





Performance



Values are estimated and may vary. The performance score is calculated directly from these metrics. See calculator.



Show audits relevant to: All FCP LCP TBT CLS

Opportunities — These suggestions can help your page load faster. They don't directly affect the Performance score.

Opportunity Estimated Savings

▲ Eliminate render-blocking resources 2.84 s ^

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. Learn more. (FCP) (LCP)

Show 3rd party resources (8)

Transfer Size Potential Savings

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
css/bootstrap.min.css (stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com)	24.3 KiB	1,360 ms
/css?family=Lato&display=swap (fonts.googleapis.com)	0.5 KiB	750 ms
css/base.css (vinyl-rack.s3.amazonaws.com)	8.2 KiB	920 ms
/jquery-3.4.1.min.js (code.jquery.com)	30.1 KiB	1,410 ms
umd/popper.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	7.4 KiB	1,080 ms
js/bootstrap.min.js (stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com)	16.2 KiB	300 ms
/2c410f4ae7.js (kit.fontawesome.com)	4.0 KiB	910 ms
/v3/ (js.stripe.com)	264.5 KiB	2,860 ms
Reduce unused JavaScript		1.65 s ^

Reduce unused JavaScript and defer loading scripts until they are required to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. Learn more. LCP

Show 3rd party resources (2)

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
/v3/ (js.stripe.com)	264.5 KiB	203.5 KiB
/jquery-3.4.1.min.js (code.jquery.com)	30.1 KiB	20.7 KiB

Enable text compression

1.5 s ^

Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize total network bytes. Learn more. (FCP) (LCP)

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (2)

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
/v3/ (js.stripe.com)	263.4 KiB	194.8 KiB
/wishlist/ (vinyl-rack.herokuapp.com)	13.6 KiB	10.5 KiB
css/base.css (vinyl-rack.s3.amazonaws.com)	7.7 KiB	5.5 KiB

Defer offscreen images 0.6 s ^

Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower time to interactive. Learn more.

Show 3rd-party resources (1)

Resource Potential **URL** Savings Size



/media/beatles-1967-1979.jpg (vinyl-rack.s3.amazonaws.com)

141.9 KiB 141.9 KiB Image formats like WebP and AVIF often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads and less data consumption. Learn more.

9	how	2rd	narty	resources	11	١
✓	HOW	oiu	paity	1050urces	(I ,)

URL	Resource Size	Potential Savings
/media/beatles-1967-1979.jpg (vinyl-rack.s3.amazonaws.com)	141.9 KiB	79.3 KiB

Reduce unused CSS 0.15 s ^

Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. Learn more. FCP LCP

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (1)

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
css/bootstrap.min.css (stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com)	24.3 KiB	23.2 KiB
<pre>/*! * Font Awesome Free 5.15.4 by @fontawesome - https://fontawesome.com * License - https://fonta</pre>	12.0 KiB	11.9 KiB

Efficiently encode images

Show 3rd party resources (1)

0.15 s ^

Potential Resource URL Size Savings



141.9 KiB 16.3 KiB

Diagnostics — More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't directly affect the Performance score.

Serve static assets with an efficient cache policy — 4 resources found

A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. Learn more.

Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. Learn more.

Show 3rd-party resources (4)

UI	RL	Cache TTL	Transfer Size
/۱	media/beatles-1967-1979.jpg (vinyl-rack.s3.amazonaws.com)	None	142 KiB
	js/m-outer-2a901eajs (js.stripe.com)	1 m	2 KiB
/\	v3/ (js.stripe.com)	5 m	264 KiB
/0	out-4.5.40.js (m.stripe.network)	5 m	16 KiB

Avoid chaining critical requests — 10 chains found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. Learn more. FCP [LCP]

Maximum critical path latency: 490 ms

Initial Navigation

/wishlist/ (vinyl-rack.herokuapp.com)

...css/bootstrap.min.css (stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com) - 30 ms, 24.33 KiB

/css?family=Lato&display=swap (fonts.googleapis.com)

...v20/S6uyw4BMU....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) - 20 ms, 13.78 KiB

...css/base.css (vinyl-rack.s3.amazonaws.com) - 130 ms, 8.16 KiB

...webfonts/free-fa-brands-400.woff2 (ka-f.fontawesome.com) - 210 ms, 75.75 KiB

...webfonts/free-fa-solid-900.woff2 (ka-f.fontawesome.com) - 150 ms, 77.19 KiB

/jquery-3.4.1.min.js (code.jquery.com) - 80 ms, 30.06 KiB

...umd/popper.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net) - 20 ms, 7.41 KiB

...js/bootstrap.min.js (stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com) - 30 ms, 16.15 KiB

/2c410f4ae7.js (kit.fontawesome.com) - 30 ms, 3.97 KiB

/v3/ (js.stripe.com) - 80 ms, 264.46 KiB

Keep request counts low and transfer sizes small — 22 requests • 718 KiB

To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget.json file. Learn more.

Resource Type	Requests	Transfer Size
Total	22	718.1 KiB
Script	7	339.8 KiB
Font	3	166.7 KiB
Image	1	142.3 KiB
Stylesheet	3	32.9 KiB
Other	5	20.4 KiB
Document	3	16.0 KiB
Media	0	0.0 KiB
Third-party	21	704.1 KiB

Largest Contentful Paint element — 1 element found

This is the largest contentful element painted within the viewport. Learn More [LCP]

Element

Element

p.my-0		
Avoid large layout shifts — 5 elements found		^
These DOM elements contribute most to the CLS of the page. CLS		
Element	CL	S Contribution
div.col.banner-bg.text-white		
		0.002
td.py-3		
		0.001
ul.list-inline		
		0.001
ul.d-lg-none.pl-2		
		0.001
ul.d-lg-none.pl-2		
		0.001
Avoid long main-thread tasks — 1 long task found		^
Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to in	put delay. <u>Learn more</u> (TE	BT
	Show 3rd-party	resources (1)
URL	Start Time	Duration
/jquery-3.4.1.min.js (code.jquery.com)	4,586 ms	150 ms

sed audits (24)		^
Properly size images		^
Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. Learn more		
Minify CSS — Potential savings of 3 KiB		^
Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. <u>Learn more</u> . FCP LCP		
Sh	ow 3rd-party ro	esources (1)
URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
css/base.css (vinyl-rack.s3.amazonaws.com)	8.2 KiB	2.6 KiB
Minify JavaScript		^
Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. <u>Learn more</u> . <u>FCP</u> <u>LCP</u>		
Preconnect to required origins		^
Consider adding `preconnect` or `dns-prefetch` resource hints to establish early connections to imp	oortant third-pa	rty origins.
Initial server response time was short — Root document took 80 ms		^
Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other requests depend on \fbox{LCP}	it. <u>Learn more</u> .	. (FCP)
□ Sh	ow 3rd party re	esources (0)
URL		Time Spent
/wishlist/ (vinyl-rack.herokuapp.com)		80 ms
Avoid multiple page redirects		^
Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. <u>Learn more</u> . <u>FCP</u> <u>LCP</u>		
Preload key requests		^
Consider using ` <link rel="preload"/> ` to prioritize fetching resources that are currently requested late more. FCP LCP	er in page load.	<u>Learn</u>
Jse HTTP/2		^
HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers and multiplexing. <u>Learn mor</u>	<u>e</u> .	
Use video formats for animated content		^
Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos fo PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. <u>Learn more</u> [LCP]	or animations a	nd
Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles		^
Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed	d by network ac	ctivity.
(TBT)		

Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nomodule feature detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers. Learn More TBT

	☐ Sho	w 3rd-party resources (2)
URL		Potential Savings
Preload Largest Contentful Paint image		^
Preload the image used by the LCP element in order to improve	re your LCP time. <u>Learn more</u> . <u>LCP</u>	
Avoids enormous network payloads — Total size was 718 KiB	3	^
Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly of	correlated with long load times. Learr	n more. LCP
	✓ Sho	w 3rd-party resources (9)
URL		Transfer Size
/v3/ (js.stripe.com)		264.5 KiB
/media/beatles-1967-1979.jpg (vinyl-rack.s3.amazonaws.com)		142.3 KiB
webfonts/free-fa-solid-900.woff2 (ka-f.fontawesome.com)		77.2 KiB
webfonts/free-fa-brands-400.woff2 (ka-f.fontawesome.com)		75.8 KiB
/jquery-3.4.1.min.js (code.jquery.com)		30.1 KiB
css/bootstrap.min.css (stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com)		24.3 KiB
js/bootstrap.min.js (stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com)		16.2 KiB
/out-4.5.40.js (m.stripe.network)		15.5 KiB
/wishlist/ (vinyl-rack.herokuapp.com)		14.0 KiB
v20/S6uyw4BMUwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)		13.8 KiB
Avoids an excessive DOM size — 147 elements		^
A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer style c	alculations, and produce costly layou	it reflows. <u>Learn more</u> .
Statistic	Element	Value
Total DOM Elements		147
Maximum DOM Depth	i.fas.fa-search	13
	body	
Maximum Child Elements		5
User Timing marks and measures		_

Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. <u>Learn more</u>.

JavaScript execution time — 0.1 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. <u>Learn more</u>. (TBT)

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (2)

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
Unattributable	156 ms	11 ms	0 ms
/wishlist/ (vinyl-rack.herokuapp.com)	147 ms	6 ms	2 ms
/v3/ (js.stripe.com)	73 ms	60 ms	13 ms
/jquery-3.4.1.min.js (code.jquery.com)	58 ms	32 ms	5 ms

Minimizes main-thread work — 0.5 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn more TBT

Category	Time Spent
Other	188 ms
Script Evaluation	163 ms
Style & Layout	68 ms
Parse HTML & CSS	50 ms
Script Parsing & Compilation	25 ms
Rendering	18 ms
Garbage Collection	3 ms

All text remains visible during webfont loads

Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. Learn more. FCP (LCP)

Minimize third-party usage — Third-party code blocked the main thread for 0 ms

Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. <u>Learn more</u>. (TBT)

Show 3rd-party resources (0)

Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
Stripe	285 KiB	2 ms
/v3/ (js.stripe.com)	264 KiB	2 ms
/out-4.5.40.js (m.stripe.network)	16 KiB	0 ms
FontAwesome CDN	175 KiB	0 ms
webfonts/free-fa-solid-900.woff2 (ka-f.fontawesome.d	om) 77 KiB	0 ms

Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
webfonts/free-fa-brands-400.woff2 (ka-f.fontawesome.com)	76 KiB	0 ms
css/free.min.css?token=2c410f4ae7 (ka-f.fontawesome.com)	13 KiB	0 ms
Other resources	9 KiB	0 ms
Amazon Web Services	152 KiB	0 ms
/media/beatles-1967-1979.jpg (vinyl-rack.s3.amazonaws.com)	142 KiB	0 ms
css/base.css (vinyl-rack.s3.amazonaws.com)	8 KiB	0 ms
Bootstrap CDN	40 KiB	0 ms
css/bootstrap.min.css (stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com)	24 KiB	0 ms
js/bootstrap.min.js (stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com)	16 KiB	0 ms
j <u>Query CDN</u>	30 KiB	0 ms
/jquery-3.4.1.min.js (code.jquery.com)	30 KiB	0 ms
Google Fonts	14 KiB	0 ms
v20/S6uyw4BMUwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	14 KiB	0 ms
JSDelivr CDN	7 KiB	0 ms
umd/popper.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	7 KiB	0 ms
Lazy load third-party resources with facades Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing them w	ith a facade until they	are required. <u>Learn more</u> .
(TBT)		
Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance		^
Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as `passive` to in	nprove your page's scr	oll performance. <u>Learn more</u> .
Avoids document.write()		^
For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via `seconds. <u>Learn more</u> .	document.write()` can	delay page load by tens of
Avoid non-composited animations		^
Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. Le	earn more CLS	
Image elements have explicit width and height		^
Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shifts	s and improve CLS. <u>Le</u>	earn more CLS



Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Only a subset of accessibility issues can be automatically detected so manual testing is also encouraged.

more in our guide on conducting an accessibility review.

	The page has a logical tab order	^
	Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Interactive controls are keyboard focusable	^
	Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state	^
	Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page	^
	If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region	^
	A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Custom controls have associated labels	^
	Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Custom controls have ARIA roles	^
	Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Visual order on the page follows DOM order	^
	DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology	^
	Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn more.	
	HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation	^
	Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology Learn more.</nav></main>	r.
Pa	ssed audits (19)	^
	[aria-*] attributes match their roles	^
	Each ARIA `role` supports a specific subset of `aria-*` attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the `aria-*` attributes. <u>Learn.</u>	1
	[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body></body>	^
	Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when `aria-hidden="true"` is set on the document ` <body>`. <u>Learn more</u>.</body>	
	[aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents	_

Focusable descendents within an `[aria-hidden="true"]` element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. Learn more. [aria-*] attributes have valid values Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. Learn more. [aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more. Buttons have an accessible name When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. Learn more. Background and foreground colors have a sufficient contrast ratio Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Learn more. Document has a <title> element The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more. ARIA IDs are unique The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. Learn more. Heading elements appear in a sequentially-descending order Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate and understand when using assistive technologies. Learn more. <html> element has a [lang] attribute If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. Learn more. <html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> helps screen readers announce text properly. <u>Learn more</u>. Links have a discernible name Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. Learn more. Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>). Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. Learn more.

List items () are contained within or parent elements

Learn more

Screen readers require list items (`') to be contained within a parent '' or '' to be announced properly. Learn [user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5. Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. Learn more. Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table. Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring `` cells using the `[headers]` attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more. elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe. Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more. Not applicable (25) [accesskey] values are unique Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. Learn more. button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA input fields have accessible names When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA meter elements have accessible names When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names When a 'progressbar' element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. [role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. Learn more.

[role]s are contained by their required parent element Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility functions.

Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more.

Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children.

[role] values are valid ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. ARIA toggle fields have accessible names When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. <dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements. When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. Learn more. Definition list items are wrapped in <dl> elements Definition list items ('<dt>' and '<dd>') must be wrapped in a parent '<dl>' element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. Learn more. [id] attributes on active, focusable elements are unique All focusable elements must have a unique 'id' to ensure that they're visible to assistive technologies. Learn more. No form fields have multiple labels Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use either the first, the last, or all of the labels. Learn more. <frame> or <iframe> elements have a title Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. Learn more. Image elements have [alt] attributes Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more. <input type="image"> elements have [alt] text When an image is being used as an `<input>` button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. Learn more. Form elements have associated labels Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. Learn more. The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"> Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. Learn more. <object> elements have [alt] text

Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alt text to `<object>` elements helps screen readers convey meaning to users. <u>Learn more</u>.

No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0

A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u>.

[lang] attributes have a valid value

Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. <u>Learn more</u>.

<video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="captions"]

When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. Learn more.



Best Practices

Trust and Safety

▲ Includes front-end JavaScript libraries with known security vulnerabilities — 2 vulnerabilities detected

Some third-party scripts may contain known security vulnerabilities that are easily identified and exploited by attackers. Learn more.

Library Version Vulnerability Count Highest Severity

jQuery@3.4.1 2 Medium

Ensure CSP is effective against XSS attacks

A strong Content Security Policy (CSP) significantly reduces the risk of cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks. Learn more

Description Directive Severity

No CSP found in enforcement mode High

Passed audits (16)

Uses HTTPS

All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding <u>mixed content</u>, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. <u>Learn more</u>.

Links to cross-origin destinations are safe

Add `rel="noopener"` or `rel="noreferrer"` to any external links to improve performance and prevent security vulnerabilities. Learn more. Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a user action instead. Learn more. Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. Learn more. Allows users to paste into password fields Preventing password pasting undermines good security policy. Learn more. Displays images with correct aspect ratio Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn more. Serves images with appropriate resolution Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. Learn more. Page has the HTML doctype Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn more. Properly defines charset A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a `<meta>` tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. Learn more. Avoids unload event listeners The 'unload' event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Consider using the 'pagehide' or 'visibilitychange' events instead. Learn more **Avoids Application Cache** Application Cache is deprecated. Learn more. **Detected JavaScript libraries** All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. Learn more. Name Version 4.4.1 Bootstrap 3.4.1 jQuery Avoids deprecated APIs Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more. No browser errors logged to the console

Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. <u>Learn more</u>

Page has valid source maps

Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. <u>Learn more</u>.

Show 3rd-party resources (2)

URL Map URL

- ...js/bootstrap.min.js (stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com) ...js/bootstrap.min.js.map (stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com)
- ...umd/popper.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net) ...umd/popper.min.js.map (cdn.jsdelivr.net)

No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools

Issues logged to the 'Issues' panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more details on each issue.

Not applicable (1)

Fonts with font-display: optional are preloaded

Preload 'optional' fonts so first-time visitors may use them. Learn more



SEO

These checks ensure that your page is following basic search engine optimization advice. There are many additional factors Lighthouse does not score here that may affect your search ranking, including performance on

Core Web Vitals. Learn more.

Additional items to manually check (1) — Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.

Structured data is valid

Run the Structured Data Testing Tool and the Structured Data Linter to validate structured data. Learn more.

Passed audits (11)

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag With width or initial-scale

Add a `<meta name="viewport">` tag to optimize your app for mobile screens. <u>Learn more</u>.

Document has a <	:itle> element			^
_	en reader users an overview of the their search. <u>Learn more.</u>	he page, and search engine users re	y on it heavily to determine if a	
Document has a m	eta description			^
Meta descriptions	may be included in search results	s to concisely summarize page conte	nt. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Page has success	ful HTTP status code			^
Pages with unsucc	essful HTTP status codes may n	ot be indexed properly. <u>Learn more</u> .		
Links have descrip	tive text			^
Descriptive link tex	t helps search engines understar	nd your content. <u>Learn more</u> .		
Links are crawlable	;			^
_		crawl websites. Ensure that the `hre site can be discovered. <u>Learn More</u>	f` attribute of anchor elements link	(S
Page isn't blocked	from indexing			^
Search engines are	e unable to include your pages in	search results if they don't have peri	mission to crawl them. <u>Learn more</u>	<u> </u>
Document has a va	alid hreflang			^
hreflang links tell s	earch engines what version of a p	page they should list in search results	s for a given language or region.	
Document uses leg	gible font sizes — 100% legible	text		^
	n 12px are too small to be legible e text ≥12px. <u>Learn more</u> .	e and require mobile visitors to "pinch	to zoom" in order to read. Strive t	0
			Show 3rd party resources	(0)
Source	Selector	% of Page Text	Font Size	
Legible text		100.00%	≥ 12px	
Document avoids p	olugins			^
Search engines ca	n't index plugin content, and mar	ny devices restrict plugins or don't sup	pport them. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Tap targets are siz	ed appropriately — 100% appro	priately sized tap targets		^
	ts like buttons and links should be o without overlapping onto other e	e large enough (48x48px), and have elements. <u>Learn more</u> .	enough space around them, to be	
Not applicable (3)				^
robots.txt is valid				^
If your robots.txt fil-	•	t be able to understand how you wan	your website to be crawled or	

Image elements have [alt] attributes

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. <u>Learn more</u>.

Document has a valid rel=canonical

Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more.



Progressive Web App

These checks validate the aspects of a Progressive Web App. Learn more.

Installable

▲ Web app manifest or service worker do not meet the installability requirements — 4 reasons

Service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. With proper service worker and manifest implementations, browsers can proactively prompt users to add your app to their homescreen, which can lead to higher engagement. <u>Learn more</u>.

Failure reason

Manifest start URL is not valid

Manifest does not contain a 'name' or 'short_name' field

No matching service worker detected. You may need to reload the page, or check that the scope of the service worker for the current page encloses the scope and start URL from the manifest.

Downloaded icon was empty or corrupted

PWA Optimized

▲ Does not register a service worker that controls page and start_url

The service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. <u>Learn more</u>.

▲ Does not redirect HTTP traffic to HTTPS

If you've already set up HTTPS, make sure that you redirect all HTTP traffic to HTTPS in order to enable secure web features for all your users. <u>Learn more</u>.

▲ Is not configured for a custom splash screen Failures: Manifest does not have `name`.

A themed splash screen ensures a high-quality experience when users launch your app from their homescreens. <u>Learn more</u>.

▲ Does not set a theme color for the address bar. Failures: No `<meta name="theme-color">` tag found.

The browser address bar can be themed to match your site. <u>Learn more</u>.

Content is sized correctly for the viewport

If the width of your app's content doesn't match the width of the viewport, your app might not be optimized for mobile screens. Learn more.

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

Add a `<meta name="viewport">` tag to optimize your app for mobile screens. Learn more.

Provides a valid apple-touch-icon

For ideal appearance on iOS when users add a progressive web app to the home screen, define an `apple-touch-icon`. It must point to a non-transparent 192px (or 180px) square PNG. <u>Learn More</u>.

▲ Manifest doesn't have a maskable icon

A maskable icon ensures that the image fills the entire shape without being letterboxed when installing the app on a device. Learn more.

Additional items to manually check (3) — These checks are required by the baseline <u>PWA Checklist</u> but are not automatically checked by Lighthouse. They do not affect your score but it's important that you verify them manually.

Site works cross-browser

To reach the most number of users, sites should work across every major browser. Learn more.

Page transitions don't feel like they block on the network

Transitions should feel snappy as you tap around, even on a slow network. This experience is key to a user's perception of performance. <u>Learn more</u>.

Each page has a URL

Ensure individual pages are deep linkable via URL and that URLs are unique for the purpose of shareability on social media. <u>Learn more</u>.

Runtime Settings

URL https://vinyl-rack.herokuapp.com/wishlist/

Fetch Time Oct 17, 2021, 11:22 AM GMT+1

Device Emulated Moto G4

Network throttling 150 ms TCP RTT, 1,638.4 Kbps throughput (Simulated)

CPU throttling 4x slowdown (Simulated)

Channel devtools

User agent (host) Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like

Gecko) Chrome/94.0.4606.81 Safari/537.36

User agent (network) Mozilla/5.0 (Linux; Android 7.0; Moto G (4)) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like

Gecko) Chrome/94.0.4590.2 Mobile Safari/537.36 Chrome-Lighthouse

CPU/Memory Power 1486

Axe version 4.2.3

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