Form (Rev. December 2014)
Department of the Treasury
Internal Revenue Service

Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

Give Form to the requester. Do not send to the IRS.

	1 Name (as shown on your income tax return). Name is required on this line; do not leave this line blank. PeeringDB					
Print or type See Specific Instructions on page 2.						
	3 Check appropriate box for federal tax classification; check only one of the following seven boxes: Individual/sole proprietor or C Corporation S Corporation Partnership Trust/estate single-member LLC Limited liability company. Enter the tax classification (C=C corporation, S=S corporation, P=partnership) Note. For a single-member LLC that is disregarded, do not check LLC; check the appropriate box in the line above for the tax classification of the single-member owner.			4 Exemptions (codes apply only to certain entities, not individuals; see instructions on page 3): Exempt payee code (if any)		
				Exemption from FATCA reporting code (if any)		
	Other (see instructions) ► 501(c)(6) non-profit corporation			(Applies to accounts maintained outside the U.S.)		
	5 Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.) 1700 7th Ave Ste 116 PMB #299	Requester's name		and address (optional)		
	7 List account number(s) here (optional)	I				
Pa	rt I Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)					
Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on line 1 to avo backup withholding. For individuals, this is generally your social security number (SSN). However, fo resident alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the Part I instructions on page 3. For other entities, it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see <i>How to get TIN</i> on page 3.			Social sec	curity number		
Note. If the account is in more than one name, see the instructions for line 1 and the chart on page 4 guidelines on whose number to enter.			Employer 46	- 5 0 9 7 4 8	7	
Pa	rt II Certification					
Unde	er penalties of perjury, I certify that:					
1. T	he number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for	a numb	er to be is	sued to me); and		
S	am not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (t ervice (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest o longer subject to backup withholding; and					
3. 1	am a U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below); and					
4. Th	ne FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that I am exempt from FATCA reportir	ng is con	ect.			
	ification instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that IRS to a large to the second of the IRS to a large the second of the IRS to a large				olding	

interest paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), and generally, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the certification, but you must provide your correct TIN. See the

General Instructions

Signature of

U.S. person ▶

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Future developments. Information about developments affecting Form W-9 (such as legislation enacted after we release it) is at www.irs.gov/fw9.

Purpose of Form

instructions on page 3.

Sign

Here

An individual or entity (Form W-9 requester) who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) which may be your social security number (SSN), individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN), adoption taxpayer identification number (ATIN), or employer identification number (EIN), to report on an information return the amount paid to you, or other amount reportable on an information return. Examples of information returns include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Form 1099-INT (interest earned or paid)
- Form 1099-DIV (dividends, including those from stocks or mutual funds)
- Form 1099-MISC (various types of income, prizes, awards, or gross proceeds)
- Form 1099-B (stock or mutual fund sales and certain other transactions by brokers)
- Form 1099-S (proceeds from real estate transactions)
- Form 1099-K (merchant card and third party network transactions)

- Form 1098 (home mortgage interest), 1098-E (student loan interest), 1098-T (tuition)
- Form 1099-C (canceled debt)
- Form 1099-A (acquisition or abandonment of secured property)

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN.

If you do not return Form W-9 to the requester with a TIN, you might be subject to backup withholding. See What is backup withholding? on page 2.

By signing the filled-out form, you:

- 1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued)
 - 2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
- 3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income, and
- 4. Certify that FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that you are exempt from the FATCA reporting, is correct. See *What is FATCA reporting?* on page 2 for further information.