

Exercises on Program Verification with Hoare Logic

Notes:

- In exercises 1 to 6, assume that all variables are of type integer.

1. Indicate (by direct inspection) whether the following Hoare triples are true (valid) or false (invalid).

- $\{x > 5\} \text{ skip } \{x > 0\}$
- $\{x < 6\} x := x+1 \{x > 5\}$
- $\{x = 5 \wedge y = 0\} \text{ if } x > 0 \text{ then } y := 10 \text{ else skip } \{y = 10\}$
- $\{x = a \wedge y = b\} x := y; y := a \{x = b \wedge y = a\}$
- $\{x > y\} \text{ while } x > y \text{ do } x := x-1 \{x = y\}$

2. Indicate (by direct inspection) the weakest precondition (wp) in the following Hoare triples.

- $\{wp\} x := x+1 \{x > 5\}$
- $\{wp\} \text{ if } a > b \text{ then } x := a \text{ else } x := b \{x > 0\}$
- $\{wp\} \text{ while } x > y \text{ do } x := x-1 \{x = y\}$

3. Prove or disprove the Hoare triples $\{P\} S \{Q\}$ of exercises 1.a to 1.d by calculating $wp(S, Q)$ and proving $P \rightarrow wp(S, Q)$ (see slides 22-40).

4. Prove the Hoare triple of 1.e using the proof procedure for loops described in the slides (41-52).

Hint: Use $I \equiv x \geq y$ and $V \equiv x-y$.

5. Prove the correctness of the following program, using the proof tableau technique (slide 53). Start by selecting an appropriate loop invariant and loop variant.

Inputs: Dividend $D (\geq 0)$, divisor $d (> 0)$.

Outputs: Quotient q and remainder r of integer division.

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{D ≥ 0 ∧ d > 0}
q := 0;
r := D;
while r ≥ d do
  q := q + 1;
  r := r - d;
{0 ≤ r < d ∧ q×d+r = D}
```

6. (Optional, Mini-test 6/11/2019) One wants to prove the correctness of the following Hoare triple, taking as loop invariant $I \equiv (z+y = x \wedge z \geq 0)$ and as loop variant $V \equiv z$.

$\{x \geq 0\} z := x; y := 0; \text{ while } z \neq 0 \text{ do } (y := y+1; z := z-1) \{x = y\}$

To that end:

- Complete the proof tableau below, calculating by backward reasoning the weakest preconditions in the points indicated with “?”.

1: $\{x \geq 0\}$
2: $\{?\}$

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3:  z := x;
4:  {?}
5:  y := 0;
6:  {z + y = x ∧ z ≥ 0}                                // I
7:  while z ≠ 0 do
8:      {z ≠ 0 ∧ z + y = x ∧ z ≥ 0 ∧ z = V0}          // C ∧ I ∧ V = V0
9:      {?}
10:     y := y + 1;
11:     {?}
12:     z := z - 1
13:     {z + y = x ∧ z ≥ 0 ∧ 0 ≤ z < V0}              // I ∧ 0 ≤ V < V0
14: {z = 0 ∧ z + y = x ∧ z ≥ 0}                        // ¬ C ∧ I
15: {x = y}

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b) Prove the implications between consecutive assertions ($1 \rightarrow 2, 8 \rightarrow 9, 14 \rightarrow 15$).

7. (Optional) Indicate in natural language preconditions and postconditions for the following operations:

- a) calculate the natural logarithm of a real number $\ln(x)$ (assuming that $\exp(x)$ is defined);
- b) obtain a [topological sorting](#) of the vertices of a directed graph $G=(V, E)$;
- c) obtain an [Eulerian circuit](#) in an undirected graph $G=(V, E)$.