

Homework #4

**Lesson 4A**

*Key Term Quiz:*

- 4) The most common type of flat-panel monitor is the **LCD (Liquid Crystal Display)** monitor.
- 5) One disadvantage of **passive** LCD monitors is that they don't refresh very quickly.
- 9) In most computers, a device called the **video card** sends information to the monitor for display on the screen.
- 10) A **data projector** lets you display data on a big screen, directly from the computer's disk.

*Multiple choice:*

- 1) Which type of monitor is most commonly used with portable computers? C) flat-panel display
- 4) An LCD monitor uses crystals that become opaque then D) electricity is applied.
- 7) Resolution is determined by the computer's B) video controller.
- 9) The Video Graphics Array (VGA) resolution standard is A) 640x480 pixels.

*Review Questions:*

- 6) When comparing monitors the four factors you should consider are size, refresh rate, resolution, and dot pitch.

**Lesson 4B**

*Key Term Quiz:*

- 1) An **impact** printer creates an image by using pins or hammers to press an inked ribbon against the paper
- 3) The speed of dot matrix printers is measured in CPS (characters-per-second).
- 4) A laser printer is an example of a **nonimpact** printer.
- 8) An ink jet printer's image quality is measured in **DPI** (dots-per-inch).

*Multiple choice:*

- 1) Which of the following is the most common type of impact printer? B) dot matrix printer
- 6) Cyan, magenta, yellow, and black are sometimes called D) subtractive colors.
- 8) Which printer's speed is not measured in pages per minute? B) dot matrix
- 10) To print out large-format copies of construction drawings, an architect might use this device. B) plotter

*Review Questions:*

- 7) When figuring out what type of printer to purchase, one should consider image quality, speed, initial cost, cost of operation, and price-per-sheet.