

School of Computing and Information Systems
The University of Melbourne
COMP90049 Knowledge Technologies (Semester 1, 2019)
Workshop exercises: Week 10

1. For the following dataset:

<i>apple</i>	<i>ibm</i>	<i>lemon</i>	<i>sun</i>	CLASS
TRAINING INSTANCES				
Y	N	Y	Y	FRUIT
Y	N	Y	Y	FRUIT
Y	Y	N	N	COMPUTER
Y	Y	Y	Y	COMPUTER
TEST INSTANCES				
Y	N	Y	Y	?
Y	N	Y	N	?

Use the method of Naive Bayes classification, as shown in lectures, to classify the test instances. Revise some of the assumptions that are built into the model.

2. A confusion matrix is a summary of the performance of a (supervised) classifier over a set of development (“test”) data, by counting the various instances:

		Actual			
		<i>a</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>c</i>	<i>d</i>
Classified	<i>a</i>	10	2	3	1
	<i>b</i>	2	5	3	1
	<i>c</i>	1	3	7	1
	<i>d</i>	3	0	3	5

- (a) Calculate the classification **accuracy** of the system. Find the **error rate** for the system.
- (b) Calculate the **precision**, **recall**, **F-score** (where $\beta = 1$), **sensitivity**, and **specificity** for class d. (Why can't we do this for the whole system? How can we consider the whole system?)
3. How is **holdout** evaluation different to **cross-validation** evaluation?