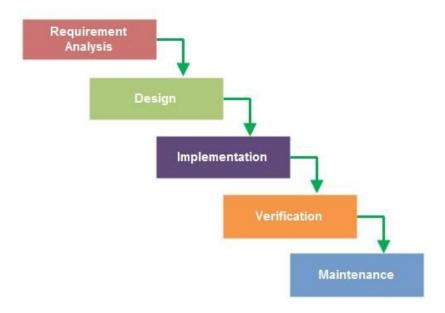
HCI MANTRAS

- "The user is not like me"
 - To think the opposite is the most common mistake
 - You (we) are not typical users
 - You (we) adapt to bad interfaces and think they are ok

DESIGN PROCESS

WATERFALL MODEL?

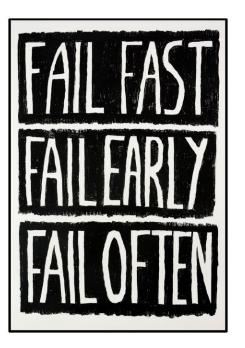
Problems: Assumes all is completely known and specified very early on, only tests functionally after implementation



FAIL FAST PHILOSOPHY

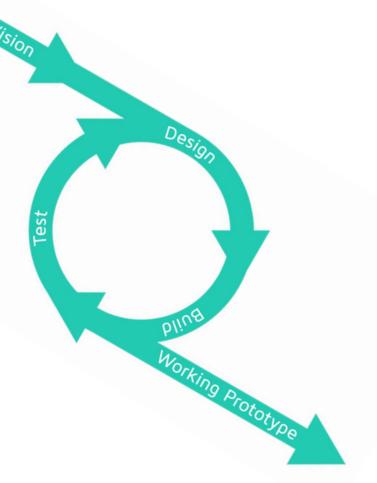
• Fail:

- o fast
- o early
- o often

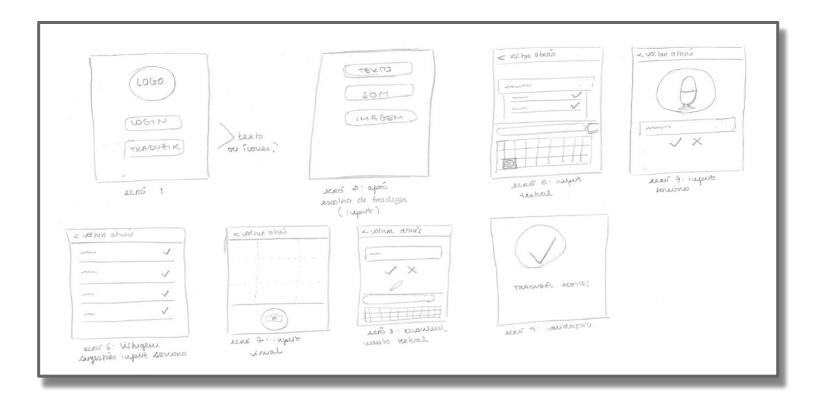


ITERATIVE DESIGN PROCESS

- Iterate over low-cost prototypes
 - Ideate/design
 - Prototype
 - Test/evaluate
 - Repeat



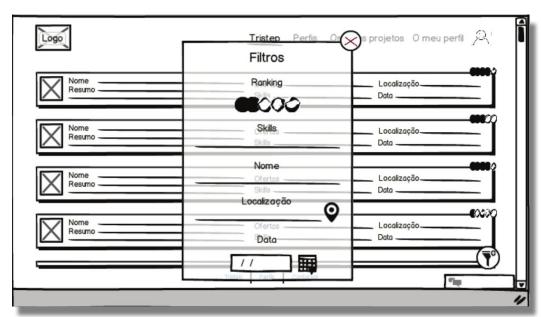
PROTOTYPING



PROTOTYPING







PROTOTYPING





COURSE STRUCTURE

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Lectures

- o 1.5h / week
- Discussion about HCI topics, approaches and techniques

Practical classes

- 0 1.5h / week
- One project developed in three phases
- Groups of three students of the same class
- Classes start next week, but work starts today...

PROJECT

Main Goal

Design of a novel user interface (UI) for a mobile / web app or other if better suited (propose and let's discuss!)

Groups

3 students from same class

Three Phases

- 1. User and Task Analysis (4 weeks)
- 2. First Iteration (4 weeks)
- 3. Second Iteration (4 weeks)

Topic

Chosen by the groups from a set (coming soon)

COURSE EVALUATION

Project Grade

```
o PG = F1 * 30% + F2 * 30% + F3 * 30% + FP * 10%
```

- F1, F2, F3 Project Phases
- FP Final Presentation

• Final Grade

```
\circ FG = PG * 80% + MT * 20%
```

- PG Project grade
- MT Mini-Test

PRESENTATIONS AND REPORTS

- Presentations
 - 0 10 minutes
 - Submitted the day before the presentation
- Reports
 - After the presentation
 - Can (should!) be refined according to feedback
- Focus on the process!

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Slides by Rui Rodrigues
Partly based on Hugo Nicolau's slides (IST)