



Performance



Values are estimated and may vary. The performance score is calculated directly from these metrics. See calculator.





















Show audits relevant to: All FCP LCP TBT CLS

Opportunities — These suggestions can help your page load faster. They don't directly affect the Performance score.

Opportunity **Estimated Savings**

Eliminate render-blocking resources

0.43 s ^

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. Learn more. FCP LCP

Show 3rd-party resources (8)

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
css/bootstrap.min.css (stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com)	24.9 KiB	290 ms
/css?family=Lato&display=swap (fonts.googleapis.com)	1.1 KiB	220 ms

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
css/base.css (vinyl-rack.s3.amazonaws.com)	8.2 KiB	220 ms
/jquery-3.4.1.min.js (code.jquery.com)	30.1 KiB	330 ms
umd/popper.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	7.4 KiB	240 ms
js/bootstrap.min.js (stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com)	16.2 KiB	80 ms
/2c410f4ae7.js (kit.fontawesome.com)	4.0 KiB	220 ms
/v3/ (js.stripe.com)	63.5 KiB	400 ms

Diagnostics — More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't <u>directly affect</u> the Performance score.

▲ Image elements do not have explicit width and height

Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shifts and improve CLS. <u>Learn more CLS</u>

Show 3rd party resources (1)

URL

Failing Elements



/media/paolo-nutini-sunny-side-up.jpg (vinyl-rack.s3.amazonaws.com)



img. card imgtop.i mgfluid

Serve static assets with an efficient cache policy — 3 resources found

A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. Learn more.

Show 3rd party resources (3)

/v3/ (js.stripe.com)	ne TTL	Transfer Size
	1 m	64 KiB
js/m-outer-2a901eajs (js.stripe.com)	1 m	1 KiB
/out-4.5.40.js (m.stripe.network)	5 m	28 KiB

Avoid chaining critical requests — 10 chains found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. Learn more. FCP (LCP)

Maximum critical path latency: 560 ms

Initial Navigation

/products/31/ (vinyl-rack.herokuapp.com)

...css/bootstrap.min.css (stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com) - 70 ms, 24.90 KiB

/css?family=Lato&display=swap (fonts.googleapis.com)

...v20/S6uyw4BMU....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) - 100 ms, 14.36 KiB

...css/base.css (vinyl-rack.s3.amazonaws.com) - 40 ms, 8.16 KiB

...webfonts/free-fa-brands-400.woff2 (ka-f.fontawesome.com) - 40 ms, 75.74 KiB

...webfonts/free-fa-solid-900.woff2 (ka-f.fontawesome.com) - 70 ms, 77.14 KiB

/jquery-3.4.1.min.js (code.jquery.com) - 30 ms, 30.07 KiB

...umd/popper.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net) - 20 ms, 7.41 KiB

...js/bootstrap.min.js (stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com) - 80 ms, 16.22 KiB

/2c410f4ae7.js (kit.fontawesome.com) - 40 ms, 3.97 KiB

/v3/ (js.stripe.com) - 30 ms, 63.51 KiB

Keep request counts low and transfer sizes small — 22 requests • 605 KiB

To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget.json file. Learn more.

Resource Type	Requests	Transfer Size
Total	22	605.4 KiB
Image	1	209.8 KiB
Font	3	167.2 KiB
Script	7	150.4 KiB
Stylesheet	3	34.1 KiB
Document	3	22.6 KiB
Other	5	21.2 KiB
Media	0	0.0 KiB
Third-party	21	584.8 KiB

Largest Contentful Paint element — 1 element found

This is the largest contentful element painted within the viewport. Learn More [LCP]

Element



img.card-img-top.img-fluid

Avoid large layout shifts — 5 elements found

These DOM elements contribute most to the CLS of the page. (CLS)

Element CLS Contribution

Element	CLS	Contribution
div.row.nav-bg		
		0.001
div.col.banner-bg.text-white		
		0.001
		0.001
divided 42 and let 4 may pute my 4 my let 0		
div.col-12.col-lg-4.my-auto.py-1.py-lg-0		
		0
h4.logo-font.my-1		
		0
div.col-12.col-lg-4.my-auto.py-1.py-lg-0.text-center.text-lg-	left	
		0
		O
ed audits (30)		/
roperly size images — Potential savings of 96 KiB		
erve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. <u>Lea</u>	<u>ırn more</u> .	
	Show 3rd-party re	esources (1)
URL	Resource Size	Potentia Saving
/media/paolo-nutini-sunny-side-up.jpg (vinyl-rack.s3.amazonaws.com)	209.3 KiB	96.1 KiB
efer offscreen images		
consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished iteractive. Learn more.	d loading to lower time	to
Minify CSS — Potential savings of 3 KiB		
inifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. <u>Learn more</u> . (FCP) (LCP)		

	Show 3rd party re	esources (1)
URL	Transfer Size	Potenti Savinç
css/base.css (vinyl-rack.s3.amazonaws.com)	8.2 KiB	2.6 KiE
Minify JavaScript		
Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. <u>Learn more</u> . <u>FCF</u>	PLCP	
Reduce unused CSS — Potential savings of 35 KiB		
Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to network activity. <u>Learn more</u> . <u>FCP</u> <u>LCP</u>	to decrease bytes con	sumed by
	Show 3rd-party re	esources (1
URL	Transfer Size	Potent Savin
css/bootstrap.min.css (stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com)	24.9 KiB	23.1 Kil
/*! * Font Awesome Free 5.15.4 by @fontawesome - https://fontawesome.com * License - https://fonta	12.0 KiB	11.9 Kil
Reduce unused JavaScript — Potential savings of 49 KiB		
Reduce unused JavaScript and defer loading scripts until they are required to decrease byt <u>earn more</u> . (LCP)	tes consumed by netw	ork activity.
	Show 3rd party re	esources (1
URL	Transfer Size	Potent Savin
/v3/ (js.stripe.com)	63.5 KiB	48.9 Kil
Efficiently encode images — Potential savings of 24 KiB		
Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. <u>Learn more</u> .		
	Show 3rd-party re	esources (1
URL	Resource Size	Potent Savin
/media/paolo-nutini-sunny-side-up.jpg (vinyl-rack.s3.amazonaws.com)	209.3 KiB	23.9 Kil
Serve images in next-gen formats — Potential savings of 106 KiB		
Image formats like WebP and AVIF often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, wand less data consumption. Learn more.	vhich means faster do	wnloads
	Show 3rd-party re	esources (1
URL	Resource Size	Potent Savin
Pinte Nata		

Enable text compression — Potential savings of 21 KiB		^
Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize tota more. FCP LCP	al network bytes.	<u>Learn</u>
	Show 3rd-party re	esources (1)
URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
/products/31/ (vinyl-rack.herokuapp.com)	20.1 KiB	15.5 KiB
css/base.css (vinyl-rack.s3.amazonaws.com)	7.7 KiB	5.5 KiB
Preconnect to required origins		^
Consider adding `preconnect` or `dns-prefetch` resource hints to establish early connections to in Learn more. FCP LCP	mportant third-pa	arty origins.
Initial server response time was short — Root document took 320 ms		^
Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other requests depend of LCP	on it. <u>Learn more</u>	. (FCP)
	Show 3rd party re	eseurees (0)
URL		Time Spent
/products/31/ (vinyl-rack.herokuapp.com)		320 ms
Avoid multiple page redirects		^
Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. <u>Learn more</u> . <u>FCP</u> <u>LCP</u>		
Preload key requests		^
Consider using ` <link rel="preload"/> ` to prioritize fetching resources that are currently requested la more. FCP LCP	ater in page load.	Learn
Use HTTP/2		^
HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers and multiplexing. Learn m	nore.	
Use video formats for animated content		^
Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. <u>Learn more</u> <u>LCP</u>	for animations a	nd
Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles		^
Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consum (TBT)	ned by network a	ctivity.
Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers — Potential savings of 0 KiB		^
Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for More TBT	g module/nomod	ule feature
	Show 3rd-party re	esources (2)

experiences. Learn more.

URL **Potential Savings** Preload Largest Contentful Paint image Preload the image used by the LCP element in order to improve your LCP time. Learn more. [LCP] Avoids enormous network payloads — Total size was 605 KiB Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. Learn more. [LCP] ✓ Show 3rd-party resources (9) **URL** Transfer Size 209.8 KiB /media/paolo-nutini-sunny-side-up.jpg (vinyl-rack.s3.amazonaws.com) ...webfonts/free-fa-solid-900.woff2 (ka-f.fontawesome.com) 77.1 KiB ...webfonts/free-fa-brands-400.woff2 (ka-f.fontawesome.com) 75.7 KiB 63.5 KiB /v3/ (js.stripe.com) 30.1 KiB /jquery-3.4.1.min.js (code.jquery.com) 27.8 KiB /out-4.5.40.js (m.stripe.network) 24.9 KiB ...css/bootstrap.min.css (stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com) 20.5 KiB /products/31/ (vinyl-rack.herokuapp.com) 16.2 KiB ...js/bootstrap.min.js (stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com) 14.4 KiB ...v20/S6uyw4BMU....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) Avoids an excessive DOM size — 180 elements A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer style calculations, and produce costly layout reflows. Learn more. (TBT) Statistic Element Value **Total DOM Elements** 180 i.fas.fa-minus Maximum DOM Depth 16 div.product-details-container.mb-5.mt-md-5 Maximum Child Elements 9 User Timing marks and measures Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user

JavaScript execution time - 0.0 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn more. (TBT)

Show 3rd-party resources (0)

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
Unattributable	52 ms	3 ms	0 ms

Minimizes main-thread work — 0.1 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn more (TBT)

Category	Time Spent
Other	56 ms
Script Evaluation	43 ms
Style & Layout	25 ms
Parse HTML & CSS	11 ms
Rendering	7 ms
Script Parsing & Compilation	6 ms
Garbage Collection	2 ms
All text remains visible during webfont loads	

All text remains visible during webfont loads

Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. Learn more. (FCP) (LCP)

Minimize third-party usage — Third-party code blocked the main thread for 0 ms

Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. Learn more. (TBT)

Show 3rd-party resources (0)

Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
Amazon Web Services	220 KiB	0 ms
/media/paolo-nutini-sunny-side-up.jpg (vinyl-rack.s3.amazonaws.com)	210 KiB	0 ms
FontAwesome CDN	176 KiB	0 ms
webfonts/free-fa-solid-900.woff2 (ka-f.fontawesome.com)	77 KiB	0 ms
webfonts/free-fa-brands-400.woff2 (ka-f.fontawesome.com)	76 KiB	0 ms
css/free.min.css?token=2c410f4ae7 (ka-f.fontawesome.com)	13 KiB	0 ms
Other resources	10 KiB	0 ms
<u>Stripe</u>	95 KiB	0 ms
/v3/ (js.stripe.com)	64 KiB	0 ms
/out-4.5.40.js (m.stripe.network)	28 KiB	0 ms
Bootstrap CDN	41 KiB	0 ms

Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
css/bootstrap.min.css (stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com)	25 KiB	0 ms
js/bootstrap.min.js (stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com)	16 KiB	0 ms
jQuery CDN	30 KiB	0 ms
/jquery-3.4.1.min.js (code.jquery.com)	30 KiB	0 ms
Google Fonts	15 KiB	0 ms
v20/S6uyw4BMUwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	14 KiB	0 ms
JSDelivr CDN	7 KiB	0 ms
umd/popper.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	7 KiB	0 ms
Lazy load third-party resources with facades		^
Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing them v	vith a facade until they a	re required. <u>Learn more</u> .
Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance		^
Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as 'passive' to in	mprove your page's scro	Il performance. <u>Learn more</u> .
Avoids document.write()		^
For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via seconds. <u>Learn more</u> .	`document.write()` can c	delay page load by tens of
Avoid long main-thread tasks		^
Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst co	ntributors to input delay.	Learn more (TBT)
Avoid non-composited animations		^
Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. <u>L</u>	earn more CLS	



Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Only a subset of accessibility issues can be automatically detected so manual testing is also encouraged.

Names and labels — These are opportunities to improve the semantics of the controls in your application. This may enhance the experience for users of assistive technology, like a screen reader.

▲ Buttons do not have an accessible name

When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

Failing Elements

	button.form-control.btn.btn-black.border.border-black.rounded-0	
	button#decrement-qty_31.decrement-qty.btn.border.rounded-0	
	button#increment-qty_31.increment-qty.btn.border.rounded-0	
Background and foreground	nities to improve the legibility of your content. colors do not have a sufficient contrast ratio. or impossible for many users to read. Learn more.	/
Failing Elements	p	
Failing Elements	p.text-small	

Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate and understand when using assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u>.

Heading elements are not in a sequentially-descending order

Failing	Elements
---------	----------



Additional items to manually check (10) — These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn ^ more in our guide on conducting an accessibility review.

The page has a logical tab order	^
Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Interactive controls are keyboard focusable	^
Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state	^
Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. <u>Learn more</u> .	
The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page	^
If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. <u>Learn more</u> .	
User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region	^
A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Custom controls have associated labels	^
Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Custom controls have ARIA roles	^
Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Visual order on the page follows DOM order	^
DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology	^
Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. <u>Learn more</u> .	
HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation	^
Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology Learn more.</nav></main>	<i>'</i> .

Passed audits (18)

Each ARIA 'role' supports a specific subset of 'aria-*' attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the 'aria-*' attributes. Learn more. [aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body> Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when `aria-hidden="true" is set on the document `<body>`. Learn more. [aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents Focusable descendents within an `[aria-hidden="true"]` element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. Learn more. [aria-*] attributes have valid values Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. Learn more. [aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more. The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. Learn more. Document has a <title> element The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more. [id] attributes on active, focusable elements are unique All focusable elements must have a unique 'id' to ensure that they're visible to assistive technologies. Learn more. ARIA IDs are unique The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. Learn more. <html> element has a [lang] attribute If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. Learn more. html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute Specifying a valid BCP 47 language helps screen readers announce text properly. Learn more. Image elements have [alt] attributes Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more. Form elements have associated labels Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. Learn more. Links have a discernible name

Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.

Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>).

Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. <u>Learn more</u>.

List items () are contained within or parent elements

Screen readers require list items (``) to be contained within a parent `` or `` to be announced properly. <u>Learn more</u>.

[user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5.

Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. <u>Learn more</u>.

Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring `` cells using the `[headers]` attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.

Not applicable (23)

[accesskey] values are unique

Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. Learn more.

button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

ARIA input fields have accessible names

When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

ARIA meter elements have accessible names

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names

When a 'progressbar' element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

[role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes

Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. Learn more.

Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children.

Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more.

[role]s are contained by their required parent element Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. [role] values are valid ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. ARIA toggle fields have accessible names When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. <dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements. When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. Learn more. Definition list items are wrapped in <dl> elements Definition list items ('<dt>' and '<dd>') must be wrapped in a parent '<dl>' element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. Learn more. No form fields have multiple labels Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use either the first, the last, or all of the labels. Learn more. <frame> or <iframe> elements have a title Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. Learn more. <input type="image"> elements have [alt] text When an image is being used as an `<input>` button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. Learn more. The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"> Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. Learn more. <object> elements have [alt] text Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding all text to `<object>` elements helps screen readers convey meaning to users. Learn more.

No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0

A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u>.

elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.

[lang] attributes have a valid value

Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. <u>Learn more</u>.

<video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="captions"]

When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. Learn more.



Best Practices

Trust and Safety

▲ Links to cross-origin destinations are unsafe

Add `rel="noopener"` or `rel="noreferrer"` to any external links to improve performance and prevent security vulnerabilities. Learn more.

Failing Anchors



▲ Includes front-end JavaScript libraries with known security vulnerabilities — 2 vulnerabilities detected

Some third-party scripts may contain known security vulnerabilities that are easily identified and exploited by attackers. <u>Learn more</u>.

Library Version Vulnerability Count Highest Severity

<u>jQuery@3.4.1</u> 2 Medium

Ensure CSP is effective against XSS attacks

A strong Content Security Policy (CSP) significantly reduces the risk of cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks. Learn more

Description Directive Severity

Description Directive Severity

No CSP found in enforcement mode High

General

. .

Browser errors were logged to the console

Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. <u>Learn more</u>

Show 3rd-party resources (1)

Source

Description

jquery-3.4.1. min.js:

2

TypeError: Cannot read properties of null (reading 'style') at HTMLDocument.<anonymous> (https://vinyl-rack.herokuapp.com/products/31/:434:51) at e (https://code.jquery.com/jquery-3.4.1.min.js:2:29453) at t (https://code.jquery.com/jquery-3.4.1.min.js:2:29755)

Passed audits (14)

Uses HTTPS

All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding <u>mixed content</u>, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. <u>Learn more</u>.

Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a user action instead. Learn more.

Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. <u>Learn more</u>.

Allows users to paste into password fields

Preventing password pasting undermines good security policy. Learn more.

Displays images with correct aspect ratio

Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn more.

Serves images with appropriate resolution

Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. <u>Learn more</u>.

Page has the HTML doctype

Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn more.

Properly defines charset

2021, 10:54				
A character encoding declaration is required. It can be do Content-Type HTTP response header. <u>Learn more</u> .	one with a ` <meta/> ` tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the			
Avoids unload event listeners	^			
The `unload` event does not fire reliably and listening for Consider using the `pagehide` or `visibilitychange` event	it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. s instead. <u>Learn more</u>			
Avoids Application Cache	^			
Application Cache is deprecated. <u>Learn more</u> .				
Detected JavaScript libraries	^			
All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. <u>Learn more</u> .				
Name	Version			
Bootstrap	4.4.1			

3.4.1

Avoids deprecated APIs

jQuery

Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more.

Page has valid source maps

Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. Learn more.

Show 3rd party resources (2)

URL Map URL ...js/bootstrap.min.js (stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com) ...js/bootstrap.min.js.map (stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com) ...umd/popper.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net) ...umd/popper.min.js.map (cdn.jsdelivr.net)

No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools

Issues logged to the 'Issues' panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more details on each issue.

Not applicable (1)

Fonts with font-display: optional are preloaded

Preload 'optional' fonts so first-time visitors may use them. Learn more



SEO

These checks ensure that your page is following basic search engine optimization advice. There are many additional factors Lighthouse does not score here that may affect your search ranking, including performance on Core Web Vitals. Learn more.

 $\hbox{\bf Crawling and Indexing} \ - \ \hbox{\bf To appear in search results, crawlers need access to your app.}$

A	Links are not crawlable	^
	Search engines may use 'href' attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the 'href' attribute of anchor elements links to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. <u>Learn More</u>	
	Uncrawlable Link	
	a#deleteBtn.btn.btn-danger.rounded-0	
	ditional items to manually check (1) — Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best actices.	^
	Structured data is valid	^
	Run the <u>Structured Data Testing Tool</u> and the <u>Structured Data Linter</u> to validate structured data. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Pa	ssed audits (9)	^
	Has a <meta name="viewport"/> tag with width or initial-scale	^
	Add a ` <meta name="viewport"/> ` tag to optimize your app for mobile screens. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Document has a <title> element</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Document has a meta description</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Page has successful HTTP status code</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. Learn more.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Links have descriptive text</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Page isn't blocked from indexing</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Image elements have [alt] attributes</td><td>^</td></tr></tbody></table></title>	

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. <u>Learn more</u>.

Document has a valid hreflang

hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region. <u>Learn more</u>.

Document avoids plugins

Search engines can't index plugin content, and many devices restrict plugins or don't support them. Learn more.

Not applicable (4)

robots.txt is valid

If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled or indexed. Learn more.

Document has a valid rel=canonical

Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more.

Document uses legible font sizes

Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive to have >60% of page text ≥12px. <u>Learn more</u>.

Tap targets are sized appropriately

Interactive elements like buttons and links should be large enough (48x48px), and have enough space around them, to be easy enough to tap without overlapping onto other elements. <u>Learn more</u>.



Progressive Web App

These checks validate the aspects of a Progressive Web App. Learn more.

Installable

Web app manifest or service worker do not meet the installability requirements — 4 reasons

Service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. With proper service worker and manifest implementations, browsers can proactively prompt users to add your app to their homescreen, which can lead to higher engagement. <u>Learn more</u>.

Failure reason

Manifest start URL is not valid

Manifest does not contain a 'name' or 'short name' field

Failure reason

No matching service worker detected. You may need to reload the page, or check that the scope of the service worker for the current page encloses the scope and start URL from the manifest.

Downloaded icon was empty or corrupted

PWA Optimized

Does not register a service worker that controls page and start_url The service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. Learn more. Does not redirect HTTP traffic to HTTPS If you've already set up HTTPS, make sure that you redirect all HTTP traffic to HTTPS in order to enable secure web features for all your users. Learn more. Is not configured for a custom splash screen Failures: Manifest does not have `name`. A themed splash screen ensures a high-quality experience when users launch your app from their homescreens. Learn more. Does not set a theme color for the address bar. Failures: No `<meta name="theme-color"> `tag found. The browser address bar can be themed to match your site. Learn more. Content is sized correctly for the viewport If the width of your app's content doesn't match the width of the viewport, your app might not be optimized for mobile screens. Learn more. Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale Add a `<meta name="viewport">` tag to optimize your app for mobile screens. Learn more. Provides a valid apple-touch-icon For ideal appearance on iOS when users add a progressive web app to the home screen, define an 'apple-touch-icon'. It must point to a non-transparent 192px (or 180px) square PNG. Learn More. Manifest doesn't have a maskable icon A maskable icon ensures that the image fills the entire shape without being letterboxed when installing the app on a device. Learn more.

Additional items to manually check (3) — These checks are required by the baseline <u>PWA Checklist</u> but are not automatically checked by Lighthouse. They do not affect your score but it's important that you verify them manually.

Site works cross-browser

To reach the most number of users, sites should work across every major browser. Learn more.

Page transitions don't feel like they block on the network

Transitions should feel snappy as you tap around, even on a slow network. This experience is key to a user's perception of performance. <u>Learn more</u>.

Each page has a URL

Ensure individual pages are deep linkable via URL and that URLs are unique for the purpose of shareability on social media. <u>Learn more</u>.

Runtime Settings

URL https://vinyl-rack.herokuapp.com/products/31/

Fetch Time Oct 17, 2021, 10:54 AM GMT+1

Device Emulated Desktop

Network throttling 40 ms TCP RTT, 10,240 Kbps throughput (Simulated)

CPU throttling 1x slowdown (Simulated)

Channel devtools

User agent (host) Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like

Gecko) Chrome/94.0.4606.81 Safari/537.36

User agent (network) Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_15_7) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML,

like Gecko) Chrome/94.0.4590.2 Safari/537.36 Chrome-Lighthouse

CPU/Memory Power 1486

Axe version 4.2.3

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