



### Lista de Exercícios 2a

1. Considere a função resposta:  $E(Y) = 25 + 3X_1 + 4X_2 + 1,5X_1X_2$ 
  - a) Faça o gráfico de  $E(Y) \times X_1$  quando  $X_2 = 3$  e  $X_2 = 6$ .
  - b) Os efeitos de  $X_1$  e  $X_2$  são aditivos? Como você identificou isto no gráfico obtido no item **a**.
2. Estabeleça a matriz **X** e os vetores **Y** e **β** para os seguintes modelos (assuma que  $i = 1, 2, 3, 4$ ).
  - a)  $Y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_{i1} + \beta_2 X_{i1}X_{i2} + \varepsilon_i$
  - b)  $\sqrt{Y_i} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_{i1} + \beta_2 X_{i2} + \varepsilon_i$
3. Por que não é significativo atribuir um sinal ao coeficiente de correlação múltipla, embora façamos isso para o coeficiente de correlação linear simples?
4. Exercícios 6.5 a 6.8 do livro-texto.

6.5. **Brand preference.** In a small-scale experimental study of the relation between degree of brand liking ( $Y$ ) and moisture content ( $X_1$ ) and sweetness ( $X_2$ ) of the product, the following results were obtained from the experiment based on a completely randomized design (data are coded):

$i:$	1	2	3	...	14	15	16
$X_{i1}:$	4	4	4	...	10	10	10
$X_{i2}:$	2	4	2	..	4	2	4
$Y_i:$	64	73	61	...	95	94	100

- a. Obtain the scatter plot matrix and the correlation matrix. What information do these diagnostic aids provide here?
- b. Fit regression model (6.1) to the data. State the estimated regression function. How is  $b_1$  interpreted here?
- c. Obtain the residuals and prepare a box plot of the residuals. What information does this plot provide?
- d. Plot the residuals against  $\hat{Y}$ ,  $X_1$ ,  $X_2$ , and  $X_1X_2$  on separate graphs. Also prepare a normal probability plot. Interpret the plots and summarize your findings.
- e. Conduct the Breusch-Pagan test for constancy of the error variance, assuming  $\log \sigma_i^2 = \gamma_0 + \gamma_1 X_{i1} + \gamma_2 X_{i2}$ ; use  $\alpha = .01$ . State the alternatives, decision rule, and conclusion.
- f. Conduct a formal test for lack of fit of the first-order regression function; use  $\alpha = .01$ . State the alternatives, decision rule, and conclusion.

6.6. Refer to **Brand preference** Problem 6.5. Assume that regression model (6.1) with independent normal error terms is appropriate.

a. Test whether there is a regression relation, using  $\alpha = .01$ . State the alternatives, decision rule, and conclusion. What does your test imply about  $\beta_1$  and  $\beta_2$ ?

b. What is the  $P$ -value of the test in part (a)?

c. Estimate  $\beta_1$  and  $\beta_2$  jointly by the Bonferroni procedure, using a 99 percent family confidence coefficient. Interpret your results.

6.7. Refer to **Brand preference** Problem 6.5.

a. Calculate the coefficient of multiple determination  $R^2$ . How is it interpreted here?

b. Calculate the coefficient of simple determination  $R^2$  between  $Y_i$  and  $\hat{Y}_i$ . Does it equal the coefficient of multiple determination in part (a)?

6.8. Refer to **Brand preference** Problem 6.5. Assume that regression model (6.1) with independent normal error terms is appropriate.

a. Obtain an interval estimate of  $E\{Y_h\}$  when  $X_{h1} = 5$  and  $X_{h2} = 4$ . Use a 99 percent confidence coefficient. Interpret your interval estimate.

b. Obtain a prediction interval for a new observation  $Y_{h(\text{new})}$  when  $X_{h1} = 5$  and  $X_{h2} = 4$ . Use a 99 percent confidence coefficient.

BOM ESTUDO!!