



Logical Operators



Bachelor of Information Systems Institut Teknologi Del



Logical Operators

Learning Objective(s)

This material should address the following question(s).

- What are logical operators?
- How to use the logical operators?



Discussion Point

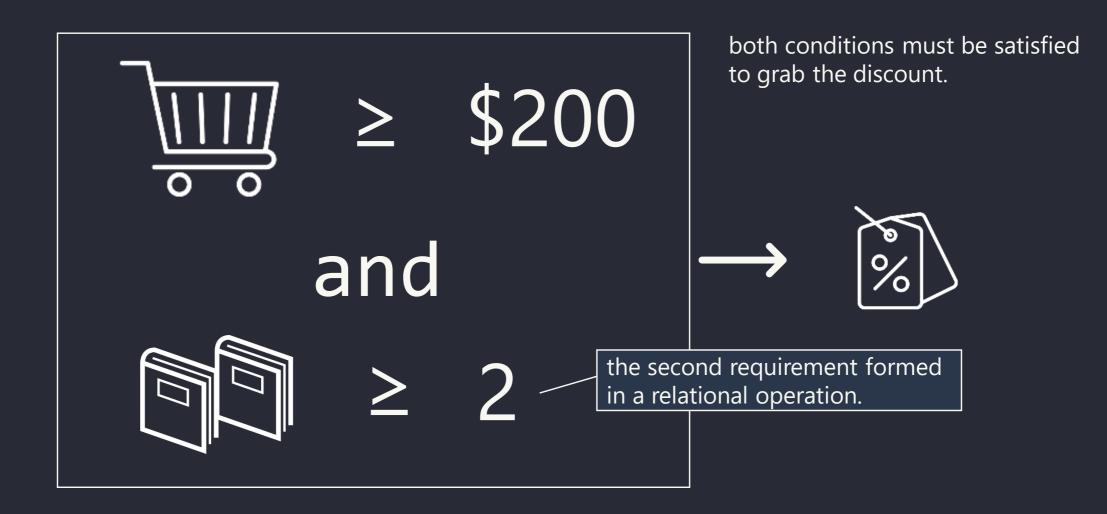
Logical Operators: The Core Concepts.



Problem

- A book store is currently making a clearance sale.
 - The discount is gigantic, **50%**.
- To be eligible for the discount, a transaction is must be at least worth \$200 and consists of at least 2 books.







What is **logical** operator?

Definition



Logical operators are operators used to summarize one or two logical values in a logical expression.

These operators accept logical operands and return a logical value (boolean).



Logical Operators

No.	Operator	C-Family	BASIC Family
1.	conjunction	&&	and
2.	disjunction		or
3.	negation	!	not

Conjunction vs. Disjunction

• Will return true **if and only if** all the criteria are true.

- Examples:
 - true && true → true
 - true && false → false

• Will return true **if at least one** of the criteria is true.

- Examples:
 - true | | true → true

Negation

- The negation operator is a **unary** operator.
- The operator will return the exact opposite of the given logical operand.
- Examples:
 - !true → false
 - true && !false → true



Truth Table

1st exps	2 nd exps	conjunction	disjunction	negation
р	q	p && q	p q	! p
true	true	true	true	false
true	false	false	true	false
false	true	false	true	true
false	false	false	false	true

Main Real minValue. transactionValue Integer minBookQty, transactionBookQty Boolean isDiscountApplied minValue = 200.00 minBookQty = 2Input transactionValue Input transactionBookQty isDiscountApplied = transactionValue >= minValue && transactionBookQtv >= minBookQty Output isDiscountApplied End

Hands On

- The 50% discount is applicable **if and only if** both required criteria are met (true).
 - Using the conjunction operator is the most suitable choice.
 - Why not using disjunction?

Final **Thoughts.**

Conclusion

- **/**
- 1. Logical operators operate and produce logical value.
- 2. Logical operators are:
 - The **conjunction** operator will return true when all of the criteria are met (true).
 - The **disjunction** operator will return true when at least one of the criteria is met (true).
 - The **negation** operator will return the exact opposite of the given logical value.



References

Wassberg, J. (2020). Computer Programming for Absolute Beginners. Packt.

REF

Operators – Flowgorithm
http://www.flowgorithm.org/documentation/operators.html



- E O F -





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