

From d'Alembert to Lagrange

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Statics Principle of Virtual Work (Minimal Potential Energy):

$$Q \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} -\frac{\delta V}{\delta q} = \frac{\delta W}{\delta q} = \frac{\mathbf{F}_i \cdot \delta \mathbf{x}_i}{\delta q} = 0$$

Dynamics d'Alembert's Principle—Counterpart of Principle of Virtual Work(We have neglected the work for constraints):

$$\frac{(\mathbf{F}_i - m_i \mathbf{a}_i) \cdot \delta \mathbf{x}_i}{\delta q} = 0$$

i.e.

$$Q \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \mathbf{F}_i \cdot \frac{\partial \mathbf{x}_i}{\partial q} = m_i \mathbf{a}_i \cdot \frac{\partial \mathbf{x}_i}{\partial q} \quad (1)$$

$$= m_i \frac{d\mathbf{v}_i}{dt} \cdot \frac{\partial \mathbf{x}_i}{\partial q} \quad (2)$$

$$= m_i \frac{d}{dt} \left(\mathbf{v} \cdot \frac{\partial \mathbf{x}_i}{\partial q} \right) - m_i \mathbf{v} \cdot \frac{d}{dt} \frac{\partial}{\partial q} \mathbf{x}_i \quad (3)$$

$$= m_i \frac{d}{dt} \left(\mathbf{v} \cdot \frac{\partial \dot{\mathbf{x}}_i}{\partial \dot{q}} \right) - m_i \mathbf{v} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial q} \frac{d}{dt} \mathbf{x}_i \quad (4)$$

$$= \frac{d}{dt} \left(m_i \mathbf{v}_i \cdot \frac{\partial \mathbf{v}_i}{\partial \dot{q}} \right) - m_i \mathbf{v}_i \cdot \frac{\partial \mathbf{v}_i}{\partial q} \quad (5)$$

$$= \frac{d}{dt} \frac{\partial T}{\partial \dot{q}} - \frac{\partial T}{\partial q} \quad (6)$$

$$= \left(\frac{d}{dt} \frac{\partial}{\partial \dot{q}} - \frac{\partial}{\partial q} \right) T \quad (7)$$

For conservative force,

$$\begin{aligned} Q &= -\frac{\partial V}{\partial q}, \quad \frac{\partial V}{\partial \dot{q}} = 0 \\ \Rightarrow \quad Q &= \left(\frac{d}{dt} \frac{\partial}{\partial \dot{q}} - \frac{\partial}{\partial q} \right) V \end{aligned} \tag{8}$$

As a result of Eq. 7 and 8, if we define $L = T - V$, we have

$$\left(\frac{d}{dt} \frac{\partial}{\partial \dot{q}} - \frac{\partial}{\partial q} \right) L = 0$$