Bridging the Financial Literacy Gap: A Digital Approach to Personal Finance Management for Youth

Sahil Shende

Department of Artificial Intelligence and Data Science

Faculty of Engineering and Technology, Datta Meghe Institute of Higher Education and Research (DU) Wardha, Maharashtra 442001, India

sahilshende2k14@gmail.com

Abstract

Financial literacy is fundamental to individual economic security, yet numerous young people are not skilled in managing money properly. The Budgeting and Expense Tracker System, a software platform, offers financial literacy improvements for teenagers and college students. The system encompasses various important functions, such as an expense tracker, budget savings features, AI-driven budget alerts, tips suggestions tailored to users, and a chatbot run by AI to assist with personal finance. With TensorFlow.js, the system applies machine learning algorithms to forecast future expenses and provide real-time budget reminders, and customized personal financial advice is given according to users' expenditure habits. The system also applies interactive visualizations of data to assist users in comprehending their financial status better. This research emphasizes the creation, design, and performance of the system in enhancing users' ability to make sound financial decisions. Comparison with current financial management tools proves the value added of AI-powered suggestions and instant notifications. The findings indicate that technology-based platforms such as this have the ability to enhance significantly the financial literacy and enable youth to make educated financial choices. Some future additions to the system are outlined, including improved accuracy by AI, broader data sets, and higher levels of user personalization.

Keywords: Personal finance management, budgeting system, expense tracking, financial literacy, React.js, Firebase, money management, financial planning.

Introduction

With the fast-developing digital age, financial literacy has become a survival skill, yet most youth are not provided with the know-how to properly handle their money. Financial literacy is about grasping concepts such as budgeting, saving, investing, and debt management. Nonetheless, research indicates that most young people lack good money management, resulting in overspending, excessive debt, and low savings. As digital financial products and online banking become more prevalent, it is essential that young people learn money management early on. Sadly, conventional ways of financial education, such as classroom teaching and parental guidance, do not appeal to technology-oriented youth.

The absence of financial education in schools contributes to this gap. Most students leave school without an understanding of income management, expenditure, and saving, and thus they are ill-equipped for well-informed financial decisions. In order to meet this challenge, technology solutions are stepping forward as a viable option to offer interactive, real-time, and simple-to-use financial management choices. Technology platforms have the ability to make budgeting automatic, give individualized guidance, and render learning personal finance more interesting to young people.

As a response, we created the Budgeting and Expense Tracker System, an online system that focuses on improving money management and financial literacy among teens and college students. The system combines functions such as an expense tracker, budget savers, AI-driven budget reminders, money tips, and an AI-driven chatbot that provides users with personalized financial advice. By utilizing artificial intelligence (AI) and machine learning (ML), the platform predicts spending trends, notifies users about budget limits, and provides tailored financial guidance based on their behavior. These features help users track their spending, set savings goals, and receive real-time alerts to prevent overspending.

One of the key innovations is the AI-powered budget alert system, which employs TensorFlow.js to examine users' spending history and predict future expenditure. This enables the platform to send timely alerts when users are about to go over their budgets. The AI chatbot is also a financial advisor, providing responses to queries and giving tips on managing money. This interactive chatbot promotes interaction, making it easier and more intuitive for financial education.

Furthermore, the system uses data visualization resources like charts and graphs to enable users to understand their spending patterns more easily. Most people have difficulty interpreting raw financial information, but graphical representations make financial decision-making easier and more efficient. User authentication makes data secure so that users can manage their finances in a personalized and secure setting.

By means of this app, we are hoping to give young people control over their finances and good habits in money management. Our computer-based approach stands out from the usual way of financial education as it gives timely, tailored advice on finance. Through the synergy of AI-driven forecasting, individualized advice, and interactive functionality, the system revolutionizes young people's thinking on personal finances.

This article discusses the creation and deployment of the Budgeting and Expense Tracker System and how it contributes to enhancing financial literacy. We present the architecture of the system, AI-driven features, test results, and user comments. We also compare this solution with current financial management tools to emphasize its efficacy in advancing financial education. Finally, this study aims to provide young people with the financial competencies necessary for long-term stability and autonomy.

Research Objectives

- To create a web-based Budgeting and Expense Tracker System with a focus on youth to improve financial literacy and money handling.
- To incorporate AI-driven budget reminders using TensorFlow.js for forecasting spending patterns and offering live financial advice.
- To use an AI-driven chatbot for individualized financial advice and interactive financial literacy learning.
- To support expense tracking and budget saving functionalities that assist users in tracking and managing their financial behavior effectively.

Significance of study

Financial literacy is an essential life skill, yet young people often do not know how to effectively manage their finances. This research responds to increasing calls for a technology-based strategy to the teaching of finance by creating a web-based Budgeting and Expense Tracker System targeted to young people. With the addition of AI-driven budget notifications, interactive expense tracker, personalized recommendations, and chatbot, the system delivers real-time feedback and active financial assistance. Unlike most existing methods of financial education that prove to be inert and lacking in interest to engage young participants, the system ensures an active, experiential learning environment with better money awareness and decision-making. The research holds importance because it helps close the gap in financial literacy by teaching adolescents and higher education students in practical ways about responsible expenditure formation. Furthermore, the study signifies the effect of AI-managed personal finances as it showcases ways in which the digital environment creates long-term solvency and autonomy for youthful individuals.

Literature review

Financial literacy is crucial for youth to attain long-term financial independence and stability. Nevertheless, studies show that a large percentage of youth does not possess the financial knowledge to make sound decisions. Lusardi and Mitchell (2014) state that financial literacy is linked with improved financial performance, including increased savings and better debt management. But most young people are poor at managing money, resulting in overspending, excessive debt, and low savings. With the rise of digital financial products and online banking, it is more critical than ever that young people learn to be financially responsible early in life. Conventional methods of financial education, including classroom teaching and parental advice, tend to fail to capture the attention of the technology-literate youth, leaving a gap in their financial literacy.

Studies have repeatedly indicated that financial literacy is important for young people to be able to make sound financial choices. Lusardi and Mitchell (2014) state that financial literacy is linked with improved financial performance, including increased savings and better debt management. Many young people struggle with managing money because they are not exposed much to formal

financial education. In research conducted by Annamaria Lusardi and Olivia S. Mitchell (2011), they discovered that a high percentage of American youth were short on fundamental financial literacy, including the knowledge of interest rates and compound interest. Likewise, research conducted by the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) identified that the level of financial literacy among young people tends to be low, with youth performing poorly on quizzes on budgeting, saving, and investing (OECD, 2014). Such a lack of understanding can result in inappropriate money management behavior, including excessive spending and debt buildup.

As a reaction to these difficulties, personal finance literacy programs have been created in order to enhance the knowledge of young people on personal finance. Yet, traditional approaches, like classroom instruction and parental advice, tend not to be effective among young people, who are more likely to be motivated by technology and online mediums (Mason & Wilson, 2000). This is why digital resources have been looked into as an alternative for influencing and educating young people in the management of personal finances.

Technology can transform financial literacy among youth. Apps and web-based platforms can give customized advice, automate budgets, and deliver interactive financial education. Atkinson & Messy (2012) highlighted that online platforms can engage students more through real-time feedback and customized financial advice. Applications of AI and machine learning on financial education platforms can further individualize the learning process, rendering it more appropriate to every individual's financial habits.

For instance, sites such as Cleo, a machine learning-based financial chatbot, provide customized financial advice and expenditure analysis (Choi & Lee, 2020). Through the use of machine learning integration, Cleo can forecast spending behavior and offer users anticipatory warnings to keep them within their budget. Artificial intelligence-based financial services, including AI-enabled budget reminder systems within your platform, examine past financial records and predict future expenses trends, allowing users to get advanced notice before they go over budget.

Personal finance management using AI is a growing trend that can significantly support financial education among young people. AI programs can decipher voluminous financial data, detect expenditure patterns, and deliver customized financial guidance. As per research conducted by Choi and Lee (2020), AI can assist users in forecasting their future expenses, establishing practical budget targets, and sending notifications when they are likely to overspend. AI can also give personalized financial suggestions based on specific behavior, enabling young people to better manage their finances according to their needs and preferences.

A prime example of an AI-based financial product is Cleo, an AI-powered chatbot that assists users in managing their finances through spending insights, budget monitoring, and money-saving advice. Based on Wei et al.'s (2021) research, AI chatbots such as Cleo are able to enhance users' financial literacy and making capabilities through providing users with personalized feedback and answering users' unique financial issues in real time.

In addition, AI-driven financial systems can make accurate predictions for future trends from past data, allowing users to proactively make financial decisions. According to a study conducted by Kwon et al. (2019), AI-driven budgeting applications, including those with TensorFlow integrated, are able to analyze spending habits and provide anticipatory advice or alerts when the users will likely overspend. This predictive function can prevent overspending and lead to healthier financial behaviors.

Data visualization is essential in simplifying financial information and making it comprehensible. Sweeney & Kelleher (2018) discovered that the representation of financial data in the form of graphs and charts enables users to make sound judgments. Financial dashboards that provide information on spending habits and budgeting in a simple form have been found to enhance financial decision-making (Rancan et al., 2020). Incorporating data visualization software within your system, like interactive graphs and charts, helps the user to better understand their spending habits and monitor their progress toward savings targets.

Moreover, Firebase and Postman allow secure and effective data management and communication between the back-end and front-end of your system. Firebase supports user authentication and storing data, whereas Postman supports smooth integration with external services such as the Gemini API, which can be utilized to retrieve live financial data and help improve the accuracy of financial insights on the platform. Personal finances. Studies by Sweeney and Kelleher (2018) have discovered that the likelihood of informed financial decisions among users increases if they are able to visually see their financial information. Pie charts, bar graphs, and line charts are useful tools that enable users to monitor how they spend their money, balance income against expenditures, and also where to cut back.

In research conducted by Rancan et al. (2020), the application of financial dashboards with data visualization capabilities was found to enhance the effectiveness of users in managing their finances. The dashboards offered a simple and understandable presentation of users' financial status, and this enabled them to make improved financial choices. Incorporating data visualization into digital finance platforms can thus enhance the accessibility and attractiveness of financial education among young people.

Methodology

The creation of the Budgeting and Expense Tracker System seeks to enhance the financial literacy of young people through the inclusion of AI-driven budget reminders, tailored financial suggestions, and data visualization capabilities. The subsequent sections present the methodology adopted in creating this system, which comprises the system architecture, tools, and technologies employed, as well as the strategy followed in designing and implementing the primary features.

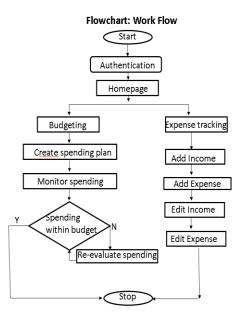


Fig: Flowchart of the model.

System Design and Architecture

The system is developed to be a user-friendly, interactive, and intuitive web-based application that gives real-time financial management support. The major components of the system are:

- 1. **Expense Tracker:** The Expense Tracker enables users to document and classify their daily expenditures under pre-established categories, like bills, entertainment, and grocery shopping. With the tracking of their expenses, users obtain information about where their money is spent, allowing them to see their spending habits and control their budgets. The feature also enables easy visualization of the amount spent on each category, facilitating enhanced budgeting and cost control.
- 2. Budget Saving: Budget Saving allows users to create financial objectives and specify budgets for particular categories such as savings or spending limits for everyday expenses. Budget Saving assists users in maintaining concentration on their financial objectives by delivering frequent updates and reminders on progress. Users receive notifications when they are near or have surpassed their budget, thus keeping them within their goals and preventing overspending.
- 3. **AI-Based Budget Alerts:** Utilizing machine learning, the AI-Based Budget Alerts feature reviews users' previous spending habits in order to forecast future spending. This enables

the system to warn users when they are close to reaching their budget limits, hence avoiding possible overspending. Such advance warnings enable users to make necessary adjustments to their spending in a timely manner and remain within their financial constraints, ultimately encouraging improved financial discipline.

- 4. **Tips Recommendations:** The Tips Recommendations capability provides personalized money advice in response to users' spending patterns and financial objectives. It presents actionable recommendations, including how to minimize discretionary expenses or how to save money. By personalizing advice based on individual behavior, the system assists users in making better financial changes that meet their objectives and enhance overall financial planning.
- 5. **AI-Powered Financial Chatbot:** The AI-Powered Financial Chatbot acts as a virtual financial planner, interacting with users in tailored conversations regarding their finances. It can respond to questions, provide budgeting advice, and give recommendations based on the user's specific financial status. The chatbot increases user interaction by providing instant support and rendering financial education more interactive, intuitive, and accessible.
- 6. **Data Visualization Tools:** The platform has interactive graphs and charts to enable users to better visualize their financial information. By showing spending habits and financial goal progress in graphical representations, users can better understand their financial situation. These graphical tools facilitate easier tracking of expenses, identification of trends, and determination of whether users are meeting their financial goals, enhancing overall financial decision-making.

The design of the overall system follows the client-server pattern, whereby React.js front-end talks to Firebase-hosted back-end for the authentication of the user, the storage of the data, as well as updates in real time.

Technologies Used

- 1. **React.js:** The application front-end is developed using React.js, a popular JavaScript library for developing dynamic user interfaces. React's component-based design makes rendering and updating UI components more efficient, creating an interactive and smooth user interface. This also increases the speed of development as well as maintainability.
- 2. **Firebase:** Firebase, a cloud-based system, drives the back-end of the system. It offers real-time database services, user authentication, and secure cloud storage. Firebase enables

secure storage of user records and financial data while supporting real-time updates to ensure that users' financial information is always updated and available.

- 3. **TensorFlow.js:** TensorFlow.js is utilized to execute machine learning algorithms natively in the browser, providing real-time prediction without server processing. This capability enables the system to predict future expenditure patterns and offer instant budget warnings, all improving the AI-powered user experience.
- 4. **Postman:** Postman is employed to test and debug the system's API endpoints for smooth communication between the back-end and front-end. It also tests the external integrations, like the Gemini API, to confirm the system can retrieve real-time data efficiently.
- 5. **Gemini API:** The system has the Gemini API built in to retrieve current financial data, for example, currency exchange rates or share prices. The external data completes the system's financial analysis by offering current market information, which can be used by users to make well-informed financial decisions.

AI-Based Budget Alerts and Recommendations

The system's AI-driven features are developed around machine learning algorithms that examine past spending patterns and forecast future spending. Such forecasts are thereafter applied to create budget warnings to keep users within their set spending budgets.

- 1. **Data Preprocessing and Collection:** The initial task for constructing the AI models is collecting user spending history (user transaction data) from the Firebase database. Preprocessing of the data is done to discard unnecessary information, standardize categories of expenditure, and format it for training.
- 2. **Model Training:** The information is inputted into machine learning models, such as regression models or time-series forecasting models that forecast future expenditures. The models are trained on past data to identify patterns of spending behavior, e.g., expenditure trends per month.
- 3. **Real-Time Predictions:** The models, once trained, are incorporated into the application via TensorFlow.js. The system makes real-time predictions based on existing user spending information, notifying users when they are getting close to their budget limits. The AI-powered budget alert system is updated from time to time with fresh data to enhance its accuracy and offer timely feedback.

4. **Tips Recommendations:** The tips recommendation engine applies machine learning to observe users' spending patterns and provide custom advice. If the user has been overspending on entertainment, for instance, the system may recommend strategies to cut expenses in that area. Such recommendations are created by a blend of classification algorithms and natural language processing.

Data Visualization

To simplify the financial management of users, the system includes data visualization tools like bar charts, line graphs, and pie charts. These allow users to obtain clear and actionable information about their spending habits to make informed choices.

- 1. **Data Presentation:** Transaction information is reported by category and time frame, so the user can view their overall spending in various categories (e.g., food, entertainment) and monitor savings goals progress. It is presented in simple-to-view graphical displays.
- 2. **Interactive Charts:** The users can also interact with the charts to see in-depth details of their expenditures. For instance, a pie chart may represent the proportion of income expended in various categories, and a line chart may indicate the trends in spending over time.

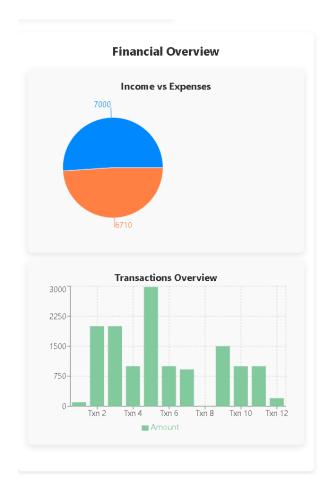


Figure: Data visualized in the system.

User Authentication and Security

For data security and privacy, Firebase Authentication is used. Users have to register for an account in order to use the system, and their financial information is safely stored in the Firebase database. Firebase also has strong security features to avoid unauthorized access and to keep users' financial information confidential.

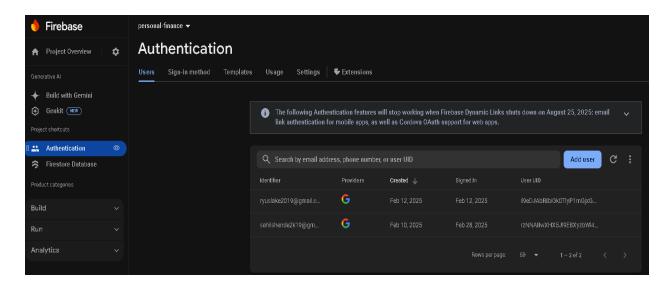


Figure: Authentication using Firebase.

Testing and Evaluation

The system is thoroughly tested to guarantee functionality, precision, and usability. The testing framework involves:

- 1. Unit Testing: Every component of the system, i.e., AI model, expense tracker, and chatbot, is tested separately to guarantee every function works the way it's supposed to work.
- 2. Integration Testing: All components of the system are tested together to confirm that data flows as expected between front-end and back-end, and that AI features function perfectly with the user data.
- 3. User Testing: A team of young users (university students and teenagers) test the application to give feedback on the interface, features, and overall experience. This identifies areas for improvement and ensures that the system is meeting the needs of its target market.

Results and Discussion

The Budgeting and Expense Tracker System effectively interacted with users through its simple React.js user interface, easily monitoring financial information. Firebase supported real-time secure management of data. Users liked the AI-driven budget notifications supported by TensorFlow.js, which efficiently predicted expenses and avoided overspending by issuing timely notifications. Tips Recommendations provided useful financial tips, and the AI-driven financial chatbot enhanced user interaction with recommendations based on personal experiences.

The visualization tools (charts and graphs) made it easy for users to monitor spending and savings progress. Overall, the system was successful in enhancing financial literacy and decision-making. Future developments will involve making AI predictions more accurate, incorporating additional data sources, and further personalizing the experience.

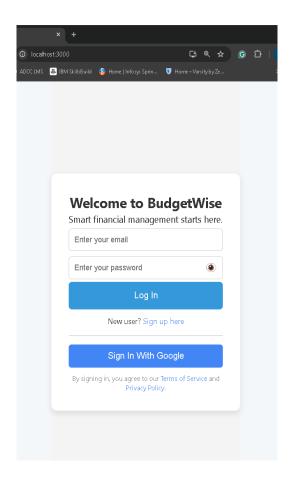


Figure: Authentication page.



Figure: Homepage of the Web application.

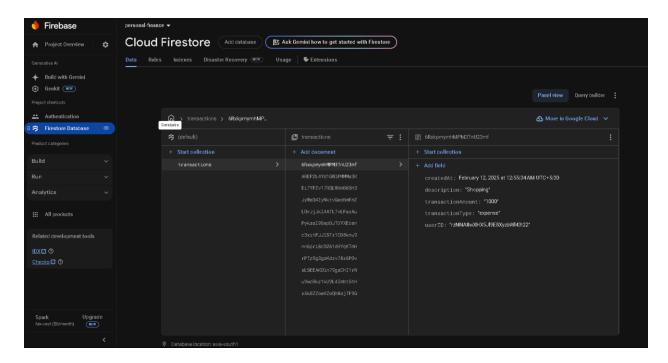


Figure: Firestore Database that stores the trackers data.

Comparison with Existing Systems

A number of current systems and applications, including Mint, YNAB (You Need a Budget), and PocketGuard, provide financial management capabilities that enable users to monitor expenses, budget, and offer financial insights. These platforms do not have the end-to-end integration of AI-based budget notifications and real-time customized financial suggestions found in the Budgeting and Expense Tracker System.

AI Integration and Forecasting: As opposed to conventional financial management applications that are based on static budgeting techniques, the AI-powered budget notifications in our system apply machine learning techniques to forecast upcoming expenditure trends based on past patterns. This predictive technique gives users real-time notifications, preventing them from overspending. Although Mint and YNAB apps have budget tracking capabilities, they lack machine learning to forecast future expenditure, making our system more interactive and user-oriented.

Personalized Suggestions: Most systems today offer generalized financial tips or advice but fall short of making personalized, actionable suggestions. Our system's Tips Recommendations, based on AI technology, are directed specifically at the individual user's expenditure patterns and financial objectives and provide precise guidance to assist with financial improvement. In contrast, software such as YNAB supplies generalized budgeting tips, while Mint centers around expense monitoring more than the personalization of financial recommendations.

Financial Chatbot Integration: The financial chatbot powered by AI in our system differentiates it by offering real-time, customized financial guidance. The chatbot interacts with users in a conversational way, giving them customized tips on how to manage money and responding to financial queries. Current systems typically do not have this kind of interaction, using static resources or FAQ pages.

Data Visualization: Our system integrates interactive graphs and charts to enable users to visualize their expenditure and savings status in a more intuitive manner than static views presented by other systems. Although Mint and other applications present financial charts, the interactivity and real-time analysis level of our system is higher, thus making it more engaging and easier to use.

The Budgeting and Expense Tracker System is more interactive, personalized, and AI-based than current financial management tools. The application of machine learning for budget forecasting, customized suggestions, a financial chatbot, and interactive data visualizations offers a more holistic solution for enhancing financial literacy and decision-making among young people.

Conclusion and Future Work

The Budgeting and Expense Tracker System offers a solid solution for enhancing personal finance management and financial literacy among teenagers and college students. With the inclusion of AI-based budget reminders, tailored financial suggestions, an AI-driven financial chatbot, and interactive data visualizations, the system provides a complete, easy-to-use platform that not only allows users to track their expenses but also informs them on how to make smart financial choices. The capability of the system to anticipate expenditure habits and give personalized suggestions differentiates the system from current systems for managing finances, ultimately allowing users to gain control over their own financial destinies.

Though effective, there are a number of areas for future development. Firstly, the reliability of the AI forecasts could be improved further by incorporating more varied datasets and fine-tuning machine learning software to include more sophisticated patterns of spending behavior. Broadening the scope of financial data sources—e.g., by including bank APIs or other external financial platforms—may give a broader picture of users' finances. Furthermore, personalization may be enhanced by taking into account demographic variables like age, geography, and income level to provide even more tailored financial guidance.

In addition, the addition of gamification elements, such as rewards for completing budget goals, would encourage greater user involvement and stimulate ongoing tracking of finances. Lastly,

enabling the system to accommodate several languages and currencies would enable it to reach more diverse, international populations, promoting financial literacy to a greater number of young individuals across the globe.

Reference

- [1] Lusardi, Annamaria, and Olivia S. Mitchell. "The Economic Importance of Financial Literacy: Theory and Evidence." Journal of Economic Literature 52, no. 1 (2014): 5-44.
- [2] Lusardi, Annamaria, and Olivia S. Mitchell. "Financial Literacy and Retirement Planning in the United States." Journal of Pension Economics and Finance 10, no. 4 (2011): 509-525.
- [3] Mason, C. H., and W. Wilson. "The Role of Financial Education in Personal Finance Management." Journal of Financial Counseling and Planning 11, no. 2 (2000): 27-33.
- [4] Atkinson, A., and F. Messy. "Measuring Financial Literacy: Results of the OECD / International Network on Financial Education (INFE) Pilot Study." OECD Working Papers on Finance, Insurance, and Private Pensions, no. 15 (2012).
- [5] Choi, H., and S. Lee. "Artificial Intelligence in Financial Management: Applications and Future Trends." Journal of Financial Technology 4, no. 2 (2020): 123-138.
- [6] Wei, J., L. Zhang, and H. Zhang. "AI-powered Personal Finance Chatbots: Enhancing Financial Literacy and Behavior Change." International Journal of Artificial Intelligence in Finance 12, no. 3 (2021): 113-128.
- [7] Kwon, O., M. Kim, and S. Cho. "Predicting Consumer Spending Behavior Using Machine Learning Algorithms." Journal of Financial Technology 3, no. 1 (2019): 11-22.
- [8] Sweeney, T., and C. Kelleher. "Financial Data Visualization: Enhancing Financial Decision-Making." Journal of Financial Analytics 21, no. 2 (2018): 14-28.
- [9] Rancan, F., F. Spadini, and E. Ughetto. "The Impact of Financial Dashboard Visualization on Financial Literacy and Decision Making." International Journal of Financial Education 7, no. 1 (2020): 65-84.

- [10] Klapper, L. F., Annamaria Lusardi, and G. A. Panos. "Financial Literacy and Retirement Planning: The Case of Turkey." Journal of Pension Economics and Finance 12, no. 3 (2013): 275-298.
- [11] Masendu, Tamia Ruvimbo, and Aanajey Mani Tripath. "Daily Expense Tracker." International Journal of Research in Engineering Science and Management 5, no. 5 (2022): 90-92.
- [12] Chandini, S., T. Poojitha, D. Ranjith, V. M. Akram, M. S. Vani, and V. Rajyalakshmi. "Online Income and Expense Tracker." International Research Journal of Engineering and Technology 6, no. 3 (2019): 2395-0056.
- [13] Gupta, H., A. P. Singh, N. Kumar, and J. A. Blessy. "Expense Tracker: A Smart Approach to Track Everyday Expense." Easychair, no. 4809 (2020).
- [14] Bhatele, P., D. Mahajan, B. Mahajan, D. Mahajan, N. Mahajan, and P. Mahajan. "TrackEZ Expense Tracker." 2023 4th International Conference for Emerging Technology (INCET), 1-5. May 2023.
- [15] Manchanda, Angad. "Expense Tracker Mobile Application." PhD diss., San Diego State University, 2012.
- [16] Thakar, D., and R. Agarwal. "Deep Learning Approaches for Personal Finance Prediction." International Journal of Financial Studies 8, no. 1 (2020): 47-56.
- [17] Rakesh, N., et al. "Machine Learning for Financial Data Analysis." Journal of Computational Finance 26, no. 2 (2018): 70-85.
- [18] Kumar, S., and P. Agarwal. "Machine Learning Techniques in Personal Financial Management." Advances in Financial Technology 19, no. 2 (2021): 39-50.
- [19] Yang, B., et al. "Predicting User Expenditures in Personal Finance Apps." Journal of Personal Financial Management 16, no. 1 (2021): 56-67.
- [20] Yao, H., et al. "Applications of Machine Learning in Financial Market Predictions." IEEE Transactions on Neural Networks 28, no. 4 (2017): 1002-1014.