



# W10 PCRS

## Linear Search

```
def linear_search(L: list, v: object) -> int:
```

```
    i = 0
```

```
    while i != len(L) and v != L[i]:
```

```
        i = i + 1
```

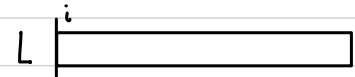
```
    if i == len(L):
```

```
        return -1
```

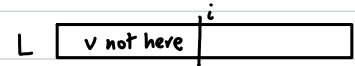
```
    else:
```

```
        return i
```

Initial state:



General case:



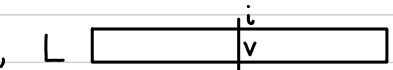
After the loop terminates,

if v **isn't** in the list:



After the loop terminates,

if v **is** in the list:



**Invariant:** Something that doesn't change.

**Loop invariant:** Something that is true before and after each iteration of the loop.

## Binary Search

```
def binary_search(L: list, v: object) -> int:
```

```
    b = 0
```

```
    e = len(L) - 1
```

```
    while b <= e:
```

```
        m = (b + e) // 2
```

```
        if L[m] < v:
```

```
            b = m + 1
```

```
        else:
```

```
            e = m - 1
```

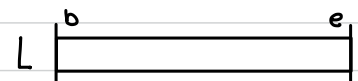
```
    if b == len(L) or L[b] != v:
```

```
        return -1
```

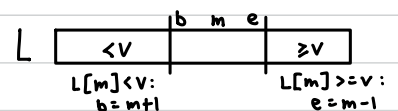
```
    else:
```

```
        return b
```

Initial State:

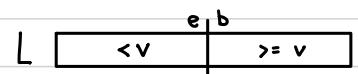


General State:



After loop terminates,

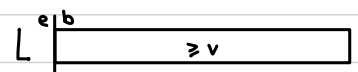
v is **in** L:



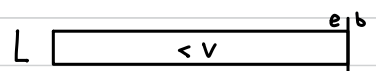
**CASE 1**

After loop terminates,

v is **not in** L:



**CASE 2**



↳ Requires list to be sorted first.

## Bubble Sort

Initial State: L 

i	e
unsorted	

General State: L 

i	e
unsorted	sorted

End State: L 

i=e
sorted

  
first item is technically  
unsorted, but it is smaller  
than the rest.

```
def bubble_sort (L: List) -> NoneType:
    end = len(L) - 1
    while end != 0:
        for i in range(end):
            if L[i] > L[i+1]:
                L[i], L[i+1] = L[i+1], L[i]
        end = end - 1
```

## Selection Sort

Initial State: L 

i
unsorted

General State: L 

i	
sorted	unsorted

End State: L 

i
sorted

```
def get_index_of_smallest (L: list, i: int) -> int:
    index_of_smallest = i
    for j in range(i+1, len(L)):
        if L[j] < L[index_of_smallest]:
            index_of_smallest = j
    return index_of_smallest
```

```
def selection_sort (L: list) -> None:
    for i in range(len(L)):
        index_of_smallest = get_index_of_smallest(L, i)
        L[index_of_smallest], L[i] = L[i], L[index_of_smallest]
```

## Insertion Sort

Initial State: L 

unsorted
----------

<sup>i</sup>

General State: L 

sorted	unsorted
--------	----------

<sup>i</sup>

End State: L 

sorted
--------

<sup>i</sup>

```
def insert (L: list, i: int) -> None:
    value = L[i]
    j = i
    while j != 0 and L[j-1] > value:
        L[j] = L[j-1]
        j = j-1
    L[j] = value
```

```
def insertion-sort (L: list) -> None:
    for i in range(len(L)):
        insert (L, i)
```