



#### DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

COMBINED JOINT LAND FORCES COMPONENT COMMAND
OPERATION INHERENT RESOLVE
BAGHDAD, IRAQ
APO AE 09348

IRIZ-JA 16 November 2016

MEMORANDUM FOR Commander, Combined Joint Forces Land Component Command-Operation Inherent Resolve (CJFLCC-OIR), Baghdad, Iraq, APO AE 09348

SUBJECT: Legal Review of CIVCAS Credibility Assessment Report (6 November 2016, Shahid-Yunis As Sab, Iraq) (S//REL USA, FVEY)

#### References.

- a. (U//FOUO) U.S. Central Command (USCENTCOM) Guidance for Reporting and Investigation Civilian Casualties (CIVCAS) Allegations for Ongoing Operations in Iraq and Syria, 4 October 2014.
- b. (S//REL TO USA, FVEY) First Impression Report (FIR) 06 Nov 16 Potential CIVCAS IVO Shahid-Yunis As Sab, Iraq.
  - c. (S//REL TO USA, FVEY) USCENTCOM Night Orders, 13 November 16.

2. (S//REL TO USA, FVEY) Opinion.	(b)(1)1.4a, (b)(5)	
180		
(b)(1)1.4a, (b)(	.5), (b)(6)	

3. (S//REL TO USA, FVEY) Background. On 13 November 16, Combined Joint Task Force – Operation Inherent Resolve (CJTF-OIR) issued night orders to conduct a credibility assessment into a possible CIVCAS alleged to have occurred in Shahid-Yunis As Sab, Iraq, on 6 November 2016. This followed the submission of an FIR by the CJFLCC-OIR to CJTF-OIR on 11 November 2016 outlining the allegation. The CIVCAS allegation stems from a self-report by the CJOC-E TEA at the time, BG Isler.

4. (S//REL TO USA, FVEY) Legal Analysis.	(b)(1)1.4a, (b)(5)
(b)(1)1.4a,	(b)(5)

SECRET//REL LISA EVEY

USCENTCOM FOIA 17-0345 138 - 9/18/2018

SECRET/REL USA, FVEY		
IRIZ-JA SUBJECT: (S/REL USA, FVEY) Legal Review of CIVCAS Credibility Assessment Report (6 November 2016, Shahid-Yunis As Sab, Iraq) (S//REL USA, FVEY)		
(b)(1)1.4a, (b)(5)		
7. (U) Discussion.		
(b)(1)1.4a, (b)(5)		

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(b)(1)1.4a, (b)(5)

9. (U) The POC for this memorandum is the CJFLCC-OIR SJA, (b)(3) 10 USC 130b, (b)(4 mil@mail.smil.mil.

(b)(3) 10 USC 130b, (b)(6)

Encl(s)
CIVCAS First Impression Report (06
Nov 2016, Badush, Iraq) dated 10
November 2016

(b)(3) 10 USC 130b, (b)(6)
COL, JA
Staff Judge Advocate

# FIRST IMPRESSION REPORT (FIR)

Event #	06 NOV 16 - Potential CIVCAS IVO Shahid-Yunis As Sab, Iraq					
Component	CJOC-E	Unit	CJFLCC-OIR	Closest Host- Nation Unit (II applicable)		N/A
DTG	06(p)(1)1.421	NOV 16				
Report Approved by:	Brig Gen	Matthew	C. Isler, TEA, CJ	IOC-E		60
						2
When	06(p)(1)1. Cal	NOV 16	500		10	
Where	Shahid-Yu	ınis As S	Sab (Southeastern	Mosul), IZ;	(b)(1)1.4a	
What	On 06(b)(1)1.te NOV 16, CJOC-Erbil prosecuted strike (b)(1)1.4a under ROE  (b)(1)1.4a on a moving vehicle with four enemy fighters, IVO Shahid-Yunis As Sab, IZ. The engagement report is as follows:					
	Strike #: Eng. #: Time: Location: Shooter: Munition: BDA:  (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(6)  Destroyed, 6x EKIA, unknown civilian casualties (CIVCAS)  While providing force protection to the Iraqi Security Force (ISF) within Mosul, (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(6)  (c)(1)1.4a, (b)(6)bserved the area where the ISF was conducting their clearance mission from a distance of approximately (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(6)  building, approximately (b)(1)1.4a (b)					

SECRET//REL TO USA, FVEY

	After this assessment, at 1002c, the TEA directed the ISR Tactical Controller (ITC) to request (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(6) to zoom out to conduct a civilian pattern of life (CIVPOL) scan IVO the anticipated engagement area. (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(6) zoomed out to a field of view (FOV) radius of approximately(b)(1)1.4a The ITC advised that (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(6) may lose the capacity to maintain positive identification of the five adult males if it were to zoom out further. The scan revealed no identified civilian movement in the scan area.  Since (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(6) had already used three of its (b)(1)1.4a s with (1)1.4a ours remaining on-station, and based on (b)(1)1.4a near the anticipated engagement area, the TEA approved a (b)(1)1.4a the lowest collateral ammunition (c)(1)1.4a, (b)(6) carried at the time.  At 1003c, a white sedan arrived IVO the five-armed adult males, and three adult males exited the sedan. The three adult males entered the building near where the five adult males were gathered. The group of adult males continued to enter and exit the building and walk in and out of (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(6) s FOV. As a result, (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(6) made a number of different call outs concerning the number of adult males.  At 1006c, (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(6) called out the slant of "six adult males" at the corner of the building and stated that two of those six adult males were armed. Based on observing the unarmed adult males continuously interact with the armed adult males, the TEA positively identified all six adult males in (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(6) s field of view as valid military targets, and assessed the males posed an
	imminent threat to the nearby ISF. Additionally, the CJOC-E had no ability to (b)(1)1.4a ,
	(b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4g  Based on the continuous observation of the anticipated engagement area with no reported or observed changes to CIVPOL, the TEA instructed the JTAC that (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(6) was clear to execute the strike.
(b)(1)	At 1007c, immediately after (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(6) was declared "CLEARED HOT," one adult male opened up the trunk of the white sedan while the other adult males looked inside the vehicle and gathered around the trunk. The TEA then directed (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(6) to continue to observe and (1)1.4a, (b) (6)  44,(b)(6)(c)(c)(c)(c)(c)(c)(c)(c)(c)(c)(c)(c)(c)
	When the white sedan stopped in the street, the JTAC relayed, "WEAPONS AWAY," which meant (b)(1)1.4a. (b)(6) released (b)(1)1.4a on the target. At that time, the target was still the three adult males out in the street. While the vehicle was stopped, the three adult males in the FOV enter the sedan. Since the targeted males entered the vehicle, the CJOC-E TEA's intention changed to strike the vehicle while it was stopped in the street, in order to prevent it from becoming mobile; it was also impossible to abort the weapon's impacts as the ammunition was already released. The vehicle moved forward to the adjacent intersection and turned right onto the adjacent roadway. Given the sedan's mobility, the TEA assessed it posed a threat to the nearby ISF, and he directed (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(6) to continue the engagement with the (b)(1)1.4a already in flight. (b)(1)1.4a was reported or observed IVO the anticipated engagement area.
	Immediately before the ammunition impact, the vehicle slowed as it approached two other vehicles moving toward it from the opposite direction. The two other vehicles had not come into (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(6) s view until immediately before the weapon's impact. As all

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	three vehicles converged on the narrow street, the weapon struck the target, affecting all three vehicles.
	Upon review, Distributed Common Ground System (DCGS) confirmed (b)(1)1.4a was present IVO the engagement area at the time of the strike and assessed two adult females, one young child, and one adolescent exited the eastern most vehicle and ran off into the distance. Neither the DCGS review nor the ISR recording indicate any attempts to evacuate additional people from the struck vehicles or any other civilian presence IVO the engagement area after the strike. There are no means to determine how many people may have been in the engagement area and affected by the strike.
Next Step	A preponderance of the evidence supports a Coalition air strike, on 6 November 2016, resulted in an unknown number of civilian casualties.
	Future action planned: No further action is recommended.
	Actions taken by unit after event:
Additional Information Casualty	<ol> <li>Immediately following the incident, CJOC-E reported this incident to CJFLCC-OIR as a possible CIVCAS incident and sent up a 5W report.</li> <li>CJOC-E conducted a review and assessment of the imagery of the strike and pre- and post-strike ISR, and requested the DCGS analysis.</li> <li>The evidence indicates all targeting procedures were followed with no anomalies.</li> <li>The strike complied with the law, extant policy, guidelines, and procedures.</li> <li>Based on this review, and a totality of the circumstances, no means exists to determine whether all civilians safely exited the impacted vehicles post-strike or any other civilians were inside the non-target vehicles.</li> <li>No further probative information would be gained through further investigation of this incident to assist in determining how many civilians, if any, were injured.</li> <li>There have been no media reports identified relating to this strike.</li> <li>This was a self-reported CIVCAS allegation.</li> <li>Unknown.</li> </ol>
Estimate	
Next Step	Consistent with USCENTCOM and Government of Iraq strategic objectives, I direct TEAs to
CDR'S	employ munitions that cause less collateral damage when such weapons are available and can still achieve the desired effect. TEAs will, when practicable, direct secondary ISR assets to conduct
Comment	transient scans forward of a mobile target before engagement.
CDR's Signature	GARY J. WILLSKY Major General, U.S. Army Commanding

SECRET//REL TO USA, FVEY





## **CIVCAS Tracker**

CLASSIFICATION: SECRET RELEASABILITY: REL TO USA, FVEY

## Allegation

CLASSIFICATION: SECRET RELEASABILITY: REL TO USA, IRKS

ALLEGATION NUMBER: 260 ALLEGATION STATUS: Closed

06-Nov-2016 INCIDENT DATE: COUNTRY: IRAQ

00:00

(MGRS:

06-Nov-2016 (b)(1)1.4a **OPENED DATE:** LOCATION OF INCIDENT: 00:00

IVO Shahid-Yunis

As Sab, Mosul

NEAREST MAJOR CITY: Mosul MGRS: (b)(1)1.4a

COORDS UNKNOWN: No

RELEASABILITY: REL TO USA, FVEY CLASSIFICATION: SECRET

ALLEGATION DATE: 06-Nov-2016 00:00

SOURCE: CJFLCC SOURCE TYPE: Self-Report

BLUF: POSSIBLE CIVCAS self-reported IVO Mosul, IZ with(b)(1)1.4a, (b)(b)

(b)(1)1.4a, (b)(6)

WHO: (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(6)

89th ATK SDN IN SUPPORT OF CJFLCC

WHAT: 2x POSS CIV Vehicles struck, unknown number KIA/WIA

DESCRIPTION: in vehicles

> IVO Mosul, IZ (b)(1)1.4a WHERE:

06/b)(1)1 KaNOV 16. Strike number (b)(1)1.4a WHEN:

2x vehicles entered FOV just before weapons impact WHY:

NARRATIVE: This possible CIVCAS was self-reported post-impact upon review of the strike. (b)(1)1.4a. (b)(6) was conducting a vehicle



follow of a hatchback sedan in Mosul. After by 1)1.4a, (b)(f)red (b)(1)1.4a (b)(1)1 % stationary POSS CIV vehicles came into FOV just before impact. Unknown number of occupants in vehicles. After impact, 2x adult females, 1x adolescent male, and 2x young children ran from impact site.

## Initial Assessment

CLASSIFICATION: SECRET RELEASABILITY: REL TO USA, EVEY

INITIAL DATE: Not Reported

INITIAL ASSESSMENT: Not Reported

## Assessment Details

#### Assessment

CLASSIFICATION: SECRET RELEASABILITY: REL TO USA, FVEY

ASSESSMENT UNIT: CJFLCC- ASSESSMENT TASK DATE: 13-Nov-2016 14:28

NON-US COALITION NATION: Not Reported

MINUMUM OF 7, (the two killed were the drivers of the two vehicles. The Injured are those who got out of the

vehicle, and walked away.)

ASSESSMENT RESPONSE: TOTAL UNKNOWN CIVCAS

b. (S//REL TO USA, FVEY) The ISR conducted prior to the

engagement was sufficient to establish positive

identification of the targets. The conduct of a collateral

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#### SECRET//REL TO USA, FVEY

damage estimate was not required due to the operative (b)(1)1.4a Rule of Engagement being Despite the absence of this requirement, (b)(1)1.4a scans were conducted prior to the strike. However, the (b)(1)1.4a scans conducted were insufficient. While strict compliance with policy rules and regulations had occurred better and additional (b)(1)1.4a scans were warranted in this instance due to the changing nature of the strike conditions. c. (S//REL TO USA, FVEY) The selection of munitions was made having regard to the possibility that low collateral weapons would be required for future strikes during the period the ISR asset was on station. While this approach did not fall foul of any legal requirement, or issued policy or procedures, this should not properly be the predominant factor weighed by the commander when making their assessment of proportionality for the strike. The recommendation by the CG, CJFLCC-OIR to direct TEAs to utilize lower collateral weapons when available is appropriate.

- 8. (S//REL TO USA, FVEY) Recommendations.
- a. (S//REL TO USA, FVEY) The enclosed Assessment of 'CREDIBLE' is supported by the information contained in the FIR/CCAR.
- b. (S//REL TO USA, FVEY) The directions for next steps issued by the CG, CJFLCC-OIR were appropriate, and addressed the two main procedural concerns stemming from this CIVCAS incident.

ASSESSMENT CIVCAS: Yes

FURTHER ACTIONS DIRECTED: Not Reported

LESSON LEARNED/ROOT CAUSE: Not Reported

ASSESSMENT KILLED: 2 ASSESSMENT INJURED: 5

#### Status

CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED RELEASABILITY: FOR OFFICIAL USE

ONLY

1803 - 1/14/2019

INVESTIGATION STATUS: NONE CLOSED DATE: 16-Nov-2016 00:00

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**US INVESTIGATION** 

REPORT DATE:

Not Reported

CLOSED AT: CCAR

EX GRATIA: No

CIVCAS: YES

COMMENTS:

"-CCAR tasked to CJFLCC on 13 NOV 2016

-Closed 16 NOV 2016"

KILLED: 2

INJURED: 5

PAO RELEASE DATE: 02-Jan-2017 00:00

NA: No

**REASON FOR NO** 

Not Reported RELEASE:

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1804 - 1/14/2019

Pages 148 through 153 redacted for the following reasons:

Exhibits removed per agreement - Bates 1805-1810

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