

Sequence Modeling: Recurrent and Recursive Nets

Lecture slides for Chapter 10 of *Deep Learning*

www.deeplearningbook.org

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Classical Dynamical Systems

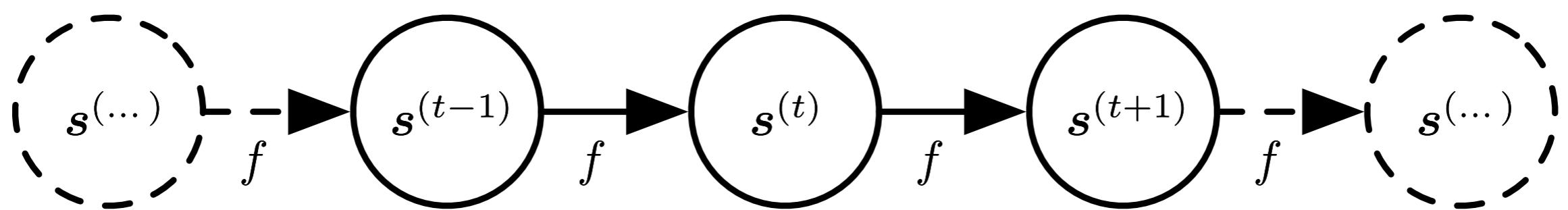


Figure 10.1

Unfolding Computation Graphs

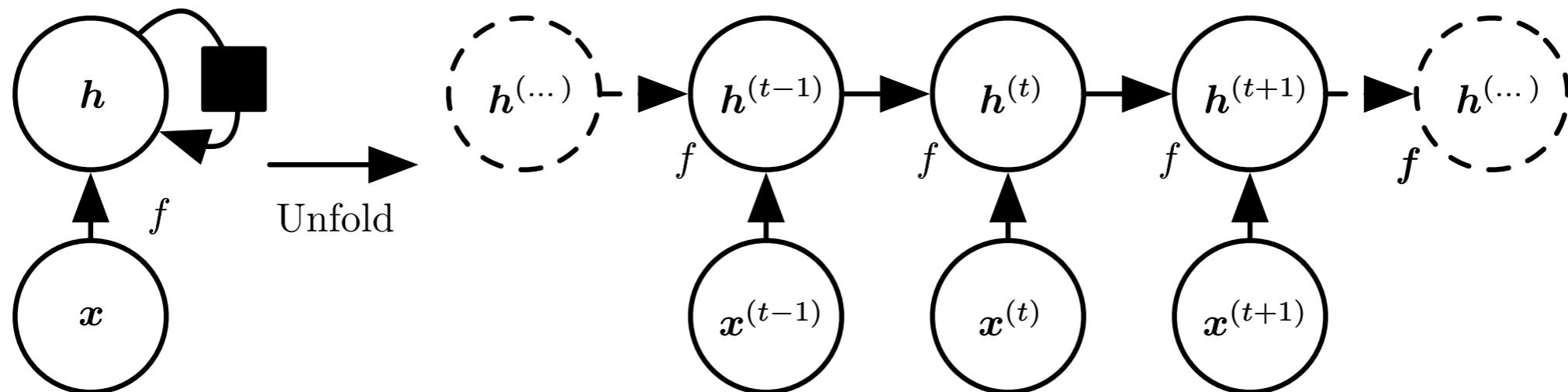


Figure 10.2

Recurrent Hidden Units

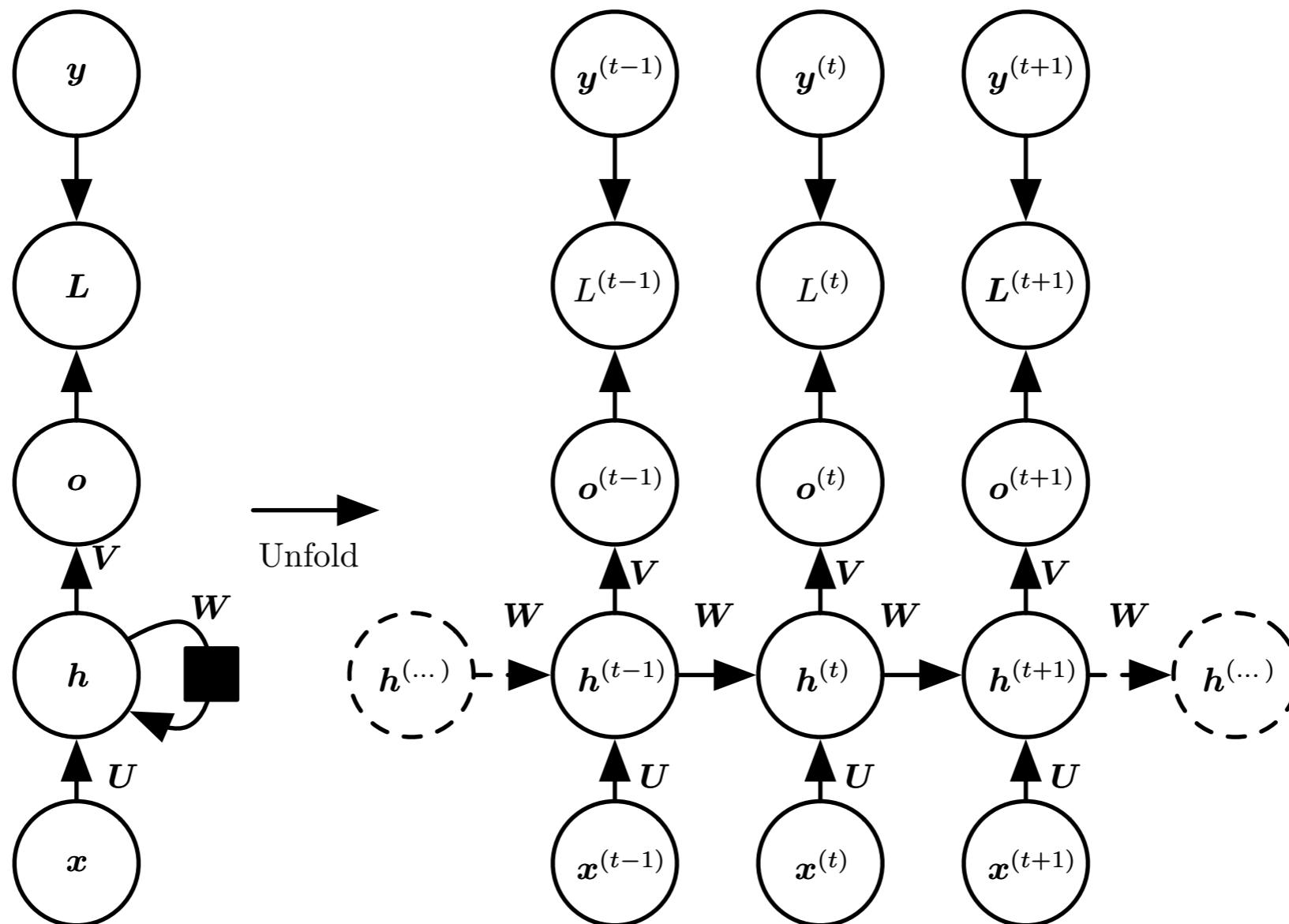


Figure 10.3

Recurrence through only the Output

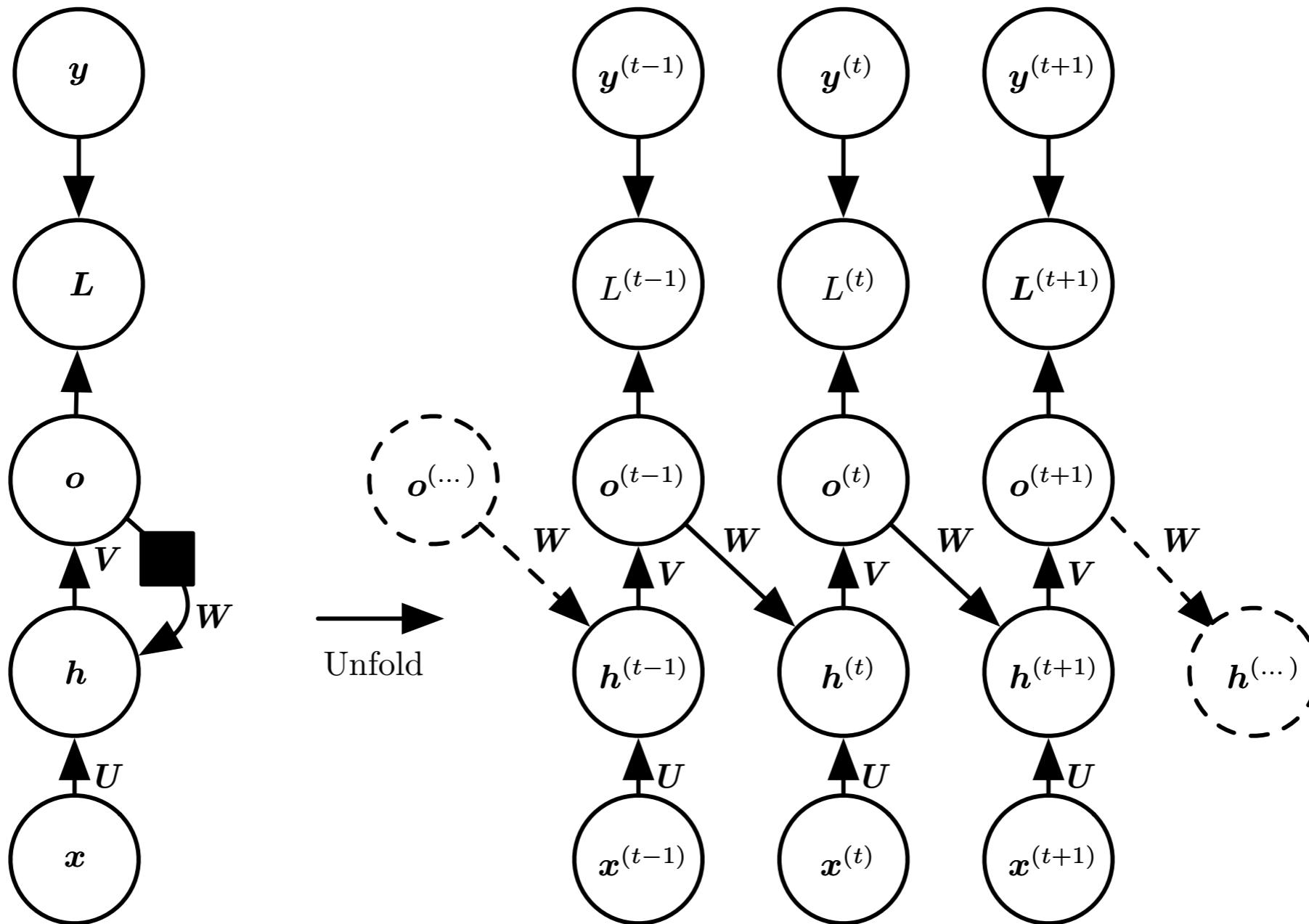


Figure 10.4

Sequence Input, Single Output

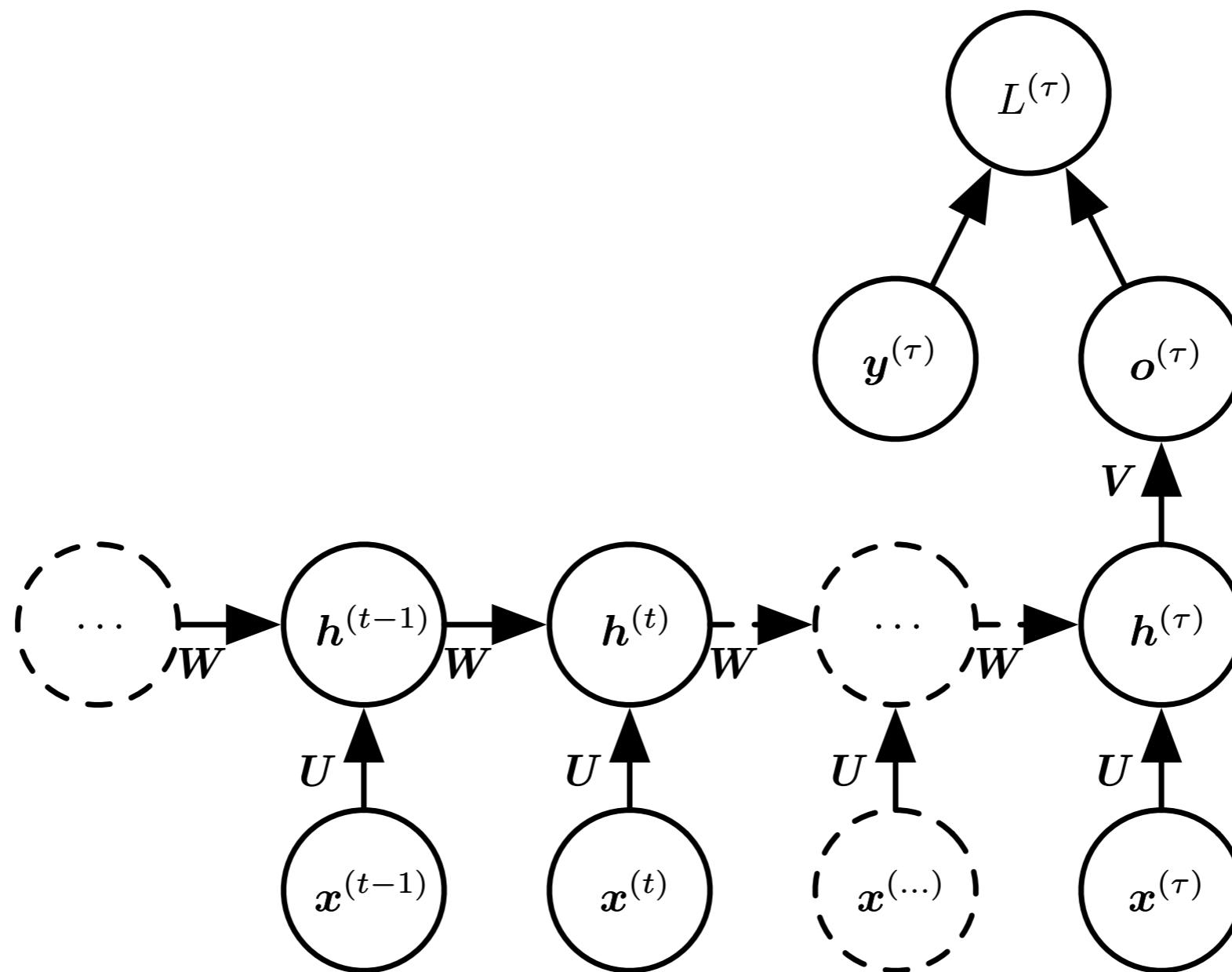


Figure 10.5

Teacher Forcing

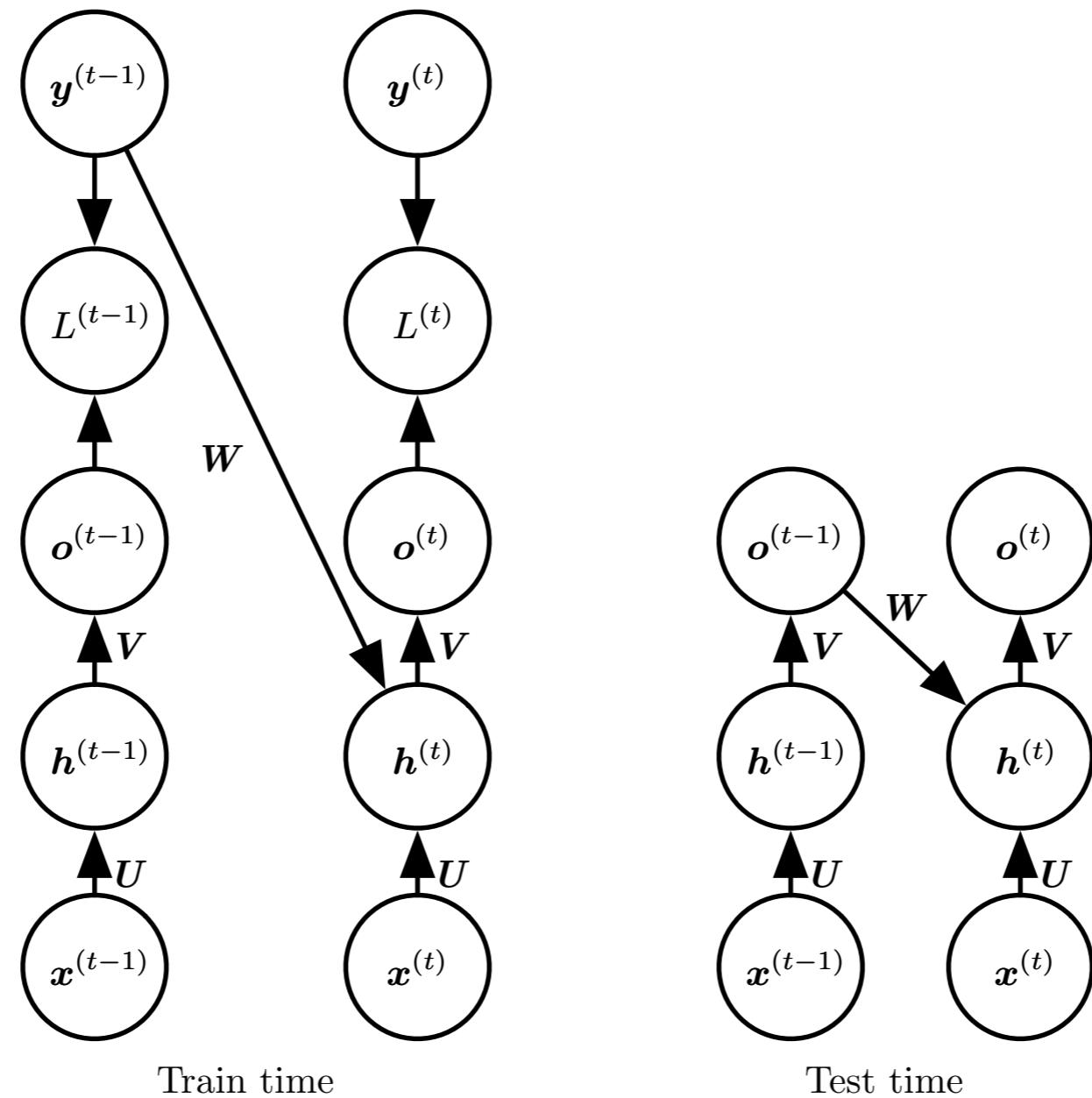


Figure 10.6

(Goodfellow 2016)

Fully Connected Graphical Model

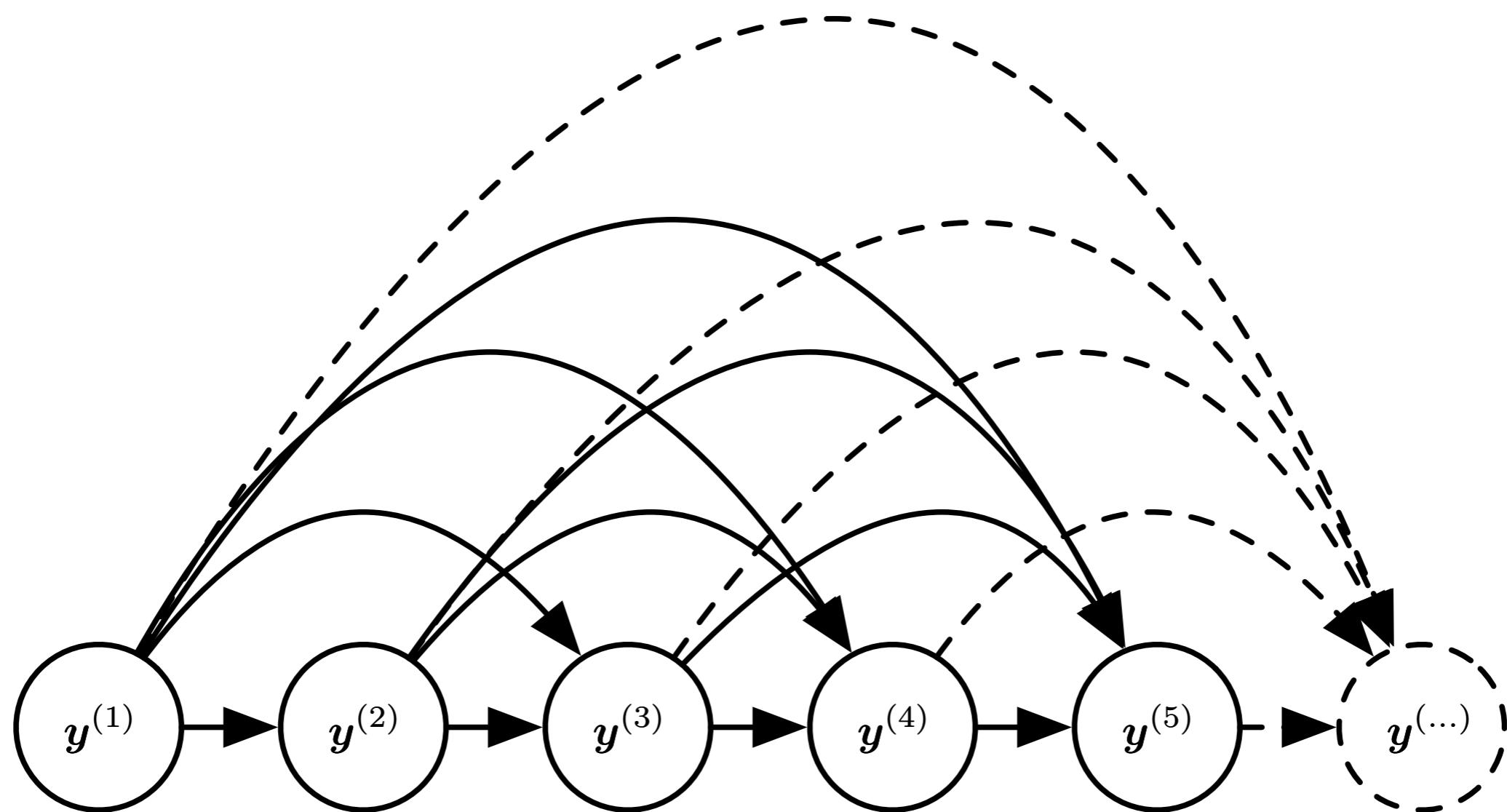


Figure 10.7

(Goodfellow 2016)

RNN Graphical Model

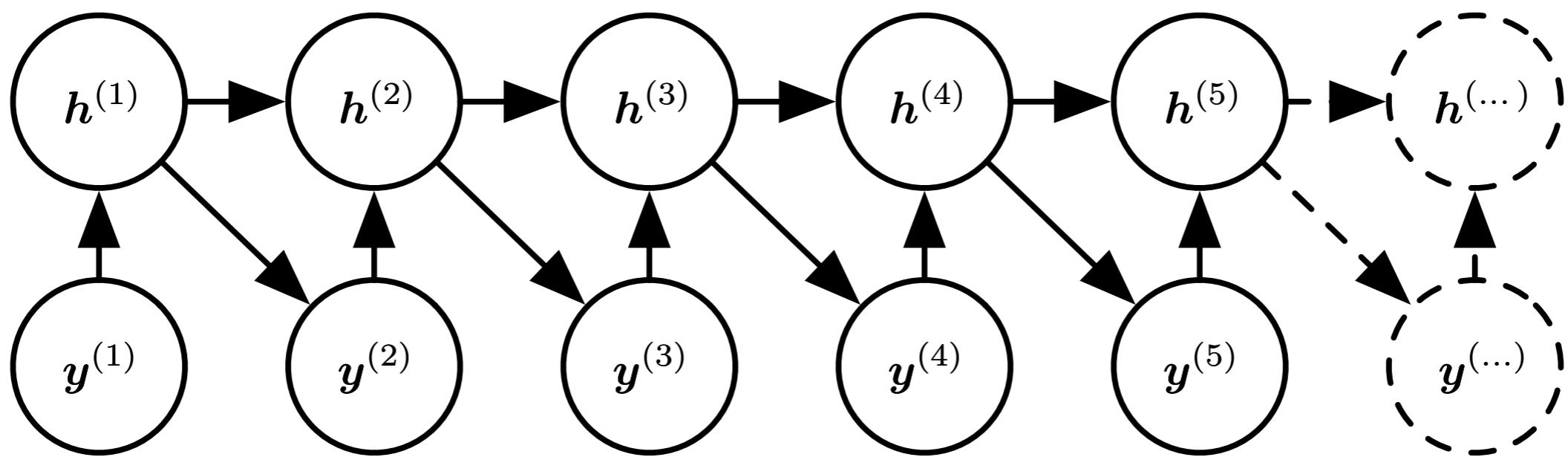


Figure 10.8

(The conditional distributions for the hidden units are deterministic)

Vector to Sequence

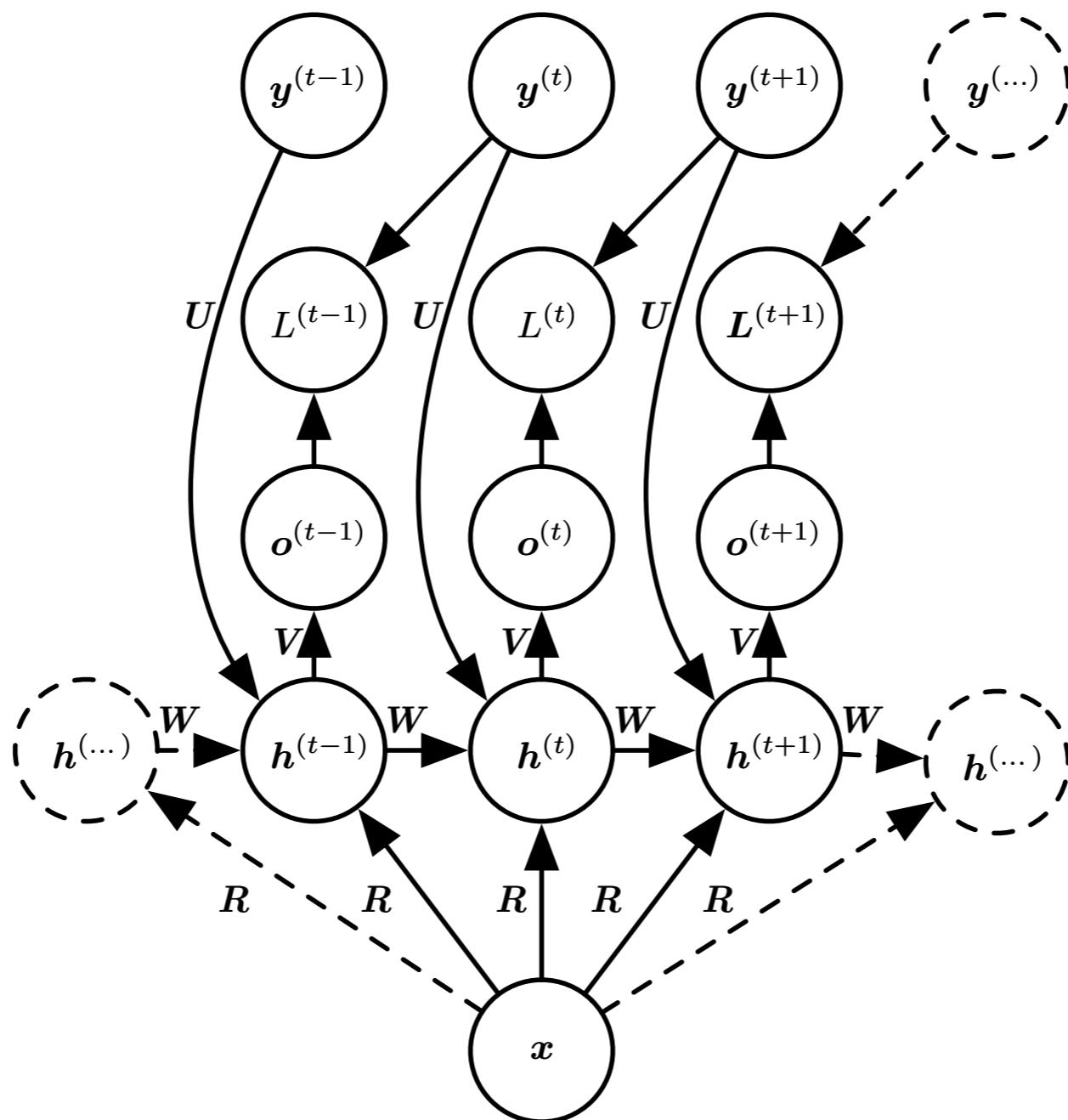


Figure 10.9

Hidden and Output Recurrence

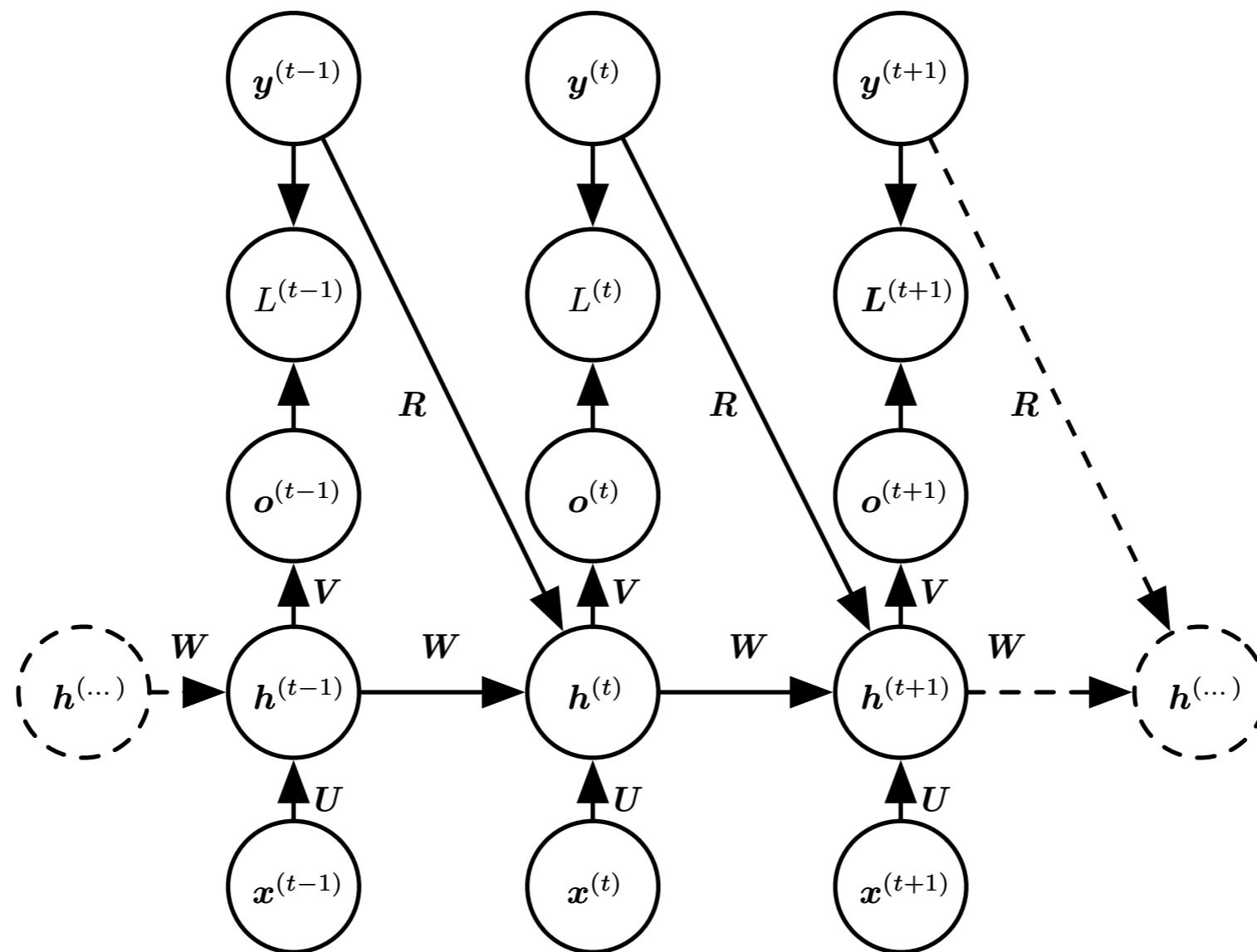


Figure 10.10

The output values are not forced to be conditionally independent in this model.

Bidirectional RNN

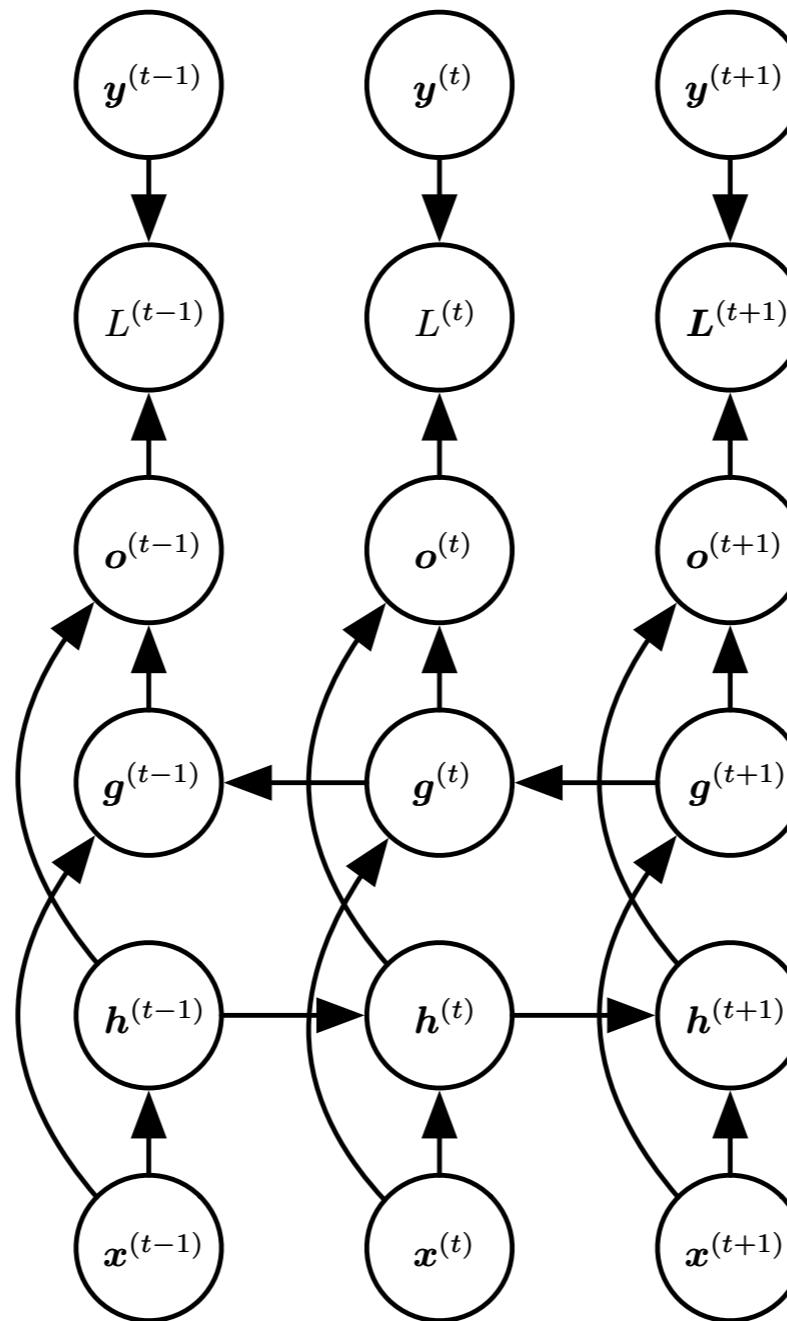


Figure 10.11

Sequence to Sequence Architecture

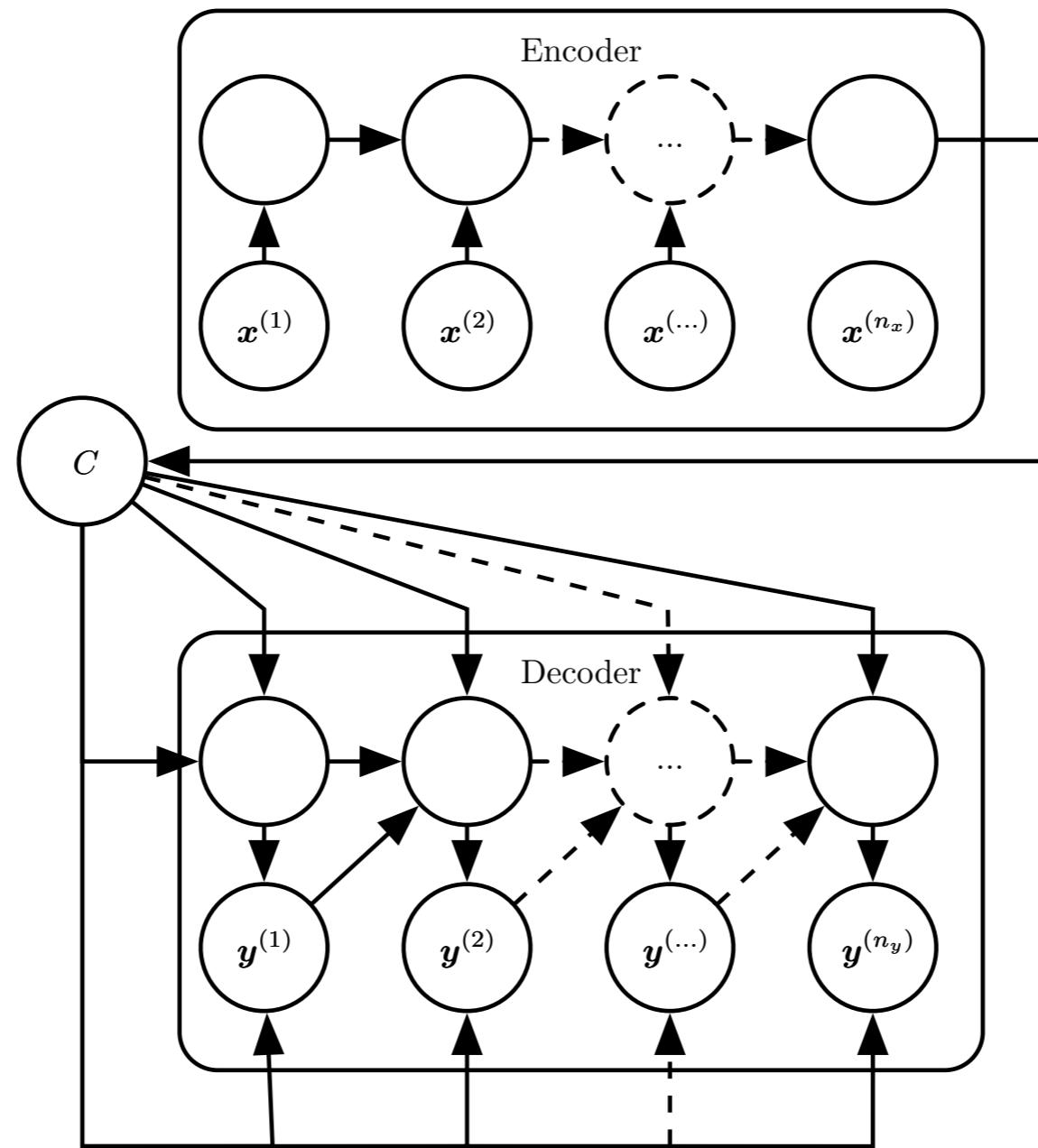


Figure 10.12

Deep RNNs

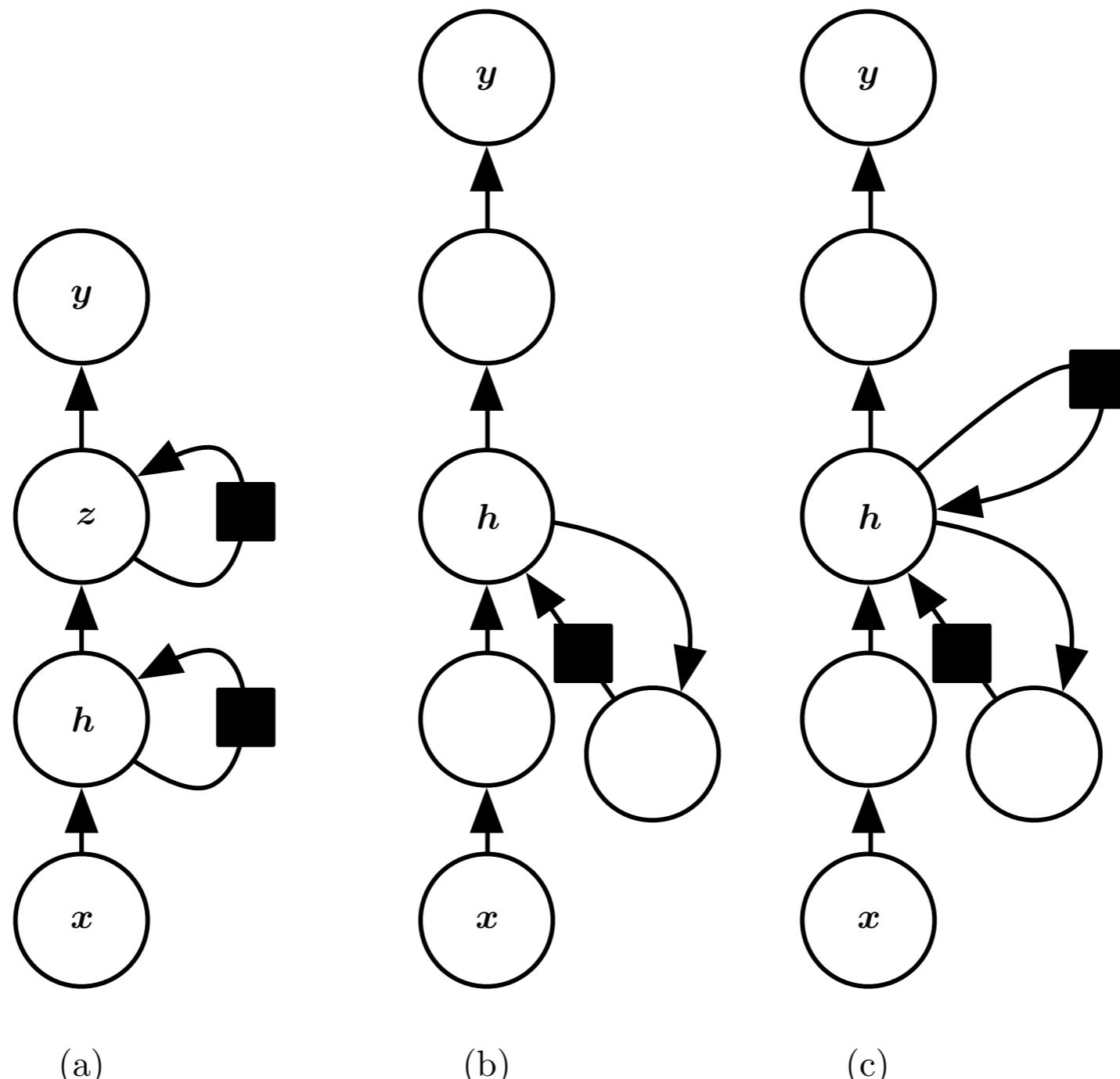


Figure 10.13

Recursive Network

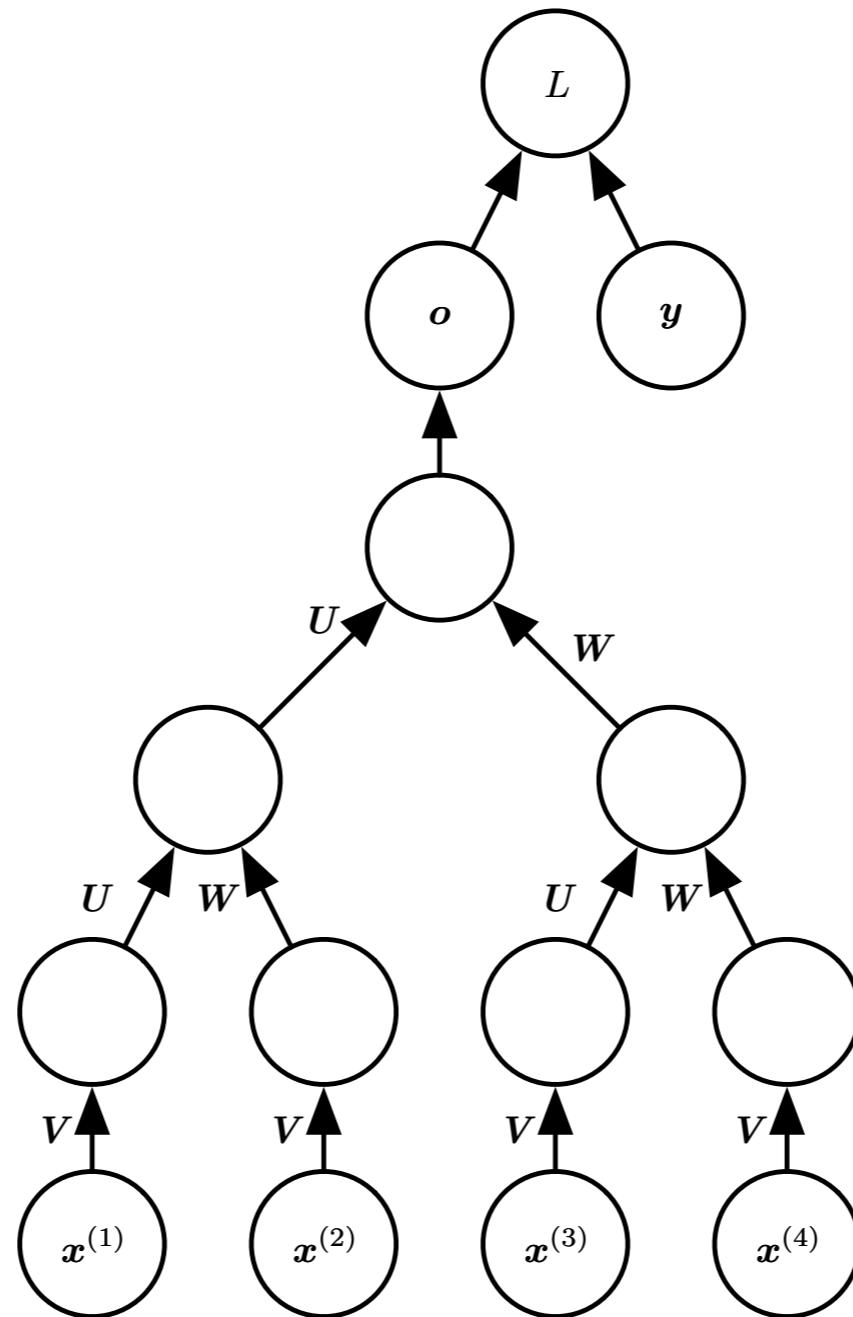


Figure 10.14

Exploding Gradients from Function Composition

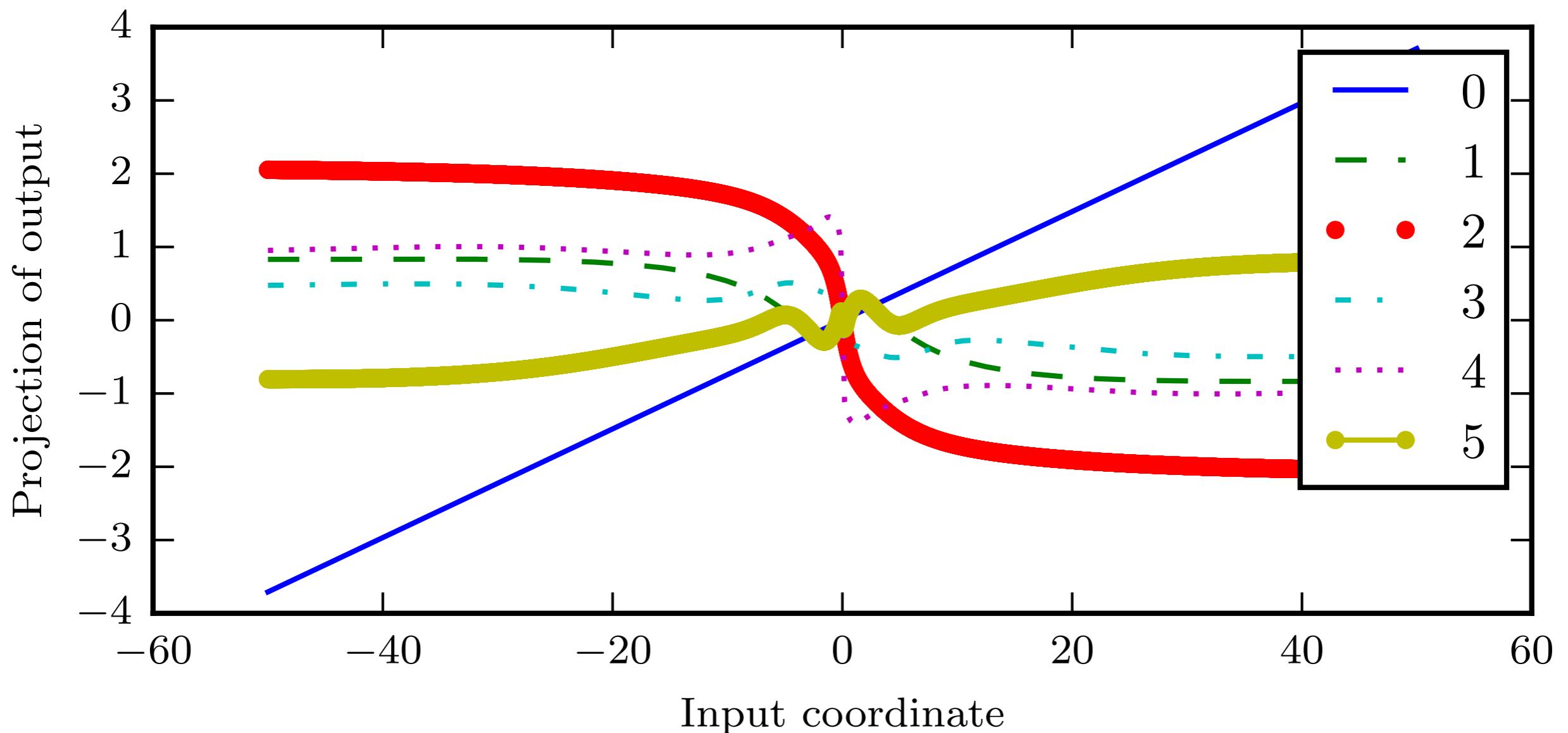


Figure 10.15

LSTM

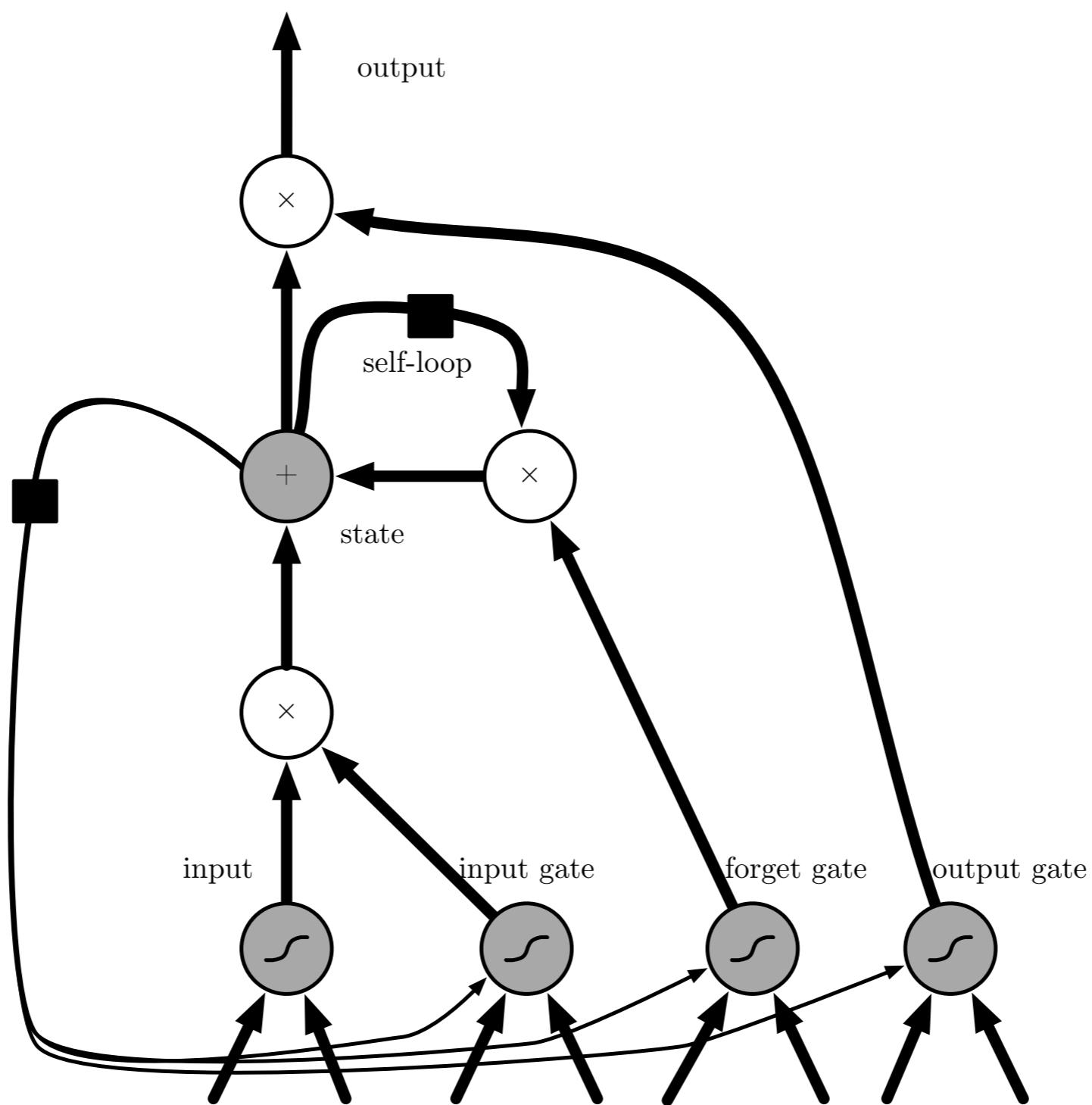
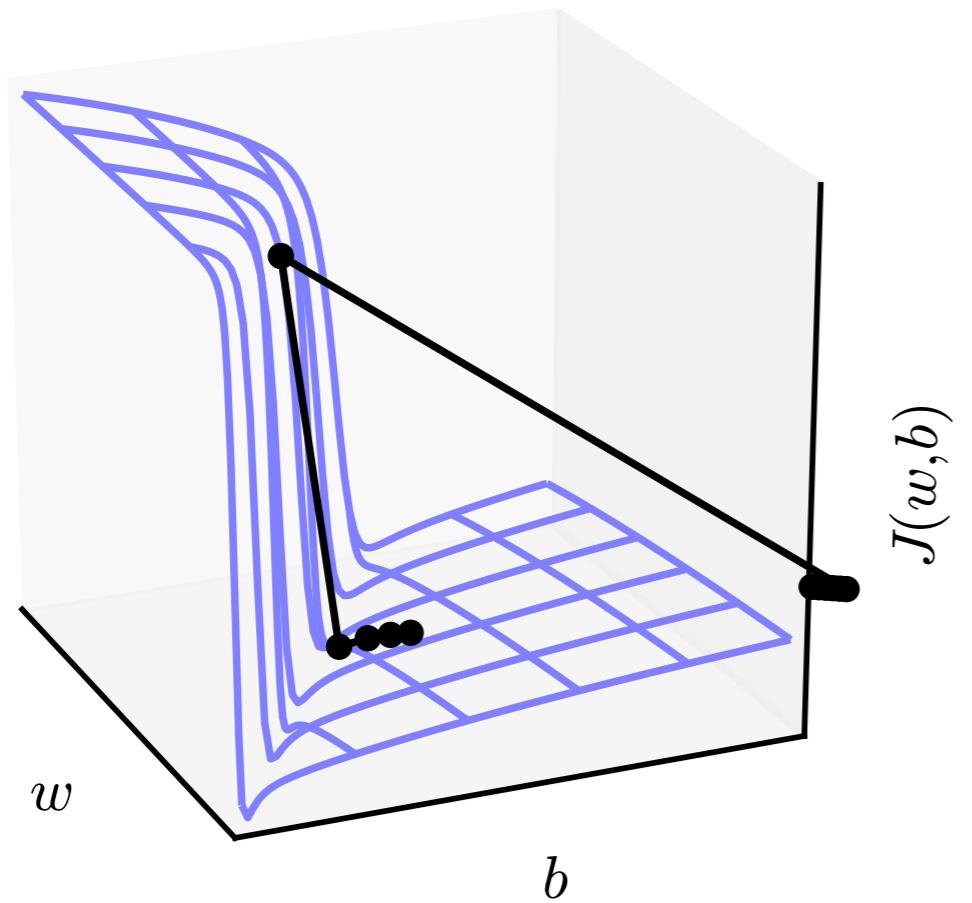


Figure 10.16

(Goodfellow 2016)

Gradient Clipping

Without clipping



With clipping

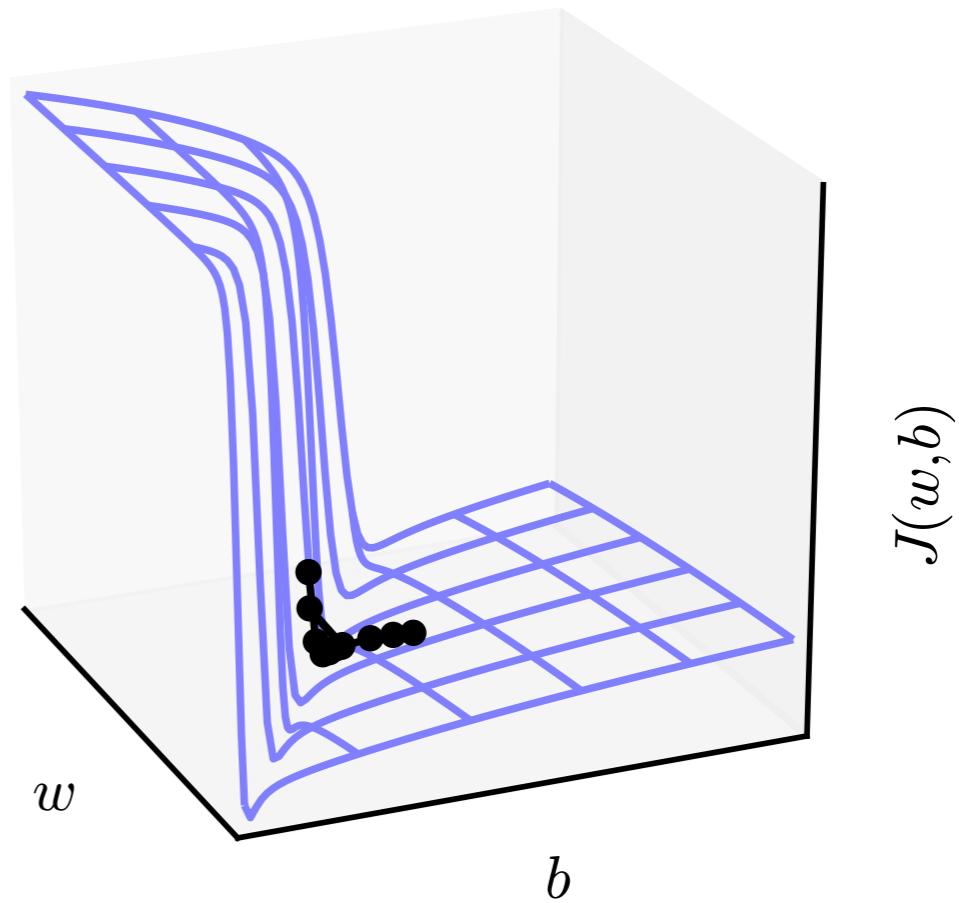


Figure 10.17

Networks with explicit Memory

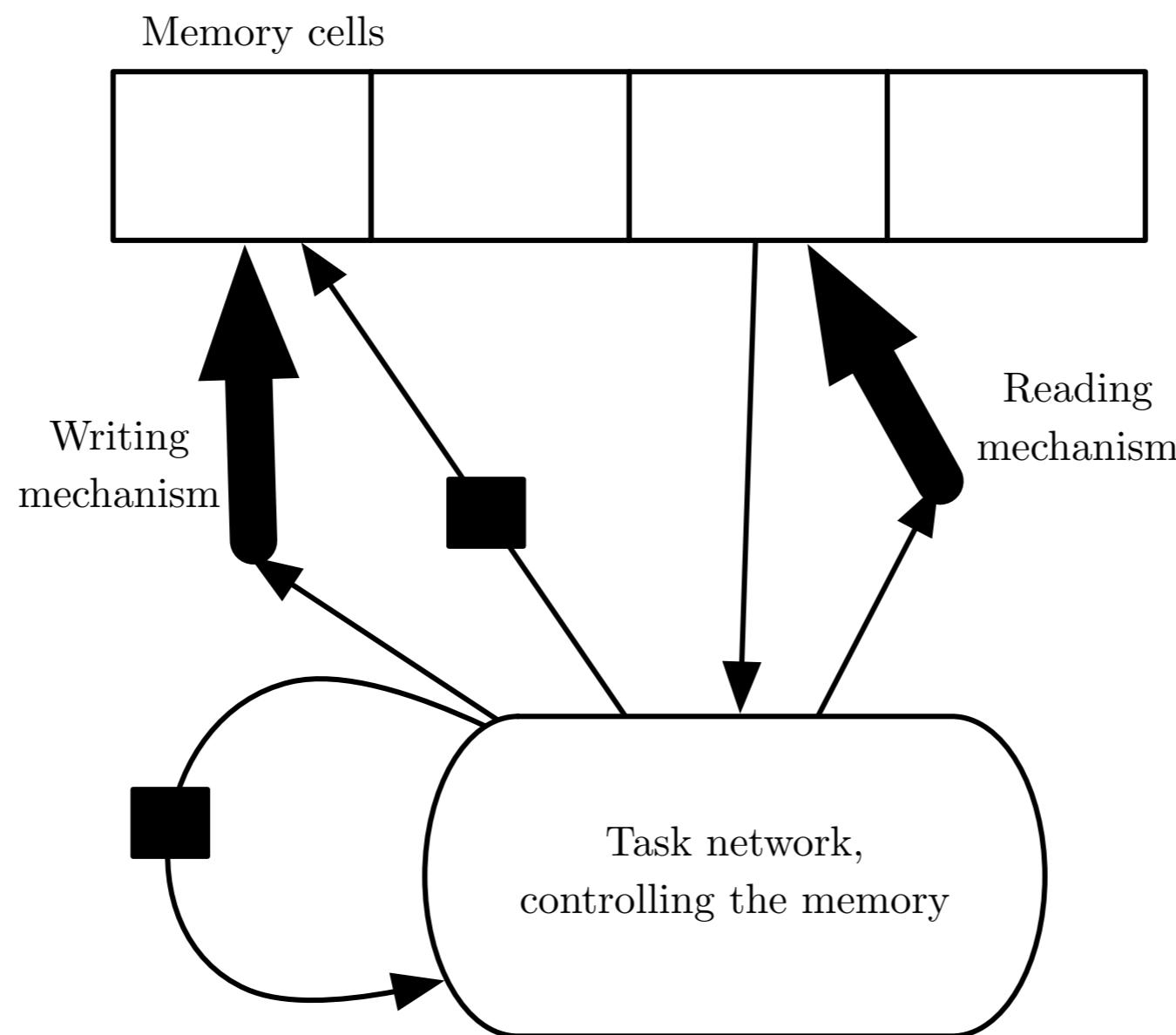


Figure 10.18