Research Statement

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My research goal is to *make software systems secure and reliable*. Software underpins critical infrastructure in everyday life, yet modern systems have grown immensely complex in both scale and heterogeneity, often comprising millions of lines of code written in multiple languages. This complexity creates an expanding attack surface that sophisticated adversaries routinely exploit, leading to service disruptions, data breaches, and significant economic losses. Securing such systems requires *scalability* to analyze large codebases, *rigor* to ensure precise reasoning about vulnerabilities, and *adaptability* to keep pace with evolving threats.

My research vision is to realize *autonomous agentic security analysis* that unifies scalability, rigor, and adaptability in a single framework. My past work has advanced foundational security analysis to achieve scalability and rigor through language-agnostic vulnerability detection and execution-efficient validation. However, like most conventional approaches, these techniques still require substantial manual effort from security experts to encode detection logic and adapt to new threat models. Meanwhile, the emerging trend of LLM-based code analysis offers adaptability through natural language prompts that reduce manual specification effort, yet lacks the computational scalability and logical rigor required for dependable security reasoning. To bridge this gap, I have been developing agentic program analysis, where intelligent agents coordinate specialized analysis components to discover and validate complex threats. For example, I developed a system that detects privilege escalation in polyglot microservices by unifying program analysis and LLM reasoning over a language-agnostic cross-service program representation. Looking forward, I will continue advancing this approach to secure emerging software paradigms, discover novel threat classes, and enable defense systems that continuously evolve without expert intervention.

My work has made significant real-world impacts. I have applied my approaches to securing web applications [2, 4, 6, 7, 12], desktop applications [1, 3, 5], cloud software [8], operating systems [11, 14], and database systems [15]. My research has been published at top-tier venues in security (S&P, Security, CCS, NDSS) and software engineering (ICSE, FSE, ASE), including seven papers as the first author. I have received a Distinguished Paper Award at CCS 2024 [7], a Best Paper Honorable Mention at CCS 2022 [12], and a Distinguished Artifact Award at CCS 2025 [10]. My work has uncovered 346 previously unknown vulnerabilities in widely deployed software, including the Linux kernel, the PHP interpreter, and GitHub, resulting in 47 assigned CVEs. These discoveries were acknowledged by vendors, rewarded through bug bounty programs, and patched to protect millions of users worldwide.

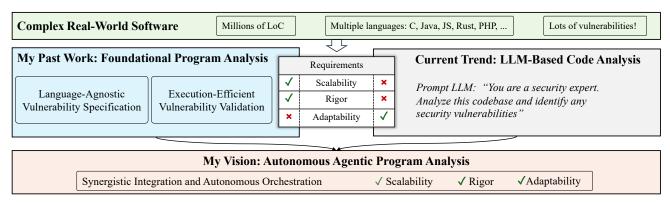


Figure 1: An overview of my past and current research.

Foundational Program Analysis

To achieve scalability and rigor in vulnerability analysis for complex real-world software, I develop a domain-specific language (DSL) driven framework for systematic detection and execution-efficient dynamic testing for concrete confirmation. These two foundational techniques have a broad impact across software security and also serve as the foundation for agentic program analysis.

Language-Agnostic Vulnerability Specification. To identify vulnerable code components in software systems,

I formulate this task as a *code search problem* that retrieves program elements satisfying specific criteria. My key innovation is to separate the representation of the program from the search criteria, enabling language-agnostic analysis. Specifically, I abstract language-specific complexities into a code database and develop a DSL framework for expressing vulnerability specifications as simple, declarative queries. Unlike prior approaches that require complex graph query languages [16], my DSL distills vulnerability detection into four elementary operation types (name lookup, operation lookup, call graph traversal, and data-flow tracking). Each operation corresponds to a fundamental program analysis task, and these four operations cover over 90% of common analysis tasks. Complex vulnerability patterns can be systematically specified by composing these elementary operations. This general framework enables scalable static detection across heterogeneous codebases while alleviating the need for security experts to develop language-specific detection logic from scratch.

I demonstrated the expressiveness and generality of this approach by detecting diverse vulnerability classes across multiple language paradigms. The approach uncovered *over 60* previously unknown vulnerabilities, including *25 CVEs*, across widely-deployed systems [2, 12]. Notably, it revealed a fundamental design flaw in PHP's type system that influenced the language design of PHP 8.0 [2].

Execution-Efficient Vulnerability Validation. I rigorously validate potential vulnerabilities through execution-efficient dynamic testing that confirms exploitability with concrete runtime evidence. Many prior solutions focus on improving algorithmic strategies for path exploration [1, 5, 13]. However, my systematic profiling of real-world web applications revealed the true bottleneck is execution efficiency rather than path exploration strategies. Specifically, accesses to external resources such as databases and network services dominate execution time, as each test iteration independently re-fetches the same data, and even small slowdowns compound exponentially across thousands of repeated executions. This insight fundamentally shifts the optimization target from path selection to execution speed. Based on this insight, I developed a novel software-based data caching mechanism that transparently intercepts and stores frequently accessed external data in shared memory, and a just-in-time code compilation technique that optimizes interpreted language execution [7]. This solution is generic and applicable to any dynamic analysis tool as a plug-in component, requiring no modifications to the target application or analysis tool. By shifting the optimization focus from algorithmic strategies to execution efficiency, this approach enables dynamic testing to scale to real-world applications that were previously too slow to analyze effectively.

My execution-efficient validation techniques dramatically improve validation throughput by up to $4\times$ and expose vulnerabilities $2\times$ faster. This breakthrough enabled the discovery of critical zero-day vulnerabilities in WordPress that threatened nearly half of the global web and would have remained undetected with prior approaches [7].

Current Work Toward Vision: Autonomous Agentic Program Analysis

To achieve adaptability while maintaining scalability and rigor, I develop agentic program analysis that synergistically integrates LLM reasoning with foundational program analysis techniques.

Synergistic Integration and Autonomous Orchestration. I design an agentic architecture where intelligent agents coordinate specialized analysis components, dynamically decompose complex analysis tasks into adaptive sequences, and chain results across heterogeneous systems to reconstruct complete attack paths. This orchestration integrates two complementary capabilities. DSL-driven program analysis provides systematic code search and performs precise data flow tracing through call chains [8, 9]. Meanwhile, LLMs interpret implicit security requirements from natural language documentation, formulate analysis strategies based on high-level security policies, and reason about semantic properties across system boundaries. Critically, LLMs compose sequences of DSL elementary operations by determining which to invoke, chaining them based on intermediate results, and adapting strategies as new evidence emerges. For example, to detect privilege escalation across microservices, the system traces data flows across service boundaries while validating authorization policies at each step. When an LLM infers security requirements from documentation, program analysis verifies whether corresponding checks exist in the code; conversely, when program analysis identifies suspicious data flows, LLM reasoning determines their security implications. This synergy achieves scalability through automated orchestration across large codebases, rigor through program analysis validation of LLM hypotheses, and adaptability through security requirement specification.

I applied this agentic approach to analyze polyglot microservice systems in production cloud environments. The unified cross-service abstraction enables seamless analysis across programming languages (C, Java, JavaScript, Rust, PHP, etc.) and automatic reconstruction of end-to-end attack paths spanning service boundaries. It discovered 20 critical privilege escalation vulnerabilities in widely-used cloud applications that existing program analysis tools and LLMs alone could not detect [8].

Future Directions

My future research will advance my vision of autonomous agentic program analysis through three interconnected thrusts. Building on synergistic integration and autonomous orchestration, these thrusts form a unified path toward fully autonomous security by first understanding emerging behaviors, then discovering novel threats, and finally creating autonomous defense.

Securing Emerging Software Paradigms. My first research thrust will address the fundamentally new security challenges introduced by rapidly evolving software paradigms. I am particularly interested in securing *agentic software systems*, where traditional deterministic code interacts with non-deterministic LLM-driven agents that make decisions and take actions. These systems exhibit emergent behaviors that create subtle, cross-component security risks invisible to traditional analysis. For instance, cooperating agents may inadvertently bypass authorization checks or chain API calls into unsafe states unreachable by individual calls. I will first engage hands-on with real agentic systems to identify critical threat models, then develop practical analysis solutions. I will develop abstractions that capture both *control-flow* (agent decisions and actions) and *data-flow* (information propagation across agents) to systematically model software behaviors, and decompose the analysis into manageable components that can be addressed by combining program analysis with LLM reasoning. This line of research aims to establish foundational techniques for reasoning about security in agentic systems, including detection of unsafe state compositions, validation of information flow in probabilistic environments, and verification of policies across agent boundaries.

Discovering Novel Threat Classes. Current security techniques largely detect *new instances* of known vulnerability classes by relying on predefined vulnerability patterns. My goal is to develop methods that automatically discover *new categories* of vulnerabilities and rigorously demonstrate their exploitability. My recent work [9] demonstrates how LLMs move beyond manually specified patterns to automatically generate detection patterns. The preliminary results show the feasibility of discovering effective detection patterns that are often overlooked by human experts. Building on this, I will develop methods that combine program analysis with learning-based reasoning to identify novel threat classes. I will first study how human security experts discover new threat classes, specifically their process of reasoning about program semantics, anticipating corner cases, and extrapolating from past failures. I will then systematically replicate this capability in automated systems by decomposing the discovery process into components that start from fundamental security properties (*e.g.*, confidentiality, integrity, availability), generate hypotheses about potential violations, explore execution paths to trigger them, and validate exploitability through concrete demonstrations. For example, the system might discover privilege escalation patterns by chaining multiple legitimate operations that are individually authorized but collectively achieve unauthorized access. This direction will transform software security to more proactive threat discovery.

Creating Real-Time Defense. Building on the capability to discover novel threats, my future research will enable software to autonomously synthesize, validate, and deploy defenses in real time. My recent work on runtime protection [11] demonstrated automated quarantine of malicious inputs to block exploitation. I will build systems that infer security policies from vulnerability evidence and formally verify their correctness to guarantee they block attacks without disrupting legitimate functionality. I will develop automated verification techniques that efficiently check policy correctness against both security specifications and functional requirements, enabling safe deployment in production systems. Beyond individual vulnerabilities, the system will learn from attack patterns to preemptively strengthen defenses and predict future threat vectors. I will investigate real defense deployment workflows to identify critical bottlenecks, then decompose autonomous defense into manageable components solved by combining program analysis, formal verification, and LLM reasoning. This research will create self-healing software systems that continuously evolve their defenses to provide proactive, autonomous protection.

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