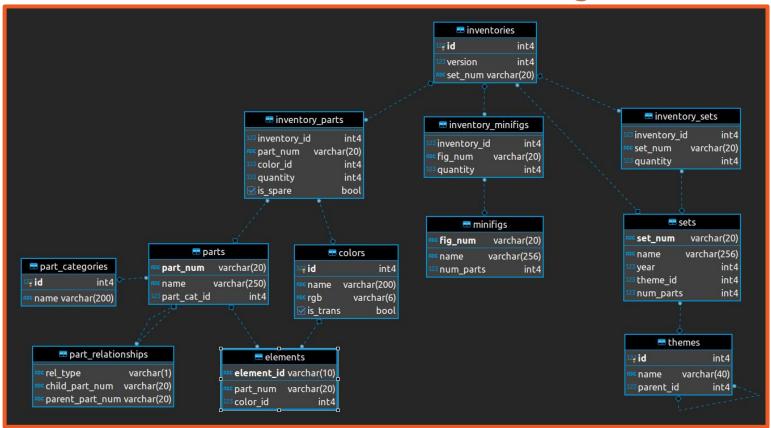
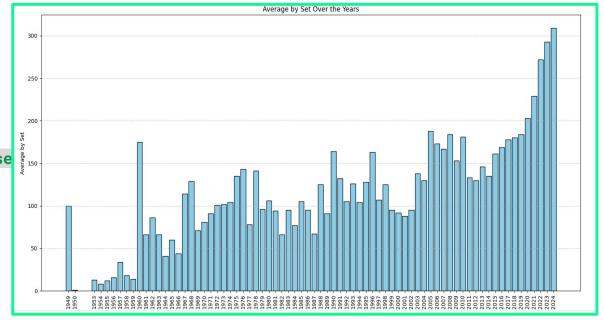
An Analysis of Lego Dataset

The structure of the dataset "Lego"



Question: What is the overall trend in average set values from 1949 to 2024?





Which year had the lowest average set values and why?

Select

```
year,name, set_num,
num_parts
FROM
`lego-june2024.lego_dataset.
sets`
WHERE year = 1950
```

A	В	С	D
year	name	set_num	num_parts
1950	Single 2 x 4 Brick (ABB)	700.1.1-1	1
1950	Single 2 x 2 Brick (ABB)	700.1.2-1	1
1950	Single 1 x 4 x 2 Window without Glass (ABB)	700.B.1-1	1
1950	Single 1 x 2 x 3 Window without Glass (ABB)	700.B.2-1	1
1950	Single 1 x 2 x 2 Window without Glass (ABB)	700.B.3-1	1
1950	Single 1 x 2 x 4 Door without Glass (ABB)	700.B.4-1	1

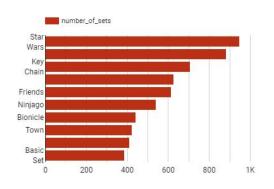
Diversity of Themes Over Time

```
SELECT
    t.name AS theme_name,
    COUNT(s.set_num) AS
number_of_sets
FROM

`lego-june2024.lego_dataset.se
ts` s
JOIN
```

```
`lego-june2024.lego_dataset.th
emes` t
ON
    s.theme_id = t.id
GROUP BY
    theme_name
ORDER BY
    number_of_sets DESC
LIMIT 10;
```

		/ :
	theme_name	number_of_sets +
1.	Star Wars	949
2.	Technic	883
3.	Key Chain	706
4.	Gear	628
5.	Friends	614
6.	Ninjago	540
7.	Bionicle	442
8.	Town	423
9.	Classic Town	411
10.	Basic Set	386





We also can see the distribution of rare LEGO parts across different themes

```
WITH
               AS (
    SELECT
        COUNT(DISTINCT
                                   ) AS
        `lego-june2024.lego_dataset.inventory_parts`
    GROUP BY
    HAVING
                  < 10
SELECT
    COUNT(DISTINCT
    `lego-june2024.lego_dataset.sets`
     `lego-june2024.lego_dataset.inventory_sets`
ON
JOIN
     `lego-june2024.lego_dataset.inventory_parts`
ON
JOIN
ON
JOIN
     `lego-june2024.lego_dataset.themes`
GROUP BY
ORDER BY
                        DESC;
```

theme_name	number_of_rare_sets
Bionicle	20
Star Wars	14
Knights Kingdom II	12
Soccer	9
X-Pod	5
Technic	5
Clikits	5
Orient Expedition	4
Blacktron II	4
Classic	4
Mindstorms	4



What is the most popular color of lego in terms of parts produced

```
SELECT color_name, SUM(quantity) AS total_quantity
FROM (
   SELECT
       ip.color_id,
       ip.inventory_id,
       ip.part_num,
      CAST(ip.quantity AS numeric) AS quantity,
       ip.is_spare,
       c.name AS color_name,
       c.rgb,
       p.name AS part_name,
       p.part_material,
       pc.name AS category_name
   FROM redi-demo.Rebrickable.inventory_parts ip
   INNER JOIN redi-demo.Rebrickable.colors c ON ip.color_id = c.id
   INNER JOIN redi-demo.Rebrickable.parts p ON ip.part_num = p.part_num
   INNER JOIN redi-demo.Rebrickable.part_categories pc ON p.part_cat_id = pc.id
) AS inventories
GROUP BY inventories.color name
```

ORDER BY total_quantity DESC

LIMIT 10

Row	color_name ▼	total_quantity ▼
1	Black	786635
2	Light Bluish Gray	483407
3	White	471018
4	Dark Bluish Gray	345073
5	Red	305367
6	Blue	203962
7	Yellow	203892
8	Tan	167446
9	Reddish Brown	143650
10	Light Gray	105858

How many sets were created in each century?

total_set_num ▼

5079

17703

```
SELECT
   Century,
                                                             Row
                                                                    Century ▼
   COUNT(set_num) AS total_set_num
                                                                    20th_Century
FROM
                                                                    21st_Century
      SELECT
        s.set_num,
         CASE
           WHEN s.year BETWEEN 1901 AND 2000 THEN '20th_Century'
           WHEN s.year BETWEEN 2001 AND 2100 THEN '21st_Century'
           END AS Century
       FROM
           redi-demo.Rebrickable.sets s
   ) AS sets_by_century
GROUP BY
   Century;
```