



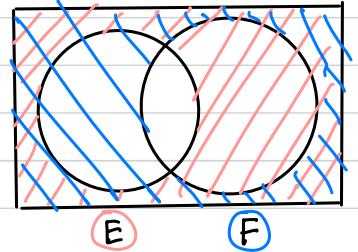
W6 Tutorial Exercises

1. Suppose that two events E and F are independent. Are \bar{E} and \bar{F} independent?

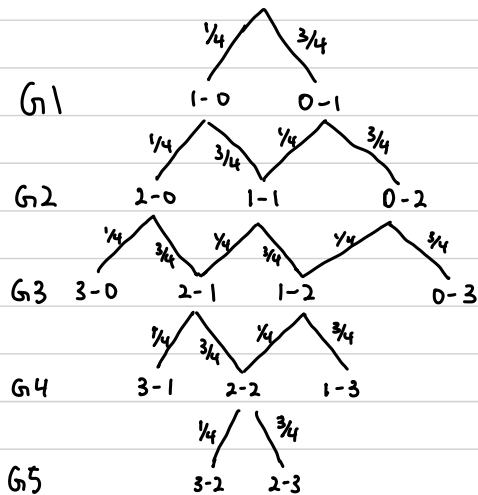
We need to show that $P(\bar{E} \cap \bar{F}) = P(\bar{E}) \cdot P(\bar{F})$

$$\begin{aligned} P(\bar{E}) \cdot P(\bar{F}) &= (1 - P(E)) \cdot (1 - P(F)) \\ &= 1 - P(E) - P(F) + P(E) \cdot P(F) \\ &= 1 - (P(E) + P(F) - P(E \cap F)) \\ &= 1 - P(E \cup F) \\ &= P(\bar{E} \cap \bar{F}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\bar{E} \cap \bar{F} = \overline{E \cup F}$$



2. If two teams A and B play a best of five series where team A has a $\frac{1}{4}$ probability of winning any given game, what is the expected number of games in the series?



X = # of games played in the series.

$$P(3) = \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^3 \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^0 + \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^3 \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^0$$

$$P(4) = C(3,1) \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^3 \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^1 + C(3,1) \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^3 \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^1$$

$$P(5) = C(4,2) \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^3 \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^2 + C(4,2) \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^3 \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2$$

$$E(X) = 3 \cdot P(3) + 4 \cdot P(4) + 5 \cdot P(5)$$

$$= 3.77$$

3. Two marbles are chosen from a bag containing 3 red, 5 white, 8 green marbles.

a) What is the probability that both are red?

$$\frac{3}{16} \cdot \frac{2}{15} = \frac{1}{40}$$

b) What is the probability that one is white and one is green?

W_1 = 1st one is white

G_1 = 1st one is green

W_2 = 2nd one is white

G_2 = 2nd one is green

$$\begin{aligned} P(W_1 \cap G_2) + P(G_1 \cap W_2) &= P(W_1) \cdot P(G_2 | W_1) + P(G_1) \cdot P(W_2 | G_1) \\ &= \frac{5}{16} \cdot \frac{8}{15} + \frac{8}{16} \cdot \frac{5}{15} \\ &= \frac{1}{3} \end{aligned}$$

4. When athlete has used steroids, the test result is correct with probability 0.995 and incorrect with probability 0.005.

When athlete has ^{not} used steroids, the test result is correct with probability 0.98 and incorrect with probability 0.02

An athlete at a certain event is randomly chosen for drug testing. Let C be the event that the steroid test is positive and let S be the event that the athlete has used steroids. Assuming that 3% of all athletes at that event are using illegal steroids (i.e., $P(S) = 0.03$), what is $P(C|S)$?

$$\begin{aligned} P(C|S) &= P(C) \cdot P(S|C) = P(S) \cdot P(C|S) \\ &= 0.03 \cdot 0.995 \\ &= 0.02985 \end{aligned}$$

	Test correct	Test incorrect
Athlete uses	0.995	0.005
Athlete Doesn't	0.98	0.02