

# ASSIGNMENT 2 DESIGN DOCUMENT

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## About:

The purpose of this program is to create a small numerical library alongside a test harness. The program will contain the implementation of sin, cos, arcsin, arccos and arctan without using any of the math functions within the C library.

## Design Process for mathlib.c:

### Sin Function:

This is a function that performs an operation similar to that of Sine. In order to run the program, I have to use my created math functions for power and factorial operations. Utilizing this I create a simple for loop that runs my sine function.

*My sine function.*

*Initialise all floats before running the for loop.*

*Create a for loop that goes over the conditions for sine and then runs it.*

*Math formula that calculates the sine function.*

*Return the value from my function.*

### Cos Function

This is a function that performs an operation similar to that of Cosine. In order to execute my program, I use a similar function to my sine function and adjust the mathematical portion of it.

*My cosine function.*

*Initialise all floats before running the for loop.*

*Create a for loop that goes over the conditions for cosine and then runs it.*

*Math formula that calculates the cosine function.*

*Return the value from my function.*

### **Arcsin Function**

This is a function that performs an operation similar to that of Arcsine. This is a similar function to the previous ones however for arc sine before running the for loop I have to run an if statement so that x doesn't go outside of its range.

*My arcsine function.*

*Initialise all floats before running the for loop and if statement.*

*Create an if statement going over the range*

*A print statement that lets the user know that x is outside the range.*

*Create a for loop that goes over the conditions for arcsine and then runs.*

*Math formula that calculates the arcsine function.*

*Return the value from my function.*

### **Arcos Function**

This is a function that performs an operation similar to that of Arccosine. Following the pseudo-code for arcsin, Arcos follows a similar setup. It diverts from previous versions by using a much more simplified formula that runs arcsin and pi.

*My arccosine function.*

*Initialise all floats before running the formula and if statement.*

*Create an if statement going over the range*

*A print statement that lets the user know that x is outside the range.*

*Math formula that calculates the arccosine function.*

*Return the value from my function.*

### **Arctan Function**

This is a function that performs an operation similar to that of Arctan. ARctan follows arcsine more closely than arccosine, their format remains the same and the only difference is the math formula.

*My arctan function.*

*Initialise all floats before running the for loop and if statement.*

*Create an if statement going over the range*

*A print statement that lets the user know that x is outside the range.*

*Create a for loop that goes over the conditions for arctan and then runs it.*

*Math formula that calculates the arctan function.*

*Return the value from my function.*

## **Log Function**

This function runs my version of a Log function. For this, I use Newton-Raphsons method for optimizing  $f(x)$  which gets me a simplified formula. This then allows me to create a for loop that runs through my log program.

*My log function.*

*Initialise all floats before running the for loop.*

*Use  $y = x$  for readability*

*Create a for loop that goes over the conditions for the log and then runs it.*

*Math formula that calculates the log function.*

*Return the value from my function.*

## **Factorial function**

I created this function to replace a missing math component for the mathematical portion of each of my functions. This acts as a program that executes a process similar to having a factorial.

*My factorial function*

*Intialzing all floats before running my for loop.*

*Math formula that calculates the factorial number.*

*Return the value from this function.*

## **Power Function**

This is another function I created to replace its math counterpart of a power function. I follow a similar process to my last math function which creates a working power function.

*My factorial function*

*Intialzing all floats before running my for loop.*

*Math formula that calculates the factorial number.*

*Return the value from this function.*

### **Exponential function**

This was given through the assignment document, I simply implemented it into my code so I could calculate the exponential function.

### **Design process for mathlib-test:**

#### **Main Code:**

In order to create my main program which iterates through my functions against the math.h function I had to create the main argument and declare it as a float, following the directions on the assignment to use argument value. Which was then followed by initializing more floats and creating a for loop and a while loop. I then utilized the same segment of code to create a running operation so that when compiled and executed it would return with my output and the math.h output.

*#define my options h,a,s,c,S,C,T,l which are the variables I use to run each function.*

*The main float program executes my program.*

*Initializing the floats within my program*

*While loop that uses getopt and executes the command that allows the variables to work when typed in.*

#### **The same code is used for all of my math functions:**

*Declaring which case signifies which operation is run.*

*Check the results and print the following formatting that was required for the assignment.*

*Run a for loop that tests the given input and adds to it with enough iterations.*

*Use my function value and run my math function*

*Use the math function and run the test input.*

*Print the line of code given in the assignment which prints the values from both segments of code.*

*Break and continue to the next portion.*

This repeats until all the functions have been executed and everything is returned in the end.